

BSA and TSE field

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Timestamp Event Issue: TSE

- Base-R3.14.8.2
 - Standalone generalTime/Customized for LCLS
- Base-R3.14.11
 - generalTime has been bundled into base
 - Different behavior compare to the standalone version
- Different Behavior between standalone and bundled

	Standalone (R3.14.8.2)	Bundled (R3.14.11)
TSE>0	TSE is event number (if IOC has EVR and TSE=1 : fiducial event, 360Hz EVR timestamp with Pulse_ID)	TimeStamp for Event number
TSE=0	If, IOC has EVR 120Hz EVR timestamp with Pulse_ID (because, TSE=0, beam pulse)	Always System Clock
TSE=-1	Best choice in the time/event source table generalTimeGetEventPriority() Choose between evrTimeGet() and evrTimeGetSystem()	Best choice in the time/event source table generalTimeGetEventPriority()
TSE=-2	Record support does not care about timestamp. Device developer has to provide timestamp with own code.	Record support does not care about the timestamp. Device developer has to provide timestamp with own code.

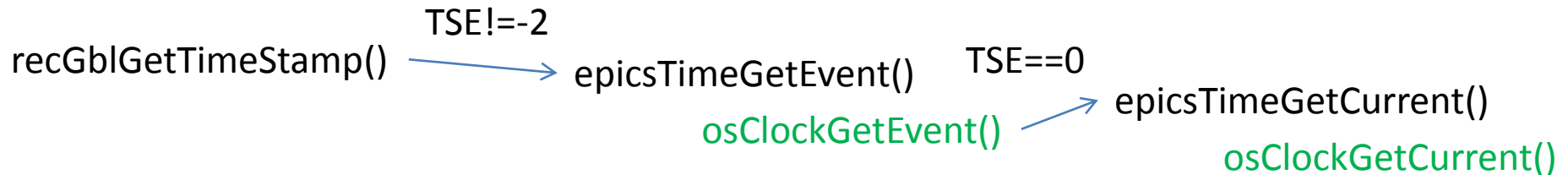
OSI calling chain for timestamp (1)

Record Time Stamping: base-R3.14.8.2

Default OSD:

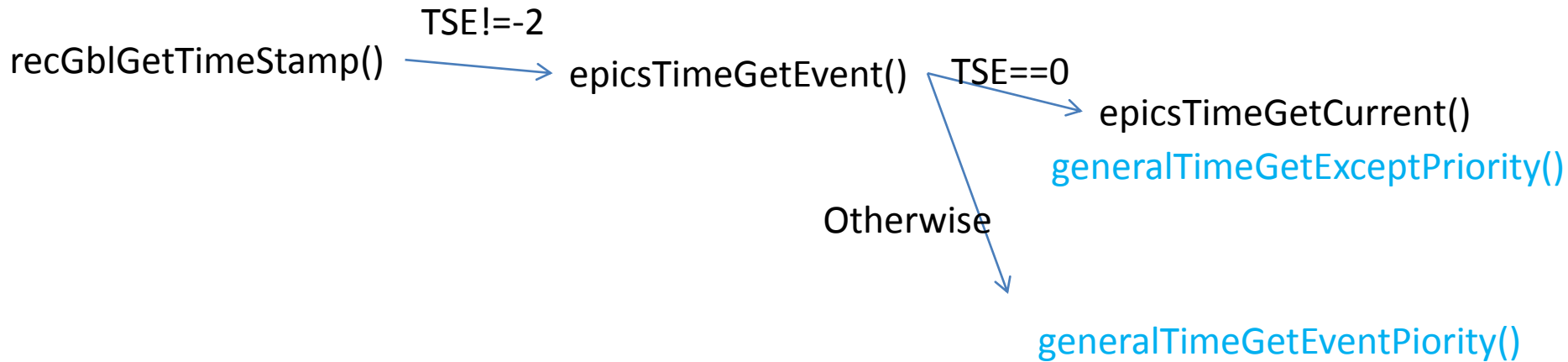
getCurrent = osclocClockGetCurrent;

getEvent = osclocClockGetEvent

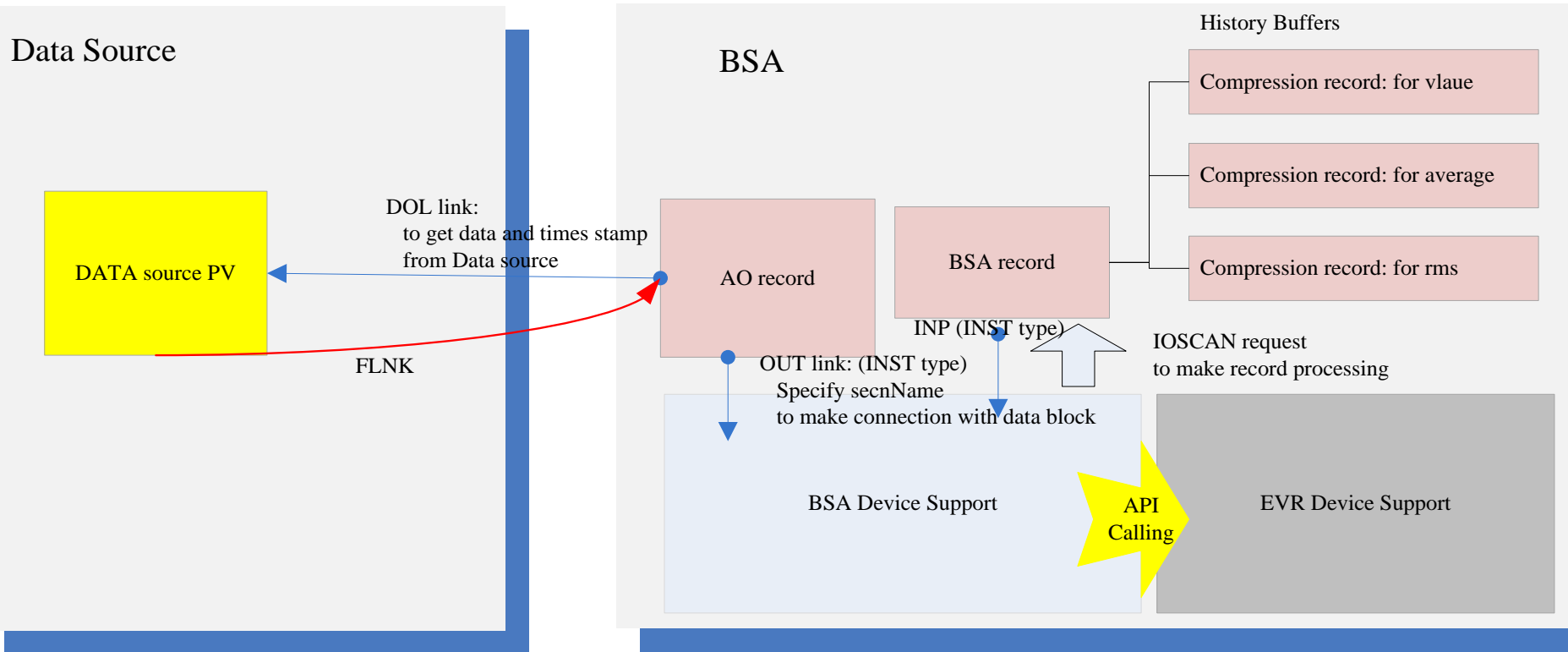


OSI calling chain for timestamp (2)

Record Time Stamping: base-R3.14.11



BSA Scheme



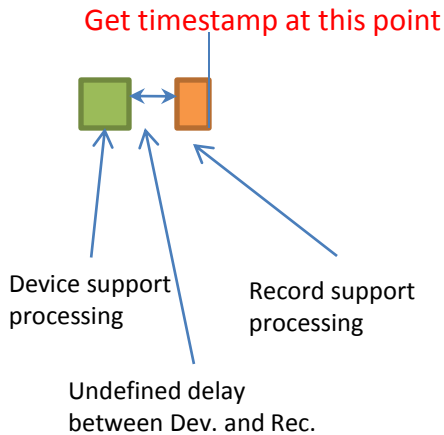
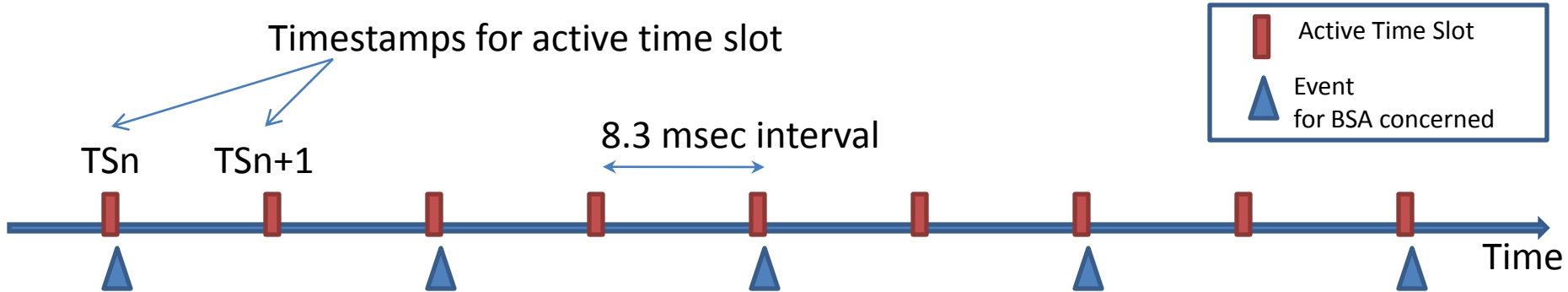
BSA Check Point

- DOL field in data receptor
 - AO record in BSA facility
 - The data receptor gets data, timestamp, and severity from the DOL LINK.
 - DOL should be pointed your data source
- Data Source PV
 - Timestamp (BSA aware)
 - FLNK to the data receptor

BSA aware Timestamp

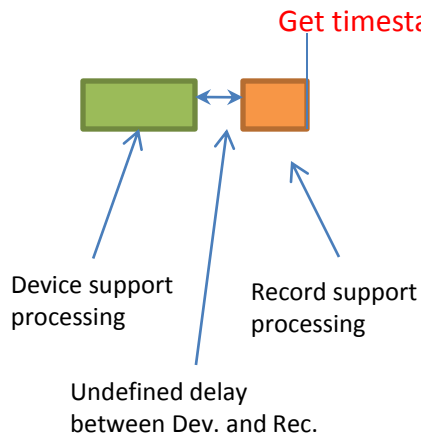
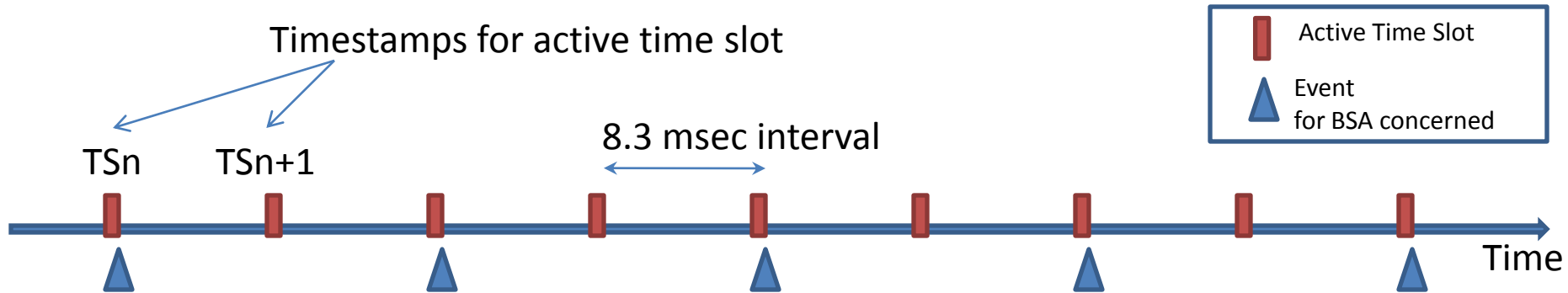
- Basically, BSA facility compares the timestamp from data source and BSA event definition
- Assume, the timestamp from data source reflects ACTIVE_TIMESLOT and Pulse ID
 - ACTIVE_TIMESLOT: TS1 and TS4, event#0 in LCLS Event system
 - Pulse ID: lower 17 bits in nano-sec in timestamp
- **TSE=-2** for your data source PV
 - if, our device support for data source PV, takes care the timestamp
 - Somewhere in device support should call the following function
`evrTimeGet(&pMyRec->timestamp, 0)`
- **TSE=0** (default or no description on TSE) for your data source PV
 - If we can guarantee that record processing must be finished within 8.33 msec (time interval between active timeslot 1/120).
- **TSE>1** for your data source PV
 - If we can not guarantee, the record processing can be finished within 8.33 msec (time interval between active time slot 1/120)
 - Or, data getting is not synchronized with beam or event system.
Ex, motor position

BSA aware timestamp and BSA Success/Fail scenario (1)



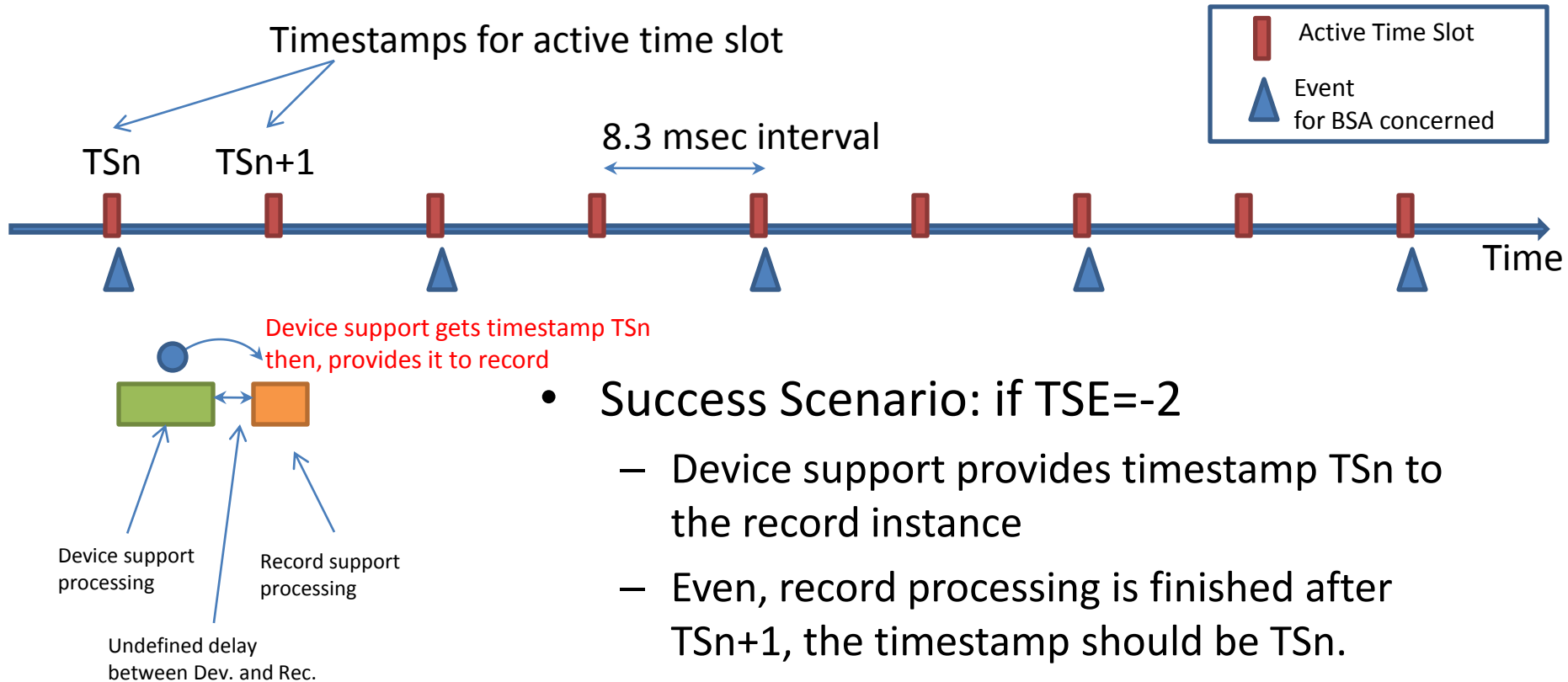
- Success Scenario: if TSE=0, and Guaranteed everything can be finished before next active time slot (within 8.3 msec)
 - Device support gets data for TS_n
 - When the record instance gets timestamp, it should be still TS_n

BSA aware timestamp and BSA fail/success scenario (2)



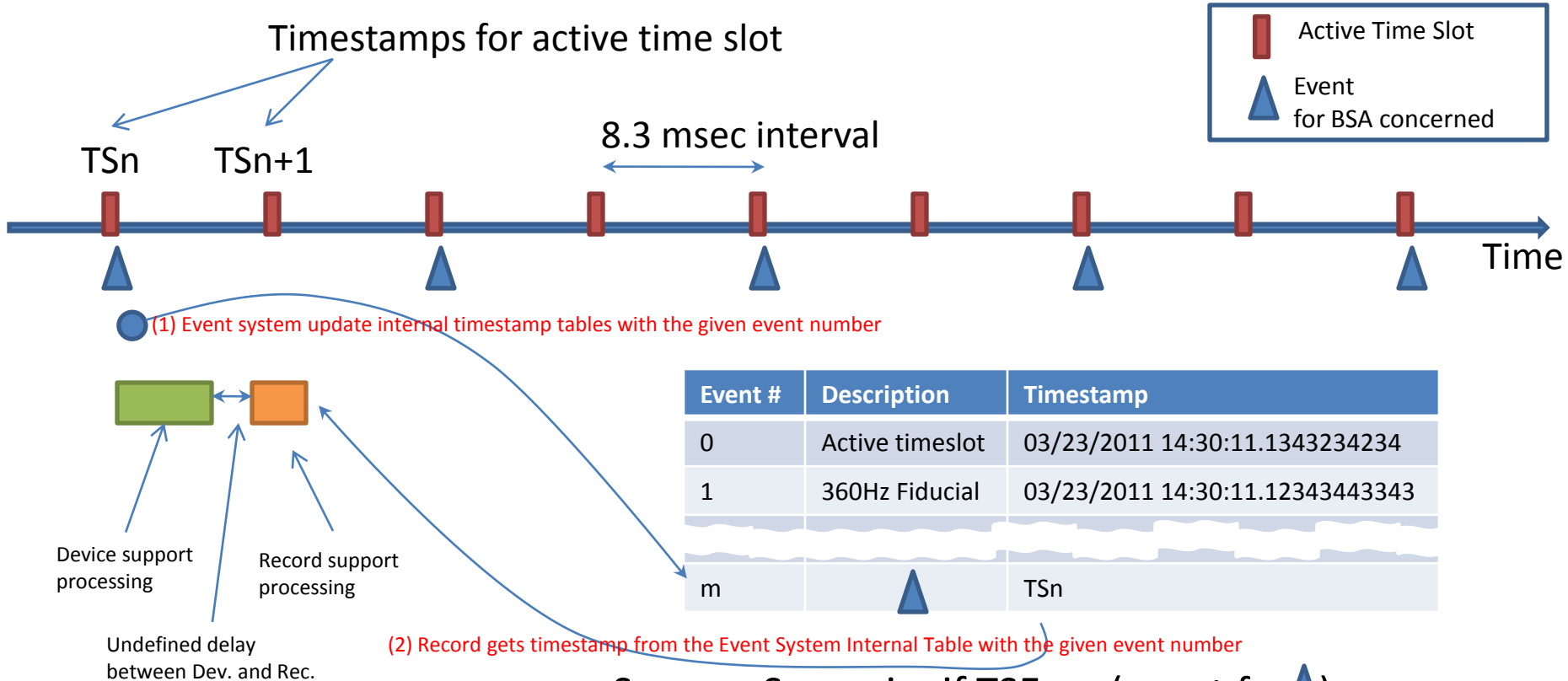
- Fail Scenario: if $TSE=0$
 - Device support successfully get data for TS_n
 - But, need to assume, there should be undefined delay before start record processing
 - And, record processing might be not finished until next active timeslot
 - The record (the data source PV) time stamp gets **TS_{n+1}**
 - Then, BSA could be failed.
BSA assumed TS_n timestamp for the data source PV

BSA aware timestamp and BSA fail/success scenario (3)



- Success Scenario: if TSE=-2
 - Device support provides timestamp TS_n to the record instance
 - Even, record processing is finished after TS_{n+1}, the timestamp should be TS_n.
 - BSA is succeeded

BSA aware timestamp and BSA fail/success scenario (4)

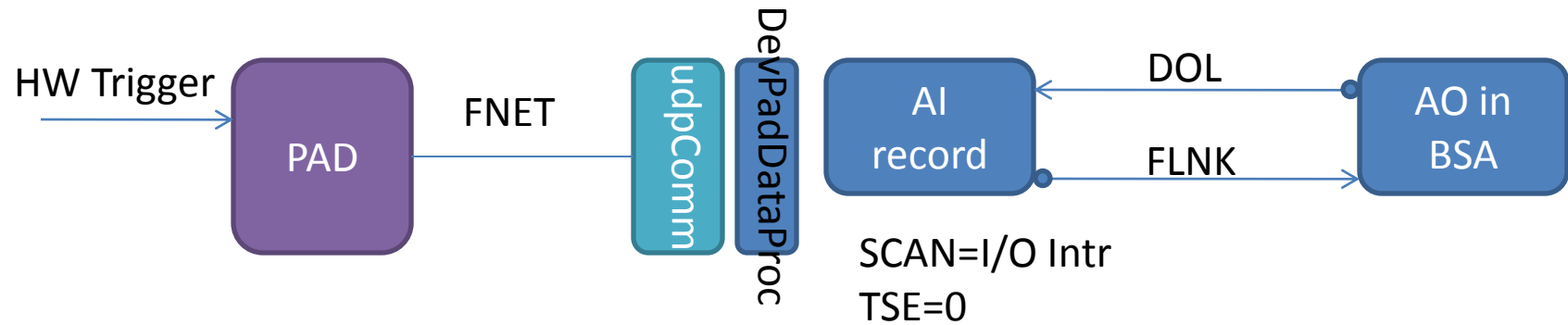


- Success Scenario: if TSE=m (event for ▲)
 - Need to Enable VME IRQ for event m
 - Event System maintain internal timestamp table for the events (including event m)
 - Record gets latest timestamp from table for event number m

Example for Scenario (1)

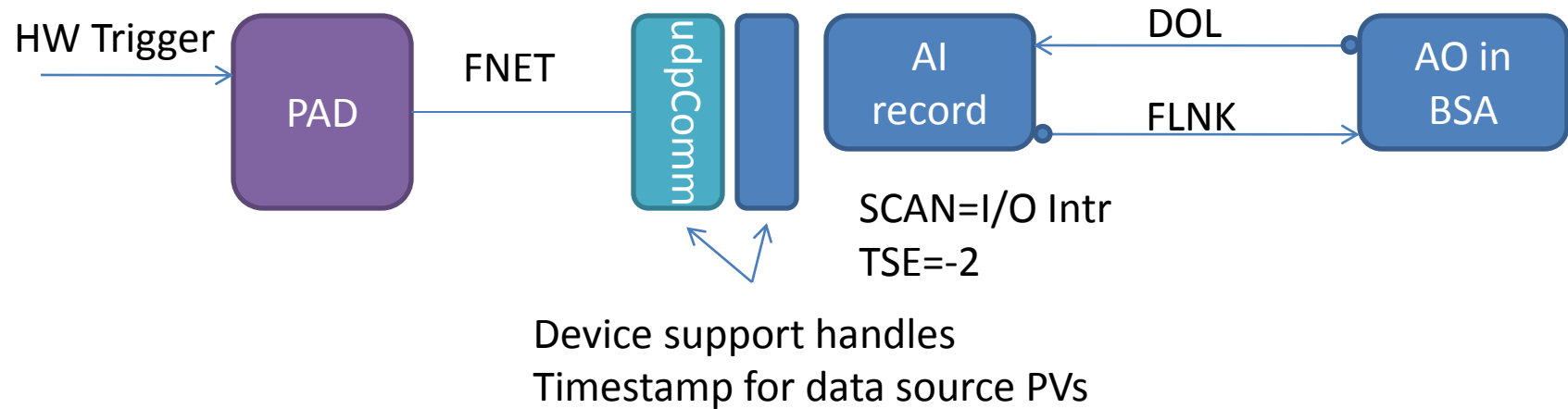
Guarantee that everything can be finished within 8.3 msec

LLRF PAD reading

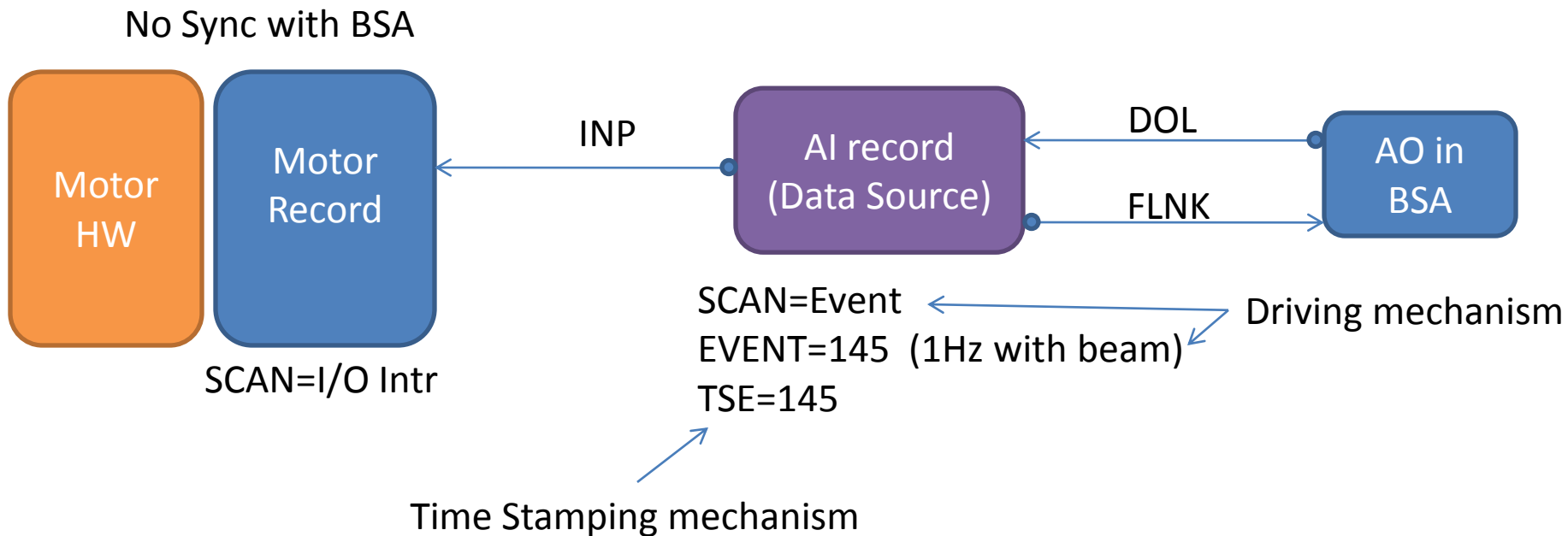


Example for Scenario (3)

BPM PAD reading

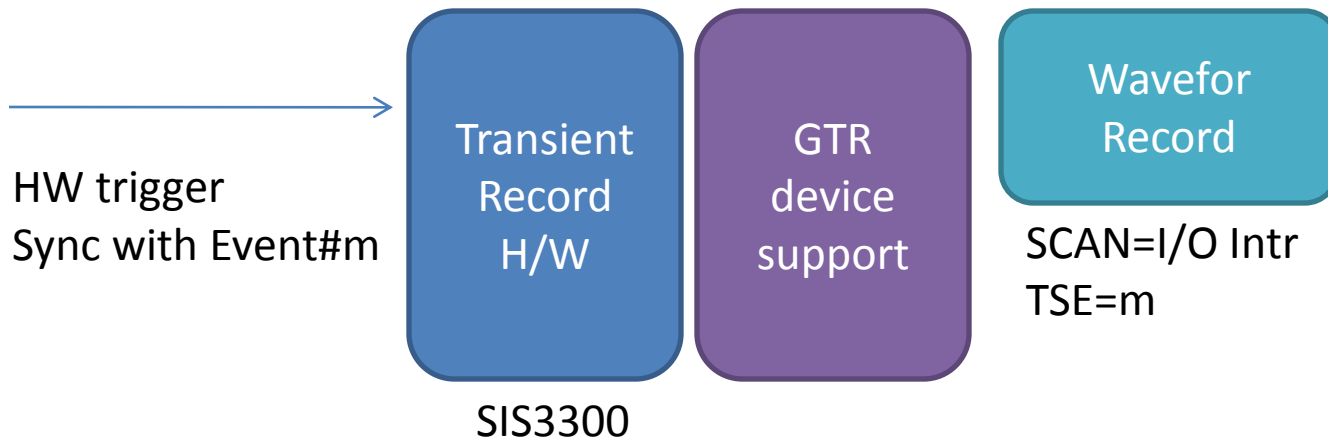


Example of Scenario (4) Asynchronous BSA?

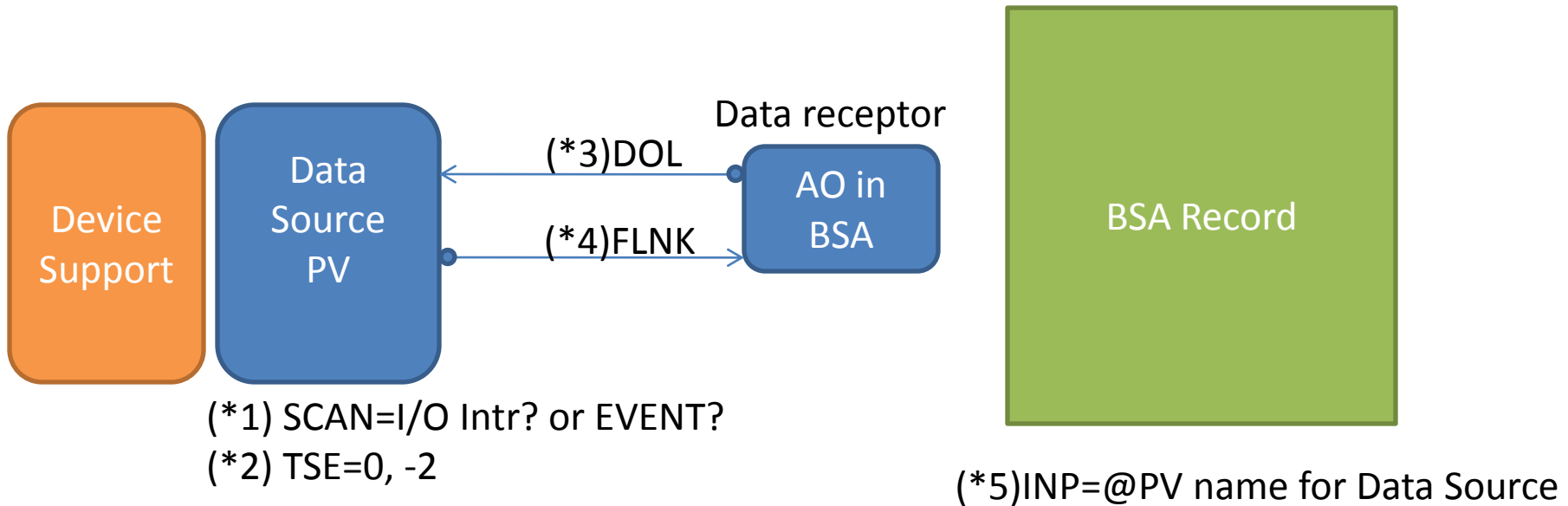


Exceptional Consideration

- BAS does not support waveform data
 - If, waveform can get the BSA aware timestamp: sync with 120Hz active timeslot & Pulse ID
 - Then, High level application can make correlation with other data: even BSA data
- How to get the BSA aware timestamp?
 - Suppose, device support does not handle the timestamp: general device support
 - EVR configuration: Enable VME IRQ for event#m



BSA Check Point AGAIN!



(*1) check up your data source driving mechanism

(*2) check up TSE in your data source, Please remind the success/fail scenario

(*3) (*5) check up if the PV name matched, DOL in data receptor and INP in BSA

(*4) check up the FLNK, your data source should drive the data receptor