Dark Photon Search Experiments

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Hidden Sector Vector Boson: A'



"Kinetic Mixing" generated by heavy particles interacting with γ and A' [Holdom - 1986]

quarks & charged leptons have $e \cdot \epsilon$ coupling to A'





What Makes It Interesting?



proton excesses $\Rightarrow m_{A'} < 2m_p$

hypothesis consistent with DAMA/LIBRA and CoGeNT data





Direct Searches



[Bjorken, Essig, Schuster, Toro]





Existing Limits



Requires New Experiments

In simple models, expect:

- $\epsilon \sim 10^{-5} 10^{-2}$
- $m_{A'} \sim \sqrt{\epsilon} M_W \sim \text{MeV} \text{GeV}$ for Higgs-like U(1)' breaking.

Interesting region not easily explored!







(H)eavy (P)hoton (S)earch Experimental Concept

Sensitivity in this region relies upon abilities to precisely...

- determine invariant mass of A' decay products (estimate momentum vectors)
- distinguish A' decay vertexes as non-prompt (extrapolate tracks to origin)



CEBAF at JLab

Simultaneous delivery of electron beams at different energies and intensities in three experimental halls.

- $E_{\text{beam}} = n \times 1.1 \text{ GeV}, n \le 5 (5.5 \text{ GeV Max})$
- $I_{\text{beam}} < 100 \ \mu\text{A}$ (A&C), <800 nA (B)
- 2 ns bunch separation: short integration time reduces ~DC backgrounds
- energy upgrade complete in 2014: $E_{\text{beam}} = n \times 2.2 \text{ GeV}, n \le 5 (11 \text{ GeV max})$

Ideal for this experiment.







HPS Reach Estimates

 $E_{beam} = 6.6 (2.2) \text{ GeV}$ $I_{beam} = 450 (200) \text{ nA}$ Target = 0.25 (0.125) %X₀ W Time = 3 months each

APEX: "A-prime Experiment" m(e⁺e⁻) bump-hunt using JLab Hall A two-arm spectrometer.

DarkLight: full kinematic reconstruction using JLab FEL and H-gas target





Small Apparatus, Big Technical Challenges

- Small beamspots / thin targets
 - rotating target foils (< 10 μm W)
- Mass and vertex resolution
 - low-mass construction (CF composites)
- Occupancies and radiation
 - robust Si sensors (DØ Run IIb) with fast readout (CMS APV25 ASIC)
 - movability / replaceability of Si planes
 - operation in vacuum
- Large acceptance / 10⁻⁷ vertex purity
 - sensor layout optimized with extensive simulation (org.lcsim)
- High-rate environment
 - fast DAQ, trigger, data processing







SLAC and HPS Are an Ideal Fit

- HPS fits into SLAC vision as center for dark matter / dark energy
 - Fermi has provided key physics motivation
 - BaBar, E137, E141 currently yield best constraints
 - SLAC theorists proposed HPS concept [Essig, Schuster*, Toro*]

*now at Perimeter Institute

- SLAC expertise is critical
 - beamline, target, magnet, vacuum systems [Field, Moffeit, Walz, Odian]
 - radiation-tolerant silicon detector systems [Nelson, Oriunno, Kenney]
 - high bandwidth electronics and DAQ [Haller, Herbst]
 - high-volume data handling [Neal]
 - simulation, reconstruction, analysis [Graham, Maruyama, Partridge, Jaros]
 - Small experiment ideal for Stanford students/SLAC postdocs
 - ➡SLAC group is one focus of a very strong collaboration
 - →JLab is the other: we are newcomers there!





HPS: A (truly) Brief History

- June 2009: Paper by SLAC/Stanford theorists: http://arxiv.org/abs/0906.0580
- Aug. 2009: HPS concept presented at Dark Forces Workshop
- Nov. 2009: HPS members sign APEX proposal
- Jan. 2010: HPS concept pitched to Hall B, encouraged to make proposal
- Jan. July 2010: APEX test run approved, SLAC designs/builds target and participates in data taking
- Jun. 2010: SLAC electron review: high marks for HPS in Sep. report
- Sep. 2010: HPS Proposal presented to JLab management, well received
- Dec. 2010: Revised HPS Proposal submitted to JLab PAC

https://confluence.slac.stanford.edu/display/hpsg/Heavy+Photon+Search+Experiment

• Jan. 2011: PAC meeting at JLab. DOE presence anticipated.





HPS Technical Progress

DOE support (~\$300K) has allowed development work for proposal:

- Software
 - Development of simulation for background estimates (Stanford student)
 - Development of detailed simulation/reconstruction for tracking/vertexing in org.lcsim framework (SLAC postdoc)
- DAQ
 - APV25 DAQ test stand from CMS set up in lab (Stanford student)
 - Tracker readout board currently in layout
 - Design of hybrids beginning in January (based upon CMS designs)
- Mechanical
 - Design for tracker planes, support and cooling has begun
 - Design for target underway





HPS Schedule and Cost

- Schedule
 - CEBAF upgrade to 12 GeV: no beam from mid-2012 to 2014.
 - No significant time on floor before upgrade: main HPS run in 12 GeV era
 - We are proposing a short test run before the upgrade to study backgrounds, occupancies, and trigger; and gain invaluable experience running at CEBAF.
- Cost: \$500K (test run) + \$1.9M (full expt.) = \$2.4M
 - FNAL donating Si detectors
 - JLab donating much of ECal including electronics and DAQ
 - Collaborators planning NSF MRI for ECal and Muon systems
- Recommendation of PAC after January meeting is critical.
- DOE to act on PAC recommendations in March: *decision point for funding of test run.*





Summary

- HPS physics is at a nexus of core interests at SLAC
 - Opportunity for SLAC to seize a central role in dark photon story
 - HPS also has potential to discover true muonium: <u>http://arxiv.org/abs/0904.2225</u> [Brodsky]
- Technical challenges of HPS suit SLAC strengths
- Major strategic risks being mitigated by careful planning
 - Participation in APEX addresses inexperience at JLab
 - Test run proposal advances development through CEBAF shutdown
 - Hastening to exploit opportunity: Mainz/DESY also pursuing experiments
- Decisions in next few months are critical to the future of HPS We are working fervently to ensure that this future is dark!



