

Artist conception

The Galactic TeV Gamma Ray Sky with the HAWC Observatory

Hao Zhou for the HAWC Collaboration 6th Fermi Symposium Nov, 2015

High Altiende Water Cherenkoy



E11

High

Altitude

Pico de Orizaba "Citlaltepetl" 5610m (18,400 ft)

Sierra Negra "Tliltepetl" 4582m (15,000 ft)

Latitude 19°N, Longitude = 97°W. In the Mexican state of Puebla

19°N, 97°W, 4100 m a.s.l.

Water Cherenkov



HAWC Design

• 100 GeV - 100 TeV Sensitivity

- 300 Water Cherenkov Detectors
- 22,000 m² detector area
- Average Angular Resolution (68% Cont.) 0.5
- Wide field of view: ~2 sr
- High duty cycle: >95%



Strengths: Unbiased sky survey Extended/large structures



HAWC Design

100 GeV - 100 TeV Sensitivity
300 Water Cherenkov Detectors
22,000 m² detector area
Average Angular Resolution (68% Cont.) 0.5¹

- Wide field of view: -2 sr
- High duty cycle: >95%



Strengths:

Unbiased sky survey

- J. Wood: GRB results (S.5, Tue)
- · A. Abeysekara: Blind Source Search (S.11A, Thu)

Extended/large structures

H. Ayala: Fermi Bubble Results (S.16A, Thu)



HAWC Pass 1 Data

Partial Array: Duration: Paper:

108 to 134 tanks August 2, 2013 - July 9, 2014 (283 days) Searching Galactic Sources

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HAWC-111

October 2013





For the analysis of this dataset using maximum Likelihood method,

- all sources are considered as point sources;
- the spectral index is fixed at 2.3.









- Ten sources/candidates are $>3\sigma$ post-trials.
 - Three firm detections and seven candidates;



Table 5. Possible TeV Gamma-Ray Source Counterparts

Source	Possible Counterpart	Counterpart Classification	Distance to Counterpart (°)	Published Angular Extent (°)	Extrapolated Published Flux	Flux Normalization ^a	Pivot Energy (TeV)
1HWC J1907+062c	MGRO J1908+06	UID	0.38	< 2.6	36	$22.0{\pm}4.6$	4
	HESS J1908+063	UID	0.19	$0.34\substack{+0.04\\-0.03}$	22.5		
	MGRO J1908+06 (ARGO)	UID	0.29	0.49 ± 0.22	61		
	MGRO J1908+06 (VERITAS)	UID	0.04	0.44 ± 0.02	20.0		
1HWC J1857+023	HESS J1857+026	UID	0.37	$(0.11\pm0.08)\times(0.08\pm0.03)$	13.0	18.0 ± 3.0	5
	MAGIC J1857.2+0263	PWN	0.33	$(0.17\pm0.03)\times(0.06\pm0.03)$	16.6		
	HESS J1858+020	UID	0.35	$(0.08\pm0.02)\times(0.02\pm0.04)$	1.8		
1HWC J1838-060	HESS J1841-055 (ARGO)	UID	0.16	$0.40\substack{+0.32\\-0.22}$	41	11.3 ± 1.2	7
	HESS J1841-055	UID	0.77	$(0.41\pm 0.04)\times (0.25\pm 0.02)$	11.7		25
	HESS J1837-069	PWN	0.97	$(0.12\pm0.02)\times(0.05\pm0.02)$	6.1		
1HWC J1844-031c	HESS J1843-033	UID	0.32	extended	N/A	$11.8 {\pm} 2.4$	6
	HESS J1846-029	PWN	0.61	point-like	1.1		
	ARGO J1841-0332	UID	0.87	point-like	N/A		
$1 \rm HWCJ1849\text{-}017c$	HESS J1848-018	MSC ^b	0.20	0.32 ± 0.02	2.5	$9.1{\pm}2.2$	6
1HWC J1836-090c	HESS J1834-087	UID	0.31	point-like+ (0.17 ± 0.01)	1.0	$5.8 {\pm} 1.3$	8
	HESS J1834-087 (MAGIC)	UID	0.41	0.14 ± 0.04	2.0		
$1 \rm HWCJ1836\text{-}074 c$	HESS J1837-069	PWN	0.55	$(0.12\pm0.02)\times(0.05\pm0.02)$	6.1	$6.9{\pm}1.4$	7
1HWC J1825-133	HESS J1825-137	PWN	0.55	$(0.23\pm0.02)\times(0.26\pm0.02)$	10.6	$7.3{\pm}1.4$	9

- Eight of them are likely associated with known TeV sources;
- Five of them have possible counterparts in 2FHL



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1HWC J1825-133



- · 2FHL J1824.5-1350e
 - extent (> 50GeV): 0.75°
- HESS J1825-137
 - spectral softening as a function of radius
- Pulsar Wind Nebula

- 1HWC J1825-133 (5.4σ post-trial)
 - 276.3±0.1, -13.3±0.2
 - Compatible flux at 9 TeV



HAWC-250 Data

Quasi-full Array: Duration: Preliminary:

247 to 293 tanks Nov 26, 2014 - May 6, 2015 (150 days) Geminga

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HAWC-250

March 20 2015:
HAWC inauguration
Full operation began



HAWC-250 150-Day TeV Sky

 38σ Crab





Extended Source: Geminga

A nearly particle accelerator, *Contributor to the positron excess?*

X-ray: XMM-Newton





Extended Source: Geminga

A nearly particle accelerator, Contributor to the positron excess?



Milagro - 8 years

Yuksel, Kistler & Stanev. PRL. (2009).

Appears very large (3°)* Spatial and spectral analysis in progress.

*PRELIMINARY



 80σ on the Crab in 211 days

Preliminary



Achieving proposed angular resolution and sensitivity



Outlook



More sensitive data with full detector and improved analysis:

allow more sensitive sky survey and more precise spectral and morphological studies.

The Multi-Mission Maximum Likelihood (3ML) framework: perform joint analysis with data from different instruments.

 HAWC Sparse Outrigger Array: Increase array size by 4X enhance sensitivity above 10 TeV



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1HWC J1838-060



Angular Resolution and Gamma/Hadron Separation - Data from the Crab (preliminary)



Angular resolution for large events: Gaussian "sigma" ~ 0.15° 68% containment: 0.24° Achieving proposed resolution



>85% PMTs Hit

PINC - Parameter for Identification of Nuclear Cosmic Rays.

Reject >99.9% of hadronic background for large events while retaining >50% of gamma rays.