Introduction to CBXFEL Controls

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Apr 17, 2024



Overview

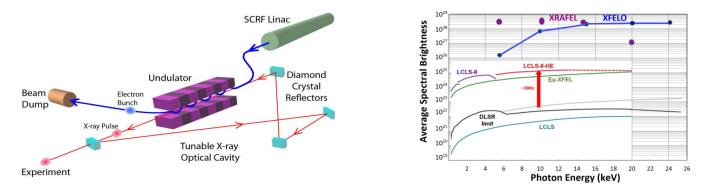
- What is CBXFEL?
- Controls overview
- Controls team
- Subsystems
 - Motion
 - Cameras
 - Digitizers
 - Temperature control
 - Vacuum
 - Timing, MPS, infrastructure
- Summary



What is **CBXFEL**

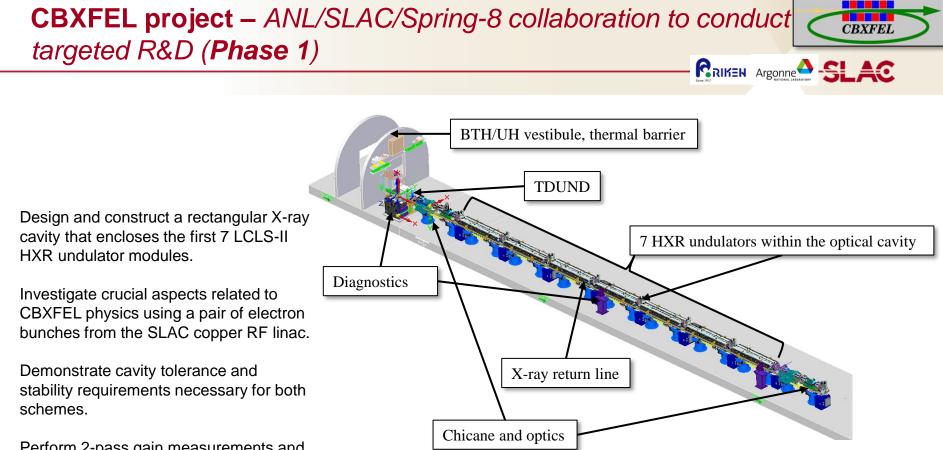


CB (cavity based) XFEL employs an X-ray cavity formed by crystal mirrors so that X-ray pulses receive periodic FEL-amplification and Bragg-monochromatization. CBXFEL can enhance hard XFEL brightness by another two-three orders of magnitude.



Two configurations:

- XRAFEL (X-ray Regenerative Amplifier FEL): High gain, CW or Q-switched for intense, ultra-short pulse
- XFELO (XFEL Oscillator): Low gain, CW operation for intense, ultra-fine spectral width



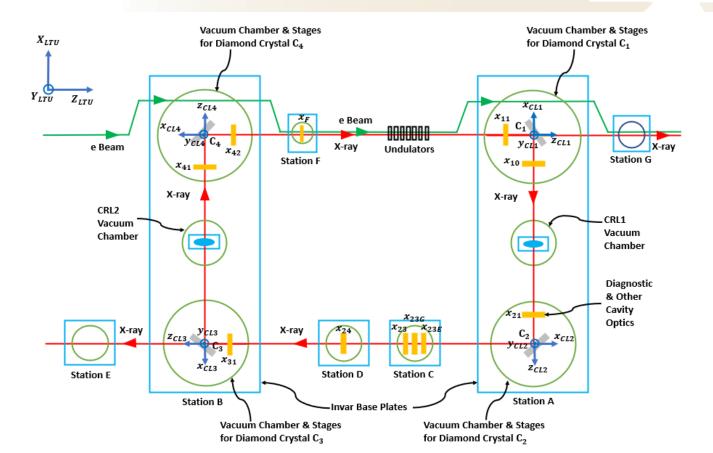
 Perform 2-pass gain measurements and cavity ring-down measurements for low and high gain schemes.

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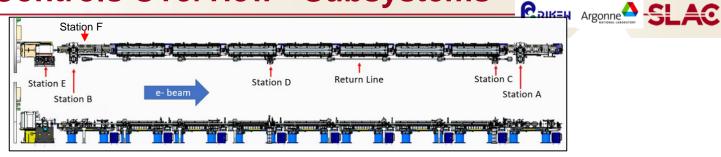
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CBXFEL Project Components Overview



CBXFEL

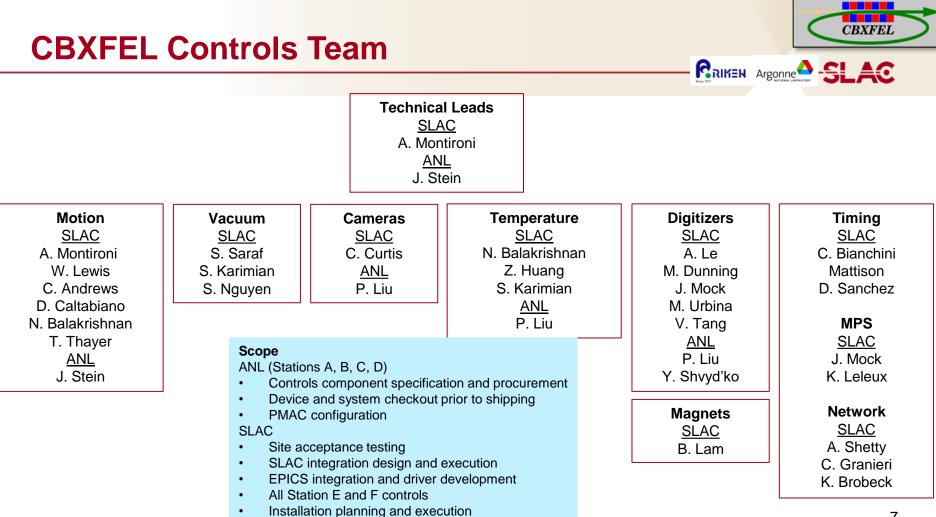
CBXFEL Controls Overview - Subsystems



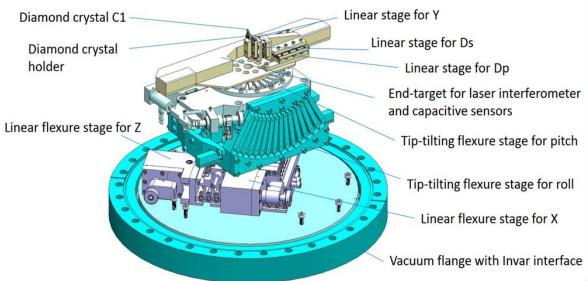
Subsystem	Device type	Quantity
Magnets	Chicanes	2 chicanes
Motion	Diamond crystal nanopositioning flexure stages	24 axes
Motion	Diamond crystal alignment (above flexures)	12 axes
Motion	Diagnostic alignment, camera focus, etc.	43 axes
Vacuum	lon pumps, vacuum gauges, valves	25 pumps, 8 gauge pairs, 3 pneumatic valves
Diagnostics	Cameras (USB, GigE)	5 USB, 12 GigE
Diagnostics	Digitizers	4 digitizers, 12 signals
Temperature Control	Diamond crystal heaters and T sensors	4 heaters
MPS	Component position, chicane current	6 switches, 2 chicanes
Timing	Timing receivers, timing distribution	
Network infrastructure	Controls network distribution	
Power infrastructure	AC power	

- All devices controlled using standard SLAC controls hardware and software.
- Standard SLAC
 EPICS implementations used across all subsystems, including displays, archiving, and alarming.
- High-level applications are in physics scope.

CBXFEI



Diamond Crystal Nanopositioners Control

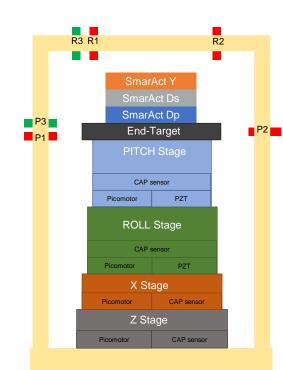


Stage name	Travel Range	Resolution
Linear flexure stage for X and Z (coarse)	1000 micron	50 nm
Linear flexure stage for X and Z (fine, optional)	15 micron	5 nm
Tip-Tilt flexure stage for around Y and Ds (coarse)	26 mrad	350 nrad
Tip-Tilt flexure stage for around Y and Ds (fine)	0.1 mrad	20 nrad
Linear miniaturized stage for Dp, Y, and Ds	12 mm	50 nm

CBXFEL

Diamond Crystal Nanopositioners Control





C1 Metrology Frame & Invar base

Axis	Count	Actuator/Sensor	Controller
X, Z, Roll (coarse), Pitch (coarse)	4	PicoMotor/Capacitive	PMAC
Roll (fine), Pitch (fine)	2	PI PZT/Interferometer	PMAC
Roll, Pitch	2	-/Capacitive	-
Dp, Ds, Y	3	SmarAct	SmarAct

- 7 motion axes with 9 actuators per diamond crystal
- PMAC integrates all instrumentation (except SmarAct axes) and implements closed loop control for flexure coarse and fine movement
- SmarAct controller provides single-axis control
- Redundant sensors (capacitive, interferometer) on end-target bar for pitch and roll absolute measurement
- PMAC will implement crosstalk compensation by sequencing axis movements using coordinate system/motion program
- EPICS interfaces to PMAC and SmarAct individual motion axes and PMAC coordinate system using standard motor records





Device	Actuator/Sensor	Controller
Diagnostics (XBPM, XBIM, etc.)	SmarAct	SmarAct
Lenses	SmarAct	SmarAct
Interferometer collimator alignment	SmarAct	SmarAct
Photodiodes	NewFocus/None	NewFocus
Camera focus/iris	NewFocus/None	NewFocus
Station E camera and diagnostics	Stepper motor/encoder	PMAC
Station F camera and diagnostic	Stepper motor/encoder	PMAC

- 43 motion axes ٠
- All controllers already in use in SLAC EPICS environment •
- All motion axes interface to SLAC control system via standard EPICS IOCs and motor records ٠



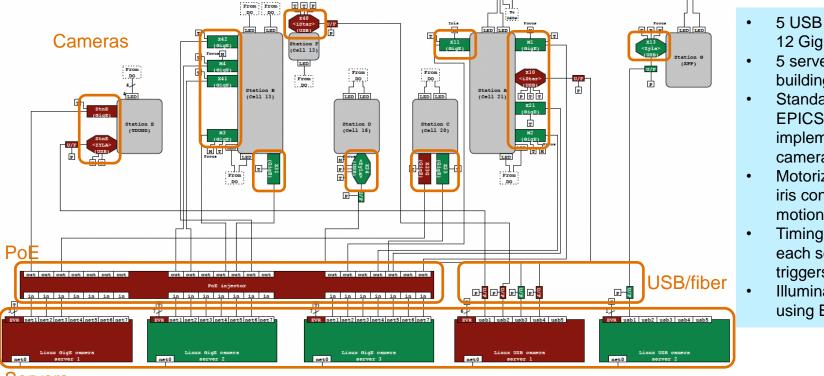
One motor controller we have introduced with this project with very positive results

PMAC CK3M

- High-performance modular motion controller
- Station E configuration: 8 axes for step-and-direction motion control, 8 axes for BiSS-C encoder readback
- Interface with actuator-specific amplifiers (steppers, piezo...)
- EPICS interface over Ethernet/IP



Diagnostic Cameras Controls



Servers



5 USB cameras, 12 GigE cameras

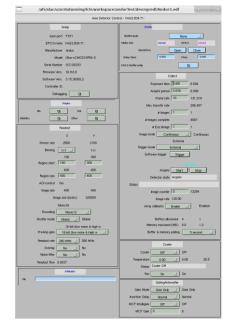
CBXFEI

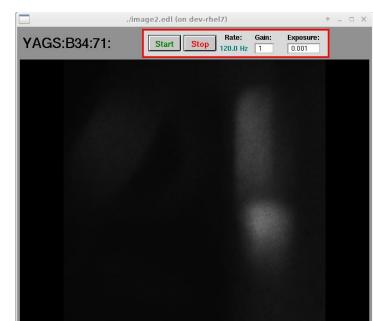
- 5 servers in support building
- Standard SLAC EPICS areaDetector implementation for all cameras
- Motorized focus and iris control handled by motion control
- Timing receiver in each server to provide triggers to cameras
- Illuminator control using Beckhoff

Diagnostic Cameras Control

Mike D, Courtney, and Jeremy integrated USB cameras driver from the community into EED supported version of AreaDeterctor EPICS module

Testing and development 90% complete



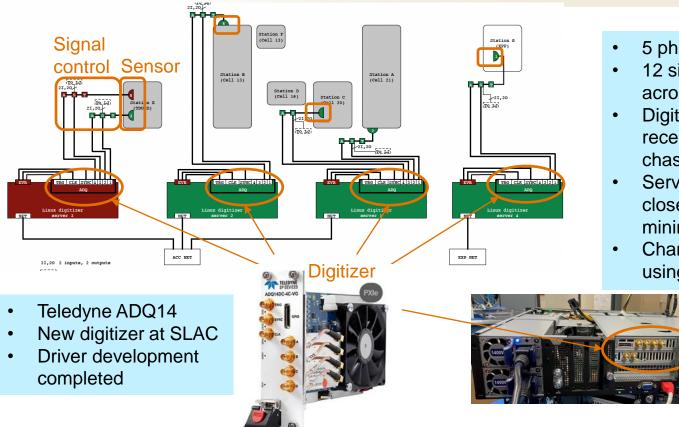




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Diagnostic Photodiodes and XBIM Controls



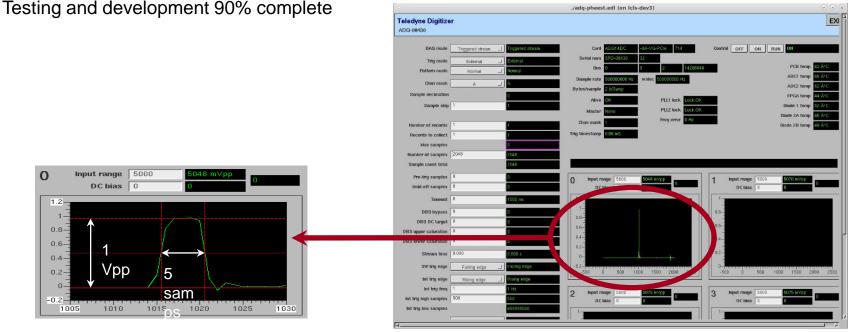
5 photodiodes, 1 XBIM

- 12 signals distributed across 4 digitizers
- Digitizers and timing receiver installed in server chassis
- Server chassis installed close to detectors to minimize cable length
- Channel switching control using LabJack digital IO



Diagnostic Diodes and XBIM control

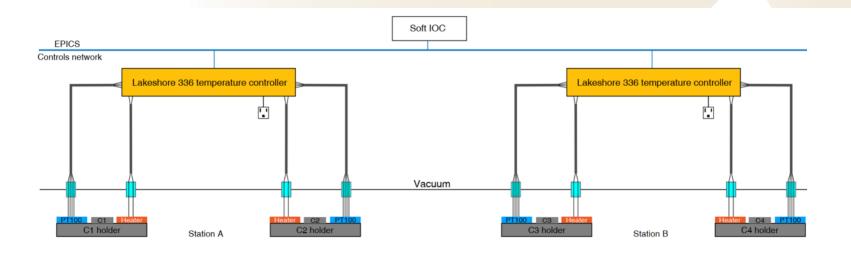
Mike D, and An took Teledyne digitizer driver from the community and ported it to our EPICS environment. Plus added features needed for CBXFEL and triggering from timing system.



Input range 0 DC bias 0 1.2 -1 - 10.8 -0.6-0.4-√pp 5 0.2-0sam -0.2-1005 1010 1015

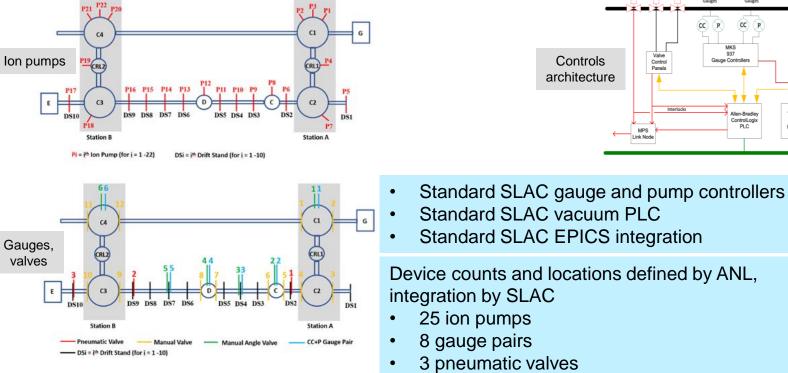
CBXFEL

Temperature Control and Monitoring



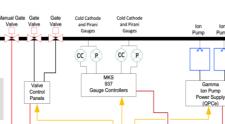
- 4 temperature control loops
- 2 Lakeshore 336 controllers
- Controller integrated using standard SLAC EPICS support
- Girder temperature monitoring implemented using existing undulator infrastructure

CBXFEI



12 manual valves •

Vacuum Control



Allen-Bradley

ControlLogix

PLC

Terminal

Server

(RS-232)

Soft IOC

Interlock

MPS

Link Node



lon

Pump

Other Subsystems and Infrastructure

Timing

 Additional timing fanout added to provide capacity for timing receivers for cameras and digitizers

MPS

- Out-of-beam position indication for components that can be inserted into the nominal electron beam path
- Chicane current monitoring to determine CBXFEL operation status

Cabling

- CAPTAR submitted for all subsystems
- Cable tray installation in progress

Network

 Required network ports have been requested

Power

- Adequate AC power is available in tunnel
- Each controls rack will have networkconnected PDU

Racks

 Controls rack locations have been assigned under undulator girders or in support buildings

CBXFEI

Next few months (SLAC)

- Finish building controls infrastructure (cables)
- <u>Summer 2024</u>: motion, cameras, digitizers, and vacuum testing Stations D and E
- <u>Fall 2024</u>: motion, cameras, digitizers, and vacuum testing Stations C and F
- Early Summer 2024: receive first nanopositioner stack and chamber (C1)
- <u>Winter Down 2024/2025</u>: Nanopositioners stack chambers installation
- <u>Winter 2025</u>: final controls testing and commissioning

- Lots of software work to do!
- Lots of coordination and lab testing







- Interfaces between ANL and SLAC scope have been defined and documented
- Controls has worked closely with mechanical to define control system device counts and performance requirements
- Required controls infrastructure has been identified and is being installed
- Actively developing PMAC controls for nanopositioning flexure stage control
- All devices have existing EPICS support and EPICS applications have been prototyped
- Standard SLAC EPICS environment will be used, including standard control system services
- Stations A through E controls FDRs have been completed
- Station F FDR scheduled for next Monday, April 22



THANK YOU!

QUESTIONS?



BACKUP SLIDES

Relevant Documentation - Motion



Relevant Declamentation metion				6
		Since P		
Document Number	Document Title	Version	Document Status	
SLAC-I-120-065	CBXFEL Motion Control FRS	R2	IN APPROVAL	
SLAC-I-120-067	CBXFEL Motion Control ESD	R2	RELEASED	
ANL-SPEC-CTL-000-A840-CBXM01 (SLAC-I-120-183)	CBXFEL Motion Control Hardware ESD	R1	IN REVIEW	
ANL-SPEC-CTL-000-A840-CBXM02	CBXFEL Nanopositioning and Mechanical System ESD	R0	IN DRAFT	
SLAC-I-120-178	CBXFEL Motion Block Diagrams	R1	RELEASED	
SLAC-I-120-174	CBXFEL Motion Control ESD Supporting Data	R2	RELEASED	
SLAC-I-120-098	CBXFEL Control System ICD – SLAC to ANL	R2	IN APPROVAL	
SLAC-I-120-181	CBXFEL Motion Control Site Acceptance Test Procedure	R1	IN APPROVAL	
SLAC-I-120-257	CBXFEL Nanopositioning System Characterization and Test Procedure	R0	IN DRAFT	
SLAC-I-120-022	Planning of CBXFEL X-ray Cavity MAD Device	R3	IN APPROVAL	
SLAC-I-120-190	CBXFEL Station A and B Vacuum Chamber In-Air and In-Vacuum Electrical Wiring Schematic	R1	IN EARLY DRAFT	
SLAC-I-120-242	Record of Decision on CBXFEL – Addition of Tip-Tilt Stage in C2 for Etalon Collimator	R0	RELEASED	
SLAC-I-120-225	Record of Decision on CBXFEL – Piezo Arcing Risk Assessment	R0	RELEASED	
SLAC-I-120-244	CBXFEL Venting Checklist	R0	RELEASED	
SLAC-I-120-245	CBXFEL Pumpdown Checklist	R0	RELEASED	23

Relevant Documentation - Subsystems



Document Number	Document Title	Version	Document Status
SLAC-I-120-112	CBXFEL Subsystem Control FRS	R1	IN APPROVAL
SLAC-I-120-103	CBXFEL Subsystem Control ESD	R0	RELEASED
SLAC-I-120-159	CBXFEL Subsystem Diagnostic Camera Engineering Specifications	R1	IN DRAFT
SLAC-I-120-249	CBXFEL Digitizer Block Diagram	R0	RELEASED
SLAC-I-120-182	CBXFEL Diamond Crystal Mirror Temperature Control ESD	R0	RELEASED
SLAC-I-120-248	CBXFEL Station A Diamond Holder Temperature Control Schematic	R0	IN DRAFT
SLAC-I-120-258	CBXFEL Undulator Hall Power Requirements Engineering Note	R0	RELEASED