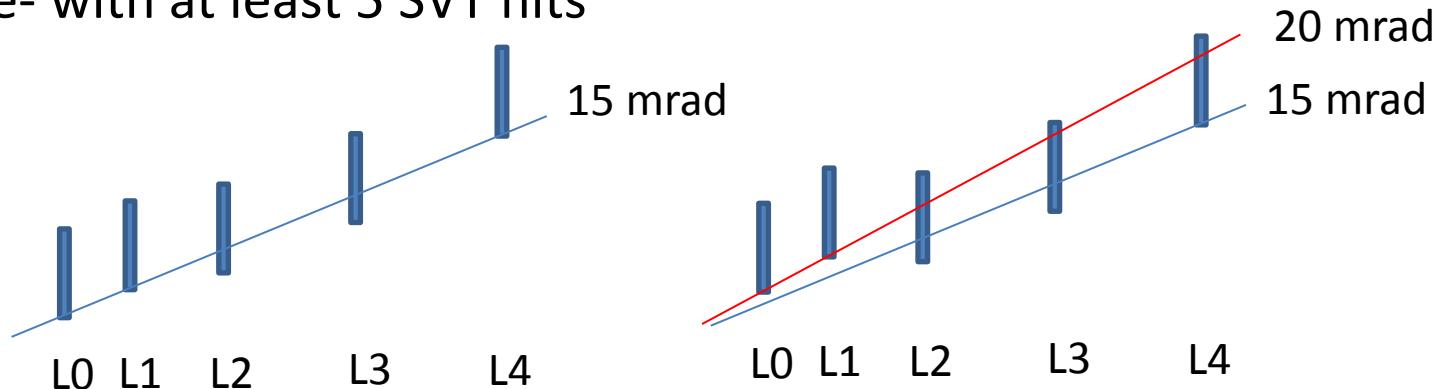


# Acceptance vs. Zvtx

- 4.4 GeV A' decays
- SVT
  - L2/L3 moved by 0.7 mm
  - L1: L0 sensor with no move.
- Acceptance for  $\theta_y > 15, 17.5$  and  $20$  mrad.
  - e+ in ECal active region with at least 5 SVT hits
  - e- with at least 5 SVT hits



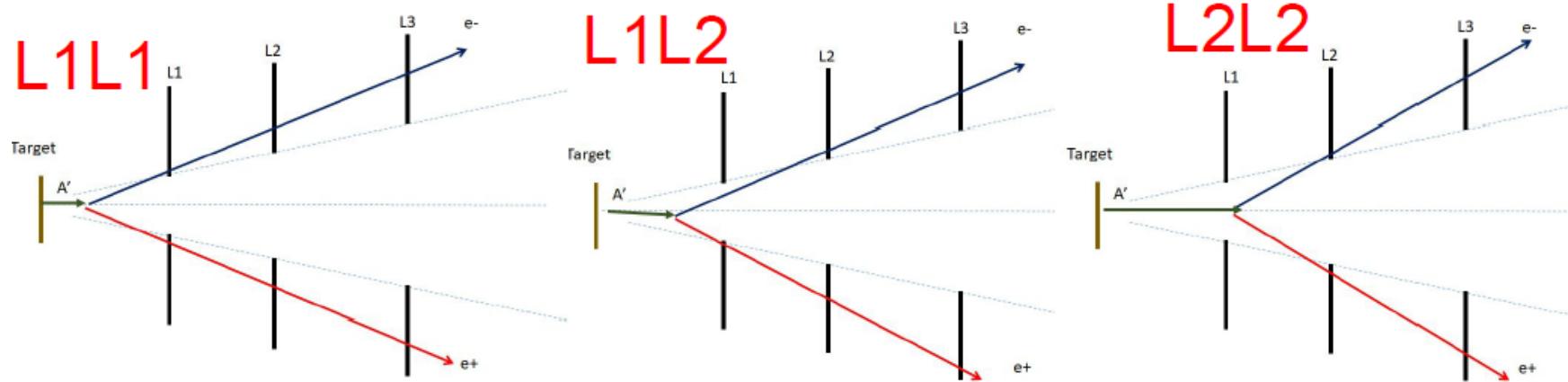
Zvtx	0, 2, 4, 6, 8 cm
$\theta_y$	15, 17.5, 20 mrad
A' Mass	50, 75, 100, 125, 150, 200, 225, 250, 275, 300 MeV

- “L0L0”, “L0L1”, and “L1L1” separately.
  - “L0”: hit in active L0
  - “L1”: hit in active L1 and no hit in active L0.

## Dividing the Vertex Analysis into Categories (Holly/Matt)

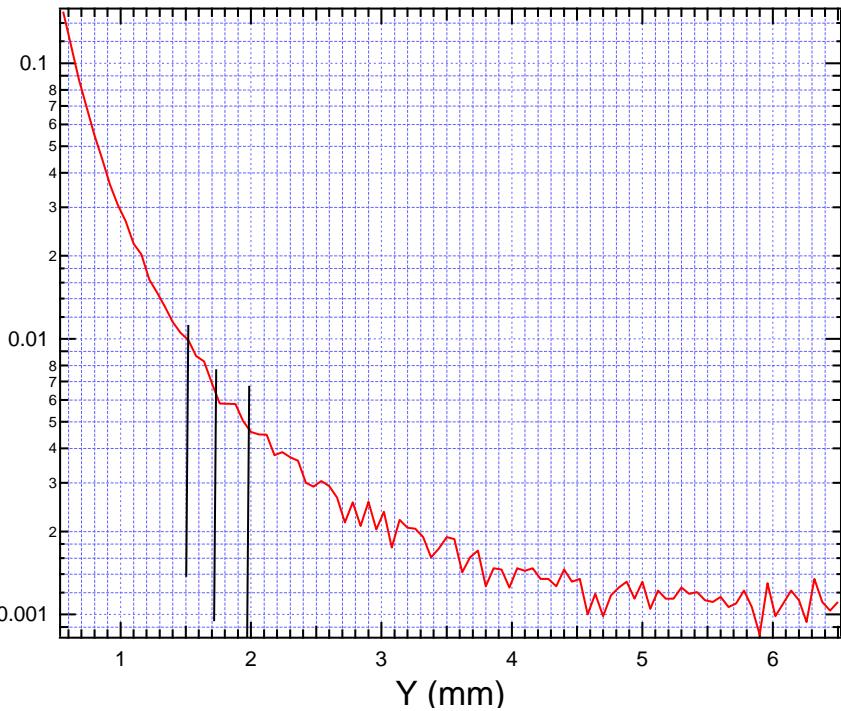
Vertex analysis is divided into mutually exclusive categories based on which particles hit which layers

L1L2/L2L2 capture the longer-lived A's, improve low  $\epsilon$  reach



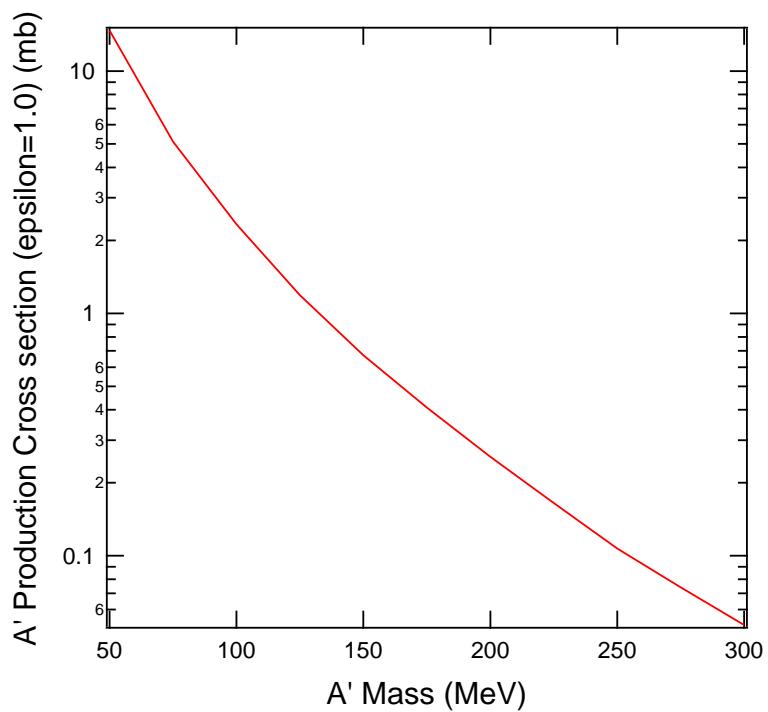
## Layer 1 Occupancy at 4.4 GeV and 0.25% $X_0$ Target

Layer 1 Occupancy at 300 nA

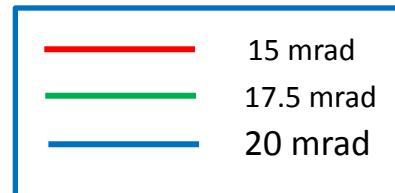
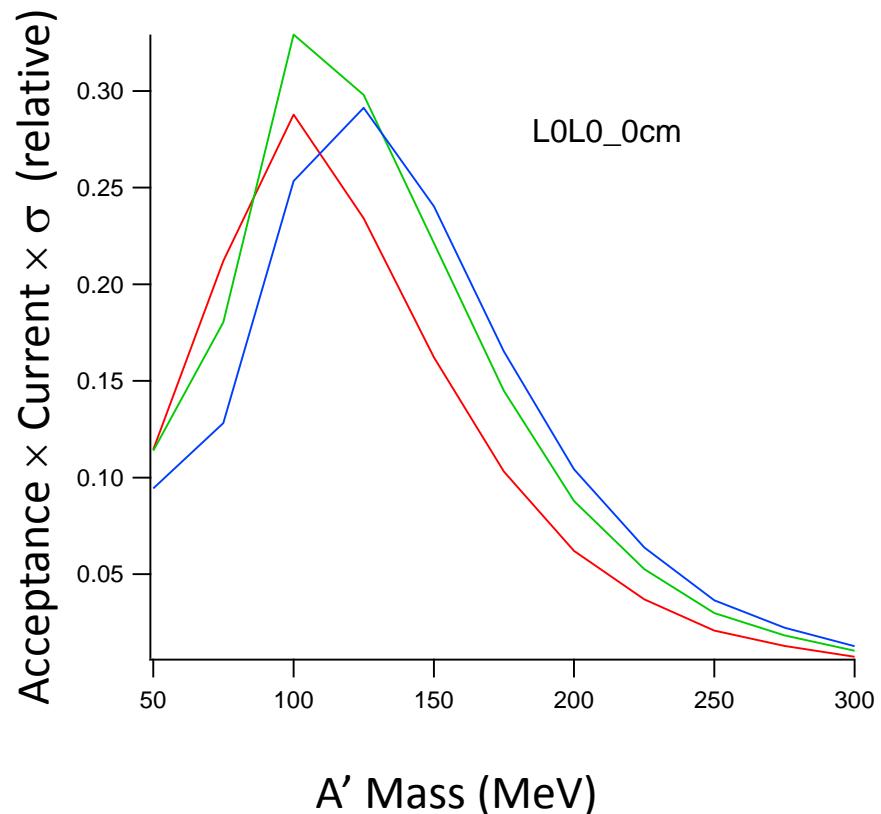
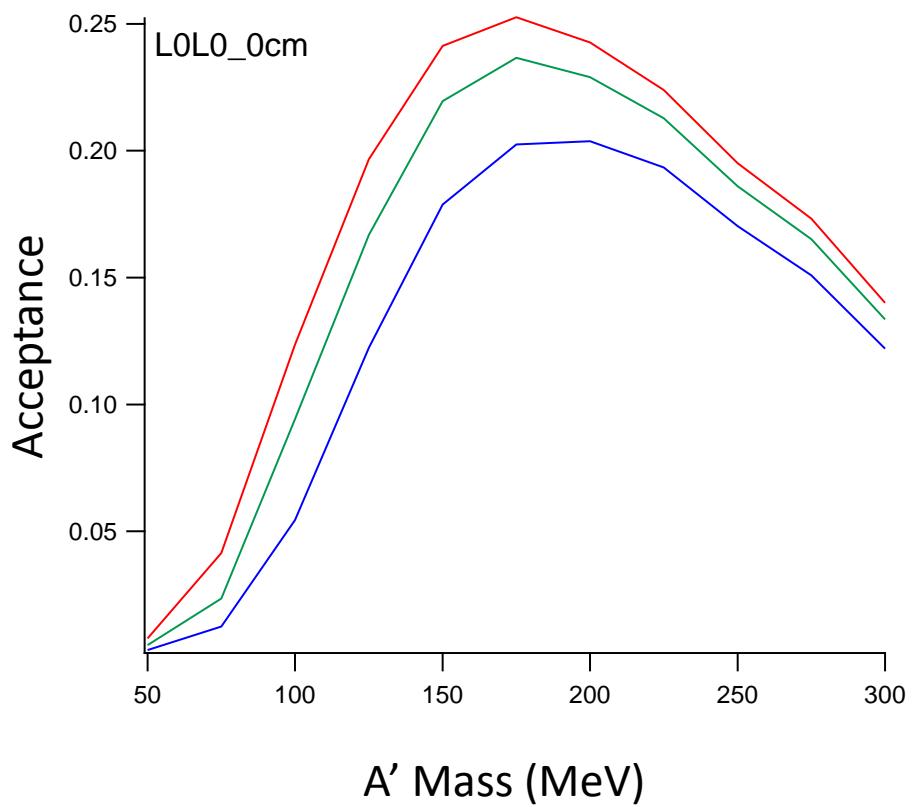


$Y$ (mm)	Occupancy @ 300nA	Beam Current for 1% occupancy
1.5	1%	300nA
1.75	0.65	450
2.0	0.5	600

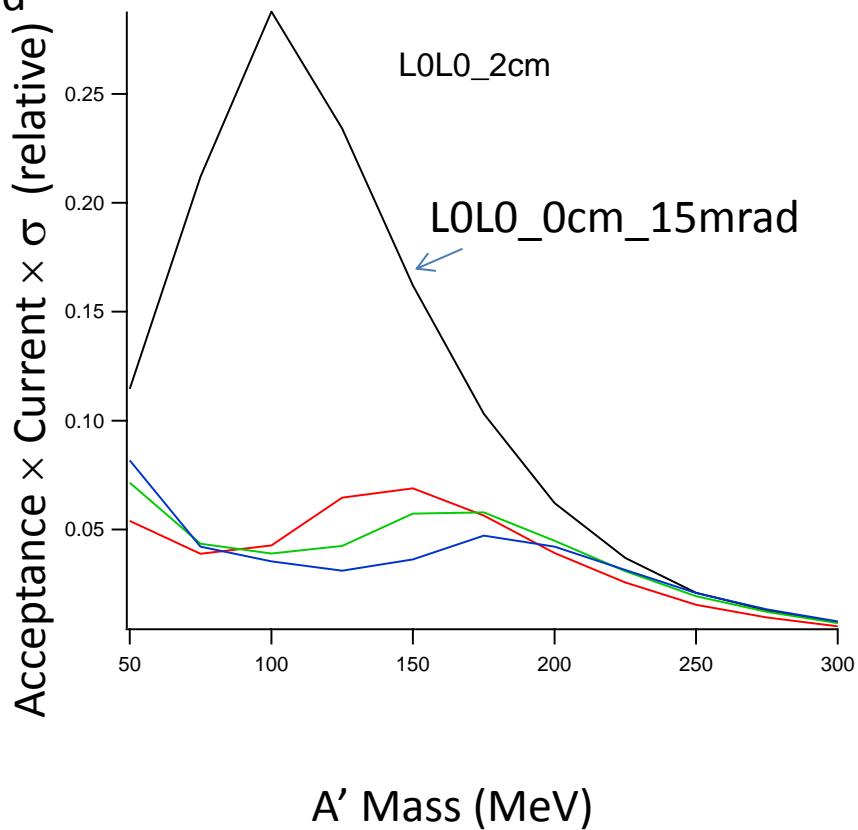
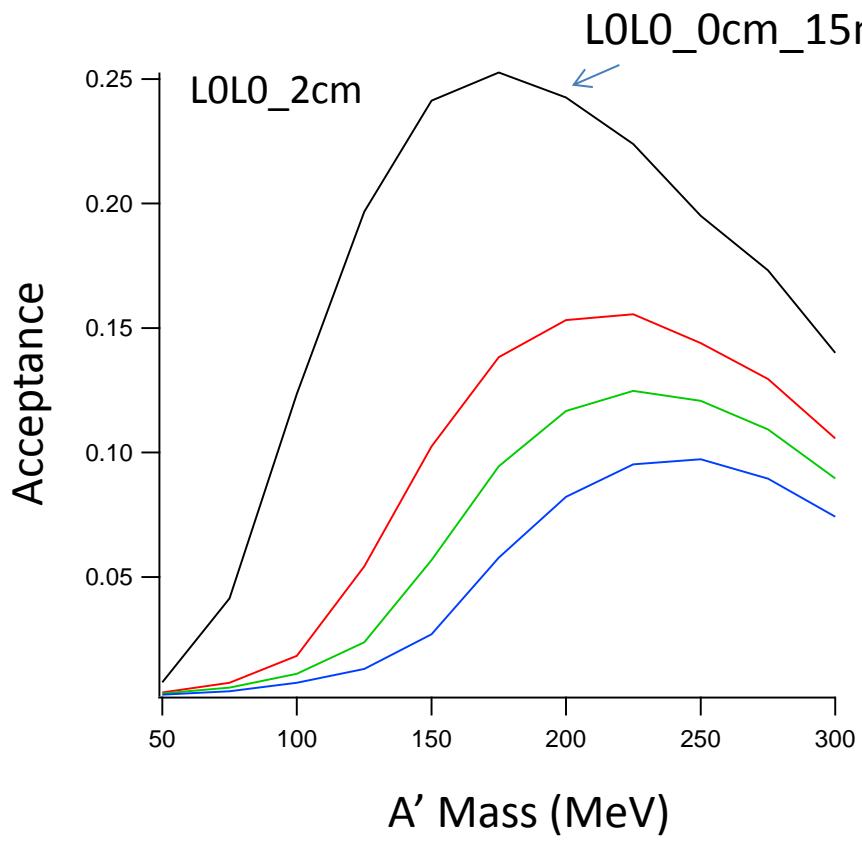
$\sigma(e-W \rightarrow e-A'W)$



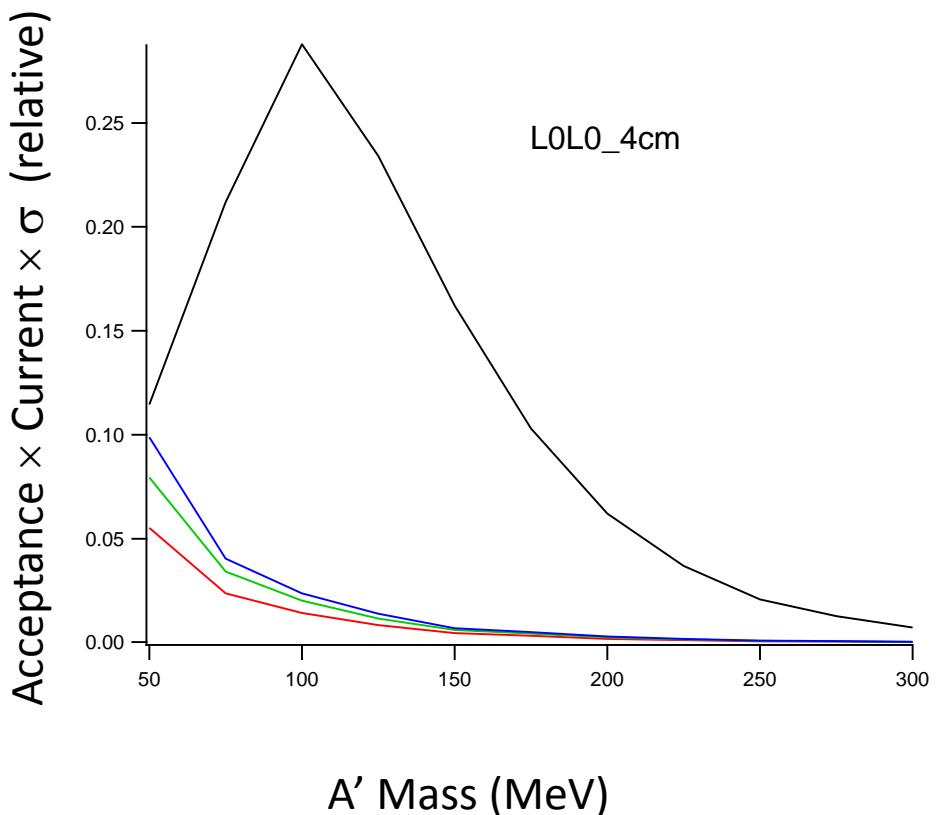
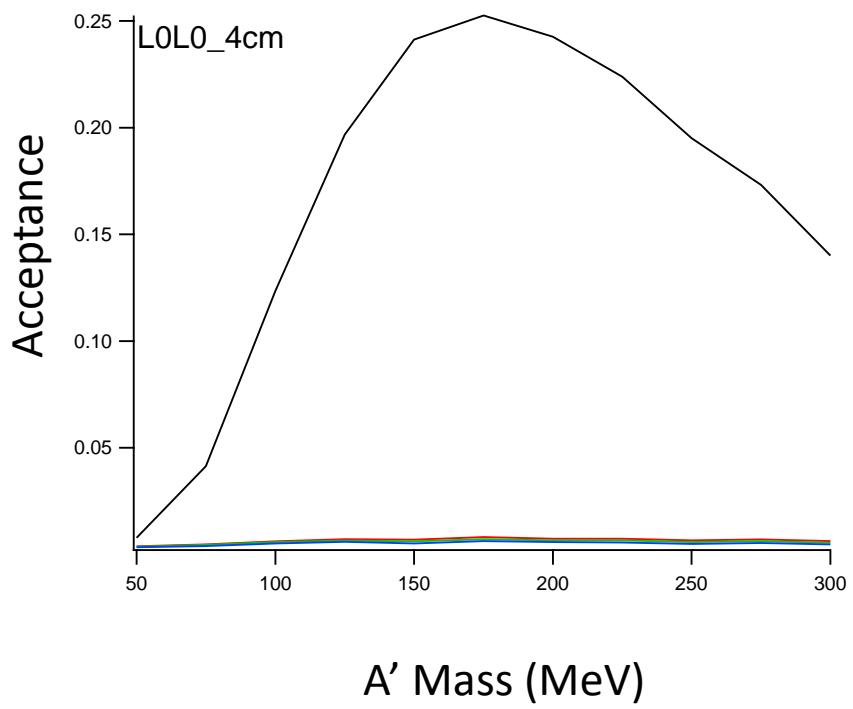
LOLO Z=0 cm



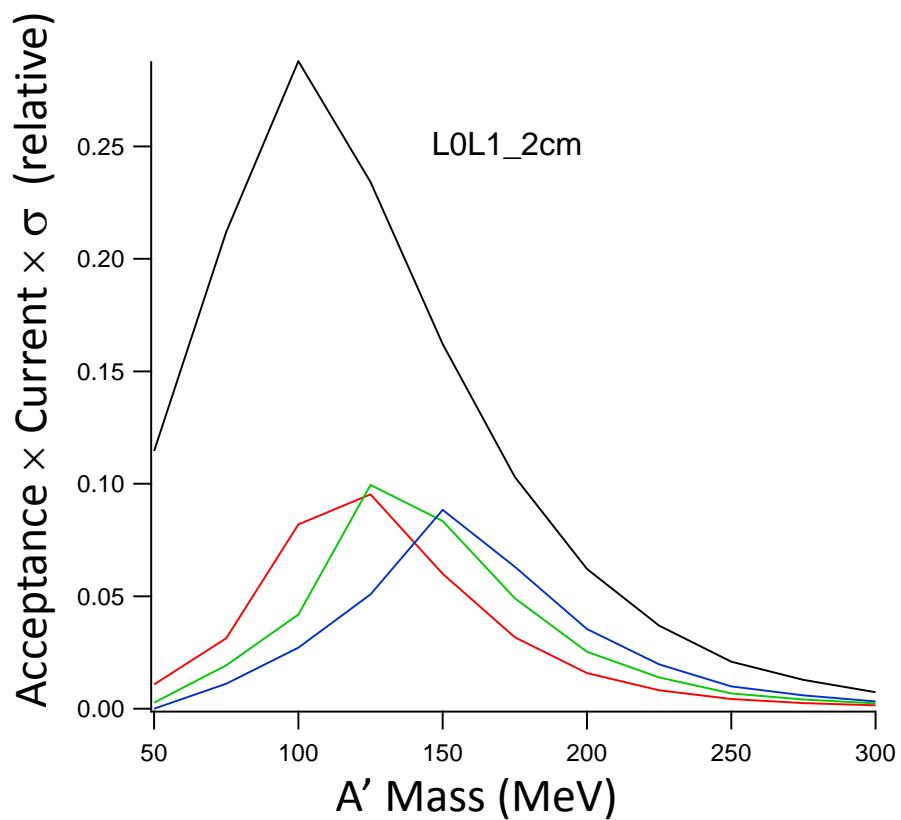
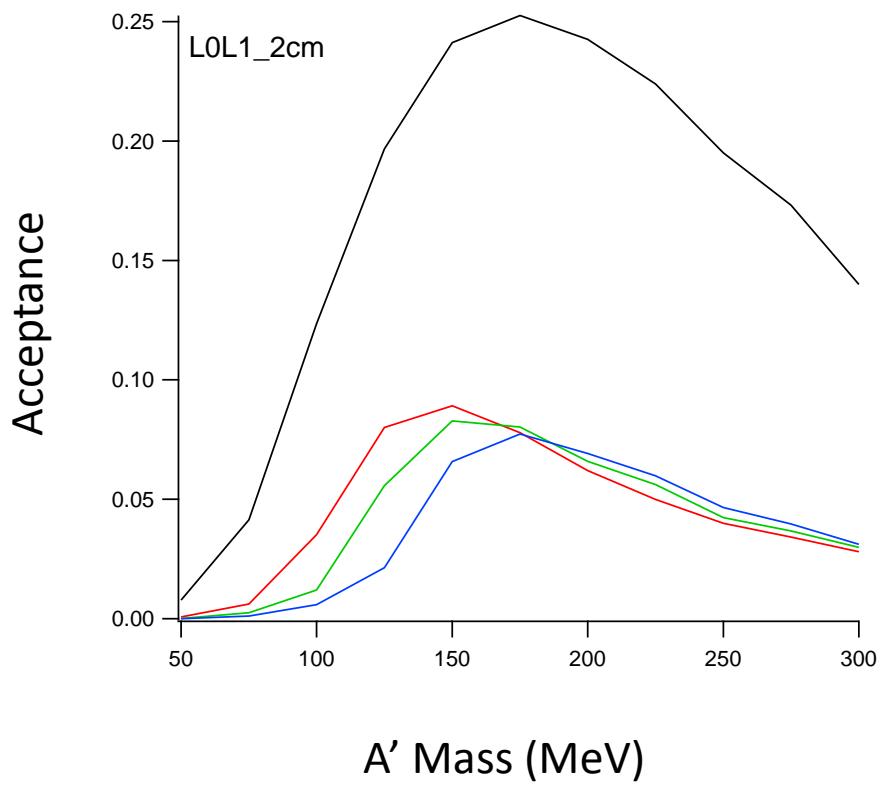
## LOLO Z=2 cm



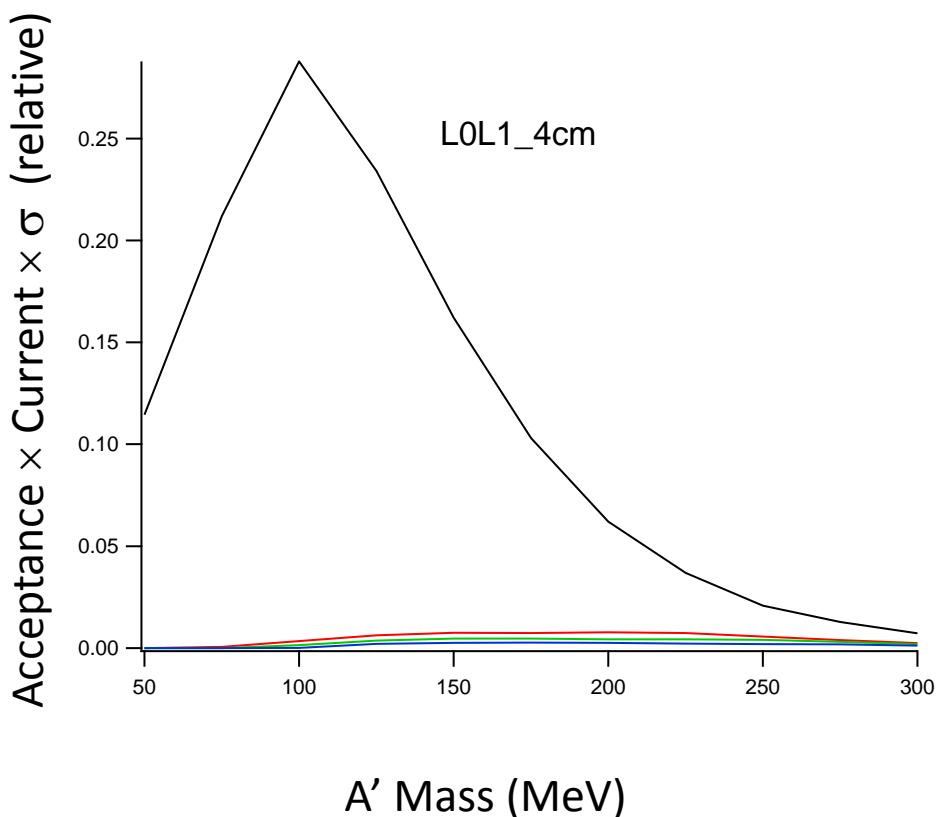
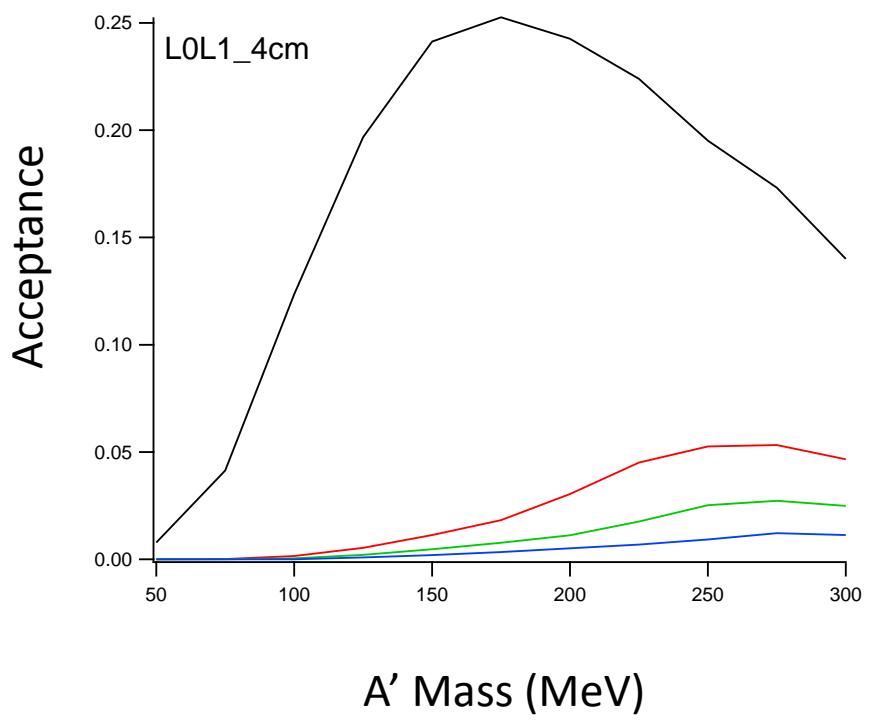
LOLO Z=4 cm



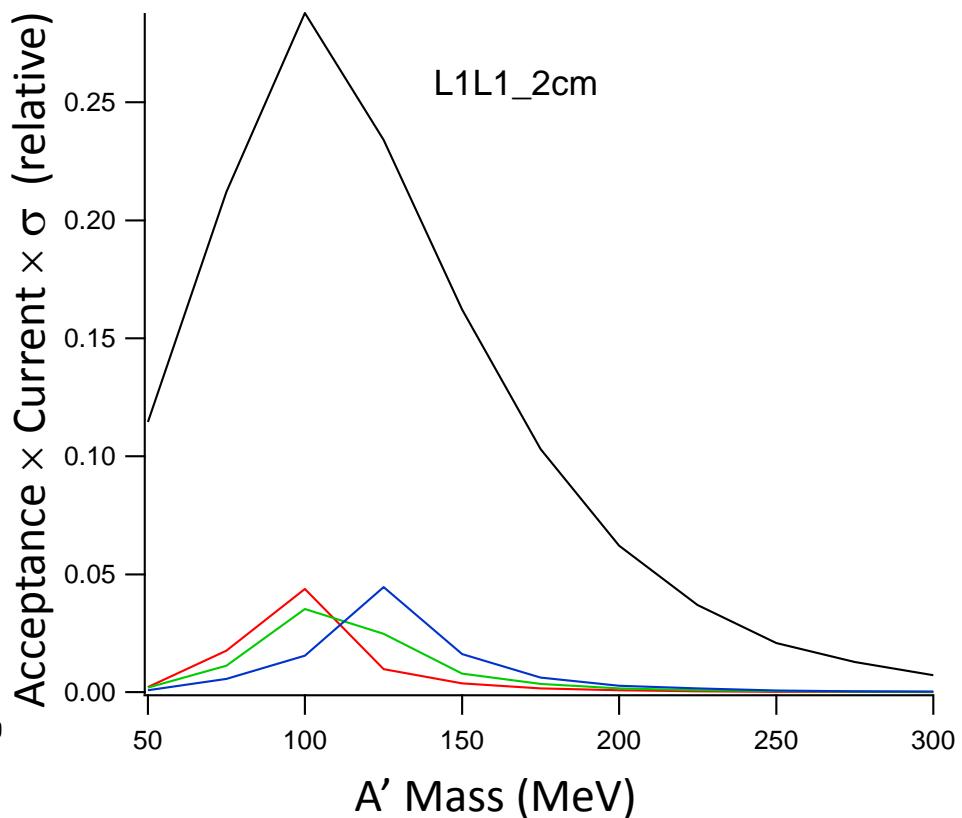
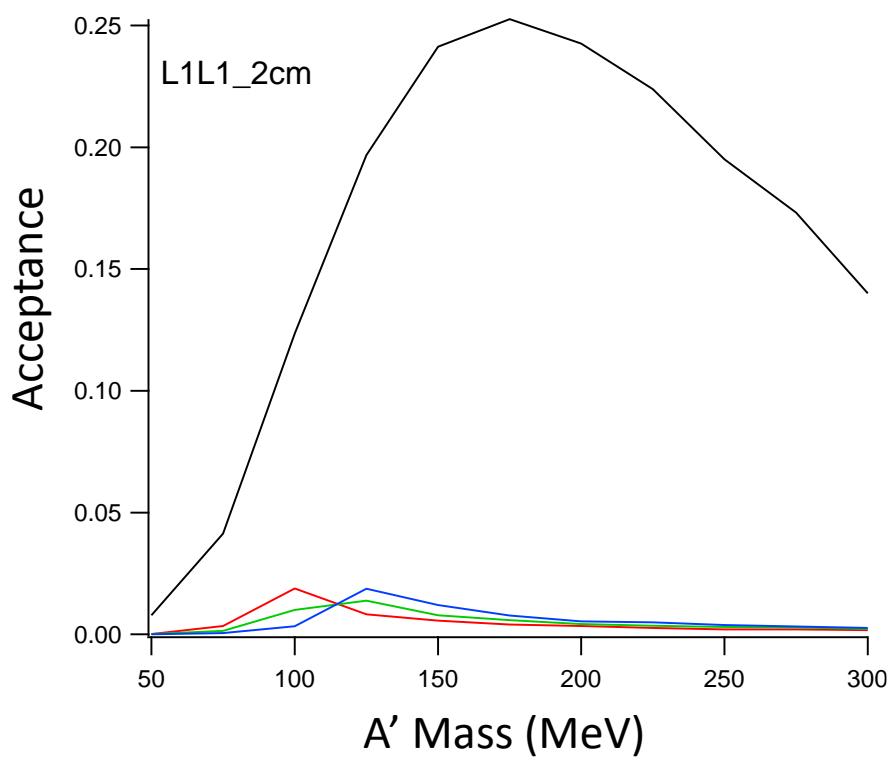
# L0L1 Z=2 cm



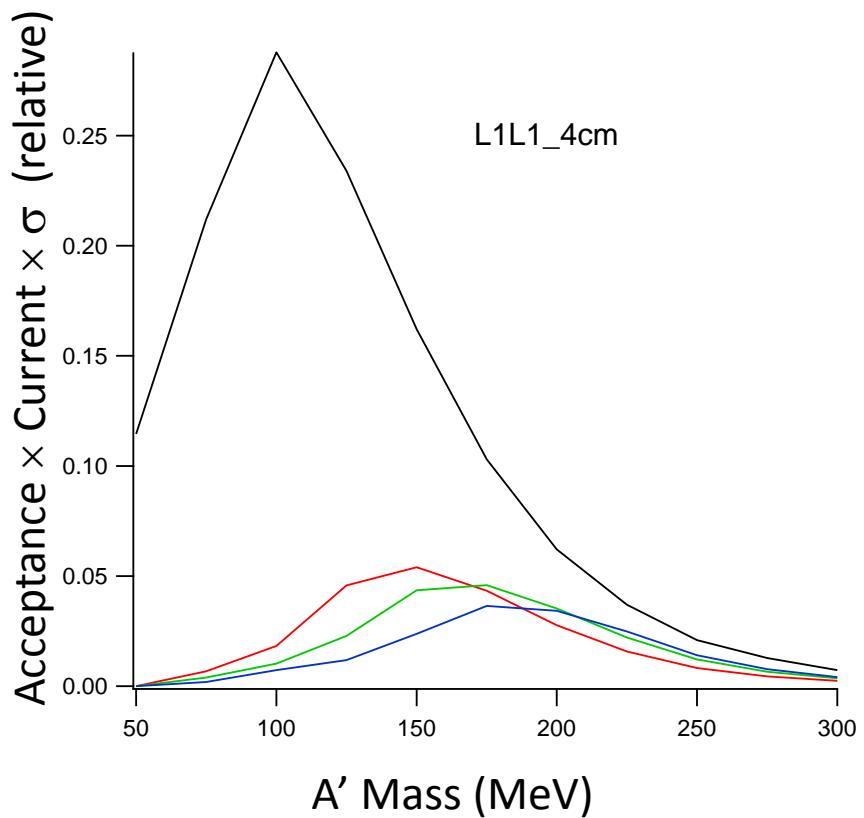
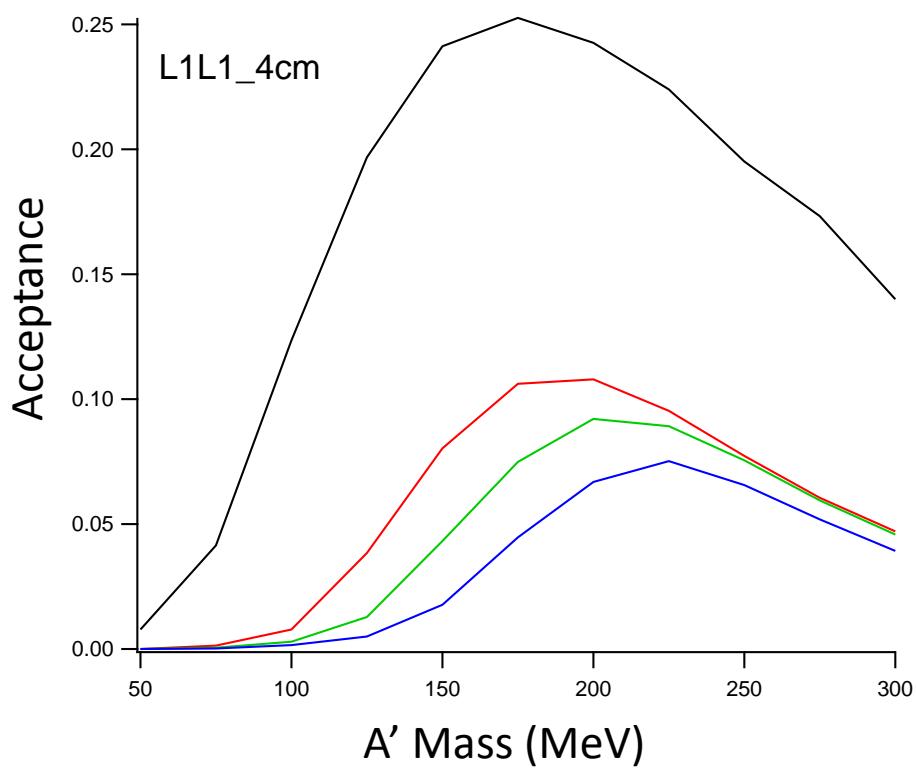
# L0L1 Z=4 cm



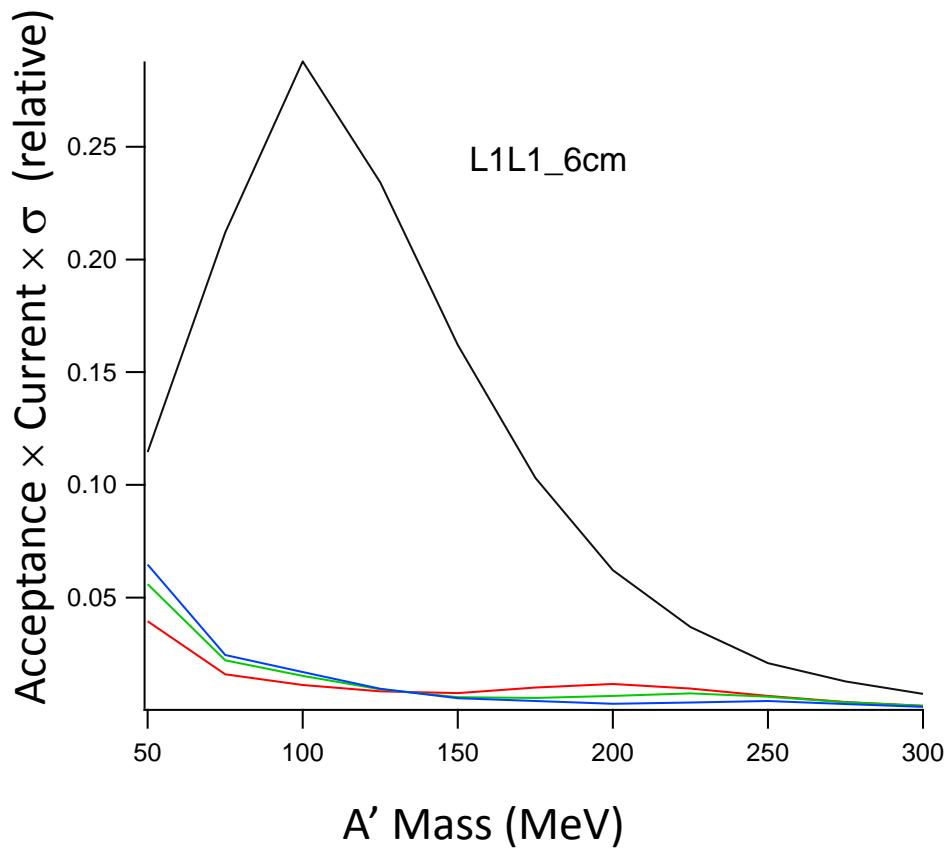
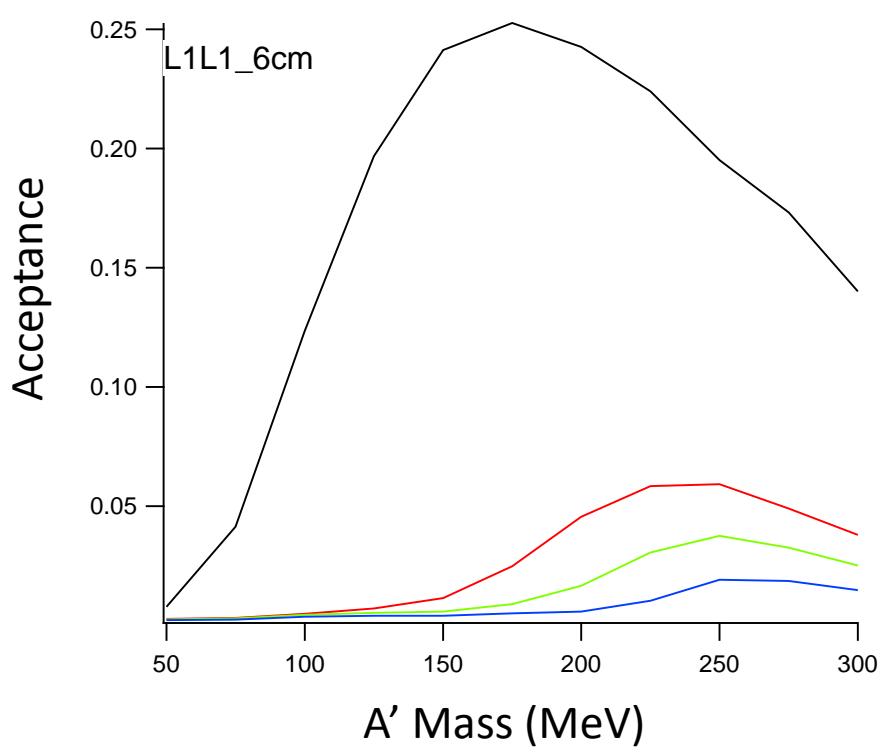
## L1L1 Z=2 cm



L1L1 Z=4 cm



L1L1 Z=6 cm



L1L1 Z=8 cm

