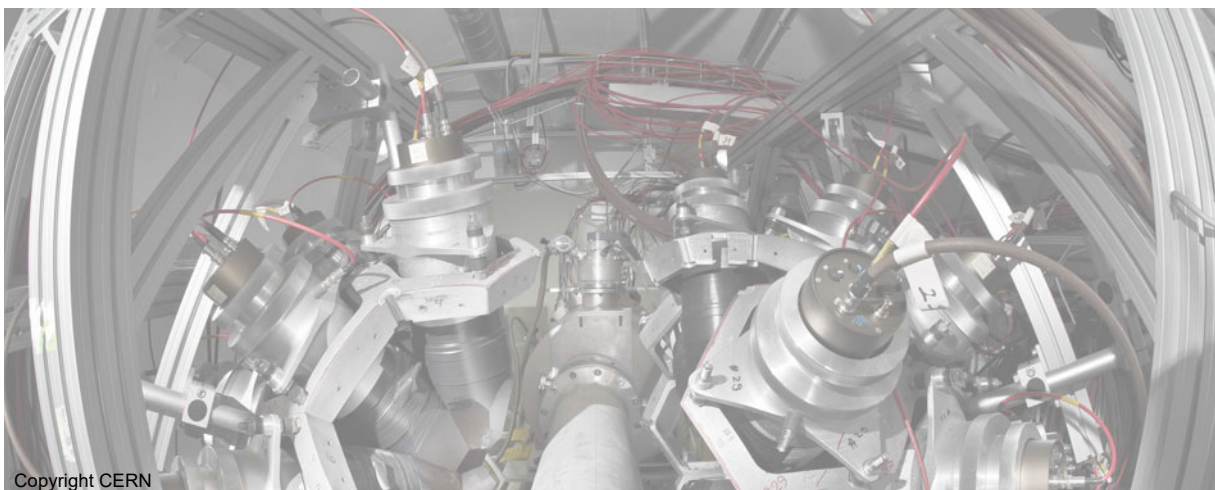


ADQ14 Datasheet



ADQ14 is a high-performance 14-bit data acquisition platform which offer complete and versatile solutions for advanced measurements. It comes with a generous set of hardware, firmware, and software features which help simplify integration. Every aspect of the measurement process from the detector, real-time signal processing, data visualization, and more are included. Selected features include:

- *Flexible choice of sampling rate, channel count, and multi-board synchronization*
- *Advanced programmable analog front-end supporting high input bandwidth*
- *Open FPGA for real-time DSP and stand-alone application-specific firmware*
- *Up to 3.2 GByte/s data transfer rate and optional peer-to-peer streaming to GPU*
- *Wide selection of form factors helps simplify integration*



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ADQ14 Datasheet

Features

- Up to 4 analog channels
- Up to 2 GSPS sample rate per channel
- 14 bits vertical resolution
- DC-coupled with up to 1.2 GHz analog BW
- AC-coupled with up to 1.2 GHz analog BW
- Programmable DC-offset
- Internal and external clock reference
- Internal and external clock generator
- Clock reference output
- Internal and external trigger
- Trigger output
- Multi-channel synchronization
- Time-stamp for real-time operation
- 2 GBytes data memory
- Up to 3 GBytes/s data transfer to PC
- Data interfaces
PXIe / PCIe / USB3.0 / MTCA.4 / 10 GbE

ADQ14 Development Kit

- Open FPGA for custom applications
- Real-time signal processing

Applications

- RADAR
- LIDAR
- Wireless communication
- High-speed data recording
- Test and measurement
- Ultrasonic ranging
- Time-of-flight scientific instruments
- Swept-Source OCT
- Thomson scattering

Advantages

- Multiple form factor options helps optimize systems partitioning.
- Analog front-ends that support a wide range of detectors and allows for re-use and streamlined cost-efficient maintenance.
- Real-time FPGA custom processing enables compact system design.
- Teledyne SP Devices' design service is available for fast integration to reduce time-to-market.

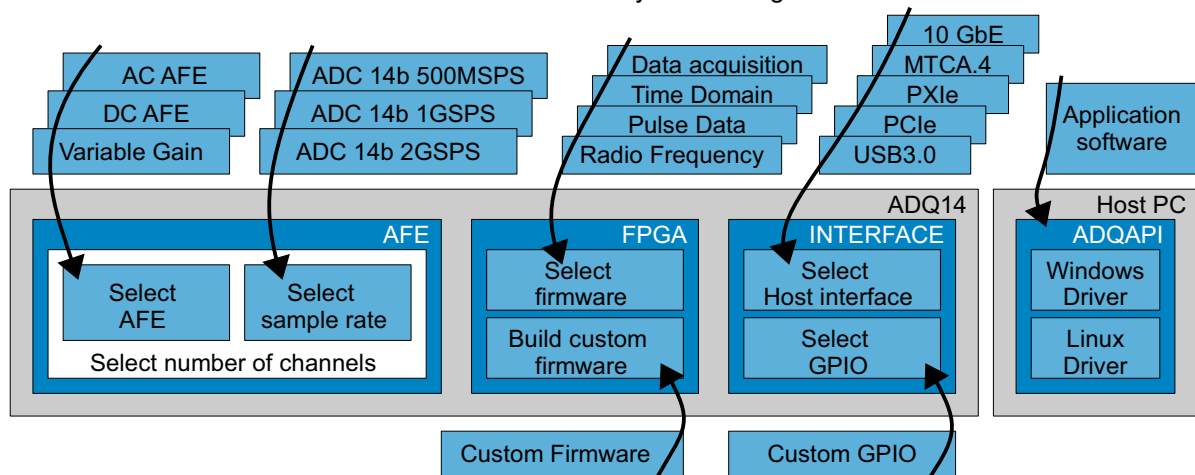
Flexible digitizer solution for the complete signal chain

ADQ14 supports the entire signal chain, from the detector to the application integration.

The wide-band high dynamic range analog front-end offers options for a variety of advanced detectors.

Due to the vast amounts of data produced the processing support is key and therefore ADQ14 includes several layers of signal processing sup-

port. The open FPGA and application-specific firmware enables real-time integration and very compact system design. The peer-to-peer streaming combines the signal processing strengths of a GPU with the versatile acquisition capabilities of the ADQ14. The software development kit is available both for Windows and Linux and a number of host interface options are available to simplify the systems integration.



1 Selection guide

There are several options for ADQ14. This guide will help you through the selection of options. Follow the procedure listed to find the best product for the current application. Each of the items in the list are described further in this document. The table below to shows which combinations that are available.

1. Select AC- or DC-coupled front-end. This will give the model ADQ14AC or ADQ14DC.
2. Select the number of channels and the sample rate; -2A, -2C, -1X, -4A, -4C or -2X.
3. Select host interface form factor; -USB, -PXIE, -PCIE, -SSPCIE, -MTCA or -10GBE.
4. Select one or several of the firmware packages; -FWDAQ, -FWATD, -FWPD, -FWSDR.
5. Select feature enhancement option; -GPIO, -VG or -OCT.
6. Add ADQ14 Development Kit for custom real-time signal processing in the FPGA.
7. Select warranty period -W5Y.

| MODEL OPTION | ADQ14AC | | | | | | ADQ14DC | | | | | |
|---|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | -2A | -2C | -1X | -4A | -4C | -2X | -2A | -2C | -1X | -4A | -4C | -2X |
| Key parameters | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of channels | 2 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 2 |
| Sample rate / channel [GSPS] | 0.5 | 1 | 2 | 0.5 | 1 | 2 | 0.5 | 1 | 2 | 0.5 | 1 | 2 |
| Analog front-end (Factory installed) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AC-Coupling | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | | | | |
| DC-Coupling | | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 50 Ω input impedance | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Variable DC-offset ¹ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Variable input range ^{2 3} -VG | | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Over-voltage protection ⁴ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Anti-aliasing filter | | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Firmware (Field upgrade supported) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ADQ14 Development Kit ⁵ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Acquisition ⁶ -FWDAQ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Adv. time domain -FWATD | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Pulse data -FWPD | | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ |
| Radio Systems -FWSDR | | ✓ | | | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ | | | ✓ | ✓ |
| Host interface form factor (Factory installed) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| USB3 ⁷ -USB | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| PCIe -PCIE | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| PCIe -SSPCIE | | | | | | | | | | | | ✓ |
| PXIe -PXIE | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| M-TCA.4 ^{3 8} -MTCA | | | | | | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ |
| 10 GbE UDP p-p ⁷ -10GBE | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 12 pins GPIO ^{2 8} -GPIO | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| OCT front panel ⁹ -OCT | | | | | | | | | | | | ✓ |
| Warranty extension | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Warranty 5 years ^{10 11} -W5Y | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |

1. Software controlled setting
2. The -GPIO option is included with the variable gain option, -VG.
3. The -VG option is not available for -MTCA nor -SSPCIE form factor.
4. Software controlled on or off.
5. The ADQ14 Development Kit is available for -FWDAQ, -FWPD, -FWSDR.
6. Included with the ADQ14.
7. Select power supply for US market or power supply for EU market.
8. The -GPIO option is available as standard on the -MTCA form factor.
9. Available for -SSPCIE form factor only.
10. Included warranty is 3 years from the date the product is shipped by Teledyne SP Devices. This option extends the warranty to 5 years from the date the product is shipped by Teledyne SP Devices.
11. Warranty extension must be ordered before included 3 years warranty is expired.

2 Technical data

All values are typical unless otherwise noticed.

Table 1: General Parameters

| | MODEL | ADQ14AC | | | | | | ADQ14DC | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--------|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | OPTION | -2A | -2C | -1X | -4A | -4C | -2X | -2A | -2C | -1X | -4A | -4C | -2X |
| Key parameters | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Channels | | 2 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 2 |
| Sample rate / channel [GSPS] | | 0.5 | 1 | 2 | 0.5 | 1 | 2 | 0.5 | 1 | 2 | 0.5 | 1 | 2 |
| Resolution [bits] | | 14 | | | | | | 14 | | | | | |
| Data memory ¹ [GByte] | | 2 | | | | | | 2 | | | | | |
| Power | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Power supply [V] | | 12 | | | | | | 12 | | | | | |
| Power dissipation [W] | | 36 | 36 | 36 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 39 | 39 | 39 | 48 | 48 | 48 |

1. The data memory is shared between data (2 bytes per sample) and record headers.

Table 2: Analog input

| | MODEL | ADQ14AC | | | | | | ADQ14DC | | | | | |
|--|--------|------------|------|------|------|------|------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| | OPTION | -2A | -2C | -1X | -4A | -4C | -2X | -2A | -2C | -1X | -4A | -4C | -2X |
| Analog inputs | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Coupling | | AC | | | | | | DC | | | | | |
| Input Impedance AC [Ω] | | 50 | | | | | | 50 | | | | | |
| Input Impedance DC [Ω] | | 100k | | | | | | 50 | | | | | |
| Input range [V _{pp}] | | 1.9 | | | | | | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1 |
| Bandwidth lower -3 dB [Hz] | | 80 | 80 | 100 | 80 | 80 | 100 | DC | | | | | |
| Bandwidth upper -1 dB [MHz] | | 900 | 900 | 800 | 900 | 900 | 800 | 180 | 500 | 900 | 180 | 500 | 900 |
| Bandwidth upper -3 dB [MHz] | | 1200 | 1200 | 1000 | 1200 | 1200 | 1000 | 250 | 700 | 1200 | 250 | 700 | 1200 |
| Connector | | SMA | | | | | | SMA | | | | | |
| Variable DC-offset range [V] | | ± 0.95 | | | | | | ± 0.25 | ± 0.5 | ± 0.25 | ± 0.5 | ± 0.25 | ± 0.5 |
| Variable DC-offset steps | | 31 | | | | | | 31 | | | | | |
| Variable gain -VG option | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Input range 0.2 V _{pp} | | - | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ | ✓ | - |
| Input range 0.5, 1, 2, 5 V _{pp} | | - | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Bandwidth -1 dB -VG ¹ [MHz] | | - | | | | | | 180 | 400 | 700 | 180 | 400 | 700 |
| Bandwidth -1 dB -VG ² [MHz] | | - | | | | | | 180 | 300 | 450 | 180 | 300 | 450 |
| Bandwidth -3 dB -VG ¹ [MHz] | | - | | | | | | 250 | 500 | 900 | 250 | 500 | 900 |
| Bandwidth -3 dB -VG ² [MHz] | | - | | | | | | 250 | 400 | 700 | 250 | 400 | 700 |
| Variable DC-offset range ³ | | - | | | | | | Full scale | | | | | |
| Variable DC-offset steps | | - | | | | | | 31 | | | | | |

1. Ranges 0.2 V_{pp} 0.5 V_{pp}.

2. Ranges 1 V_{pp}, 2 V_{pp} and 5 V_{pp}.

3. The variable DC-offset covers the full range of each respective range setting. For example, the 1 V_{pp} range has a DC-offset setting covering ± 0.5 V.

Table 3: Over-voltage protection

| MODEL OPTION | ADQ14AC | | | | | | ADQ14DC | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|--|
| | -2A | -2C | -1X | -4A | -4C | -2X | -2A | -2C | -1X | -4A | -4C | -2X | |
| Overvoltage protection | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Max input voltage [V] | - | | | | | | ±4 | | | | | | |
| Max input current [mA] | ±100 | | | | | | - | - | - | - | | | |
| -VG range 0.2 V _{pp} [V] | - | | | | | | ±1.25 | - | ±1.25 | - | | | |
| -VG range 0.5 V _{pp} [V] | - | | | | | | ±4 | | | | | | |
| -VG range 1 V _{pp} [V] | - | | | | | | ±4 | | | | | | |
| -VG range 2 V _{pp} [V] | - | | | | | | ±4 | | | | | | |
| -VG range 5 V _{pp} [V] | - | | | | | | ±5 | | | | | | |

Table 4: Dynamic performance

| MODEL OPTION | ADQ14AC ¹ (TBC) | | | | | | ADQ14DC ¹ | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|------|------------------|------|------|------------------|----------------------|-----|------------------|-----|-----|------------------|
| | -2A | -2C | -1X ² | -4A | -4C | -2X ² | -2A | -2C | -1X ² | -4A | -4C | -2X ² |
| Analog performance with overvoltage protection activated | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SNR [dB] | 64 | 64 | 64 | 64 | 64 | 64 | 62 | 60 | 58 | 62 | 60 | 58 |
| SNDR [dB] | 59 | 59 | 59 | 59 | 59 | 59 | 62 | 60 | 58 | 62 | 60 | 58 |
| SFDR [dBc] | 61 | 61 | 61 | 61 | 61 | 61 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 |
| ENOB [bits] | 9.6 | 9.6 | 9.6 | 9.6 | 9.6 | 9.6 | 10 | 9.7 | 9.3 | 10 | 9.7 | 9.3 |
| Analog performance without overvoltage protection | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SNR [dB] | 64 | 64 | 64 | 64 | 64 | 64 | - | | | | | |
| SNDR [dB] | 63 | 63 | 63 | 63 | 63 | 63 | - | | | | | |
| SFDR [dBc] | 69 | 69 | 69 | 69 | 69 | 69 | - | | | | | |
| ENOB [bits] | 10.2 | 10.2 | 10.2 | 10.2 | 10.2 | 10.2 | - | | | | | |
| Analog performance -VG option range 0.5 1 2 5 V_{pp} | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ENOB [bits] | - | | | | | | 10 | 9.7 | 9.3 | 10 | 9.7 | 9.3 |
| SFDR [dBc] | - | | | | | | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 |
| Analog performance -VG option range 0.2 V_{pp} | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ENOB [bits] | - | | | | | | 9.4 | 9.1 | - | 9.4 | 9.1 | - |
| SFDR [dBc] | - | | | | | | 75 | 75 | - | 75 | 75 | - |

1. At 71 MHz -1dBFS input signal.

2. Dynamic performance ignoring interleaving tones. Interleaving tones are removed by ADX. ADX is included in the -FWSDR firmware option.

Table 5: Clock

| MODEL OPTION | ADQ14AC | | | | | | ADQ14DC | | | | | | |
|---|---------|---------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|---------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
| | -2A | -2C | -1X | -4A | -4C | -2X | -2A | -2C | -1X | -4A | -4C | -2X | |
| Internal Clock Reference | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Frequency | [MHz] | 10 | | | | | | 10 | | | | | |
| Accuracy | [ppm] | ± 3 ± 1/year | | | | | | ± 3 ± 1/year | | | | | |
| External clock reference input | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Frequency (min – max) | [MHz] | 10 MHz ± 5 ppm | | | | | | 10 MHz ± 5 ppm | | | | | |
| Signal level (min – max) | [Vpp] | 0.5 – 3.3 | | | | | | 0.5 – 3.3 | | | | | |
| Impedance AC | [Ω] | 50 | | | | | | 50 | | | | | |
| Impedance AC (high ¹) | [Ω] | 200 | | | | | | 200 | | | | | |
| Impedance DC | [Ω] | 10 k | | | | | | 10 k | | | | | |
| Connector | | SMA | | | | | | SMA | | | | | |
| PXIe clock reference² | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PXIe clock | [MHz] | 100 | | | | | | 100 | | | | | |
| PXIe sync ³ | [MHz] | 10 | | | | | | 10 | | | | | |
| Clock reference output | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Frequency | [MHz] | Set by selected clock reference | | | | | | Set by selected clock reference | | | | | |
| Signal level | [Vpp] | 1.2 (into 50 Ω load) | | | | | | 1.2 (into 50 Ω load) | | | | | |
| Impedance AC | [Ω] | 50 | | | | | | 50 | | | | | |
| Impedance DC | [Ω] | 10 k | | | | | | 10 k | | | | | |
| Duty cycle | | 50% ± 5% | | | | | | 50% ± 5% | | | | | |
| Connector | | SMA | | | | | | SMA | | | | | |
| External clock source | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Frequency | [GHz] | 1 | | | | | | 1 | | | | | |

1. Software-controlled high-impedance setting for large fan-out situations.
2. Available on ADQ14 with option –PXIE in a chassis that supports PXIe.
3. Jitter of PXIe sync is reduced by PXIe clock in the ADQ14.

Table 6: Trigger

| MODEL OPTION | ADQ14AC | | | | | | ADQ14DC | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | -2A | -2C | -1X | -4A | -4C | -2X | -2A | -2C | -1X | -4A | -4C | -2X |
| External trigger input | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Trigger frequency (max) [MHz] | >1 | | | | | | >1 | | | | | |
| Signal level (min – max) [V] | –0.5 to 3.3 | | | | | | –0.5 to 3.3 | | | | | |
| Threshold ¹ [V] | Programmable | | | | | | Programmable | | | | | |
| Sensitivity [mV] | 200 | | | | | | 200 | | | | | |
| Time resolution [ps] | 125 | | | | | | 125 | | | | | |
| Excess jitter ² [ps] | 25 | | | | | | 25 | | | | | |
| Impedance DC [Ω] | 50 | | | | | | 50 | | | | | |
| Impedance DC (high ³) [Ω] | >500 | | | | | | >500 | | | | | |
| GPIO data rate ⁴ [MHz] | 125 | | | | | | 125 | | | | | |
| Connector | SMA | | | | | | SMA | | | | | |
| Trigger output | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PRF (max) [MHz] | 100 | | | | | | 100 | | | | | |
| Signal level output low max [V] | 0.1 | | | | | | 0.1 | | | | | |
| Signal level output high min [V] | 1.2 (into 50 Ω load) | | | | | | 1.2 (into 50 Ω load) | | | | | |
| Impedance DC [Ω] | 50 | | | | | | 50 | | | | | |
| GPIO data rate ⁴ [Mbit/s] | 100 | | | | | | 100 | | | | | |
| Connector | Shared with trigger input | | | | | | Shared with trigger input | | | | | |

1. Set threshold to match requested electrical standard when operated as GPIO input.
2. The trigger is synchronous to the sampling and can be resolved with sub-sample precision. The excess jitter is jitter added to the trigger signal inside the ADQ14.
3. Software-controlled high-impedance setting for large fan-out situations.
4. When used as GPIO.

Table 7: Multi-Unit Synchronization

| MODEL OPTION | ADQ14AC | | | | | | ADQ14DC | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | -2A | -2C | -1X | -4A | -4C | -2X | -2A | -2C | -1X | -4A | -4C | -2X |
| External sync input | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PRF (max) [MHz] | >1 | | | | | | >1 | | | | | |
| Signal level input low max [V] | 0.8 | | | | | | 0.8 | | | | | |
| Signal level input high min [V] | 2 | | | | | | 2 | | | | | |
| Impedance DC [Ω] | 50 | | | | | | 50 | | | | | |
| Impedance DC (high ¹) [Ω] | >500 | | | | | | >500 | | | | | |
| GPIO data rate [Mbit/s] | 100 | | | | | | 100 | | | | | |
| Connector (–PCIE) | MCX inside PC chassis | | | | | | MCX inside PC chassis | | | | | |
| Connector (other form factor) | SMA shared with Sync out | | | | | | SMA shared with Sync out | | | | | |
| Sync output | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PRF (max) [MHz] | >1 | | | | | | >1 | | | | | |
| Signal level output low max [V] | 0.1 | | | | | | 0.1 | | | | | |
| Signal level output high min [V] | 1.2 (into 50 Ω load) | | | | | | 1.2 (into 50 Ω load) | | | | | |
| Impedance DC [Ω] | 50 | | | | | | 50 | | | | | |
| GPIO data rate [MHz] | 100 | | | | | | 100 | | | | | |
| Connector (–PCIE) | MCX inside PC chassis | | | | | | MCX inside PC chassis | | | | | |
| Connector (other form factor) | SMA shared with Sync input | | | | | | SMA shared with Sync input | | | | | |

1. Software-controlled high-impedance setting for large fan-out situations.

Table 8: GPIO: included in option –GPIO, option –VG and on form factor –MTCA.

| MODEL OPTION | ADQ14AC | | | | | | ADQ14DC | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | –2A | –2C | –1X | –4A | –4C | –2X | –2A | –2C | –1X | –4A | –4C | –2X |
| Number of GPIO signals | 12 | | | | | | 12 | | | | | |
| Signal level input high min [V] | 0.8 | | | | | | 0.8 | | | | | |
| Signal level input low max [V] | 2 | | | | | | 2 | | | | | |
| Input impedance [Ω] | 10k | | | | | | 10k | | | | | |
| Signal level output low max [V] | 0.1 (no load) | | | | | | 0.1 (no load) | | | | | |
| Signal level output high min [V] | 3.1 (no load) | | | | | | 3.1 (no load) | | | | | |
| Output impedance [Ω] | 90 | | | | | | 90 | | | | | |
| Max data rate [Mbit/s per pin] | 100 | | | | | | 100 | | | | | |
| GPIO power out [V] | 3.3 | | | | | | 3.3 | | | | | |
| GPIO power out [mA] | 100 | | | | | | 100 | | | | | |
| Connector | Hirose ST60-24P(50) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cable | See ordering information | | | | | | | | | | | |

Table 9: Environment

| INTERFACE TO HOST PC OPTION | USB3.0 | PCI EXPRESS | | PXI EXPRESS | MTCA.4 | 10GBE |
|--|---|----------------------|---------|----------------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| | –USB | –PCIE | –SSPCIE | –PXIE | –MTCA | –10GBE |
| Data rate | | | | | | |
| Communication standard | USB3.0 | Gen2 by 8 lanes | | Gen2 by 8 lanes | Gen2 by 4 | 10GbE |
| Data rate sustained ¹ [MByte/s] | 200 | 3200 | | 3200 | 1600 | 1000 |
| Mechanical | | | | | | |
| Box size [mm ³] | 191 x108 x 62 | – | | – | – | 231.7 x 108 x 62 |
| Weight [g] | 750 | – | | – | – | – |
| Bus width mechanical [lanes] | – | 16 ² | | – | – | – |
| Board width (ADQ14AC) [slot] | – | 2 | – | 1 slot 4TE | – | – |
| Board width (ADQ14DC) [slot] | – | 2 | 1 | 2 slot 8TE | Double width | – |
| Board length [mm] | – | short | 237 | 160 | 160 | – |
| Board height | – | – | – | 3U | Mid size | – |
| Electrical | | | | | | |
| Power supply | External ³ | 6-pin ATX power | | From chassis | From chassis | External ³ |
| Bus width electrical [lanes] | – | 8 | | 8 | 4 | – |
| Temperature range | | | | | | |
| Operation [°C] | 0 to 45 | 0 to 45 ⁴ | | 0 to 45 ⁵ | 0 to 45 | 0 to 45 |
| Compliances | | | | | | |
| CE | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| RoHS2 | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| FCC | Exclusion according to CFR 47, part 15, paragraph 15.103(c) | | | | | |

1. This is depending on the capacity of the complete system including the host computer.
2. The wide contact is required to support the weight of the board.
3. Use only the power supply which is included in the delivery of ADQ14–USB.
4. This is the temperature in to the fan of the ADQ14.
5. High fan setting required if available on the chassis.

Table 10: Firmware options: functions overview

| MODEL OPTION | ADQ14AC ANDADQ14DC | | | | COMMENT |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--------|-------|--------|--|
| | -FWDAQ | -FWATD | -FWPD | -FWSDR | |
| Signal enhancement IP | | | | | |
| DBS | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| ADX | | | | ✓ | Interleaved models |
| Trigger modes | | | | | |
| Software trigger | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ | |
| External trigger | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Common level trigger | ✓ | ✓ | | | All channels trigger on one selected channel |
| Individual level trigger | | | ✓ | | Each channel trigger independently |
| PXle backplane trigger | ✓ | | | ✓ | DStarB signal. Requires option – PXIE in a chassis with PXle star trigger support. |
| Internal trigger | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ | |
| Trigger output | | | | | |
| Internal trigger | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Trigger event | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Clock | | | | | |
| All clock modes | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Sample skip | ✓ | ✓ | | | A DDC contains a low pass filter combined with sample skip. |
| Digital Down Converter | | | | ✓ | |
| Multi-unit sync | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | See app note 15-1583 |
| Data acquisition modes | | | | | |
| Streaming with infinite record length | ✓ | | | ✓ | |
| Streaming with header | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Streaming without header | ✓ | | | ✓ | |
| Multi-record | ✓ | | | ✓ | |

Table 11: Data acquisition parameters for –FWDAQ

| MODEL OPTION | ADQ14AC AND ADQ14DC | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | –2A | –2C | –1X | –4A | –4C | –2X | |
| Streaming | | | | | | | |
| Re-arm time | [ns] | 8 | 8 | 16 | 8 | 8 | 16 |
| Pre-trigger max | [samples] | 16 ki | 16 ki | 16 ki | 16 ki | 16 ki | 16 ki |
| Pre-trigger step | [samples] | 4 | 4 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 8 |
| Trigger delay max | [samples] | $2^{32} - 1$ | $2^{32} - 1$ | $2^{32} - 1$ | $2^{32} - 1$ | $2^{32} - 1$ | $2^{32} - 1$ |
| Trigger delay step | [samples] | 4 | 4 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 8 |
| Record length max | [samples] | 2 Gi | 2 Gi | 2 Gi | 2 Gi | 2 Gi | 2 Gi |
| Record length min | [samples] | 8 | 8 | 16 | 8 | 8 | 16 |
| Record length step | [samples] | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Multi-record¹ | | | | | | | |
| Re-arm time | [ns] | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD |
| Pre-trigger max | [samples] | Record length | | | | | |
| Pre-trigger step | [samples] | 4 | 4 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 8 |
| Trigger delay max | [samples] | $2^{32} - 1$ | $2^{32} - 1$ | $2^{32} - 1$ | $2^{32} - 1$ | $2^{32} - 1$ | $2^{32} - 1$ |
| Trigger delay step | [samples] | 4 | 4 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 8 |
| Record length max | [samples] | 500 Mi | 500 Mi | 1000 Mi | 250 Mi | 250 Mi | 500 Mi |
| Record length min | [samples] | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD |
| Record length step | [samples] | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD | TBD |

1. Use these parameter for pre-trigger length larger that 16kiSamples. If pre-trigger is shorter than 16kiSamples use the streaming parameters.

Table 12: Software support¹

| MODEL OPTION | ADQ14AC | | | | | | ADQ14DC | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | –2A | –2C | –1X | –4A | –4C | –2X | –2A | –2C | –1X | –4A | –4C | –2X |
| Operating systems | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Windows 10 | | | ✓ | | | | | | | | ✓ | |
| Linux ² | | | ✓ | | | | | | | | ✓ | |
| Application integration | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Digitizer Studio ³ | Acquisition and analysis GUI | | | | | | Acquisition and analysis GUI Compatilbe firmware options –FWDAQ, –FWATD and–FWSDR | | | | | |
| MATLAB ⁴ | API, examples | | | | | | API, examples | | | | | |
| C/C++ | API, examples | | | | | | API, examples | | | | | |
| .Net (C#, Visual Basic) | API, examples | | | | | | API, examples | | | | | |
| Python | Example scripts | | | | | | Example scripts | | | | | |
| LabVIEW | Low level functions and example code | | | | | | Low level functions and example code | | | | | |

1. Full performance is only guaranteed using supplied examples in C/C++ programming language.
2. See www.spdevices.com document “15-1494 Digitizer operating system support” for a complete listing.
3. See 20-2381 Digitizer Studio Datasheet for supported hardware options, firmware options and operating systems.
4. Windows only and –FWDAQ only.

3 Absolute maximum ratings

Exposure to conditions exceeding these ratings may reduce lifetime or permanently damage the device. The ADQ14–USB and ADQ14–PCIE has a built-in fan to cool the device. ADQ14–PXIE is cooled from the chassis fan. The built-in temperature monitoring unit will protect the ADQ14 from overheating by temporarily shutting down parts of the device in an overheat situation.

The SMA connectors have an expected life time of 500 operations. For frequent connecting and disconnecting of cables, connector savers are recommended.

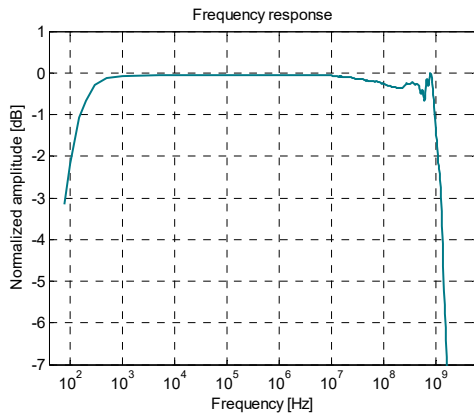
Table 13: Absolute Maximum Ratings

| MODEL OPTION | ADQ14AC | | | | | | ADQ14DC | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | –2A | –2C | –1X | –4A | –4C | –2X | –2A | –2C | –1X | –4A | –4C | –2X |
| Analog input | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AC (with ovp ¹) | See Table 3 | | | | | | See Table 3 | | | | | |
| AC w/o ovp f >10 MHz [Vpp] | 5 | | | | | | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1 |
| AC w/o ovp f <10 MHz [Vpp] | 2.75 | | | | | | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1 |
| DC max ² [V] | +7 | | | | | | See Table 3 | | | | | |
| DC min ² [V] | –3 | | | | | | See Table 3 | | | | | |
| External clock reference | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Signal level AC [Vpp] | 5 | | | | | | 5 | | | | | |
| Signal level DC [V] | ± 5 | | | | | | ± 5 | | | | | |
| External trigger input | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Signal level to GND min [V] | –2.3 | | | | | | –2.3 | | | | | |
| Signal level to GND max [V] | +5 | | | | | | +5 | | | | | |
| External sync input | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Signal level to GND min [V] | –0.5 | | | | | | –0.5 | | | | | |
| Signal level to GND max [V] | +3.8 | | | | | | +3.8 | | | | | |
| Power supply | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Voltage to GND (min) [V] | –0.4 | | | | | | –0.4 | | | | | |
| Voltage to GND (max) [V] | 14 | | | | | | 14 | | | | | |
| Temperature | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating (min) [°C] | 0 | | | | | | 0 | | | | | |
| Operating (max) [°C] | 45 | | | | | | 45 | | | | | |
| Standard GPIO | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Trigger input | See trigger specification Table 6 | | | | | | See trigger specification Table 6 | | | | | |
| Sync | See sync specification Table 7 | | | | | | See sync specification Table 7 | | | | | |
| GPIO Expansion –GPIO | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Voltage to GND (min) [V] | –0.5 | | | | | | –0.5 | | | | | |
| Voltage to GND (max) ³ [V] | 4.6 | | | | | | 4.6 | | | | | |
| Max output current / pin [mA] | 33 | | | | | | 33 | | | | | |
| Max total output current [mA] | 200 | | | | | | 200 | | | | | |
| Variable gain –VG | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Relay switching cycles | N/A | | | | | | 10 ⁶ | | | | | |

1. Overvoltage protection.
2. The combination of AC and DC level must never exceed DC level limits.
3. A voltage on a GPIO input higher than 3.3 V may change the output voltage on GPIOs which are set to outputs. This may damage external equipment.

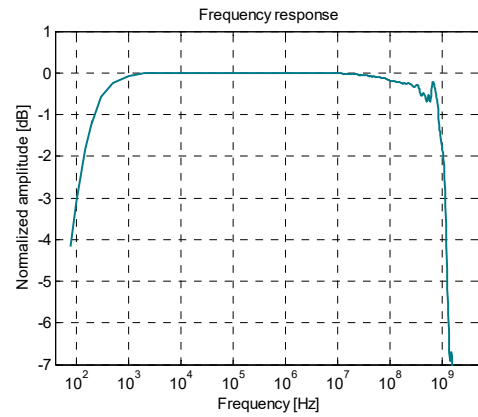
4 Frequency response

All values are typical.



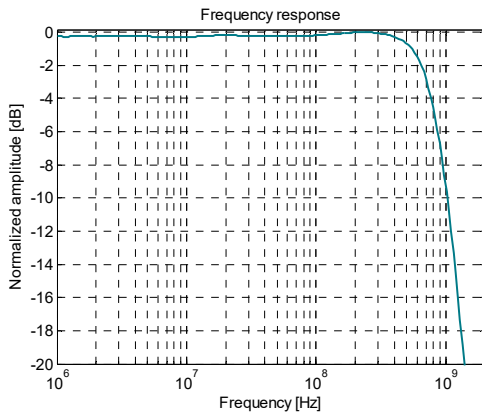
| | |
|-------------------|----------|
| Bandwidth (-3 dB) | 1200 MHz |
| 1 dB flatness | 900 MHz |

Figure 1: ADQ14AC-4C



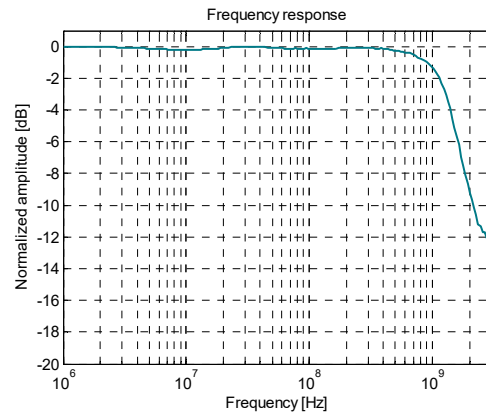
| | |
|-------------------|----------|
| Bandwidth (-3 dB) | 1000 MHz |
| 1 dB flatness | 800 MHz |

Figure 2: ADQ14AC-2X



| | |
|-------------------|---------|
| Bandwidth (-3 dB) | 700 MHz |
| 1 dB flatness | 500 MHz |

Figure 3: ADQ14DC-4C



| | |
|-------------------|----------|
| Bandwidth (-3 dB) | 1200 MHz |
| 1 dB flatness | 900 MHz |

Figure 4: ADQ14DC-2X

5 Spectral performance

All values are typical.

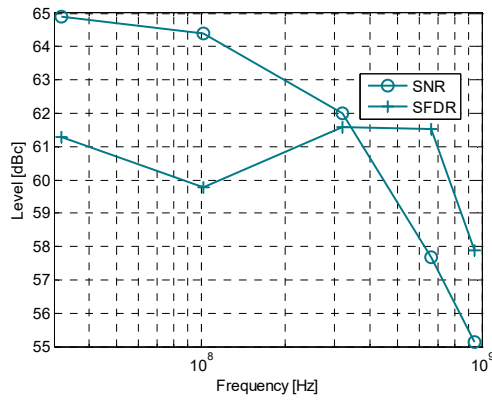


Figure 5: ADQ14AC-4C with overvoltage protection.

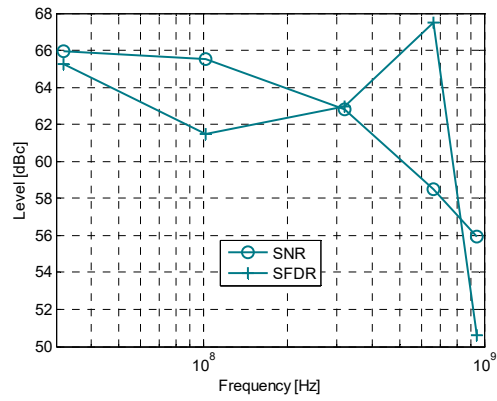


Figure 6: ADQ14AC-2X with overvoltage protection, interleaving spurs excluded.

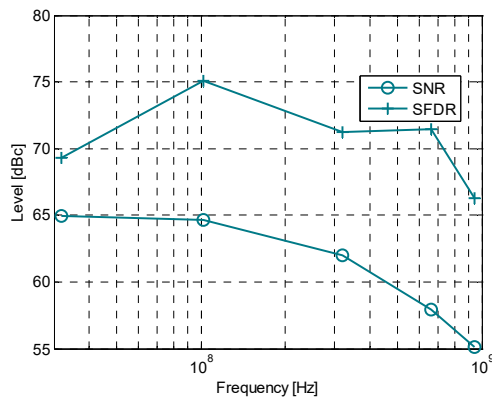


Figure 7: ADQ14AC-4C without overvoltage protection.

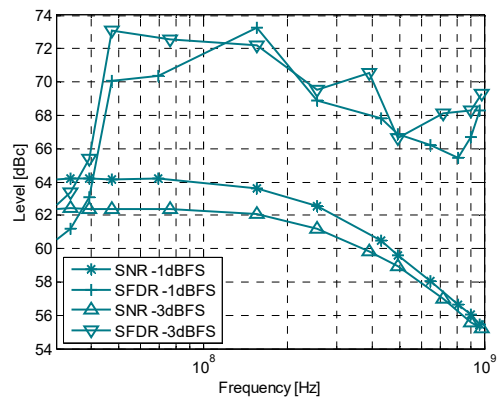


Figure 8: ADQ14AC-2X without overvoltage protection, interleaving spurs excluded.

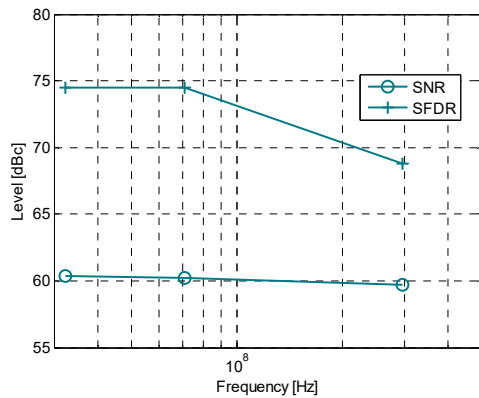


Figure 9: ADQ14DC-4C

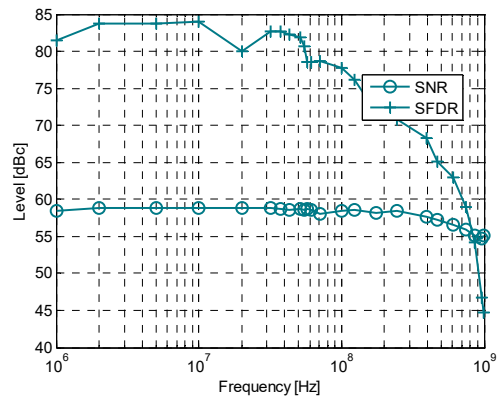


Figure 10: ADQ14DC-2X, interleaving spurs excluded.

6 Frequency domain

All values are typical.

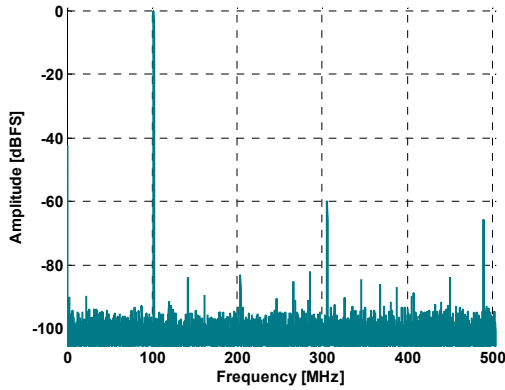


Figure 11: ADQ14AC-4C: 103 MHz with overvoltage protection

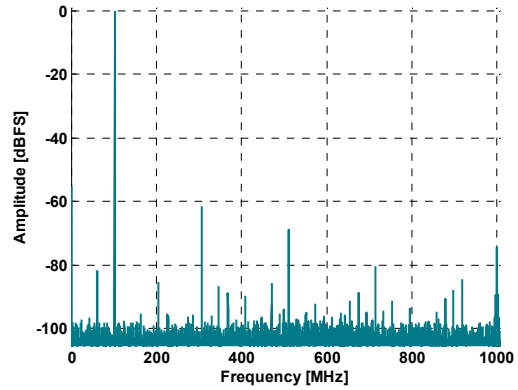


Figure 12: ADQ14AC-2X-FWSDR: 103 MHz with overvoltage protection

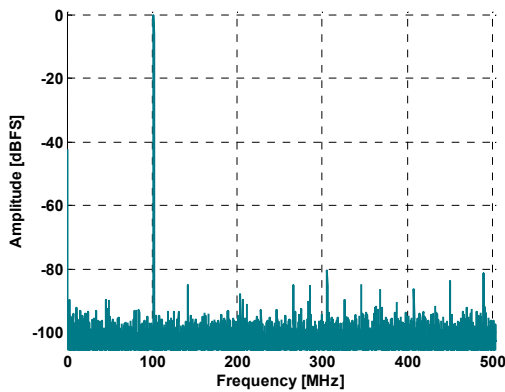


Figure 13: ADQ14AC-4C: 100 MHz without overvoltage protection

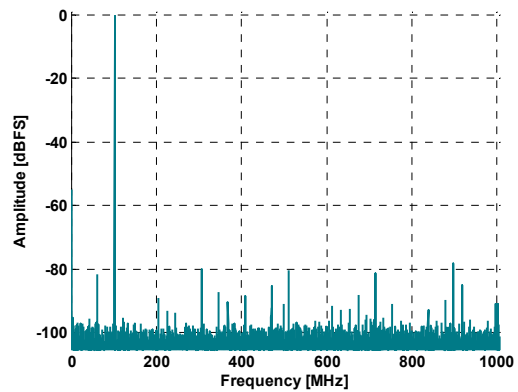


Figure 14: ADQ14AC-2X-FWSDR: 100 MHz without overvoltage protection

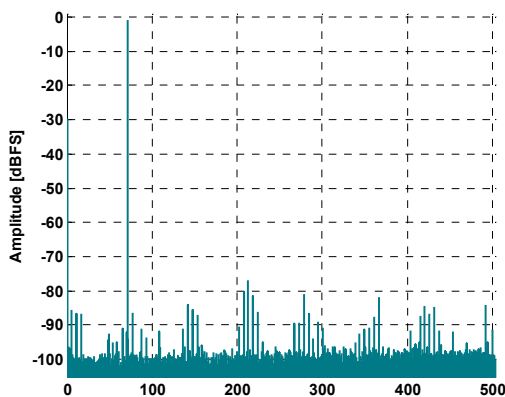


Figure 15: ADQ14DC-4C: 71 MHz

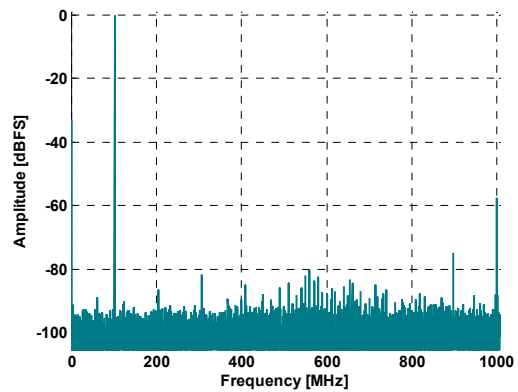


Figure 16: ADQ14DC-2X-FWSDR: 100 MHz

7 Integrating the ADQ14

Figure 17 illustrates how ADQ14 supports the key parts of the system integration.

7.1 Detecting the analog signal

The analog front-end combines high dynamic range with high bandwidth to support the most advanced detectors. The DC-coupled front-end has high sensitivity to simplify the interfacing. Variable gain (option –VG) and DC-offset adds flexibility. The AC-coupled front-end is optimized for linearity at high frequencies, which is required for some applications.

7.2 Timing and synchronization

The clock management and trigger support connects with the infrastructure of the system. The ADQ14 can act as master and generate timing for the entire system and thereby save additional timing cards. It can also receive trigger and clocks from other devices. Synchronization and GPIO signals allow advanced sequencing.

Synchronization might be needed between ADQ14 and other types of equipment. This is supported by the clock and trigger signals.

In a multi-channel system, synchronization between several ADQ14 is needed. The application note 15-1583 “ADQ14 synchronizing several units” shows how to synchronize several ADQ14 units in a large scale installation.

7.3 Real-time signal processing

The data acquisition engine in the FPGA supports several methods for acquiring data and transfer it to the host PC. Since the data rate from the ADC is high, some parts of the application is preferably integrated into the FPGA as to relax the load on

the CPU in the host computer. There is a set of application-specific firmware options available to enable efficient real-time signal processing. In addition, the FPGA is opened to the user through the ADQ14 Development Kit for integration of custom algorithms.

7.4 System integration

The interface to the host PC is one important parameter in the system integration. To enable an optimal solution, the ADQ14 offers a wide variety of form factors. Both the mechanical and electrical properties in various standards are important for the result. The mechanical properties enables an optimal placement of the ADQ14 inside the target system and also which type of PC to use. The different electrical properties of the interface determine data transfer rate and noise immunity.

7.5 Building the application

The open ADQAPI is a software package including drivers and software development kit for integrating the ADQ14 into an application. A number of examples and application notes simplifies the integration process and shortens the time-to-market.

Partitioning the application between a high level analysis software in the host PC and a low level real-time data analysis in the open FPGA enables high performance applications to run on a cost-efficient PC solution.

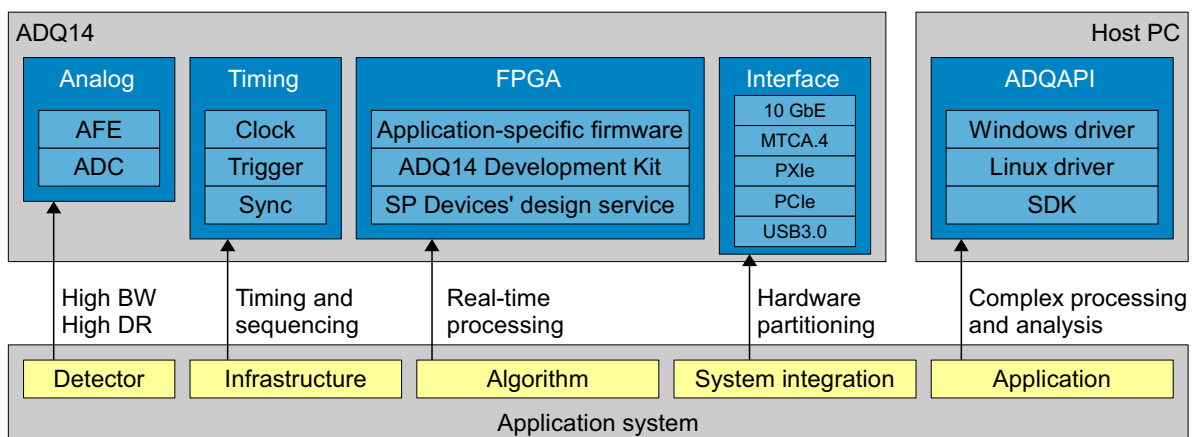


Figure 17: Integrating the ADQ14 into the system.

8 Software tools

8.1 Operating systems

The software package includes drivers for the most common versions of Windows and several Linux distributions.

8.2 Software Development Kit

The ADQ14 digitizer is easily integrated into the application by using the Software Development Kit (SDK). The SDK is included free of charge with the ADQ14. The SDK includes programming examples and reference projects for several platforms. All functions are described in detail in 14-1351 ADQAPI Reference Guide. Please note that full performance is guaranteed for the C/C++ interface only. The SDK enables rapid custom processing of large amounts of data and real-time control of the digitizer.

8.3 Digitizer Studio GUI for –FWDAQ

The ADQ14 is supplied with the Digitizer Studio software providing quick and easy control of the digitizer, see [Figure 18](#). The tool offers both time-domain and frequency-domain analysis. Data can be saved in different file formats for off-line analysis. With Digitizer Studio, the ADQ14 operates as a stand-alone measurement instrument.

Note that the GUI Digitizer Studio only represent a subset of the flexibility of the ADQ14. The full potential of the ADQ14 is reached using the SDK. For more information on Digitizer Studio see 20-2381 Datasheet and 20-2382 User Guide.

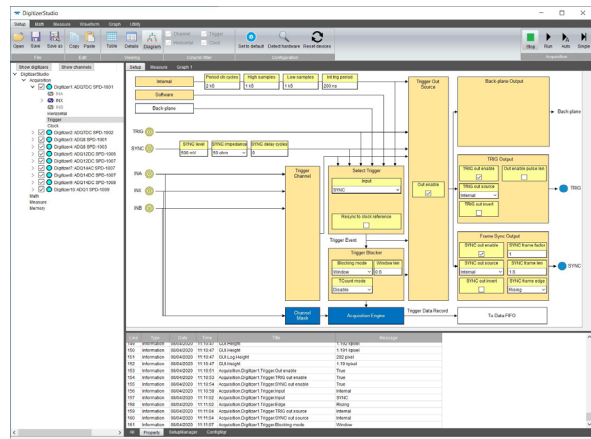


Figure 18: Digitizer Studio.

9 Block diagram

The ADQ14 can be configured in many ways. A detailed block diagram for one of the available configurations is shown in [Figure 19](#). The following sections describe the parts of the ADQ14 in detail. Also see the 15-1593 ADQ14 Manual for more details on how to operate the ADQ14.

This datasheet describes functions included in the standard data acquisition firmware package –FWDAQ. Functionality in optional application specific firmware packages is described in their respective datasheets.

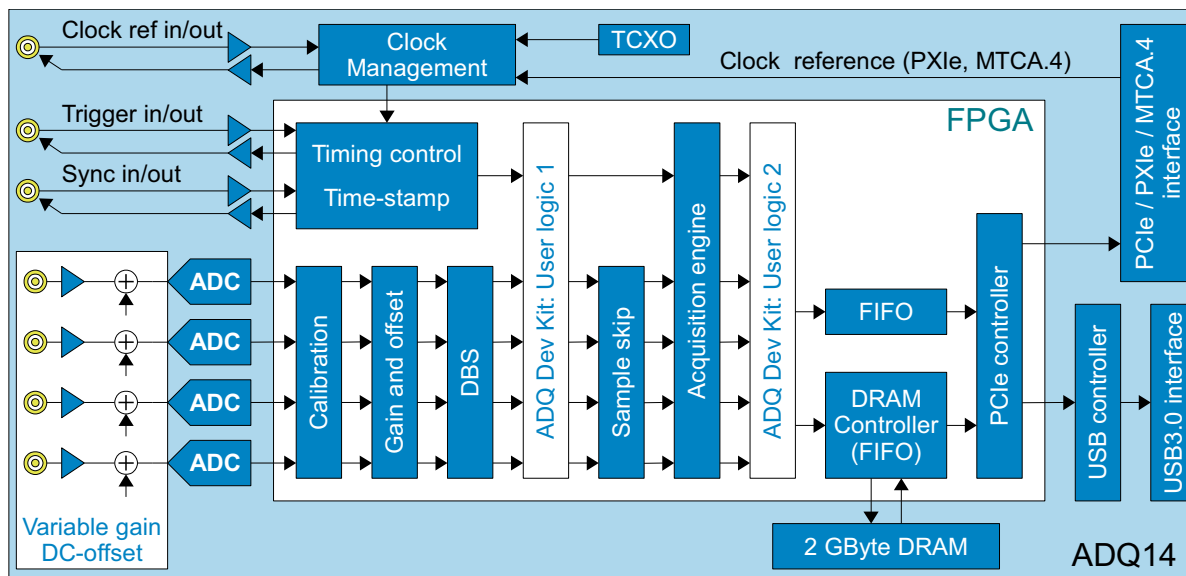
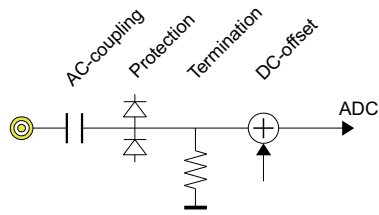


Figure 19: Block diagram for ADQ14DC-4C (quad-channel, DC-coupled).

10 Analog front-end options

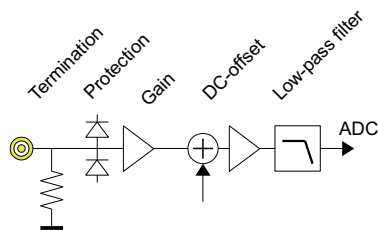


AC-coupling (ADQ14AC)

For RF measurements where linearity at high frequency is important.

The AC-coupled analog front-end contains AC termination and overvoltage protection. The overvoltage protection, can be turned off for higher linearity at high frequencies. This is done with a software command. There is also a software programmable DC-offset. This front-end option is preferred when the application's frequency content is above 300 MHz¹ and the linearity requirements are high. Compared to the DC coupled front end, it has better noise performance over the entire bandwidth.

Note that the AC-coupled AFE is not recommended for signals below 30 MHz¹ when linearity is critical.

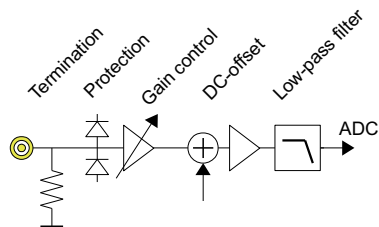


DC-coupling (ADQ14DC)

For pulse data measurements.

The DC-coupled analog front-end contains overvoltage protection and a software programmable DC-offset. Overvoltage protection is crucial in pulse data systems where high voltage detectors are driving the input. It reduces the damage at accidental discharges.

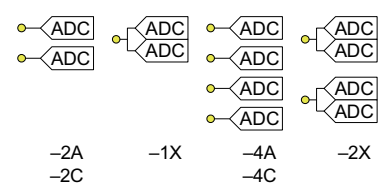
The DC-coupled AFE also has a noise-suppression anti-aliasing filter. When linearity below 300 MHz¹ is important, this is the recommended AFE.



Variable gain option (ADQ14DC-VG)

Enables full flexible usage of the ADQ14DC.

The ADQ14DC can be equipped with software-controlled variable gain. Note that the DC-offset is rail-to-rail regardless of the gain setting.



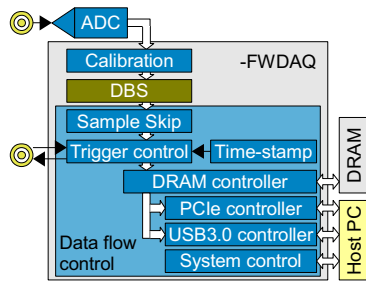
Sample rate and number of channels (-2A, -2C, -1X, -4A, -4C, -2X)

The sample rate and channels combinations are there to meet various measurement situations.

ADQ14 is available with 1, 2 or 4 channels depending on the selected sample rate. The non-interleaved versions sample with 500 MSPS (-2A and -4A) or 1000 MSPS (-2C and -4C). The interleaved versions (-1X and -2X) have a sampling rate of 2000 MSPS. Interleaving performance is enhanced by Teledyne SP Devices' proprietary technologies for interleaving, DBS and ADX².

1. Approximate limit.
2. ADX is available in firmware options -FWSDR.

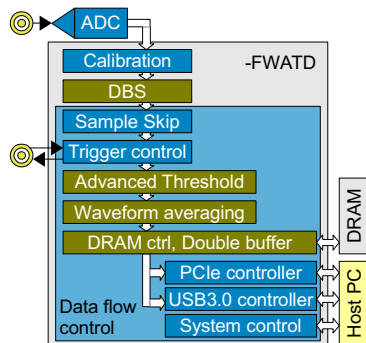
11 Firmware options



Data acquisition firmware (-FWDAQ)

For general purpose high speed data recording.

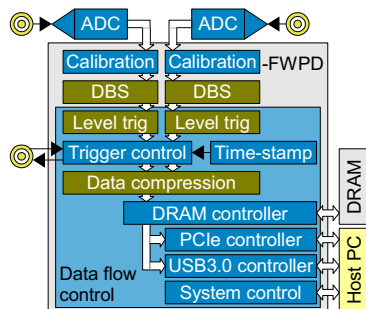
The data acquisition firmware –FWDAQ is the default firmware for ADQ14 and is always included. Supported data acquisition modes are continuous multi-record, and streaming, [Section 12](#). The supported trigger modes are external, internal, software and level trigger, as well as internal and external clock reference, [Section 14](#) and [15](#)).



Advanced time-domain (-FWATD)

For time-domain analysis of synchronized repetitive events.

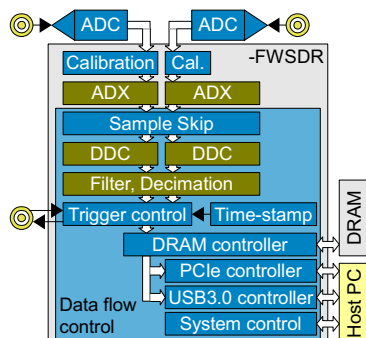
The option –FWATD includes an advanced threshold algorithm for non-linear discrimination of noise. There is also a waveform averaging (WFA) for real-time accumulation of repetitive events, that contributes to improved SNR. The WFA can take waveforms up to 1 MSamples in length. The WFA may also be split into several accumulations of a total length up to 1 MSamples to simplify read-out scheduling. A stable baseline is achieved by the DSB, [Section 19](#).



Pulse data (-FWPD)

For capturing random events.

With –FWPD, each channel can be individually event-triggered to capture random events. The trigger levels are user-defined levels or filtered data for adaptive thresholding. To support random event lengths, the record lengths are dynamic. Data compression through zero suppression saves disk space. Thanks to the DRAM bursts of events can be buffered before transferring data to the host PC, [Section 12](#). A stable baseline is achieved by the DSB, [Section 19](#).



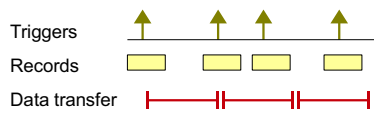
Software defined radio (-FWSDR)

Software defined radio functionality.

The option –FWSDR includes digital down conversion and decimation, [Section 19](#). After decimation the data rate is well adapted to streaming to the host PC.

Teledyne SP Devices' proprietary interleaving correction method ADX is included in the time-interleaved models.

12 Data recording



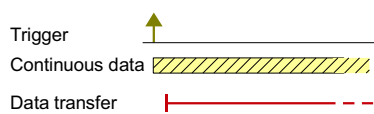
Streaming

Use streaming for maximum throughput.

At each trigger, a record (a set of continuous data) is captured. The record is buffered in the DRAM, which act as a FIFO, and transferred to the host PC. This large 2 GBytes FIFO enables bursts of triggers at very high rate. The large FIFO also guarantee reliable high speed transfer to the PC.

Each record has a header with time-stamp and identifiers for post-processing analysis of the data.

Streaming is described in 20-2465.

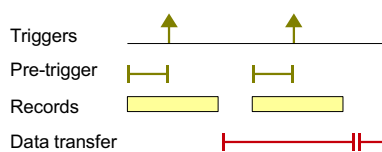


Streaming with infinite record length

Continuous recording of very long events.

The recording is starting at a trigger event and continue until it is terminated by the user. The streaming of infinite record produce a large amount of data and is often combined with a data reduction method in the FPGA. This is, for example, channel masking, DDC and decimation (option –FWSDR), sample skip, or custom implementations using the ADQ14 Development Kit.

Streaming is described in 20-2465.

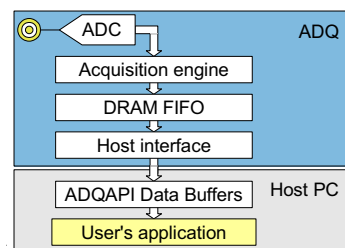


Multi-record

Enables an exceptionally long pre-trigger.

This mode is allows for very long pre-triggers; up to the entire record length. This long pre-trigger can be used for tracking the cause of an event. The parameters for multi-record data acquisition is found in [Table 11](#).

For pre-trigger length below 16 kiSamples, us the streaming parameters. For pre-trigger length above 16kiSamples use the multi-record parameters.

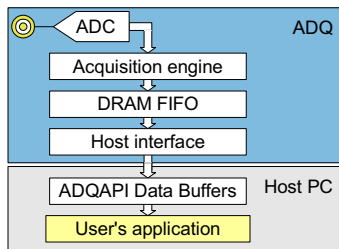


Data FIFO

Guarantees reliable data transfer.

The digitizer has 2 GBytes on-board DRAM, organized as a large FIFO. The FIFO guarantees stable operation over long time at high data rate. The FIFO also enable high trigger burst rate.

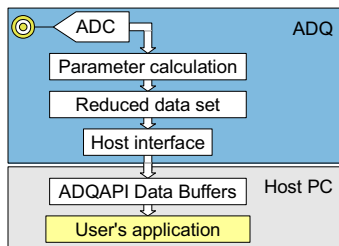
13 Data Transfer



Data transfer –FWDAQ

For maximum throughput.

ADQ14 support for several electrical/mechanical interfaces to meet specific systems design requirements. The software methods for data transfer are unified to work the same for all formats. The API supports efficient multi-threaded handling of data buffers. There is example code for fast integration into the application. The PCIe interface of the standard firmware –FWDAQ is Gen2x8 and supports up to 3.2 GBytes/s, [Table 9](#).



Real-time processing with –FWATD and –FWPD

Real-time processing for optimized data set.

The powerful real-time processing of the pulse detection firmware –FWPD and the averaging firmware –FWATD calculate descriptive parameters from the raw data stream. By transferring only these parameters and not all raw data, the amount of data to be transferred to the host PC is greatly reduced. The concept of calculating key parameters in the FPGA of the ADQ14 is extended further by the open FPGA concept; ADQ14 Development Kit. Since the data rate is reduced, this concept also match USB3.0.

14 Trigger module



Software trigger

User-controlled triggering.

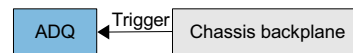
The software trigger is activated from the user's application software. It is used for building oscilloscope applications and for watchdog functions.



External trigger

Synchronizing the acquisition with an experiment.

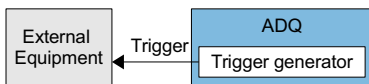
The external trigger is a signal from another unit that activates the acquisition. The external trigger is available on the front panel or in the backplane on PXIe format.



Internal trigger

Internally generated signal for triggering other devices.

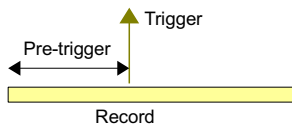
With the internal trigger, the ADQ14 can be the timing master of a large system saving additional timing cards. The internal trigger generate a periodic trigger signal to other hardware units.



Level trigger

Data driven triggering.

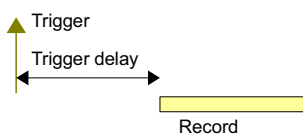
Activity on a data channel will trigger the acquisition. All channels are triggered simultaneously. More advanced level trigger functionality is included in the pulse detection firmware option –FWPD.



Pre-trigger

Capturing data before the trigger.

The pre-trigger buffer allows for capturing data long before the trigger event occurred. This is useful for analyzing the cause of an event.

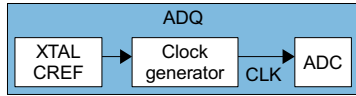


Trigger delay

Capturing data long after the trigger event.

With this function the time span for a measurement can be exceedingly large. By capturing only the event of interest, the amount of data is reduced.

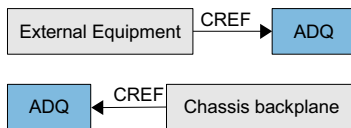
15 Clock module



Internal clock

High precision clock for stand-alone operation.

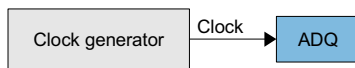
The internal clock is based on an internal high precision reference source. The internal clock enables stand-alone operation.



External clock reference

Synchronize the acquisition to an experiment.

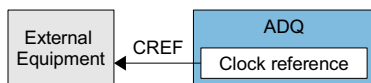
The digitizer can be synchronized with an experiment using the external clock reference. The internal clock generator gets its reference from an external source. There is a connector for this on the front panel. The PXIe and MTCA.4 form factors can also take the clock reference from the backplane.



External clock

Synchronize the acquisition to an experiment.

If an external clock is available, the ADQ14 can be clocked directly by that source.



Clock reference output

Synchronize the acquisition to an experiment.

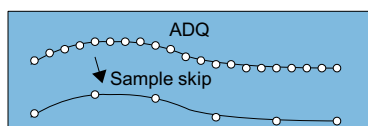
The digitizer can also be synchronized with an experiment using the clock reference output. ADQ14 then acts as clock reference source for the entire system. The clock reference output can e.g. clock another ADQ14. This function together with the trigger generator can replace external timing cards.



Jitter cleaner

For optimized performance with an external clock reference.

Using an external clock reference, the performance can be enhanced by a jitter cleaner. With an external clock reference of 10 MHz, the internal jitter cleaner will optimize the performance.



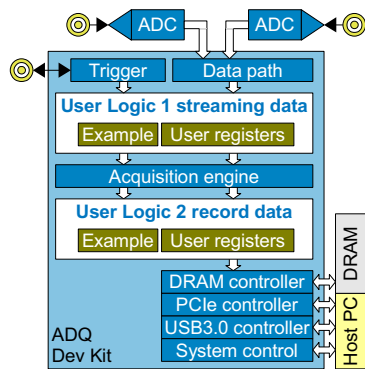
Sample skip¹

Adapt the sample rate to the situation and optimize the amount of data.

The sample skip function can adapt the sample rate to the current situation and thus reduce the amount of data. The ADQ14 can thereby easily adapt to changing conditions.

1. Sample skip can neither be combined with level trigger nor with firmware option –FWPD.

16 Feature enhancement options



Real-time custom signal processing firmware through the ADQ14 Development Kit

The ADQ14 is equipped with an powerful Xilinx Kintex 7 K325T FPGA which is partly available for customized real-time applications. Teledyne SP Devices' ADQ14 Development Kit is an optional FPGA design project that enables custom real-time signal processing of streaming data. More details about this product can be found in the datasheet for the ADQ Development Kit.

There are ADQ14 Development Kits available for the firmware options –FWDAQ, –FWPD, and –FWSDR. Note that the ADQ14 Development Kit is individual for each firmware option and purchased separately.

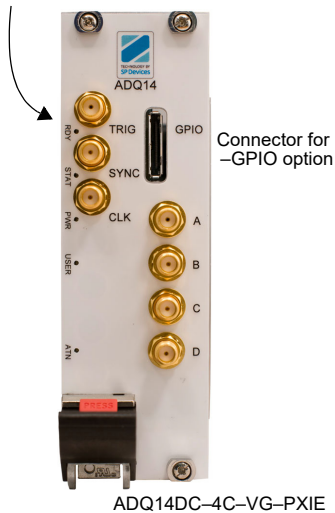
GPIO for connecting to external equipment

The General Purpose Digital Input Output (GPIO) is intended for communication with external equipment. It is accessed from the software through register read and write commands. Thereby, it can be used for creating a link between the external equipment and the user's software application.

Real-time interaction with the data flow is also possible through the ADQ14 Development Kit. Here, the GPIO signals are available in the User Logic area and can be used for interacting with the data in real-time.

The standard version of ADQ14 has GPIO as a software selectable function on the trigger and sync connectors. The options –GPIO and –VG offers 12 digital bi-directional signals in addition to the standard GPIO (TRIG and SYNC). The direction and value of each pin is set individually. On the form factor option –MTCA, the dedicated GPIO port is always included.

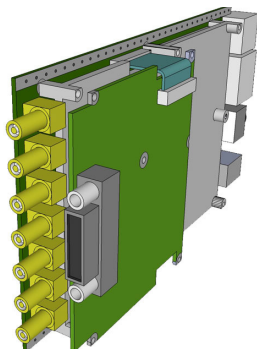
TRIG and SYNC can be used as GPIO



Expansion board design kit

If the –GPIO option is not enough for the current application, an expansion board with design kit is available to create custom hardware solutions tightly connected to the FPGA on ADQ14. For details, see datasheet “15-1413 ADQ14 expansion board design kit”.

Teledyne SP Devices' design service is also available for supporting custom designs. Please contact a Teledyne SP Devices' sales representative for more information.





Swept-Source OCT front panel (–OCT)

The ADQ14–SSPCIE can be equipped with at front panel adaptation for Swept-source OCT. The translation is in the table below.

Note that the external clock reference input is not available.

Note that the SYNC output is not available.

| Standard | –OCT function | –OCT label |
|-----------|----------------|------------|
| TRIG | A-SCAN | A-TR |
| SYNC | B-SCAN | B-TR |
| CHANNEL A | OCT data input | OCT |
| CHANNEL B | K-clock input | KCLK |

17 Data interface options



ADQ14-4C-USB

Stand-alone operation with USB3.0 interface (–USB)

The SuperSpeed USB3.0 interface is intended for stand-alone operation and allows the ADQ14 to be physically integrated with the detector rather than the host PC. This means that the cable between the detector and the digitizer is kept as short as possible for optimized signal quality. The USB box includes flanges for fastening of the box and screw attachment of the USB cable.

With the USB3.0 interface, the digitizer is easily connected to any computer. The sustained data rate can be above 200 MBytes/s and combined with on-board signal processing, an efficient solution is obtained.



ADQ14DC-2X-VG-10GBE

Stand alone operation with 10 GbE (–10GBE)

The 10 GbE interface offers the same advantages as the USB3.0 interface. In addition to that the data rate is higher (1 GBytes/s), the distance to the host is longer and there is an electrical isolation from the PC. The protocol is UDP. The data transfer require a point-to-point connection. Please, note that the SFP+ optical module is not included.



ADQ14DC-4C-VG-PXIE

Modular instrumentation with cPCIe / PXIe (–PXIE)

The cPCIe / PXIe form factor is intended for integration into a chassis for modular instrumentation or large scale acquisition. The ADQ14 can operate in Compact PCI Express or PXI Express chassis. Using the multi-unit sync function, multi-channels systems can be achieved.

Use streaming at up to 3.2 GBytes/s for sending data to the CPU for processing or storing at a disk.

An additional feature that comes with the PXIe form factor is that the clock reference from the backplane in the chassis can be used as clock reference for the digitizer.



ADQ14DC-2X-PCIE ADQ14DC-2X-SSPCIE

Systems integration with PCIe (–PCIE, –SSPCIE)

The PCIe form factor is for integration into the host PC. The board is available as half length double slot (–PCIE) or 237 mm length single slot (–SSPCIE) to suit different PC cabinets.

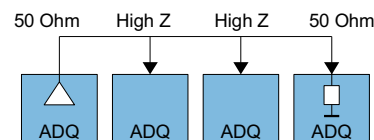
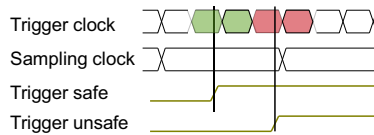
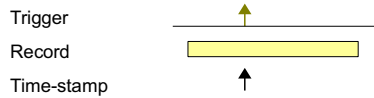
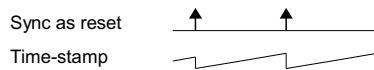
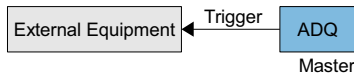
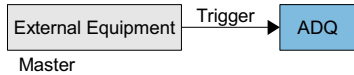
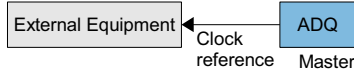
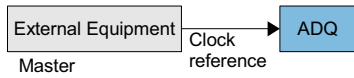


ADQ14DC-4C-MTCA

Large scale integration with Micro-TCA.4 (–MTCA)

The Micro-TCA.4 form factor is intended for integration into a chassis for modular instrumentation or large scale data acquisition. Note that the Micro-TCA.4 card is equipped with the –GPIO option as standard and that the gain setting option –VG is not available.

18 Synchronization support¹



Clock reference input and output

Sharing clock reference guarantees a common time base.

When outputting the internal clock reference, the ADQ14 can act as master. On the other hand, when the external equipment supplies the clock reference, the clock reference input can be used to achieve a common time base.

Trigger input and output

The trigger starts the operation simultaneously.

The trigger marks the start of an operation. The ADQ14 can generate a trigger to start external equipment. It can also take a trigger as input to start the acquisition.

Synchronization input and output

Extra trigger to mark beginning of a sequence.

The sync pin is used for resetting the time-stamp to mark the beginning of a sequence. The sync can also be used for broadcasting an arm command to several ADQ14 units.

Time-stamp

A real-time value for each trigger.

The time-stamp is a real-time value for each trigger event. It can be used for comparing timing between events from the same board or from multiple boards.

Sub-sample precision time-stamp

Automatic checking of trigger set-up and hold.

The subsample precision of the time-stamp allows for automatic analysis of trigger signal timing.

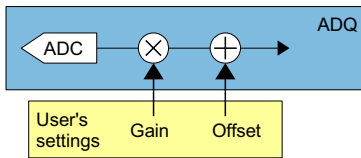
Bussed connection

Save cabling by bussed connections.

The sync, trig and clock reference can be set in high impedance mode to enable bussed connections. Note that the cable length has to be minimized to handle reflections.

1. See application note 15-1583 for more details.

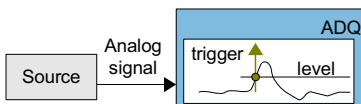
19 Built-in signal processing



Gain and offset calibration

Digital signal tuning in the FPGA.

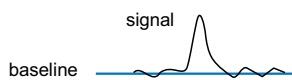
The gain and offset calibration can be used for optimizing the signal properties gain and offset in the FPGA to off-load the host computer.



Level trigger

Data driven acquisition.

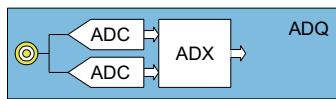
The standard firmware –FWDAQ contains a level trigger for data driven triggering and acquisition. For applications requiring advanced pulse detection and data analysis, the firmware option –FWPDis recommended.



Digital baseline stabilizer (DBS)

Enabling accurate pulse detection.

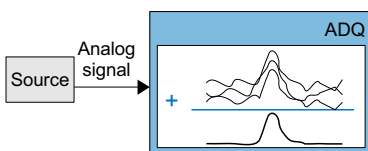
Teledyne SP Devices' proprietary technology for digital baseline stabilization (DBS), tracks baseline variations to suppress, for example, temperature drift in the detector or power supply fluctuations. The precision is as high as 22 bits, which efficiently suppresses e.g. pattern noise in time interleaved solutions. DBS is available in options –FWDAQ, –FWPD, and –FWATD.



ADX interleaving technology

Improving wide-band spectral purity.

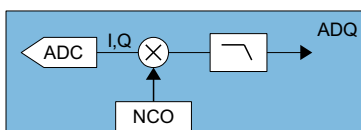
Teledyne SP Devices' proprietary interleaving technology ADX is available in the firmware option –FWSDR. ADX dynamically suppresses interleaving artifacts to produce a clean spectrum.



Waveform averaging

Data reduction in scheduled repeated measurements.

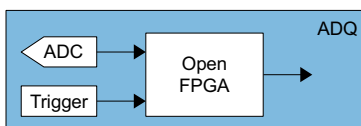
The firmware option –FWATD offers averaging of waveforms for repeated measurements.



DDC for SDR

Quadrature Mixer and decimation.

The firmware option –FWSDR is a software defined radio firmware that reduces the data rate by exclusively focusing on the actual signal band of interest. The DDC consist of a quadrature mixer, a low-pass decimation filter and sample skip.



Custom real-time processing

Efficient algorithm implementation and short time-to-market.

The ADQ14 Development Kit opens the FPGA for custom implementation of real-time algorithms. Use Teledyne SP Devices' Design Service¹ for short time-to-market.

1. Contact a Teledyne SP Devices' sales representative for more information.

20 Appendix

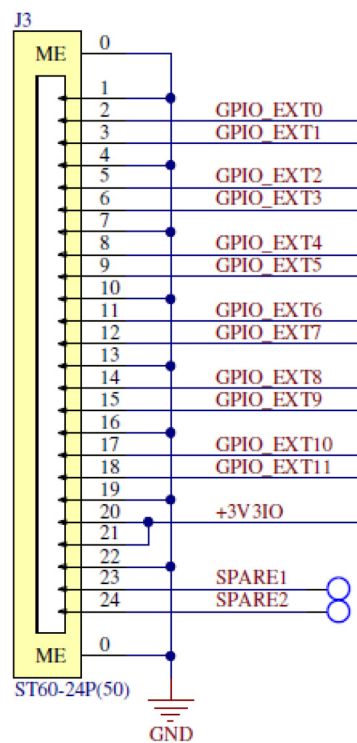
20.1 Cable attachment

All cables have a lock function so that no cable should fall out unintentionally.

| FUNCTION | CONNECTOR | -USB | -PCIE | -PXIE | -MTCA | -10GBE | LOCK FUNCTION |
|-----------------|-----------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------|----------------|---|
| Analog | SMA | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | Screw |
| Trigger | SMA | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | Screw |
| Clock ref | SMA | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | Screw |
| Sync IN/ OUT | SMA | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | Screw |
| Sync IN | MCX | | ✓ | | | | Snap lock placed inside PC chassis |
| Sync OUT | MCX | | ✓ | | | | Snap lock placed inside PC chassis |
| Power | DIN | ✓ | | | | ✓ | Snap lock |
| Power | Backplane | | | ✓ | ✓ | | Screw attached board in chassis |
| Power | PCIe Aux | | ✓ | | | | Snap lock |
| GPIO | Hirose | ✓ ¹ | ✓ ¹ | ✓ ¹ | ✓ | ✓ ¹ | Snap lock |
| Data/control | USB3.0 | ✓ | | | | | Screw attachment vision USB standard ² |
| Data/control | Backplane | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | Screw attach board in chassis |
| Data/control | Ethernet | | | | | ✓ | Snap lock of SFP+ module |

1. Requires option -VG or -GPIO.
2. Optional cable solution. Not included in standard shipment.

20.2 GPIO connector for option -VG, option -GPIO, and form factor -MTCA



The 12 pin GPIO connector is available on the -VG option and on the -GPIO option. It is also available as standard on the -MTCA form factor.

There are 12 individually controlled single ended bi-directional signals available. There is also a 3.3 V power output for driving a limited load. See [Table 8](#) for specification.

A suitable cable is available as an accessory (order number 108-004-003)

20.3 LED definitions

| COLOR | NAME | FUNCTION | STATE |
|--------|-----------|------------------------|---|
| Green | Power | Power on | On: Power on and FPGA is operating |
| Yellow | Ready | Waiting for trigger | Set up to accept trigger and waiting for the trigger |
| Red | Status | Overheat | Flashing means overheating or fan fault. |
| Blue | User | Custom | On during initialization of the board. Available for custom implementation in ADQ14 Development Kit |
| Red | Attention | Attention LED for PXIe | Attention LED for PXIe only |

20.4 Host interface option –USB

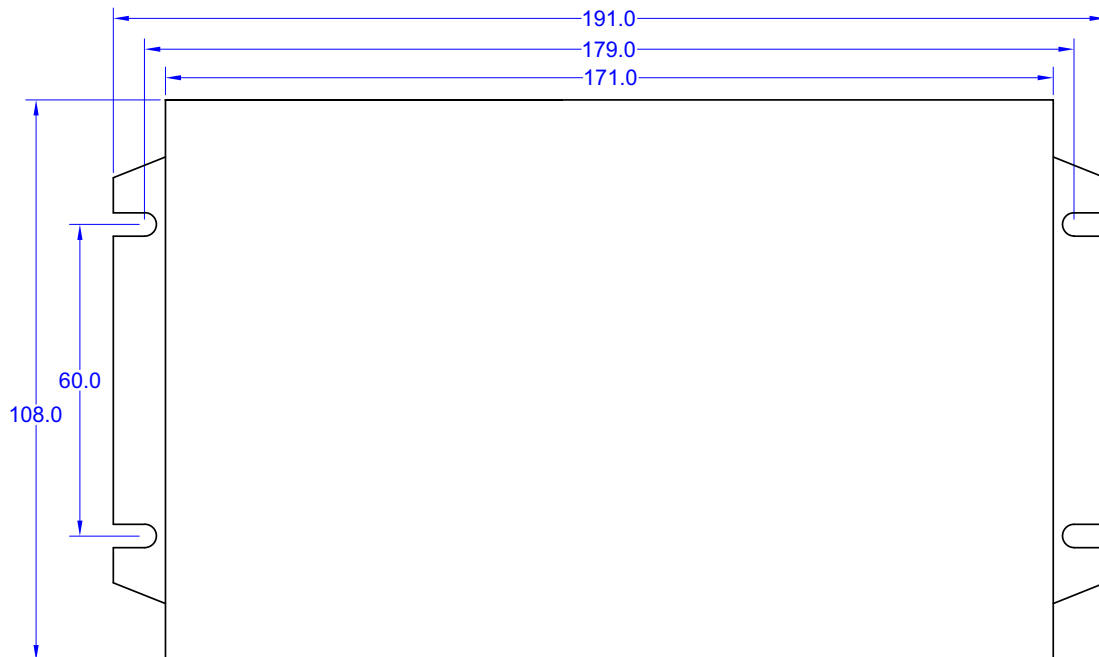


Figure 20: Fastening of USB box.

Figure 20 is a drawing of the flanges for fastening of the USB box.

The USB version is shipped with an external desktop power supply. The version of power supply is depending on the end-user's location.

20.5 Host interface –10GBE

The ADQ14–10GBE is equipped with an SFP+ cage that takes an SFP+ module. The interface is tested with these modules:

- Avago AFBR-709SMZ
- Intel SFP+ E10GSFPSR

Correct operation can only be guaranteed with these modules. The modules are not included.

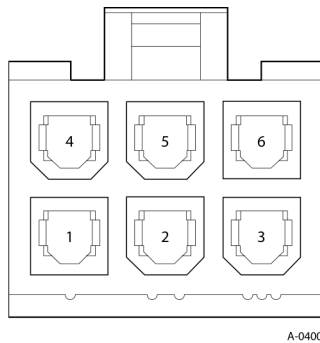
For box drawing see **Figure 20** and add 40,7 mm to the length (over all length is thus 231,7 mm).

20.6 Host interface –PXIE

No additional information available.

20.7 Host interface –PCIE

The ADQ14–PCIE is powered from the power supply of the PC via a PCI Express 6-pin (2x3) auxiliary 75W power supply connector, **Figure 22**. The connection in the cable should be as in **Figure 21**. It is important that the axillary power supply is turned on immediately when the PC start. Otherwise, the digitizer will not be recognized on the PCI Express bus.



(a) Cable connection

| Pin | Signal |
|-----|--------|
| 1 | +12 V |
| 2 | +12 V |
| 3 | +12 V |
| 4 | Ground |
| 5 | Sense |
| 6 | Ground |

(b) Pin-out table

Figure 21: Power supply of –PCIE



Figure 22: ADQ14 installed in a PC.

20.8 Micro-TCA backplane connectors

| PORT | FUNCTION | SIGNALING | ADQ14–MTCA AVAILABILITY |
|----------------|------------|-------------------|---|
| 0, 1 | 1 GbE | N/A | N/A |
| 2, 3 | SAS/SATA | N/A | N/A |
| 4, 5, 6, 7 | PCIe | PCIe Gen2 x4 | Main data and control interface. |
| 8, 9, 10, 11 | SRIO | N/A | N/A |
| 12, 13, 14, 15 | P-t-P | High speed serial | Available through ADQ14 Development Kit only ¹ . |
| 16 | TCLKC/D | N/A | N/A |
| 17, 18, 19, 20 | Tr/cik/int | LVDS | Available through ADQ14 Development Kit only ¹ . |
| Cik 1 | TCLKA | LVPECL | Clock reference selected from API. |
| Cik 2 | TCLKB | LVPECL | Clock reference selected from API. |
| Cik 3 | FCLKA | PCIe clock | PCIe interface reference clock. |

1. There is no function defined in the standard firmware. The electrical signals are available for inclusion in custom firmware in the FPGA. The custom firmware is designed using the ADQ14 Development Kit.

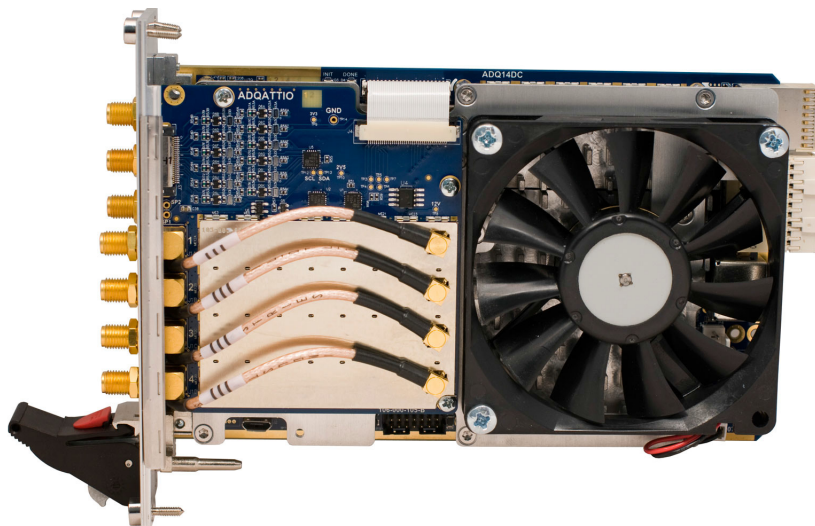
Ordering information

| ORDERING INFORMATION | |
|---|--|
| ADQ14 AC-coupled | ADQ14AC |
| ADQ14 DC-coupled | ADQ14DC |
| AVAILABLE OPTIONS | |
| Host PC interface | –USB, –PCIE, –SSPCIE, –PXIE, –MTCA, –10GBE |
| Analog front-end options | –2A, –2C, –1X, –4A, –4C, –2X, –VG |
| Firmware options | –FWDAQ, –FWATD, –FWPD, –FWSDR |
| GPIO option | –GPIO |
| Front panel option | –OCT |
| USB Power supply for US | –PWRUS |
| USB Power supply for EU | –PWREU |
| Warranty extension to 5 years ¹ | –W5Y |
| RELATED PRODUCTS | |
| ADQ14 Development Kit for –FWDAQ | ADQ14 Development Kit –FWDAQ |
| ADQ14 Development Kit for –FWPD | ADQ14 Development Kit –FWPD |
| ADQ14 Development Kit for –FWSDR | ADQ14 Development Kit –FWSDR |
| ADQ14 expansion board kit | ADQ14 –EXPANSION |
| ADQ14–GPIO cable assembly, 1m, 2 connectors | 108-004-003 |
| USB3.0 cable with screw lock | 108-002-006 |

1. Warranty extension must be ordered before included 3 years warranty is expired.

References

| | |
|---|--|
| 15-1593 ADQ14 manual | 15-1583 ADQ14 synchronizing several units application note |
| 14-1397 ADQ14-FWATD datasheet | 14-1351 ADQAPI reference guide |
| 15-1455 ADQ14-FWPD datasheet | 20-2381 Digitzer Studio Datasheet |
| 15-1469 ADQ14-FWSDR datasheet | 20-2382 Digitzer Studio User Guide |
| 15-1413 ADQ14 Expansion module design kit | 20-2465 Streaming |



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