

Budget and Support Model

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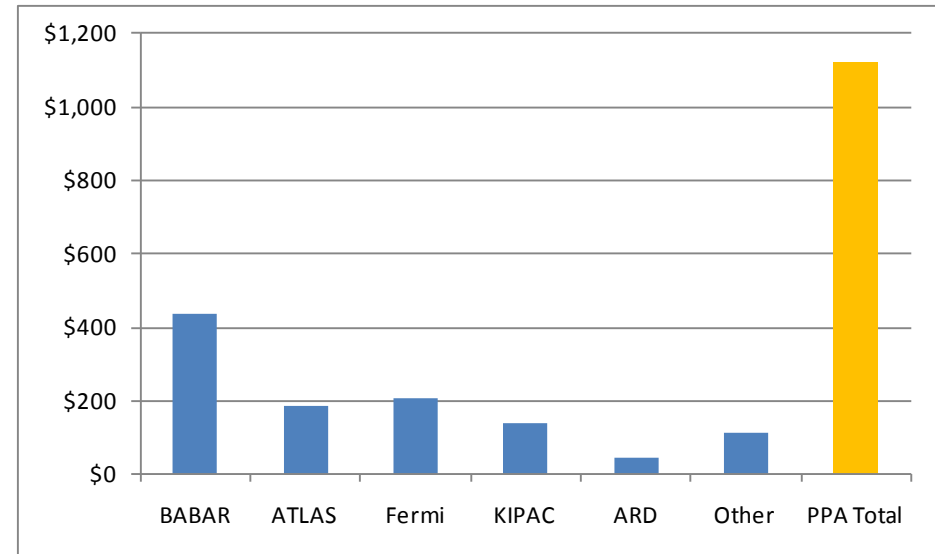
February 9, 2011

Outline

- Manpower and cost summary
 - Recharge center
 - Scientific programs
- Issues:
 - Computing hardware for scientific community and scientific programs at SLAC
 - Existing and future community software tools
 - Existing and future framework and data management systems
 - Research on next generation software and hardware capabilities

Summary of operations budget

- Scientific computing operations (CD) support
 - Basic capability: 4 + 5.5 FTEs from SLAC indirects
 - Additional 5.5 FTEs direct charged to users, based on catalog of services
 - PPA passes costs through to individual science programs (ATLAS, BABAR, Fermi) or detector operations (all others)
- Additional operations support in programs

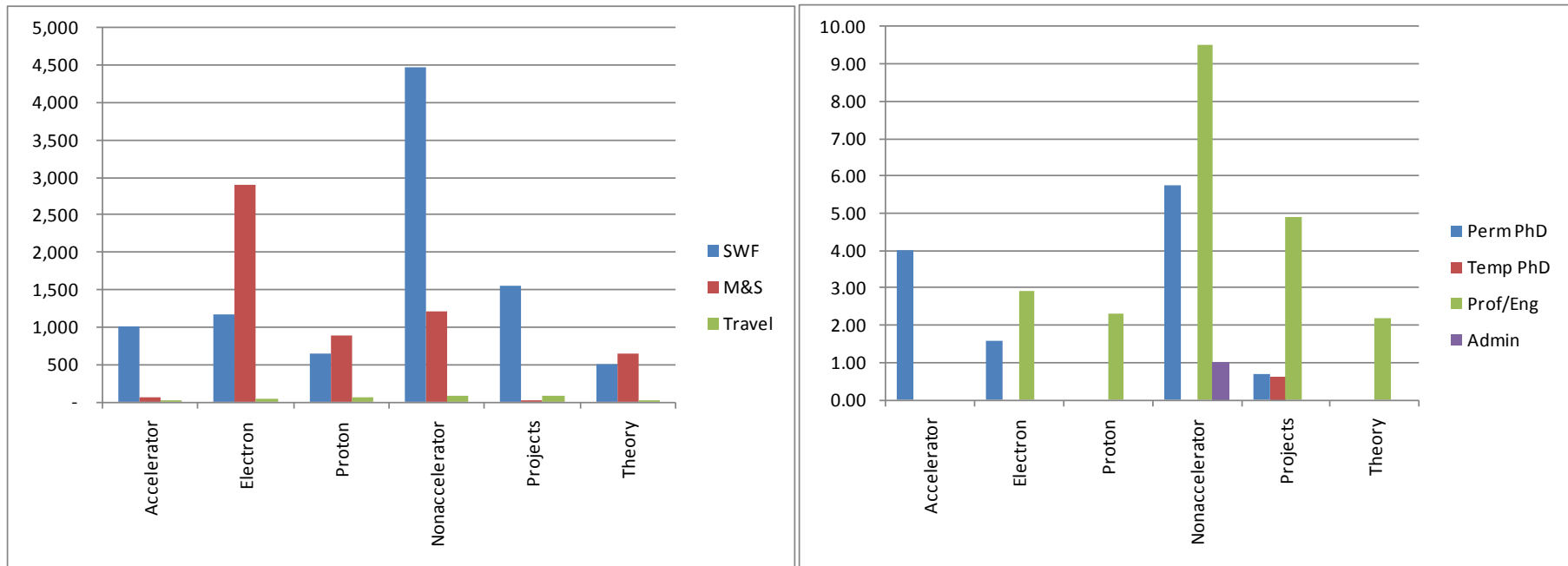


FY2011 recharge costs for HEP program

- Small fractions of operations related activity in BABAR (0.5), KIPAC (0.5), CDMS (0.5) and Fermi ISOC (1.6 FTE)

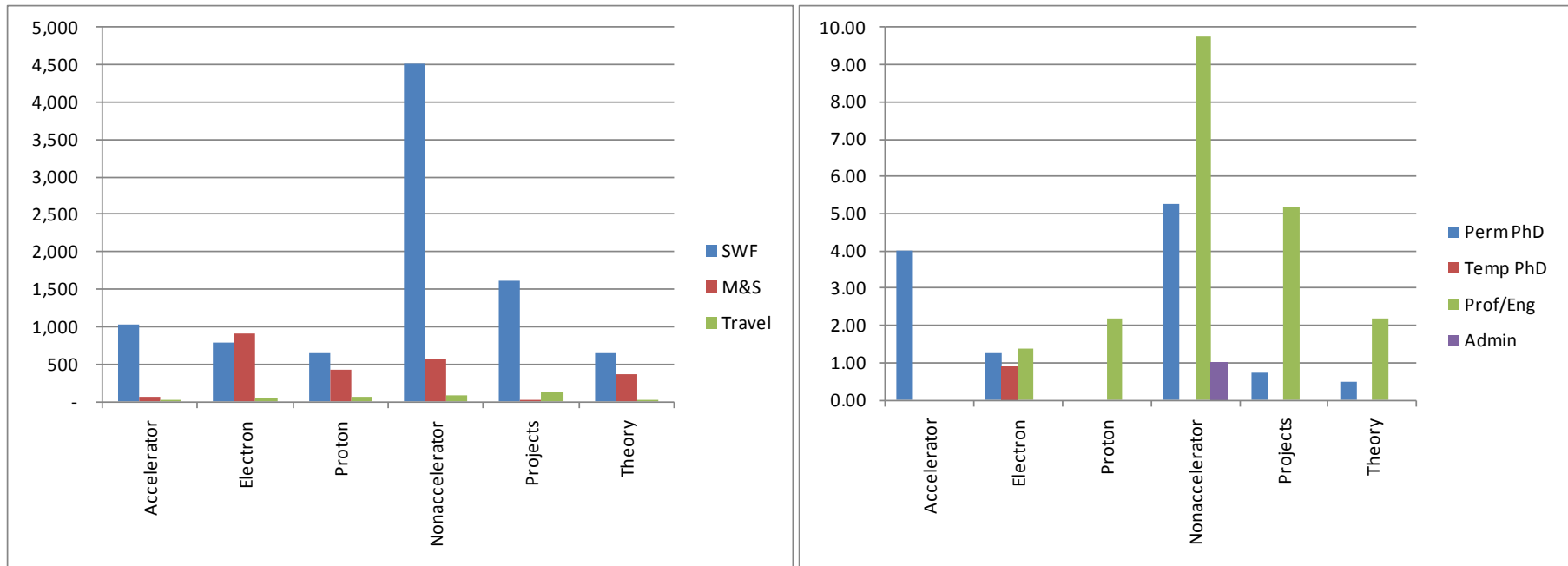
Summary of scientific computing budget

- FY2010: HEP carried most of the CD operations costs
 - About \$4M of the M&S costs for BABAR (+others), ATLAS, Fermi
 - About 12 Perm PhDs and 22 Prof/Eng FTEs, with Fermi ISOC the dominant component



Summary of scientific computing budget

- FY2011: New recharge model
 - About \$1.1M in M&S costs for BABAR (+others), ATLAS, Fermi
 - About 12 Perm PhDs and 21 Prof/Eng FTEs, with Fermi ISOC the dominant component



Areas in need of increased support

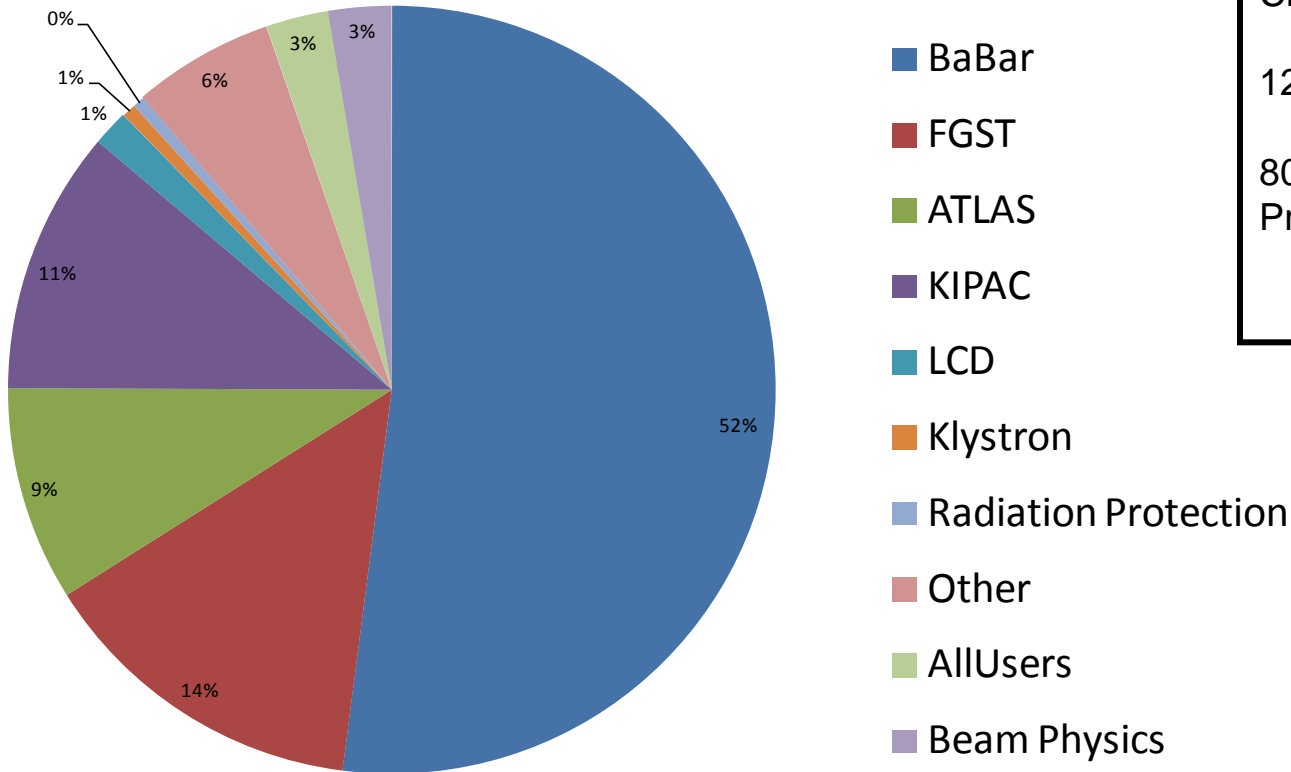
- Several existing initiatives are undermanned:
 - Need about 0.5 FTE in existing core GEANT4 effort; recommending 1 FTE for to restore EM support capability
 - Need 2 FTEs to support LCSim infrastructure as a community tool, in particular wide adoption for CLIC and Muon Collider detector studies
 - Need 0.5 FTE to support rapidly expanding adoption of xrootd, and development needs arising from this trend
 - SCA data management is short ~1 FTE to provide core support for existing experiments and develop new opportunities

Computing Hardware Support

- Computing hardware for scientific community and scientific programs at SLAC: supporting capital and operations costs
 - No longer have a dominant experimental program (BABAR) to justify large-scale hardware investments and operating costs
 - Hardware will begin to ramp down in FY2011 with retirement as equipment reaches operational lifetimes
 - Existing hardware an essential resource for many other programs
 - Smaller experimental and theoretical programs
 - Satisfying peak demand by ATLAS, Fermi GST with shared resources
 - Examples:
 - Physics performance studies for SiD LOI and EDR
 - Simulation and analysis support for small-scale experiments: CDMS, EXO, CTA, next generation flavor factory,...
 - Cosmology simulations at KIPAC

SLAC HEP Computing Facilities

SLAC HEP CPU **9000 Cores**
Average core age 2.6 years



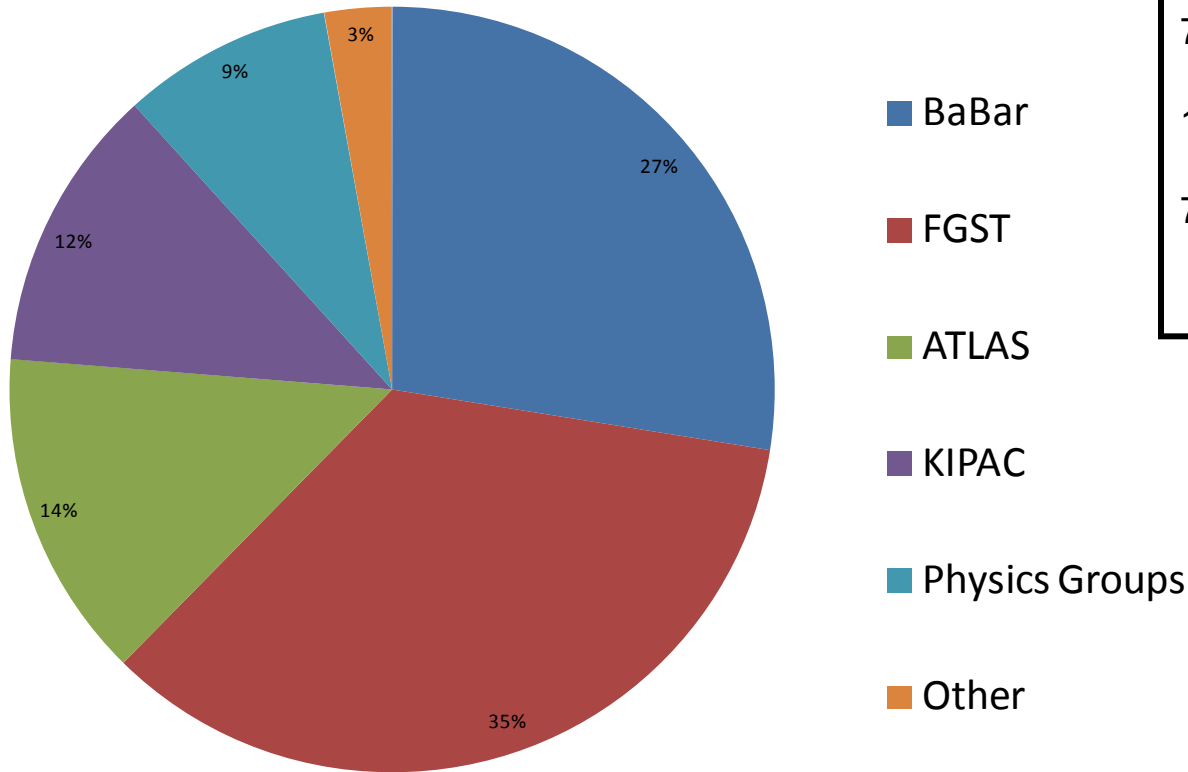
72 Cores: SMP (SGI Altix)
 768 Cores: Infiniband Cluster
 128 Cores: Myrinet Cluster
 8040 Cores: HEP Data Processing

SLAC HEP Computing Facilities

SLAC HEP Disk Space

2052 Terabytes

Average TB age 2.3 years



34 TB: AFS
47 TB: NFS-Network Appliance
700 TB: NFS
1200 TB: xrootd
74 TB: Lustre, Objectivity ...

Computing Hardware Support

- Future evolution of SLAC scientific computing hardware
 - Have now established a lab-wide cost recovery model
 - Basic operations supported by lab-wide indirects budget, with large-scale installations contributing incremental direct support
 - Hardware needs and operational costs for large scientific programs should continue to be proposal or program driven and funded
 - ATLAS Tier 2 and possible future expansion, Fermi GST, Computational Cosmology Collaboration, DES, LSST
 - Vitality of national laboratory HEP group depends on our ability to offer scientific computing access for small-scale uses as well
 - Batch sharing across large and small programs benefits all
- Recommendation
 - Continue a detector operations budget to support computing hardware acquisition and operations for small-scale needs

Community Software Tools

- Existing and future community software tools
 - G4, xrootd, SPIRES, LCSim, Blackhat, ACE3P,...
- Characteristics
 - Usually involve several laboratories engaged in development and user support, although joint management often informal
 - Have been and could be proposal and review driven
 - Some not adequately supported as a community tool at present, with more effort needed on usability, documentation, and user support in order to be adopted widely
- Recommendation
 - Support proposal driven community software tools to ensure basic development and adequate funding for essential software of wide community applicability

Framework and Data Management Systems

- Planned migration of existing and future framework and data management systems
 - Fermi GST applicable to EXO, CDMS, CTA, or other future experiments
- Benefits
 - Existing experiments benefit from managed migration of software expertise, which remains available at the laboratory
 - Future experiments benefit from not needing to reinvent basic framework and data management systems; inherit core expertise of mature systems
 - PPA SCA Department established as a means of effectively managing a capability across multiple program applications
 - Initial exploratory phase of transitions is challenging without some core funding
- Recommendation
 - Support ~50% of core software team on the HEP computing program to maintain continuity of development effort and to allow managed transitions
 - Remainder funded by benefiting past or future programs

Scientific Computing Research

- Future scientific computing R&D
 - Core team model augmented by specific projects, similar to Detector R&D approach
 - Typically ~50% support for core developers on HEP computing to provide stable platform
 - Examples include both hardware and software capabilities
 - Petacache, GPU-approach to simulations
 - Petascale database development: XLDB and SciDB
- Recommendation
 - Support a small core HEP computing effort in cutting edge hardware and software research and development
 - Portfolio should allow for a mix of mid- and high-risk investments with a range of possible innovation returns to HEP program

Summary

- SLAC has ongoing core expertise in HEP-related scientific computing and computing operations
 - Core capability in mid-scale and large-scale data management and scientific computing operations from Fermi and BABAR
 - Major player in many software tools, including GEANT4, ACEP3, ENZO, xrootd, etc
 - Core capability in large-scale and cutting edge database systems, including XLDB and SciDB
- Future scientific program will rely on many of the same capabilities
 - Support for data management needs of upcoming mid-scale experiments, including CDMS, EXO, CTA
 - Major role on LSST dark energy science center
 - Exciting opportunities in particle astrophysics and cosmology
 - Continue to support community tools and future R&D