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# Pic3P - Electromagnetic Particle-In-Cell

Advanced Computations

*SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory*

*CW10, Stanford, September 20, 2010*

# Pic3P - EM PIC Method

## Self-consistent Loop:

- 1) Push (Macro-)Particles
- 2) Deposit Charges
- 3) Calculate Fields

Full-wave “EM” PIC, in contrast to electrostatic PIC

**Unconditionally stable** time integration, implicit method ( $Ax=b$ )

$$\frac{d\mathbf{p}}{dt} = q(\mathbf{E} + \mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{B})$$

$$\mathbf{J} = \rho\mathbf{v}$$

$$\oint_{\partial A} \mathbf{E} \cdot d\mathbf{s} = - \int_A \frac{\partial \mathbf{B}}{\partial t} \cdot d\mathbf{A}$$

$$\oint_{\partial A} \mathbf{H} \cdot d\mathbf{s} = \int_A \left( \frac{\partial \mathbf{D}}{\partial t} + \mathbf{J} \right) \cdot d\mathbf{A}$$

$$\oint_{\partial V} \mathbf{D} \cdot d\mathbf{A} = \int_V \rho dV$$

$$\oint_{\partial V} \mathbf{B} \cdot d\mathbf{A} = 0$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \mu \cdot \mu_0 \mathbf{H}, \quad \mathbf{D} = \epsilon \cdot \epsilon_0 \mathbf{E}$$

$$\left( \epsilon \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} + \sigma \frac{\partial}{\partial t} + \nabla \times \mu^{-1} \nabla \times \right) \int^t \mathbf{E}(\mathbf{x}, \tau) d\tau = -\mathbf{J}(\mathbf{x}, t)$$

Pic3P is charge-conserving, and typically uses point particles:

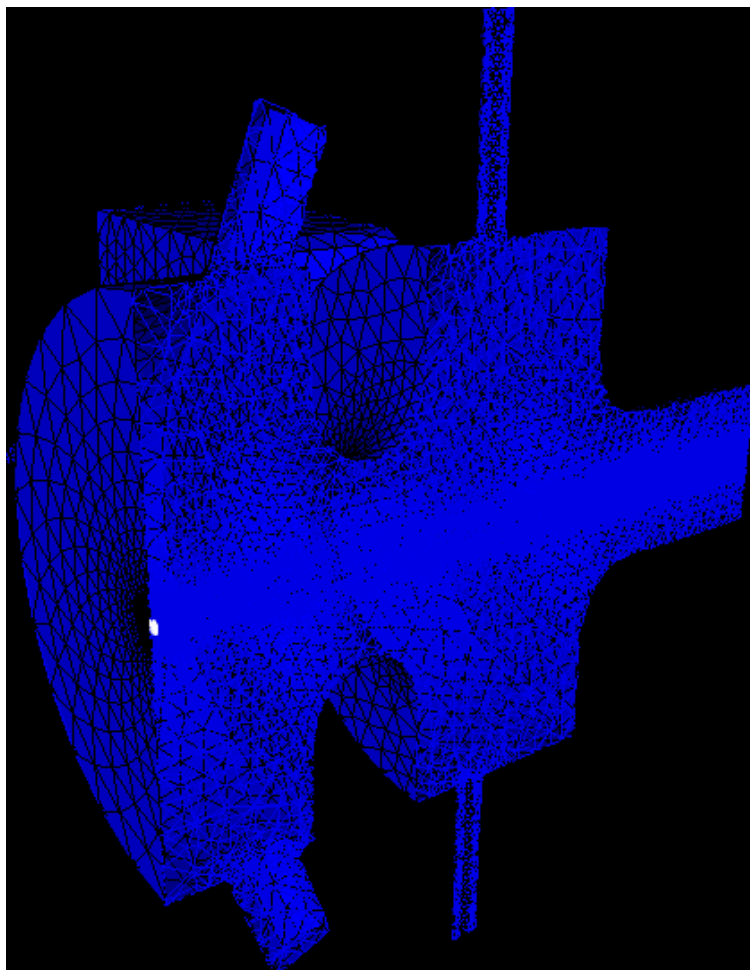
$$\mathbf{J}(\mathbf{x}, t) = \sum_i q_i \cdot \delta(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}_i(t)) \cdot \mathbf{v}_i(t)$$

# Pic3P - Capabilities

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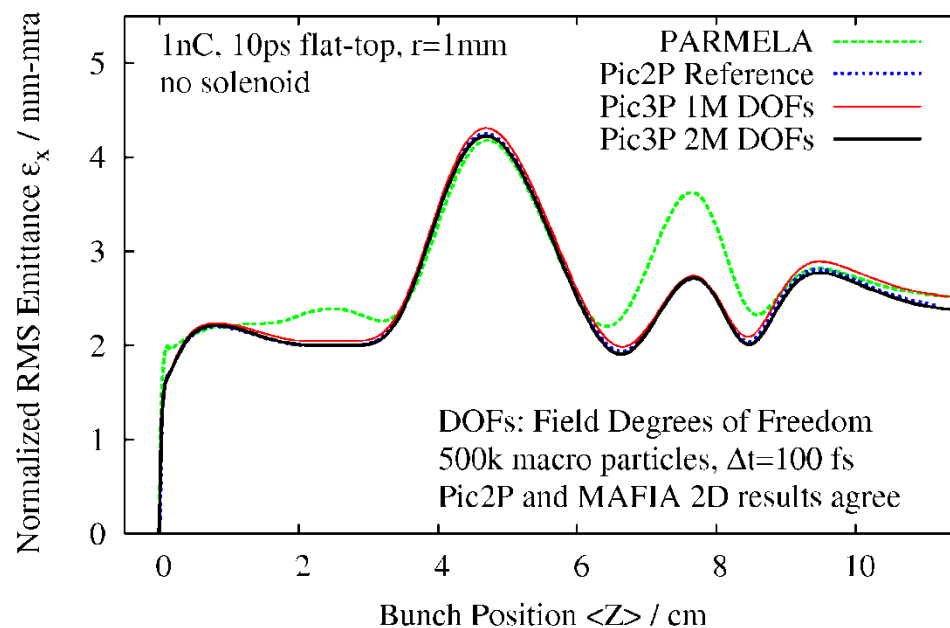
- **Pic3P** self-consistently models beam-cavity interactions in space-charge dominated regimes with the electromagnetic Particle-In-Cell method
- **Low-energy space-charge calculations**
  - Self-consistent modeling of RF guns up to  $\sim 10$  MeV
  - Space-charge, image charge effects, time retardation and wakefield effects included
  - Read RF map (Omega3P or ASCII file) and/or solenoid map (ASCII)
  - Causal moving window technique for efficiency

# Pic3P - LCLS RF Gun



Temporal evolution of electron bunch and scattered self-fields

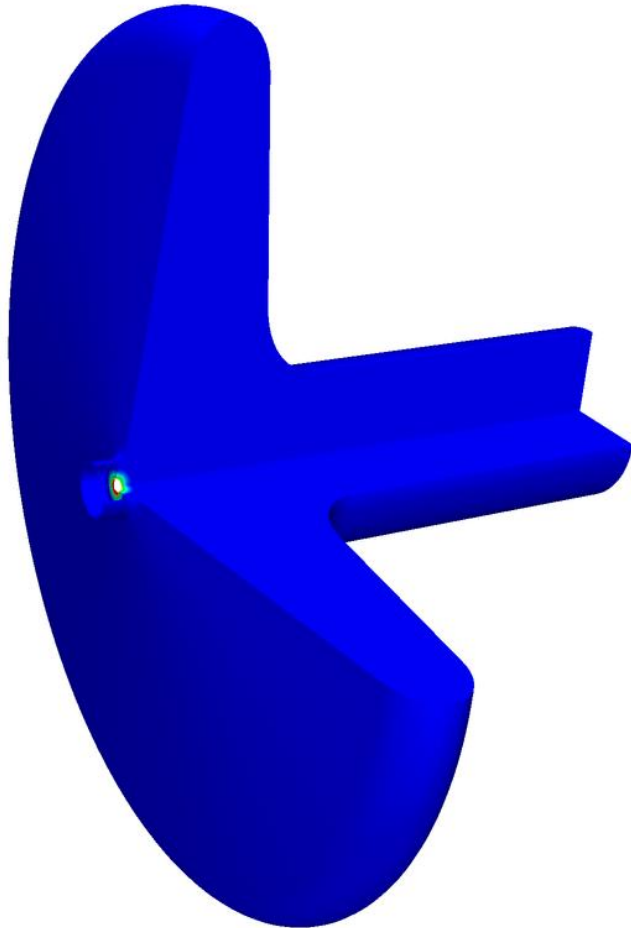
Racetrack cavity design: Almost 2D drive mode. Cylindrical bunch allows benchmarking of 3D code Pic3P against 2D codes Pic2P and MAFIA



Unprecedented Accuracy thanks to Higher-Order Particle-Field Coupling and Conformal Boundaries

# Pic3P - BNL Polarized SRF Gun

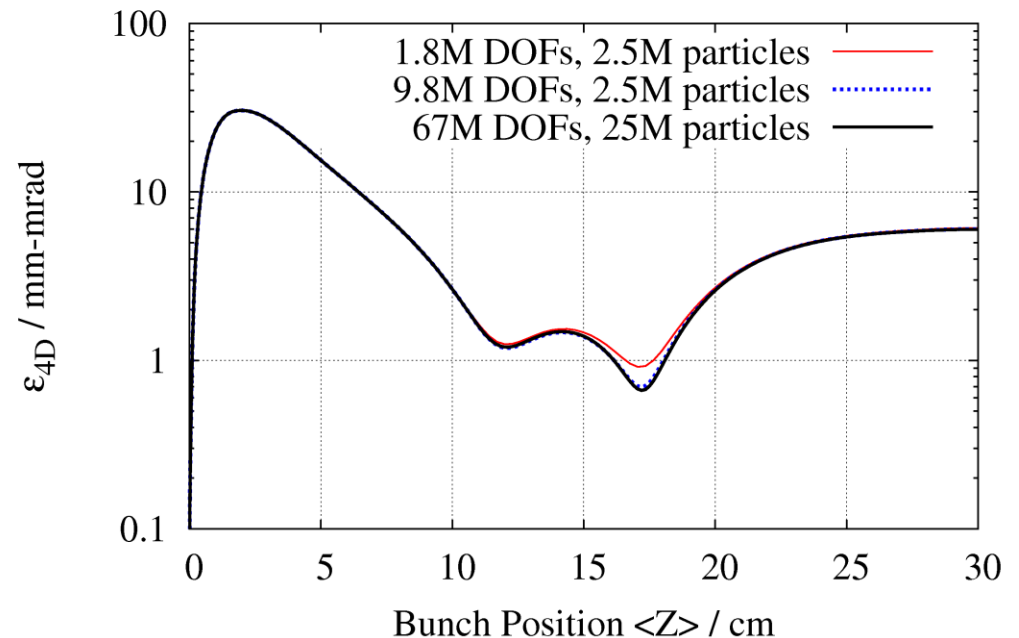
Bunch transit through SRF gun  
(only space-charge fields shown)



## BNL Polarized SRF Gun:

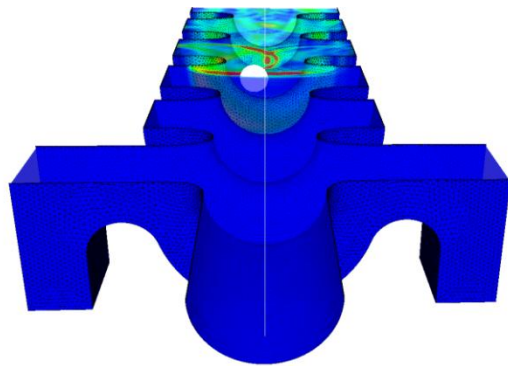
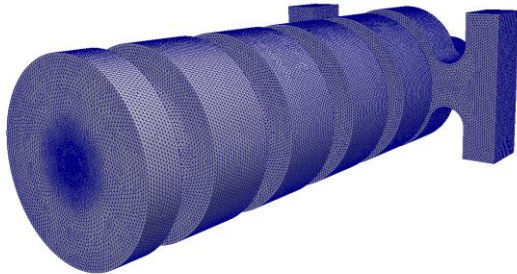
½ cell, 350 MHz, 24.5 MV/m, 5 MeV, solenoid (18 Gauss), recessed GaAs cathode at T=70K inserted via choke joint, cathode spot size 6.5 mm,

Pic3P: Emittance Convergence

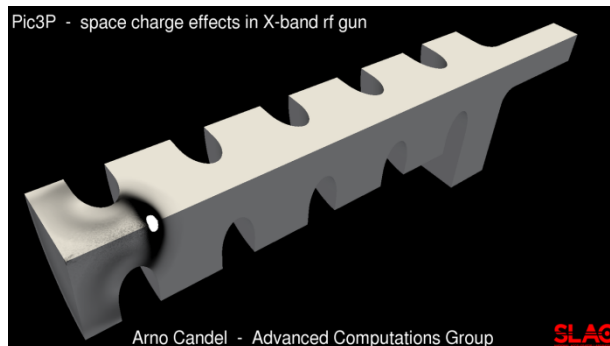


# Pic3P - SLAC/LLNL X-Band Gun

## 3D Emittance Calculations for Bunch with Offset



- $f=11.424$  GHz, 200 MV/m peak  $E_z$  on cathode
- Solenoid  $B_z_{\text{max}} = 0.5658$  T at  $Z=6.3$  cm
- Beer can ( $r=0.5$  mm, 2 ps flat top, 0.4 ps rise time), 250 pC
- Bunch injected 30 degrees after zero-crossing



Normalized Transverse (4D) RMS Emittance vs  $\langle Z \rangle$

