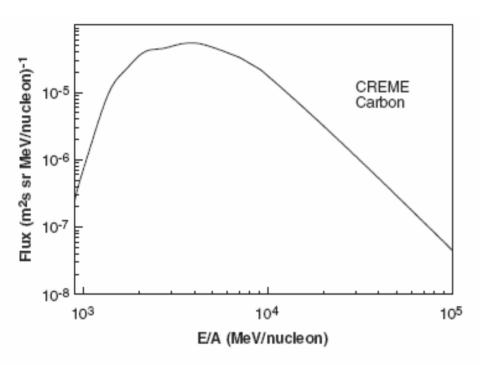
Brief Overview on CAL Calibration work at KIPAC-SLAC

E. Bloom, Y. Edmonds, D. Paneque, P. Wang GLAST LAT Collaboration Meeting Beam Test WG FtoF November 13, 2007

Overview

- On orbit environment.
- B. Lott, et al GSI beam test result.
- Compare dE/dx mean energy loss from GLEAM simulation of muons and protons with the calculation using the dE/dx code
- Compare proton beam test data to GLEAM MC
- Compare C beam data to GLEAM MC
- Review conclusions of these preliminary studies with B. Lott, et al NIM paper.

On Orbit Expectation from CREME



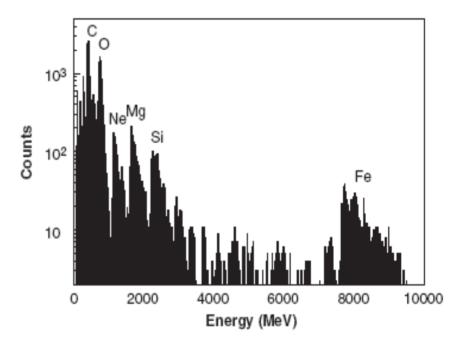


Fig. 1. Kinetic-energy distribution of cosmic-ray carbon ions at GLAST flight altitude as calculated with CREME.

Fig. 2. Expected distribution of ionization energy deposited by the cosmic-ray ions in one CsI crystal, corrected for geometrical effects due to slanted trajectories. The main peaks are labeled according to the elements they correspond to.

GSI Beam Test Result

B. Lott, et al., Nuclear Instruments and Methods in Physics Research A 560 (2006) 395–404

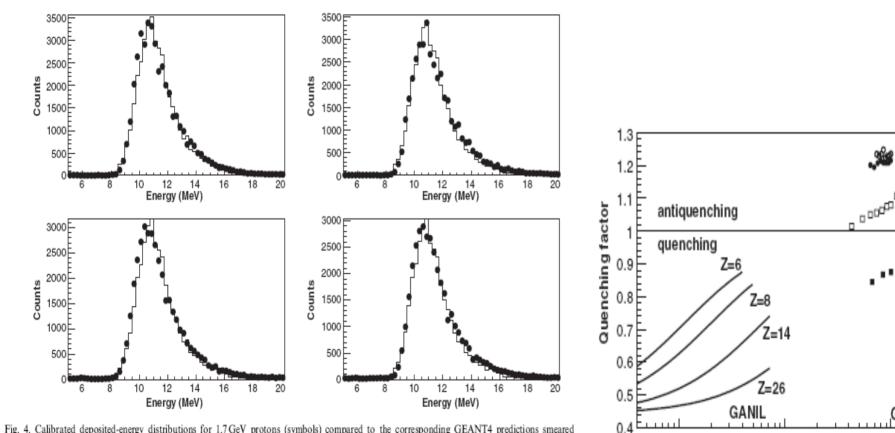


Fig. 4. Calibrated deposited-energy distributions for 1.7 GeV protons (symbols) compared to the corresponding GEANT4 predictions smeared 0.6 MeV (histograms), for the first four EM layers.

What cuts were used?

Fig. 11. Compilation of the quenching factors measured at GANIL and GSI as a function of the ion's energy per nucleon, for the different ions relevant to the on-orbit calibration of GLAST's calorimeter.

10

 10^{2}

Energy (MeV/nucleon)

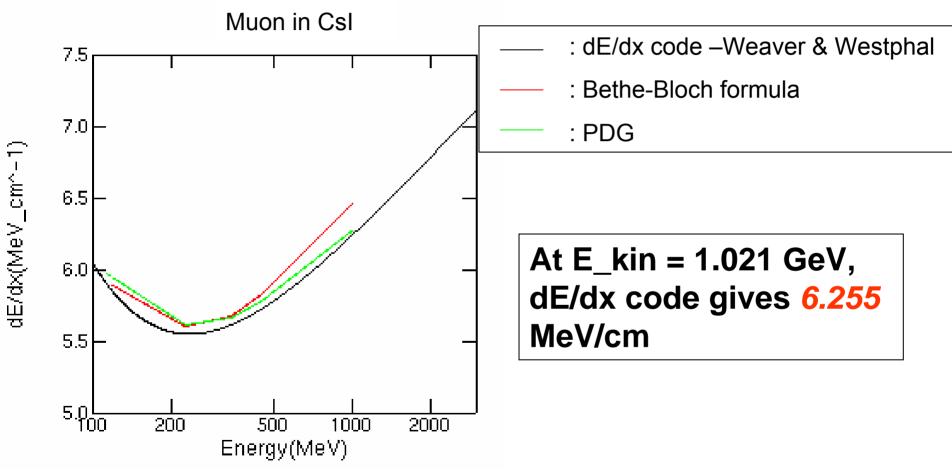
Z=14

Z=26

GSI

103

The mean rate of energy loss of muons in Csl



Muon Mean Energy Loss in Csl

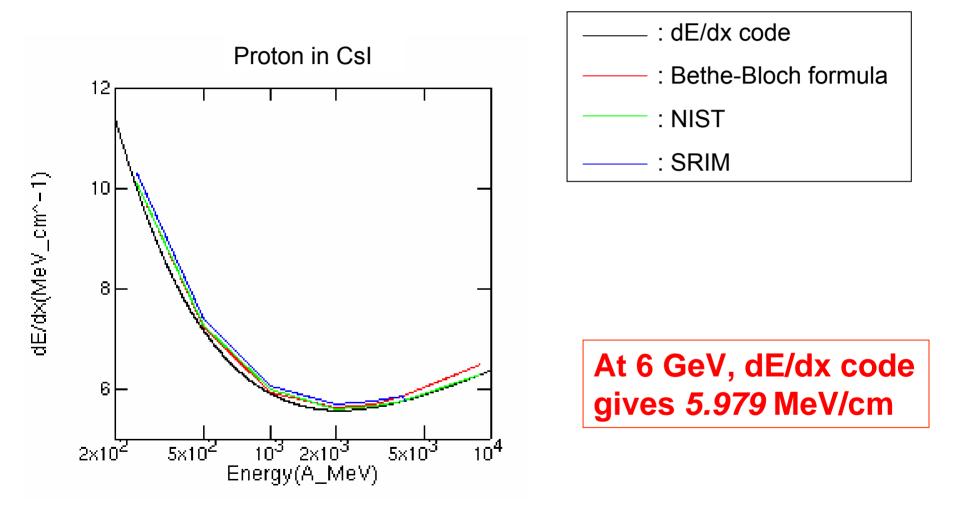
- dE/dx code predicts the mean energy loss.
 <dE/dx> = 6.255 MeV/cm for 1.021 GeV muons.
- GEANT4 8.0.p01 (simple geometry)

 <dE/dx_FC> = 6.349 MeV/cm with no cuts on muons.
- GLEAM
 - GlastRelease-v11r17
 - Muons launch in center and just at top of 1st crystal.
 - Launch point x = y = 201.17 mm, z = -48.12 mm (the top crystal)
 - Vertical incidence
 - Energy = 1.021 GeV
 - $<dE/dx_FC > = 6.373$ MeV/cm with no cuts on muons.
 - $< dE/dx_FC > = 6.542$ MeV/cm with cut on CalZDir>0.98 ₆

Comparison Summary for Muon Energy Loss (MC truth)

E _{muon} (GeV)	dE/dx Theory	dE/dx GEANT	dE/dx GLEAM	dE/dx GLEAM, cut on CalZDir >0.98	dE/dx GLEAM from Johan Bregeon	
1.021	6.255 MeV/cm	6.349 MeV/cm	6.373 MeV/cm	6.542 MeV/cm	6.206 MeV/cm	
Ratio of MC to Theory	1.0	1.015	1.019	1.046	0.992	

Proton in CsI: Compare with MC



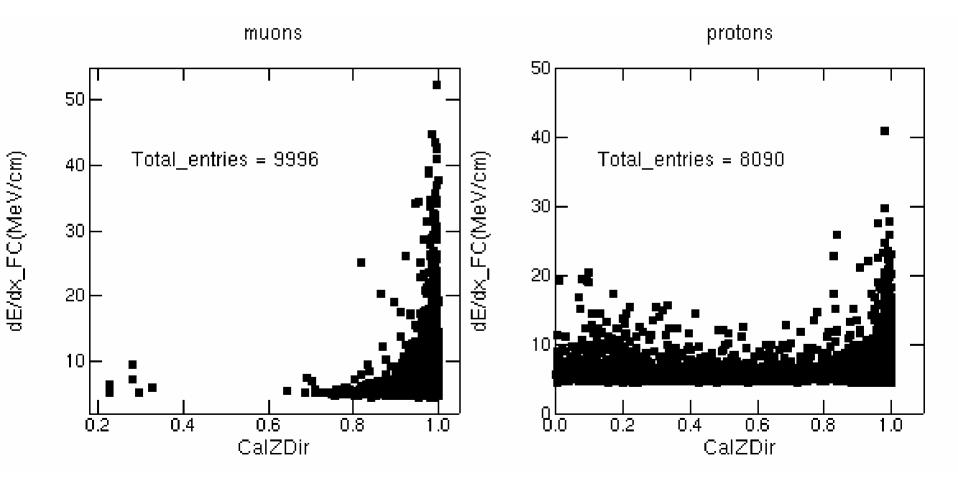
Protons

- dE/dx code
 - <dE/dx> = 5.979 MeV/cm for 6 GeV protons
- GLEAM
 - GlastRelease-v11r17
 - Protons
 - Launch point x = y = 201.17 mm, z = -48.12 mm (the top crystal)
 - Vertical incidence
 - Energy = 6 GeV
 - $<dE/dx_FC > = 6.102$ MeV/cm with no cuts on protons.
 - $<dE/dx_FC > = 6.242$ MeV/cm with cut on CalZDir>0.98

Comparison Summary for Proton Energy Loss (MC truth)

E _{proton} (GeV)	dE/dx Theory	dE/dx GLEAM	dE/dx GLEAM, cut on CalZDir >0.98
6.0	5.979 MeV/cm	6.102 MeV/cm	6.242 MeV/cm
Ratio of MC to Theory	1.0	1.021	1.044

Correlation between dE/dx and CalZDir for muon and proton (MCs)



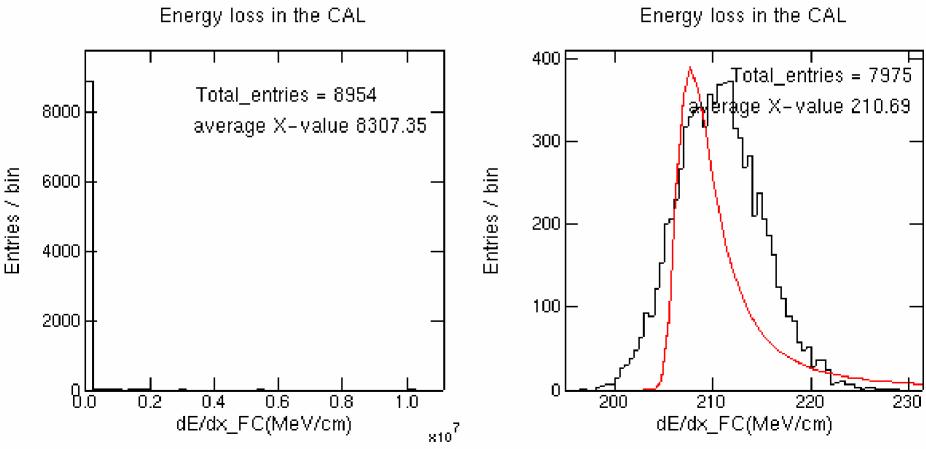
Carbon

- dE/dx code
 - <dE/dx> = 203.64 MeV/cm for 1.5 GeV/A carbon
- GLEAM
 - GlastRelease-v11r17
 - Carbons
 - Launch point x = y = 201.17 mm, z = -48.12 mm (the top crystal)
 - Vertical incidence
 - Energy = 18 GeV
 - <dE/dx_FC> = 210.69 MeV/cm with no cuts on carbon.
 - $<dE/dx_FC > = 210.7$ MeV/cm with cut on CalZDir > 0.98
 - For carbon, CalZDir Cut doesn't matter to dE/dx

Carbon

No cuts

- Not a Landau distribution

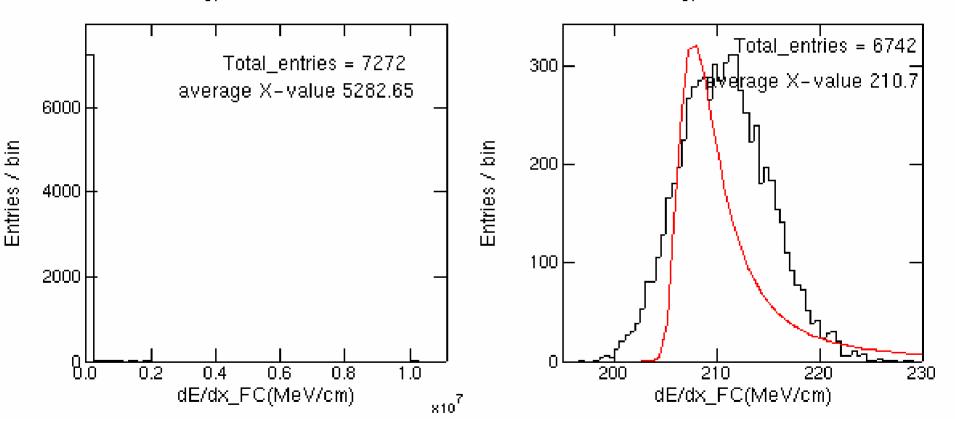


Cut on CalZDir > 0.98

 Not a Landau distribution

Energy loss in the CAL

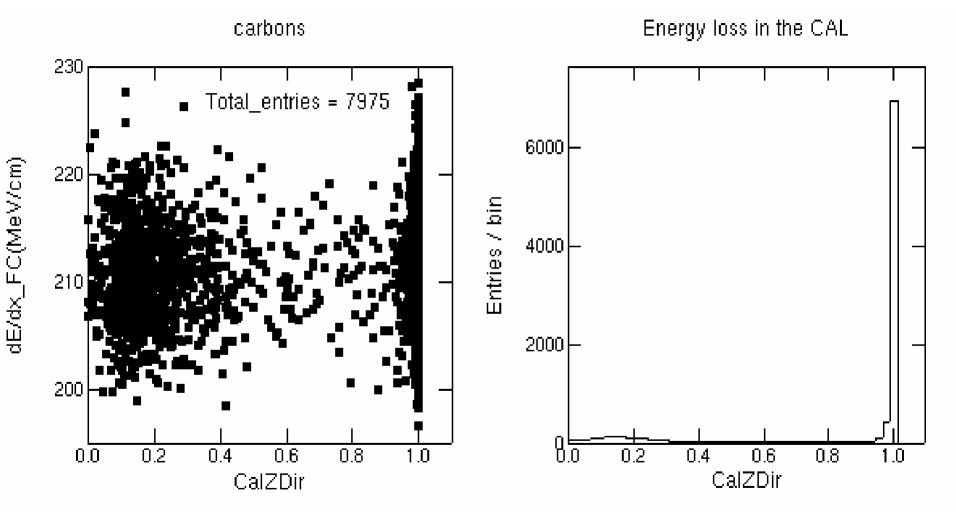
Energy loss in the CAL



Comparison Summary for Carbon Energy Loss (MC truth)

E _{carbon} (GeV/A))	dE/dx Theory	dE/dx GLEAM	dE/dx GLEAM, cut on CalZDir >0.98
1.5	203.64 MeV/cm	210.69 MeV/cm	210.70 MeV/cm
Ratio of MC to Theory	1.0	1.035	1.035

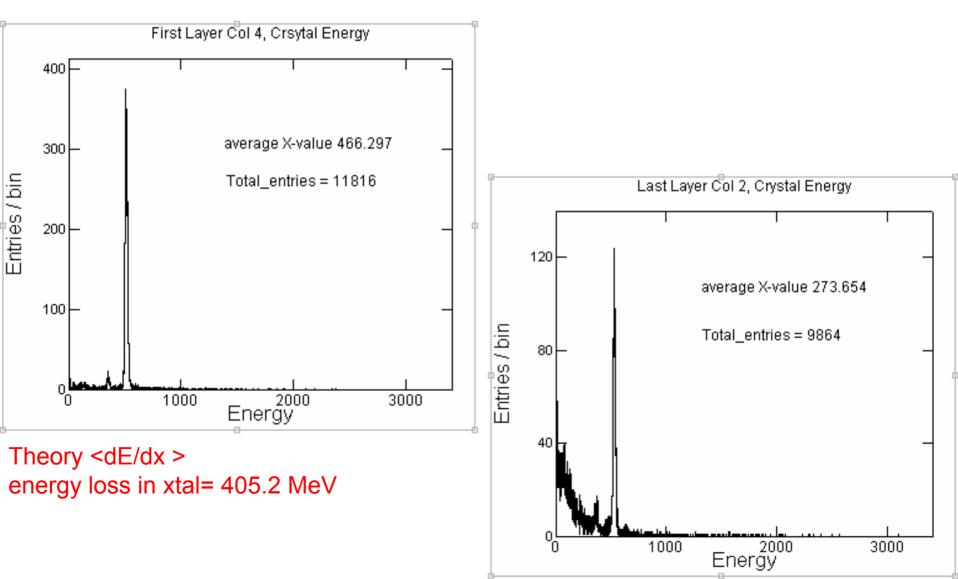
Relation between dE/dx and CalZDir for Carbon (MC)



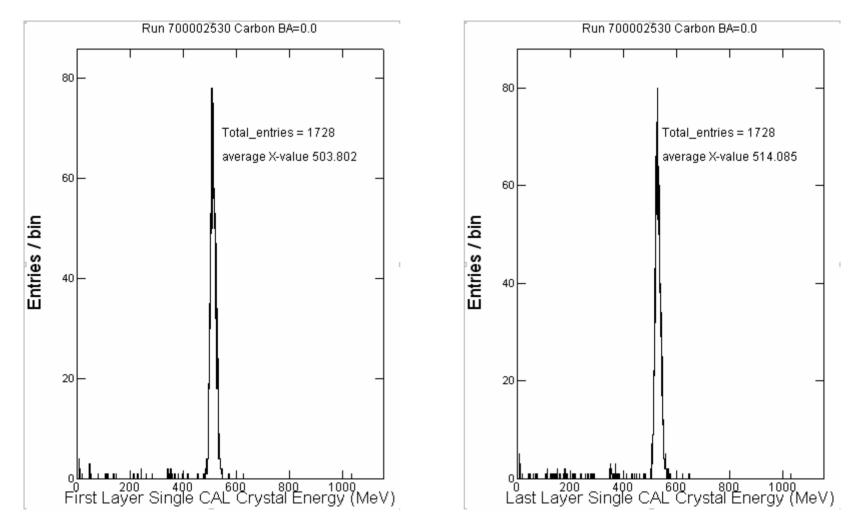
Compare C BT data and MC

- Beam angle = 0 deg
- Goal: determine energy deposited in 1st Csl crystal for carbon at normal incidence w/o nuclear interactions
- Require CalZDir>0.98 for Carbon
 - sizable Boron peak
- Require Cal energy for the event is deposited:
 - in a single tower
 - in each layer of that tower
 - in a single crystal in each layer

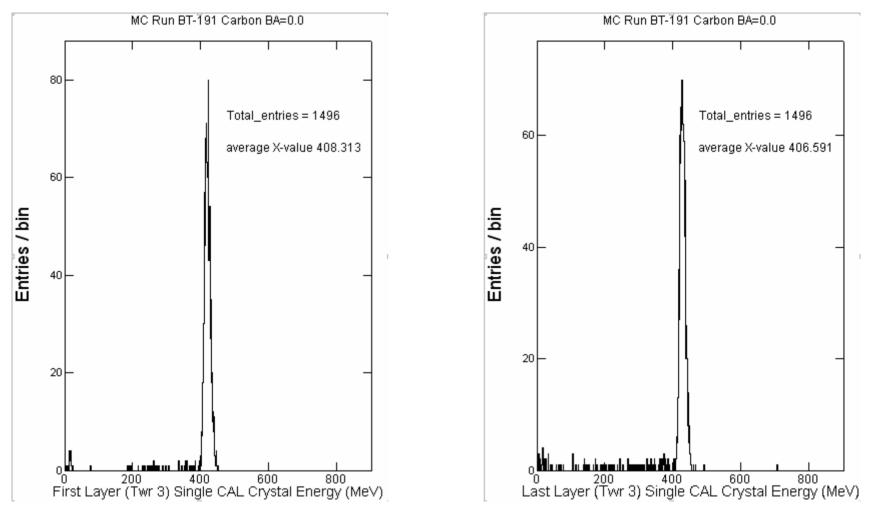
Run 700002530 Carbon Beam Angle =0.0 w/ CalZDir>0.98 Cut



Carbon Real Run 700002530 18 GeV



Carbon MC Run BT-191 18 GeV



•dE/dx(Westphal-Weaver) for 1.5 GeV/n Carbon in CSI = 203.6 MeVcm⁻¹ • $\Delta E_{deposited}/\Delta x$ for MC = 408.3MeV/1.99cm = 205 MeVcm⁻¹

Summary

- The GLEAM simulation of muons and protons energy loss using MC truth is consistent with the dE/dx code calculation for no cuts.
- The energy mean energy loss (<dE/dx>) changes with CalZDir cut.
- Carbon data and MC don't agree at all.
- What cuts were used in B. Lott, et al. analysis?

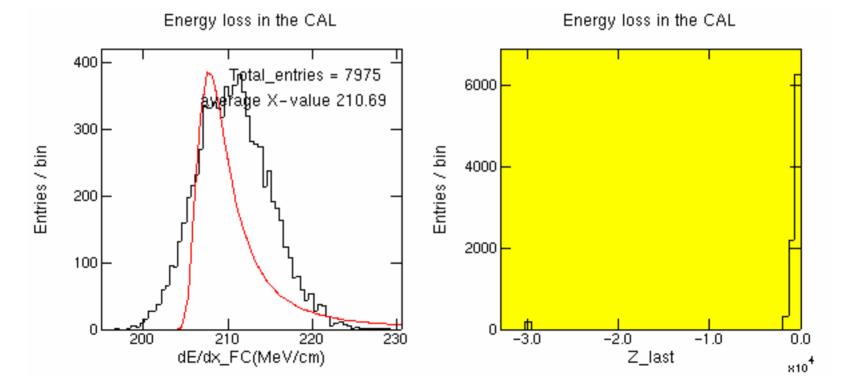
EXTRA SLIDES

Johan Bregeon's Results for Muons

G4:1mm G4: 10mu Gleam

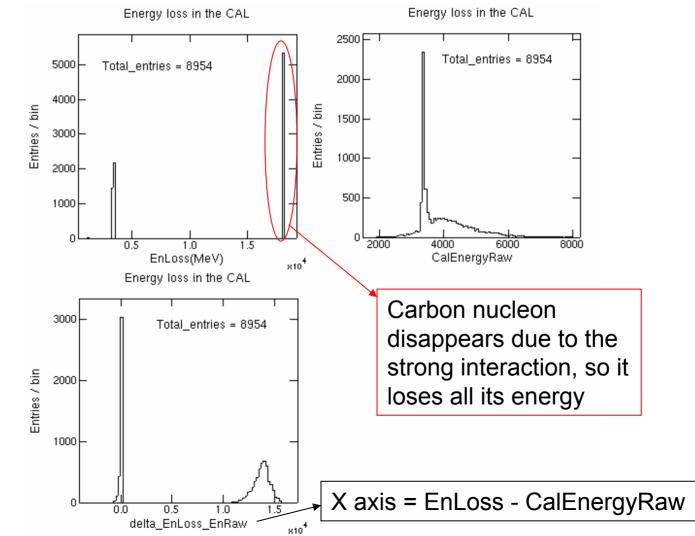
- <Esum(MeV)> 98.99 99.09 99.37
 <dEsum(MeV/cm)> 6.218 6.224 6.241
 %Diff<dEsum> -0.5% -0.5% -0.2%
- <EL0(MeV)> 12.29 12.36 12.35 <dEL0(MeV/cm)> 6.176 6.211 6.206 %Diff<dEL0> -1.3% -0.7% -0.8%

 If cut on the z coordinate of the last step of C to make sure C goes out of the first crystal, the long tail in dE/dx is removed. But it's still not a Landau distribution.



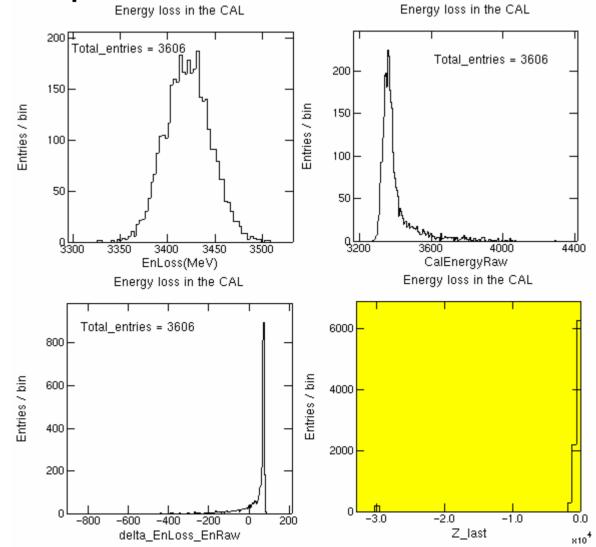
Energy loss in the CAL VS. CalEnergyRaw (no cuts)

Carbons 18GeV



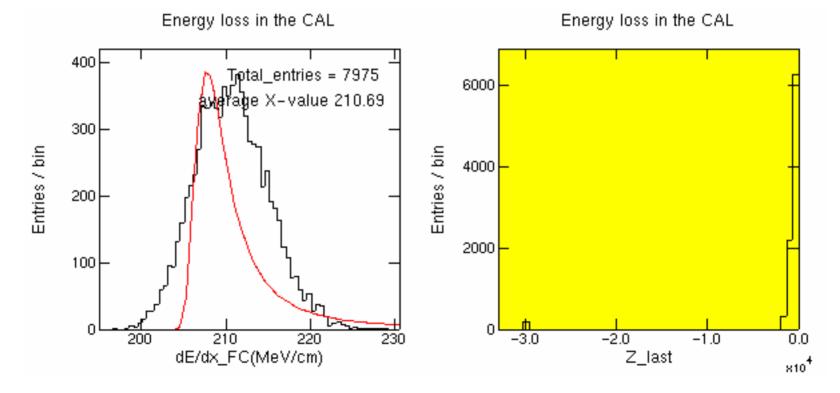
25

If cut on the z coordinate of the last step of C to make sure C goes out of the CAL, the second peak is removed

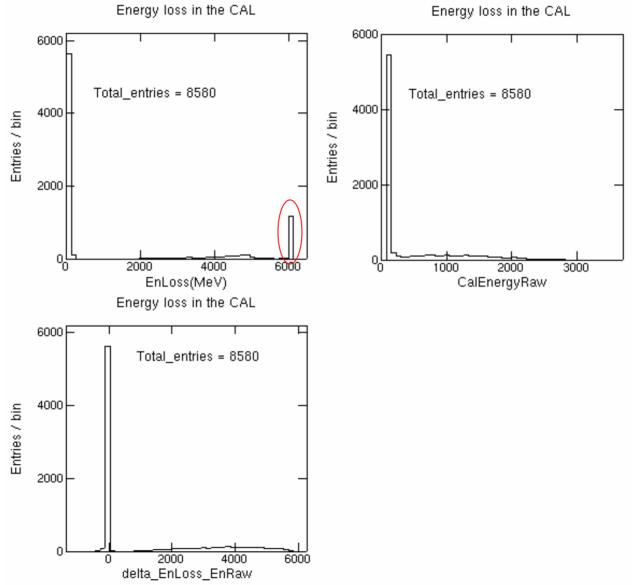


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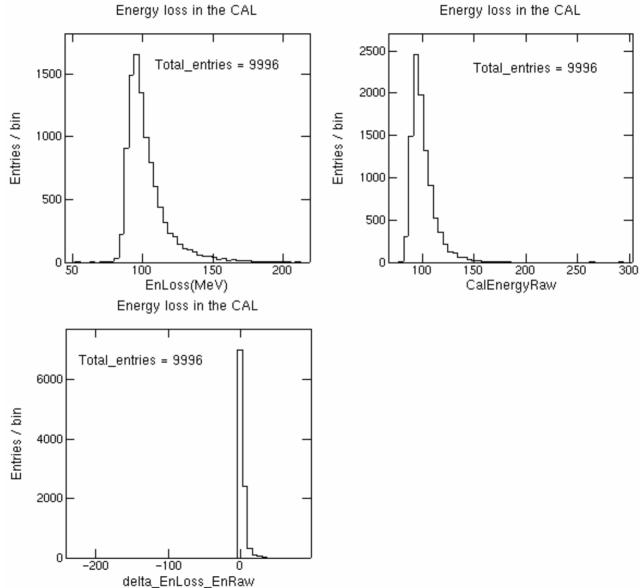
 If cut on the z coordinate of the last step of C to make sure C goes out of the first crystal, the long tail in dE/dx is removed. But it's still not Landau distribution.



Protons 6GeV



Muons 1.021GeV



Run 700002539 Carbon BA=-30.0 w/ cut energy deposited in 1 crystal per layer

