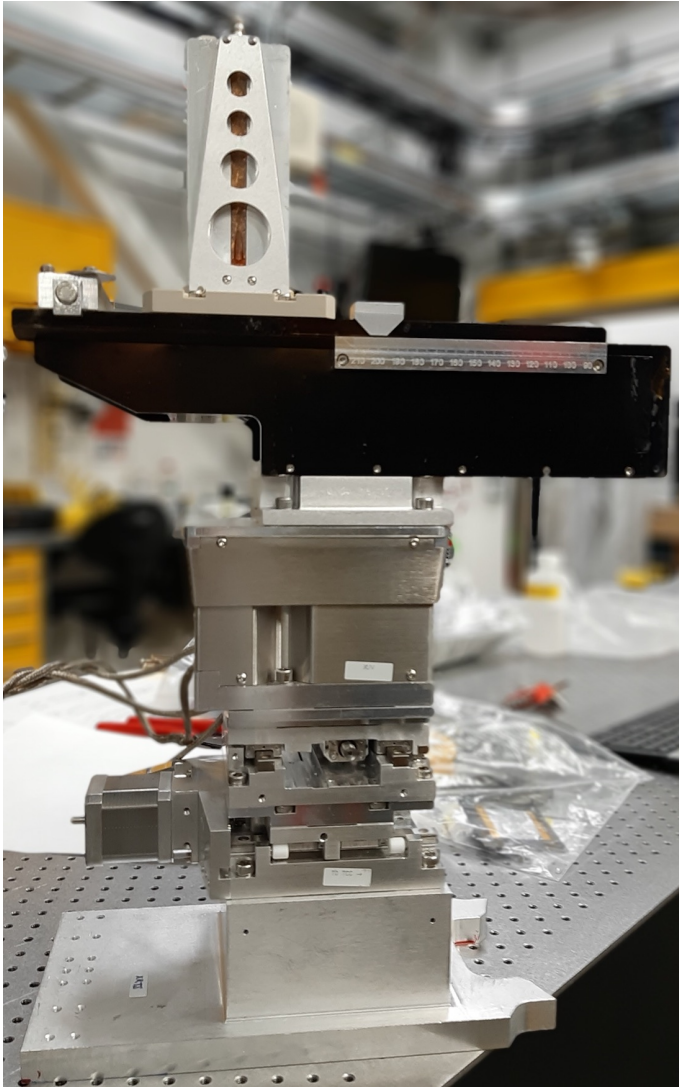


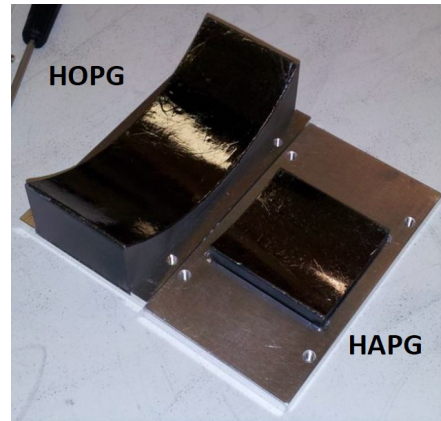
Existing MEC HOPG/HAPG spectrometer for 4-8 keV regime



Cylindrically curved graphite crystal spectrometer in von Hamos geometry

Any crystal with ROC ~ 50 mm is compatible with this housing

Spectral window ~ 600 eV



HOPG (Highly oriented pyrolytic graphite)

R= -50mm

size: 30 mm x 70 mm

Mosaic spread: $\sim 0.4^\circ$

Thickness: 150 μm & 300 μm

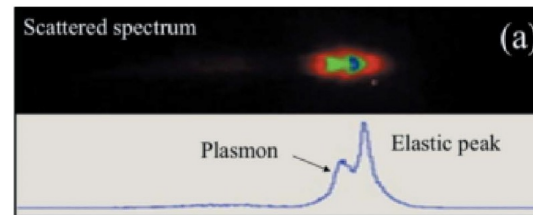
HAPG (Highly annealed pyrolytic graphite)

R= -51.7mm

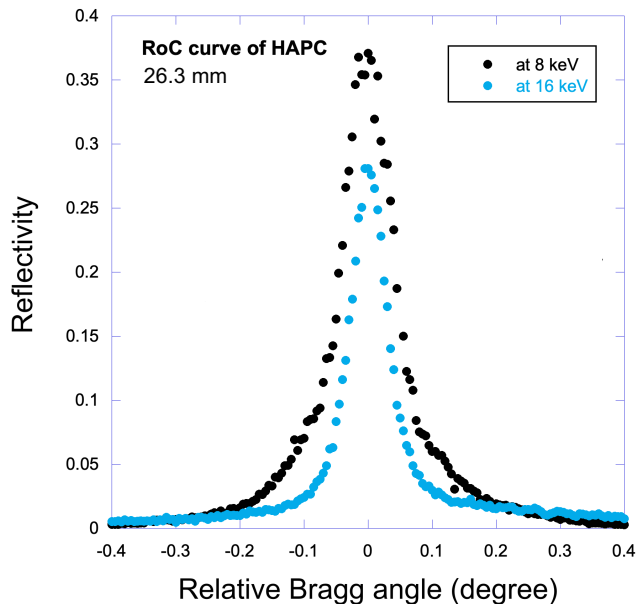
size: 32 mm x 30 mm

Mosaic spread: $\sim 0.14^\circ$

Thickness: 40 μm & 100 μm

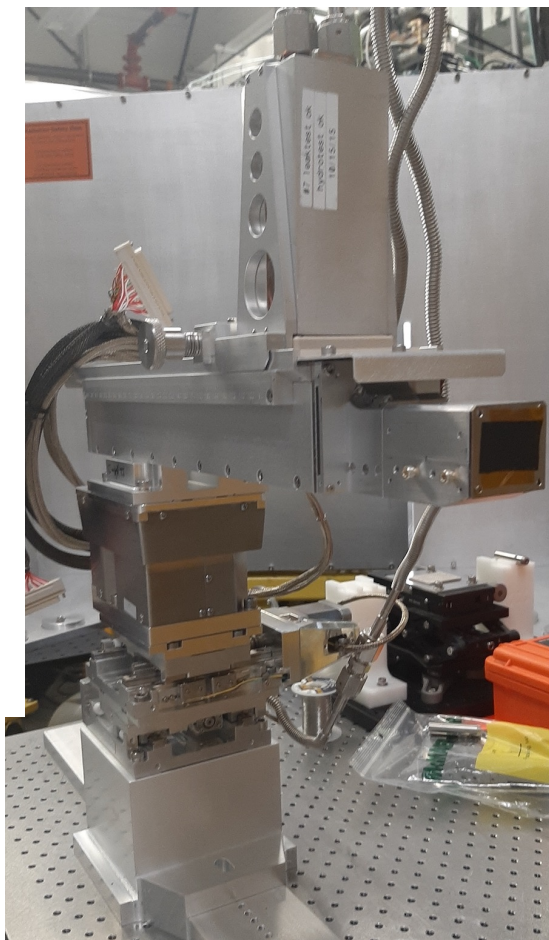


New compact HAPG spectrometer for 7.6-25 keV regime



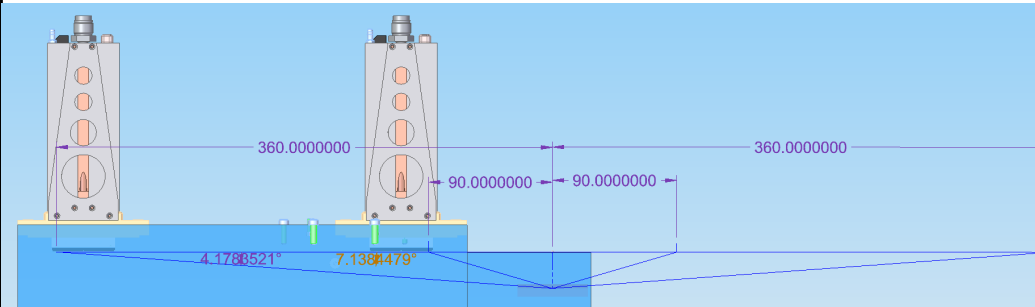
HAPG crystal
40um thickness
50.8 (L) x 25.4 (W)

FWHM at 8 keV: $\sim 0.075^\circ$
FWHM at 16 keV: $\sim 0.058^\circ$



Compact HAPG spectrometer

- spectral coverage from 7.5 to 25 keV
- spectral window by detector: ~ 1.15 keV
- compatible with long pulse laser beam delivery
- compact design
- smaller radius of curvature for HAPG crystal to allow for extended spectral coverage



X-ray photon energy (keV)	projected distance, d crystal to detector (mm)	θ_B ($^\circ$)	crystal order	ROC (mm)
8	110.7	13.4	1	26.3
16	226.1	6.6	1	26.3
16	110.7	13.4	2	26.3
24	340.4	4.4	1	26.3
24	168.7	8.9	2	26.3
25	354.7	4.2	1	26.3



Commissioning of a compact HAPG Spectrometer



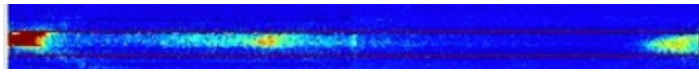
Ni $K\alpha$ at 7.48 keV, $K\beta$ at 8.26 keV, Compton feature, and elastic peak at 8.35 keV



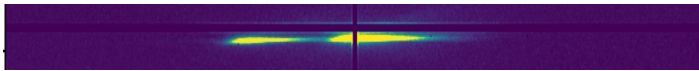
Co $K\beta$ at 7.65 keV, Compton feature, and elastic peak at 8.35 keV



Bi L line at 12.9 keV, Compton, and elastic peak at 14 keV



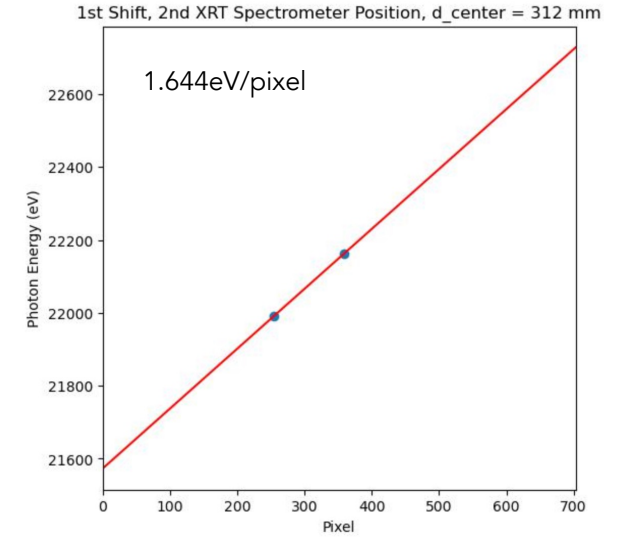
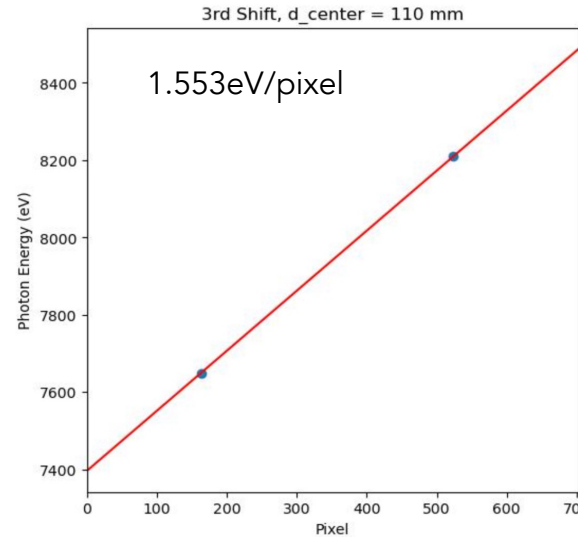
Ag $K\alpha_1$ and $K\alpha_2$ lines at ~ 22.16 keV, and 21.99 keV



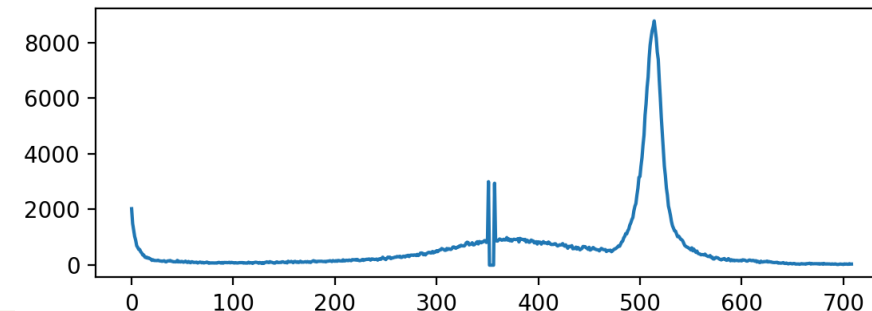
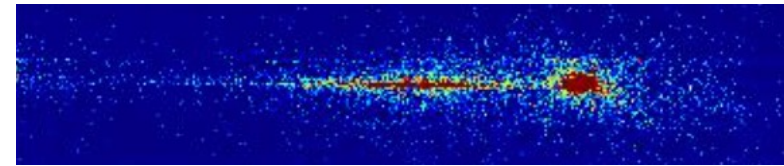
Ag $K\beta$ at 24.9 keV, $d_{\text{center}} = 340$ mm



Cu Compton feature from 25.6 keV X-ray, $d_{\text{center}} = 340$ mm

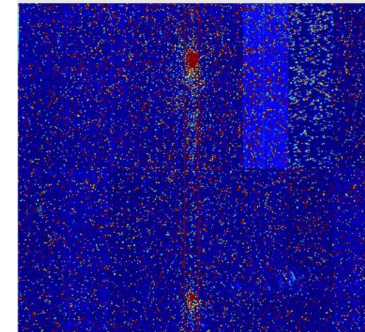


Cold Ni Compton feature (R123) at 8.21 keV



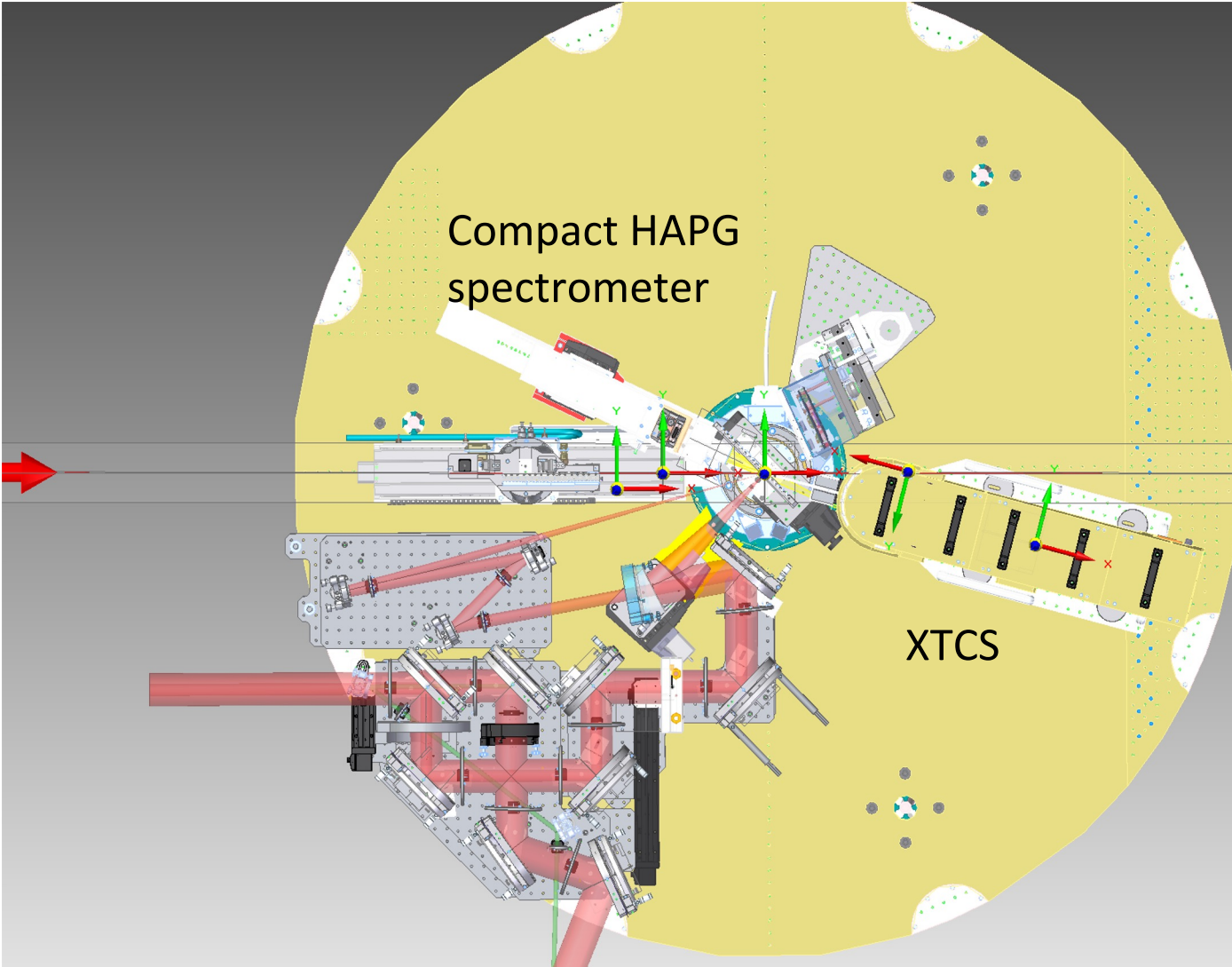
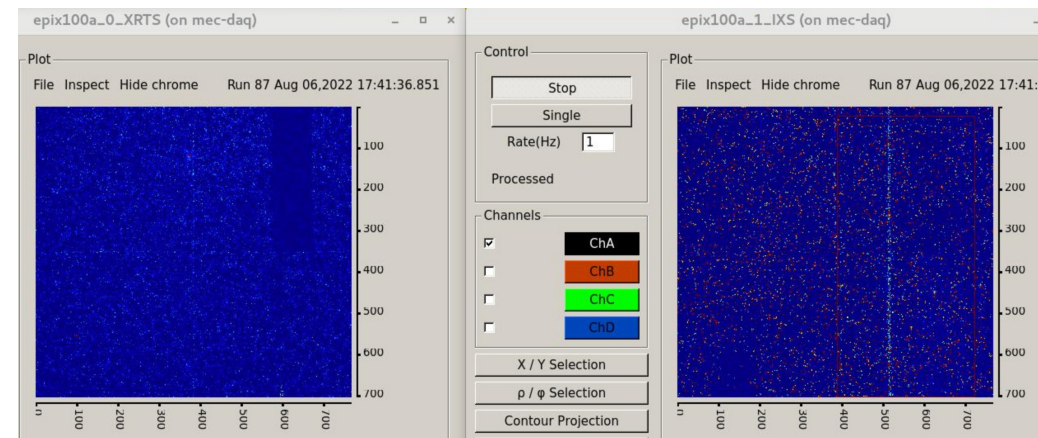
Commissioning with short pulse laser environment

MEC team built a standard beam delivery platform for the short pulse laser (previous talk by Dimitri Khaghani)



Cu $K\alpha$ at ~ 8 keV, $K\beta$ at ~ 8.9 keV by ~ 250 mJ at 400 nm, 50fs optical beam only
R19

No Cu lines on HAPG spectrometer by ~ 600 mJ at 400 nm optical beam only
faint Cu line on XTCS (no shielding, no magnet)
R87



LCLS-II allows scattering and emission studies at higher X-ray photon energies > 12 keV

