

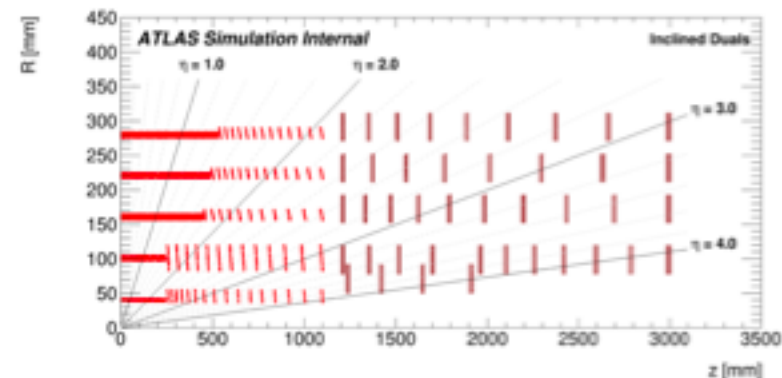
# Glue overview

July 8, 2018

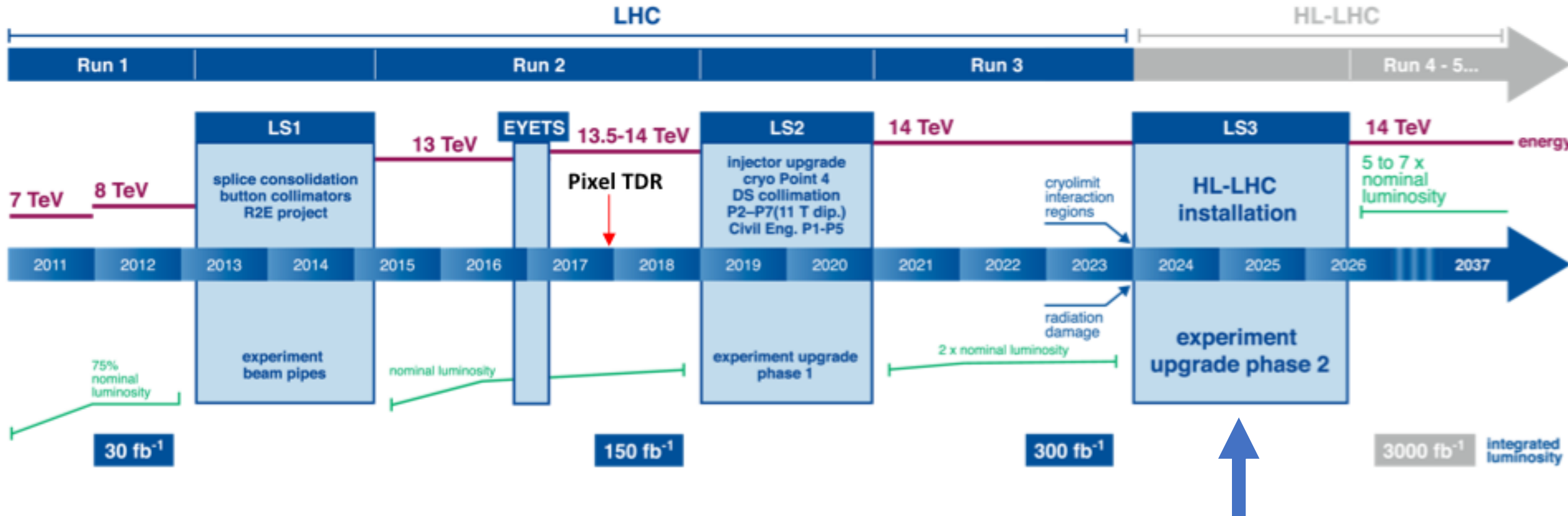
# Overview

- Adhesive will connect silicon sensor modules to carbon fiber cores in the inner-most pixel layer
- See Pixel TDR **8.3 Pixel Module Assembly and Quality Control**
  - “Adhesive attachment of flex hybrid to bare module”

Red lines show the barrel pixel  
I believe

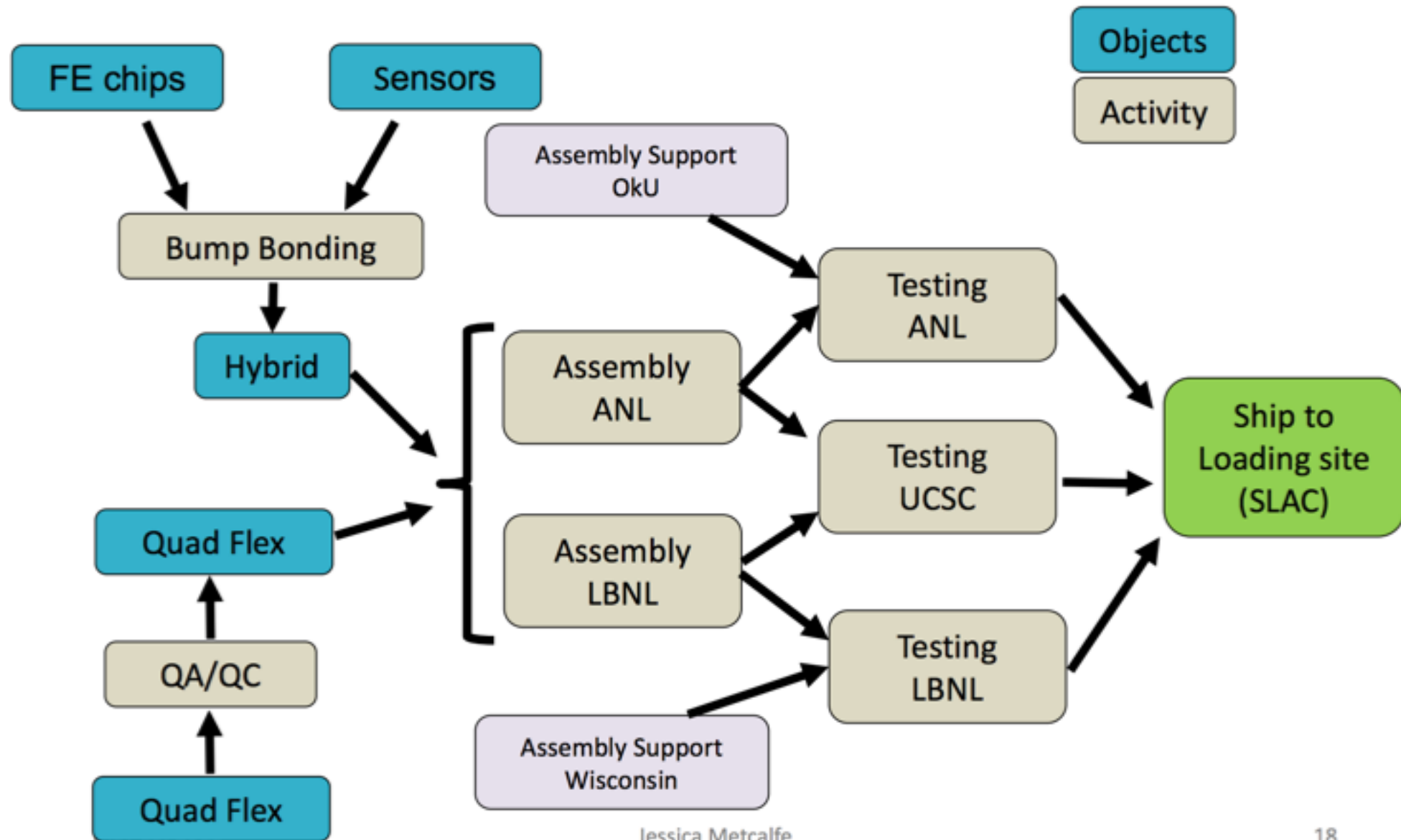


## LHC / HL-LHC Plan



Installation of upgraded pixel

Expected pile up for HL-LHC is  $\mu = 200$



# Radiation dose

- Quoted Radiation hardness of pixel sensors: **500Mrad at -15 C**
- TDR: 0-layer of pixels will be replaced half way through Run 4. TDR says “Layer 0 must be radiation tolerant up to a dose of 900 Mrad.”
- ( Overall “Requested radiation hardness”:  $2 \times 10^{16} \text{ n}_{\text{eq}}/\text{cm}^2 \times 20$ . Full Run4 )

Table 2.9: The maximal 1 MeV neutron equivalent fluences and total ionising dose for different parts of the Pixel Detector, for the baseline replacement scenario for the inner section. A safety factor of 1.5 is taken into account.

luminosity	location	R (cm)	z (cm)	fluence ( $10^{14} \text{ n}_{\text{eq}}/\text{cm}^2$ )	dose (MGy)
2000 $\text{fb}^{-1}$	barrel layer 0, flat	3.9	0.0	131	-
		4.0	24.3	-	7.2
	barrel layer 0, inclined	3.7	25.9	123	-
		3.7	110.0	-	9.9
	end-cap layer 0	5.1	123.8	68	6.3
	barrel layer 1, flat	9.9	24.3	27	1.5
	barrel layer 1, inclined	8.1	110.0	35	2.9
end-cap layer 1	7.9	299.2	38	3.2	
4000 $\text{fb}^{-1}$	outer barrel, flat	16.0	44.6	28	1.6
	outer barrel, inclined	15.6	110.0	30	2.0
	outer end-cap	15.3	299.2	38	3.5

# Our list of Glues

- This Table <https://confluence.slac.stanford.edu/display/Atlas/Glue+Table>

lists the properties of the glues we are interested in. The properties we focused on are:

Viscosity, Thermal Conductivity, Electrical Resistivity, and Radiation Hardness. We also note if the glue is being used/ has been used by other experiments.

- The glue should have low viscosity so that the pressure needed to push the silicon and carbon fiber together is low.
- Thermal conductivity should be high to allow for effective cooling between the sensor and the cooling pipe.
- Electrical resistivity should be high so that electrical signal is not passed through the glue.
- Radiation Hardness must pass the specified HL inner pixel requirements.
- Manufacturers generally provide all of these properties except radiation hardness
- To test the radiation hardness we can apply the glue and send it to CERN to be irradiated and tested. Also, CERN is conducting these tests on a set of adhesives for use by all LHC experiments (see next page). These glues are listed in blue in the table.

# List of glues being tested by CERN

Currently in	
Polytec TC418	2-parts epoxy
Epotek T7109	2-parts epoxy
Dymax 9-20801	UV cure TIM
Epolite FH-5313	2-parts epoxy
Polaris PF7006A	2-parts epoxy
Tra-Bond F112	2-parts adhesive
SE4445	2-parts adhesive
EG7655	2-parts epoxy
EG7658	2-parts epoxy
3M VHB5909	Tape
Araldite 2020	2-parts epoxy
Araldite 2011	2-parts epoxy
Tesafix 4962	Tape
UHU Endfest 300	2-parts epoxy
Dymax 9001	Encapsulant
Dymax 9001 v3.7	Encapsulant
Dymax 9101	Encapsulant
Sylgard 186	Encapsulant

In the next batch	
Epoxyhars L + Verharder W300	2-parts epoxy
Poly-Pox THV 500 + Harder 355	2-parts epoxy
Loctite Hysol EA 9396	2-parts epoxy
PCE-HT 3350/57	-
PCE-FILM-SA80	-
PCE-HTC-1800	-



# Useful references

- Link to ATLAS Itk Pixel **Module Building Workshop (May 2018)**
- <https://indico.cern.ch/event/718423/>
- See especially this talk:
- [https://indico.cern.ch/event/718423/contributions/3002853/attachments/1650032/2638799/20180515\\_MaterialQualification.pdf](https://indico.cern.ch/event/718423/contributions/3002853/attachments/1650032/2638799/20180515_MaterialQualification.pdf)
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