2019 Track-Finding Efficiency: WABs

Norman Graf (SLAC) Data Reconstruction Meeting May 11, 2021

Track-Finding Efficiency with Data

- Data Samples
 - Data run 105
- Reconstruction Version
 - hps-java 5.1 snapshot
- Detector
 - HPS_PhysicsRun2019-v2-FEE-Pass0
- Skim events containing two and only two clusters in the fiducial region of the calorimeter
- Clusters in diagonally opposite quadrants
- Cluster times within 2ns
- Cluster Esum > 3.5GeV
- Provides 918954 WAB candidates

Cluster Energies



Event Characteristics





Cluster x vs y



Event Classification

- Hypothesis is that these events are wide-angle bremsstrahlung (WAB) candidates where we have detected both the inelastically-scattered electron and the radiated photon.
- Esum should equal beam energy
- One, or the other, of the clusters should have an associated track, the other should not.
- Discard events with a reconstructed positron, as these may be real trident events.
- Events reconstructed with two photons is a measure of the track inefficiency.

Event Cluster Types GBL



Event Cluster Types KF



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"Inefficiency"

- Measured "inefficiency" is affected by the purity of the parent sample.
- Note that the gg Esum distribution has more of a "porch" at low Esum than the eg (or ge) sample



"Inefficiency" vs Esum

Expect purity of the parent sample to increase as Esum nears beam energy.



tree-0



Track-Finding Efficiency Using Data

- Preliminary study of the track-finding efficiency using WABS indicates an inefficiency of finding tracks in the momentum range between 1 and 3.5GeV of between ~10-15%
- Seed Tracker appears to have a slightly higher efficiency of finding tracks.
 - This study conducted before the latest round of KF strategies and code improvements.
- Will be repeated with the latest snapshot.
- Will study the track-finding efficiency in greater detail
 - top/bottom
 - slot/hole
 - as function of cluster energy (track momentum)
- Compare with FEE tracking efficiencies reported at last meeting.