

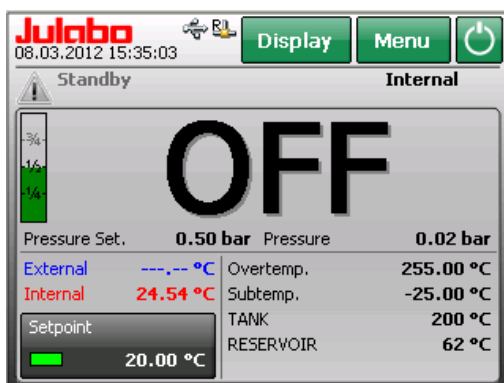


The Power of Thermodynamics™

Operating Manual

PRESTO®

User Interface



1.953.3041_V3 us 12/12

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1. Initial Operation

1.1. Connecting to power supply



Caution:

- This device may be attached to protected earth (PE) mains power outlets only!
- The mains plug serves as a reliable way to disconnect the unit from its power supply for safety reasons and must be readily accessible at all times.
- Do not attempt to use the unit if the power cable is damaged!
- Regularly inspect the power cable for damage.
- No liability for improper power connection!

Compare the available mains voltage and mains frequency with the specifications on the type label.

- Connect the mains plug to a protected earth (PE) power supply socket!

1.2. Switching the unit on / selecting language



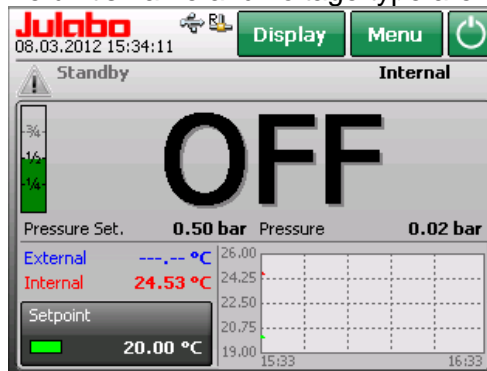
- ① Refer to >Settings menu< on page 18 for language selection.

To switch the unit on:

Use the mains switch to bring the unit into operation. The integrated lamp indicates that the power is on.

As initialization proceeds, the unit will assume the start positions and emit mechanical sounds.

The unit's name and voltage type are displayed briefly.



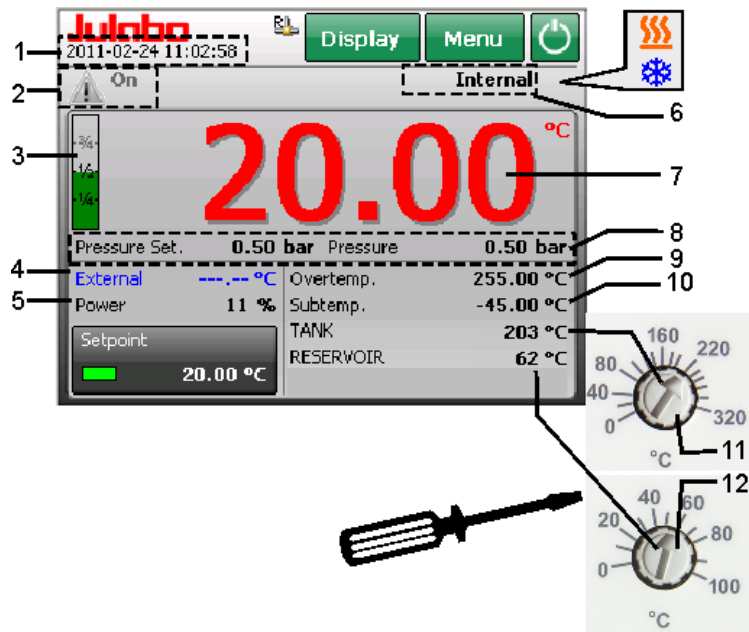
The unit will enter the same operating mode that it was in before shutdown, i.e.

manual model (operation with the unit's controls or remote control (operation via PC).

2. Normal display

The normal display contains important values and functions.

ⓘ Adjust the high temperature cut-off by slowly turning the dial with a screwdriver. The exact value will appear on the display.



- 1 Date / time
- 2 Status: on/Standby
- 3 Fill level indicator
- 4 External temperature sensor value
- 5 Current power (X% heating, -X% cooling)
- 6 Selected temperature control (internal/external)
- 7 Actual liquid temperature
- 8 Selected max. pressure and actual pressure
- 9 Selected high temperature cut-off (👁️ page 45)
- 10 Selected low temperature cut-off
- 11 High temperature cut-off (**TANK**)
- 12 High temperature cut-off (**RESERVOIR**)

Note:

The order and availability of values 9 to 12 will depend on the settings in the > Customize Home display < menu. Page 20 The factory state is shown here.



- Cooling icon Blinking or continuous
- Heating icon Blinking or continuous
- < Setpoint button

- Adjust normal display
- Call up main menu
- Start/Stop button

State information
Examples:



- Remote control mode through interface (👁️ page 94)
- A storage medium is inside the unit. (👁️ page 41)
- The unit is connected to a PC via ethernet. (👁️ page 52)
- Access to unit is blocked (👁️ page 13)
- Remote control mode via "Wireless Temp"



Warning

- The > **TANK** < high temperature cut-off should be set to 15 °C above the working temperature setpoint.
- The > **RESERVOIR** < high temperature cut-off **must** be set to at least 25 °C below the heattransfer liquid's firepoint.

Adjust the normal display



- ① You can adjust the normal display to your requirements by pressing the >Display< key.



- ① You may select the colors used in the normal display's chart.
>Settings menu< page 18.

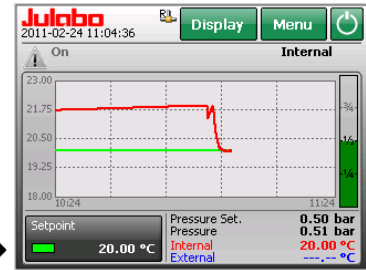
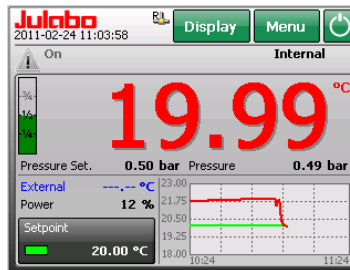


Chart shows the progression of the setpoint and actual temperature.


Displays during errors

ALARM red > **14**

WARNING yellow > **40**

Help is always accessible

through the icons  or .

Touch the icon and a list of errors will be displayed. 

The unit provides straightforward and intuitive operation on the color TFT display even during errors.

Error messages are divided into two categories: >ALARM< and >WARNING<

| Code | From | Until | ? | X |
|------------|---------------------|---------------------|---|---|
| 14 | 2011-02-24 11:05:39 | | ? | X |
| 40 | 2011-02-24 09:33:55 | 2011-02-24 09:46:31 | ? | X |
| 108 | 2011-02-23 15:33:39 | | ? | X |
| 14 | 2011-02-23 14:31:44 | 2011-02-23 15:33:39 | ? | X |
| 1 | 2011-02-23 13:02:31 | | ? | X |

Date and time when the error appeared are stored and displayed.

If possible, this data will also be stored during removal of the error.

Example code **40** **14**






ALARM display






Error messages are displayed in a red box.

Resolution for example E14:

Touch the red box to mute the alarm.



Press  button for help text.

The module and the configuration are displayed. 
 Follow the instructions in the help text.  
 Press  button. 

Press  button again for help text. 
 Press  button.  

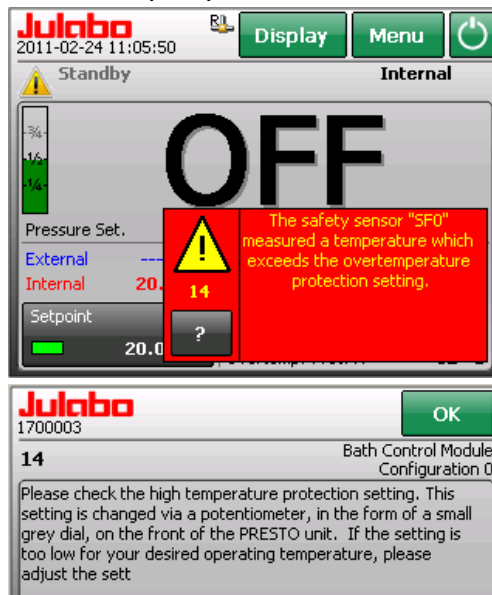
Another error message (E108) appears and describes a pathway for overcoming the alarm.


Press  button for help text. 

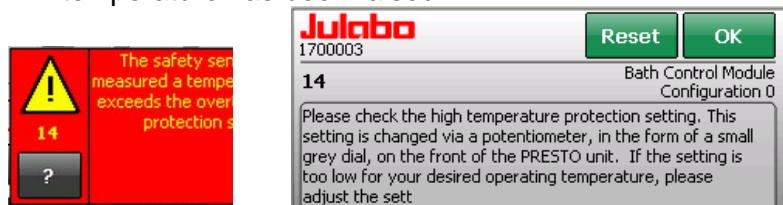
Follow the instructions in the help text.  


The unit is now ready to continue operation.

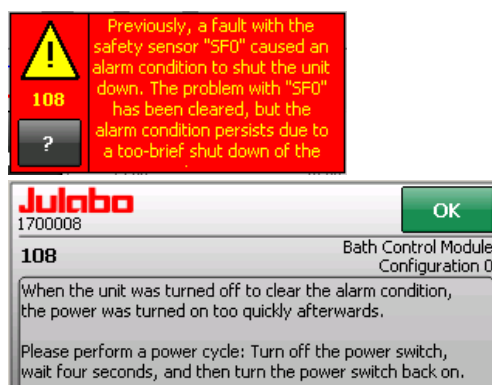
The unit switches to „Standby“. Heater, refrigeration unit and circulation pump are switched off.



 Error message (E 14) remains although the safety temperature has been raised.



 A <Reset> is not permitted in this case because, according to NAMUR, this condition must be resolved via hardware.
Errors not subject to this regulation are resolved via <Reset>.



Not all alarms may be removed on-site.
 List of all error messages see page 108

WARNING display:

A warning does not result in shutdown of the heater, refrigeration unit, and circulation pump.

The unit provides the option of defining some warning limits independently, such as limits for pump pressure, limits for over-temperature and under-temperature.

If one of these limits is exceeded, a warning (ticker and signal) will continue for as long as the cause is active.

The yellow attention symbol  will remain. It will draw attention to events that occurred during absence of the operating personnel. The events are stored in a list of errors.

Warnings are displayed as a ticker in the status line.






Example: Warning 40




Touch the icon to mute the signal.

Touch  or  and a list of errors will be displayed.

Buttons in the list -  

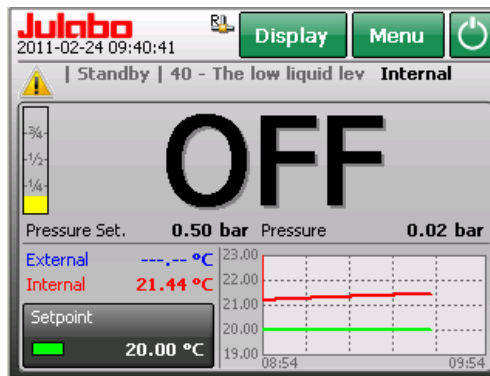
Press the  button for help text.

Press  to delete an error message from the list. The 10 most recent events are shown.




The complete list may be viewed in the password-protected service menu.

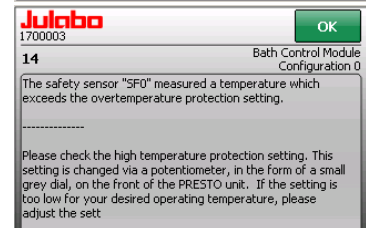
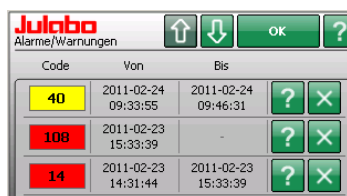
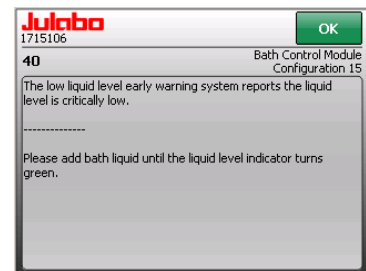


page 44



Use the   keys to view the list.

Use the  key to exit the list. The yellow Attention icon "" is reset to ".



2.1. Set temperature

Select setpoint

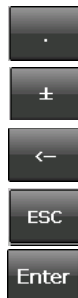


Setpoint button

← Input panel (example: 25.00 °C)

←← The green keys display the most recently selected values.

← Input keys
Keys 0 to 9 (digits keypad)



Decimal point button

Minus/plus button

Backspace key

Exit window without changes

Input/confirm entry

2.2. Start / Stop



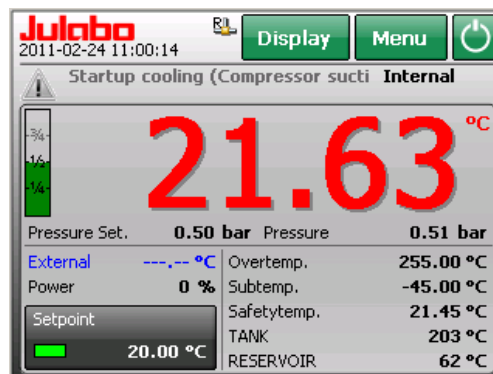
Press Start/Stop button



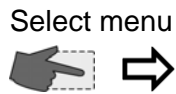
The start-up phase can last up to 30 seconds.

The unit switches to „On“ and runs through a start-up phase, during which various parameters are checked and/or adjusted.

When the ticker is no longer displayed, the unit operates normally.




3. Main menu view



3.1. Available keys in the main menu



Block access to unit  / password-protected actions.




Go back one menu level.



Home (return to normal display).



Retrieve help menu

Press <> and then press the desired entry in the menu.



Indicates available submenu.

Digits keypad



Keys 0 to 9 (digits keypad)

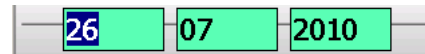


Exit window without changes



Move cursor: left / right

Example: Date input boxes



Backspace key



Input/confirm entry

Example: Input box with temperature value -10 °C



Decimal point button



Minus/plus button



3.2. Unit Access/Safety Settings



have full rights.



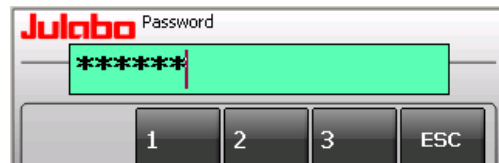
Administrator assignment of password and access rights.

Without an entry in the menu, the unit can be operated by any authorized person. You can change the unit's safety settings in this menu. The authorized users and user rights can be restricted.

An >Administrator< is authorized to manage access to the unit. He can approve differing rights for two groups of users. Access is always password-protected.



A six-digit password was set at the factory so the administrator can gain initial access.

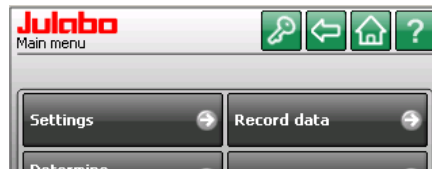
Six zeros: **000000**



 Refer to page 16 to change the administrator password.

3.2.1. Administrator - Managing Access to the Unit

Press the key   in > **Main menu** <.



The >**Unit account**< menu is displayed.

 Light gray buttons are blocked.

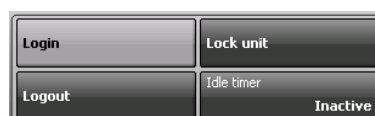
Press the key



Enter the administrator password.

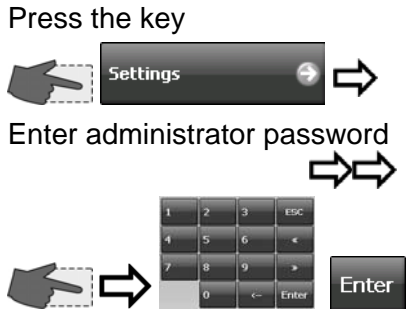


>**Lock unit**< >**Idle timer**<
Description page 17



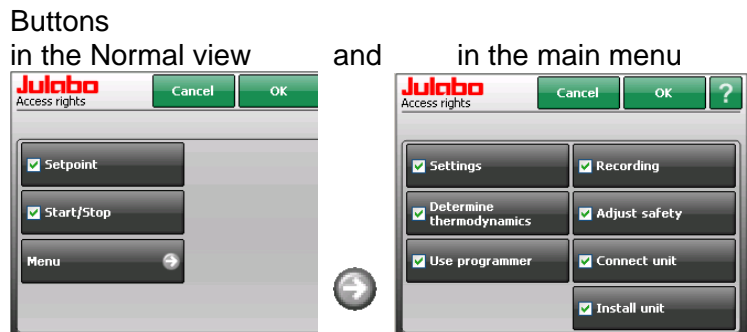
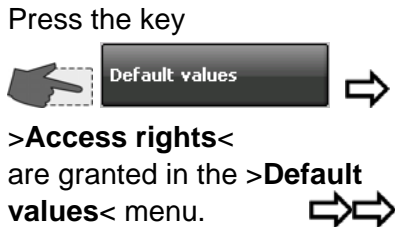
Press >**Logout**< to re-enable access to the unit.

The administrator uses the password-protected **>Settings<** menu to grant access rights and passwords.



Default settings

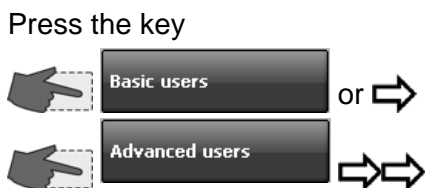
If none of the user groups are logged in, the released functions and menus will be accessible by all users.



User groups

This is where the administrator assigns a password and access rights to specific user groups.

If a user group is logged in, settings can be changed only after entering the corresponding password.



Press the key



The user is asked to enter a new password and reenter the password for confirmation.

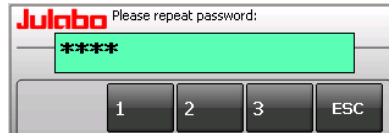
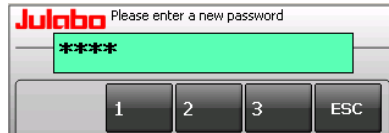


Confirm setting with



Example:

Basic users



Example:

4-digit password for > Basic users <

Press the key



Use the check box to grant or deny access rights to user groups.

Confirm setting with



Basic users

Advanced users

Factory settings



Reset

Press the key



Press this button to reset all access rights to factory settings.



Administrator

Change Password:

Press the key

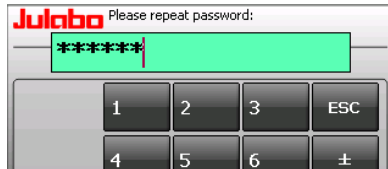
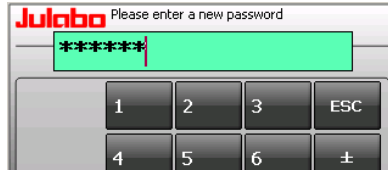


The user is asked to enter a new password and reenter the password for confirmation.



ATTENTION:
Record the new password in a secure place.

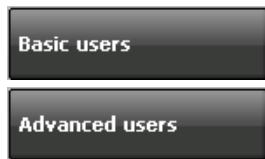
It will not be possible to access the unit without this password. The factory password will be overwritten.




Forget your password?

This can be resolved only through the >Service menu< Page 44. The authorized service person can delete the stored password and reset it back to the factory setting.

3.2.2. User Groups - Managing Access to the Unit



Press the key  in > **Main menu** <.

The >**Unit account**< menu is displayed.

Press this button to login

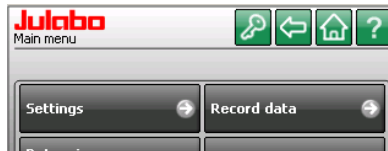


Enter the password



Users can sign on with the password that has been assigned to them.

After login, all settings approved for the relevant user group will be accessible by everyone without reentering the password. Press "Lock unit" to prevent misuse.



 Light gray buttons are blocked.



Access to the unit is enabled for the respective user group. Permitted adjustments can now be performed.



Block unit access immediately

Press the key



Block with time delay.

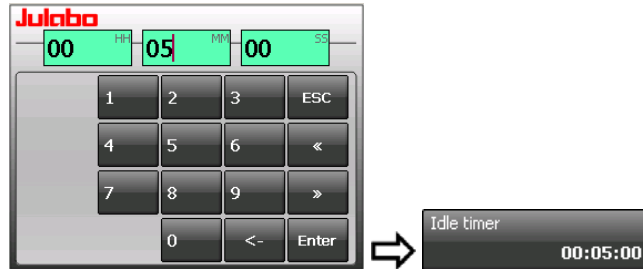
Press the key



Enter the desired time here, after which the unit will be blocked if no additional entries are made.

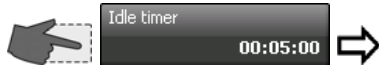
Example: 5 minutes.

Set time.

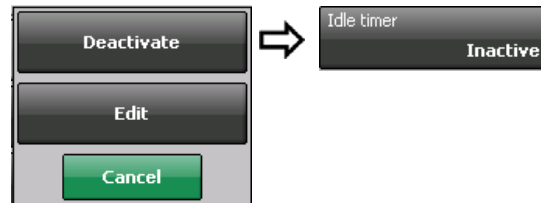


The current setting is shown on the button and will remain until changed.

Press the key



"Deactivate" time or "Edit" time.



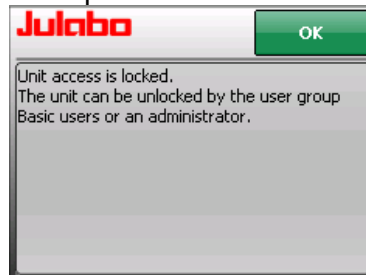
The unit will automatically switch to the normal display.



If someone attempts to use a locked unit, a window will open to notify the user that the unit is locked.

Example:

Press  to enter password



Access to the unit can be restored by entering the password of the user group that locked the unit or the administrator password.

If an incorrect user group password is entered three times in a row, the administrator password will be required to enable the unit.

Enable access to the unit.

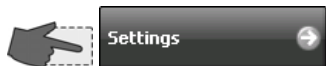
Press Logout.



After pressing >Logout<, access to the unit is re-enabled.


4. "Settings" menu

Select in the main menu




Select menu here

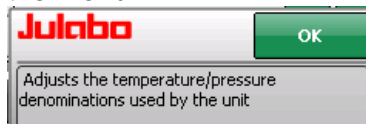


The buttons will display the current settings or indicate availability of a submenu: .

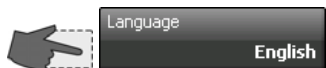


Example: Call up the >Units< Help menu.

Press the  button and then press the >Units< button in the menu.



4.1. "Language" menu



Select language.

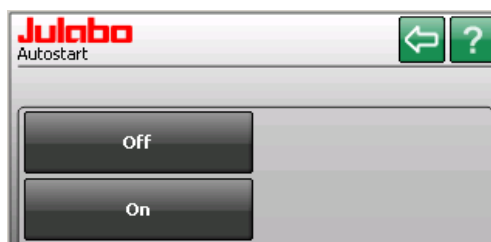


4.2. "Autostart" menu



Switch Autostart on/off

Allows the direct start of the temperature control systems via the mains power switch.



>Autostart<

Note:

The temperature system has been configured and supplied by JULABO according to N.A.M.U.R. recommendations. This means for the start mode, that the unit must enter a safe operating state after a power failure (non-automatic start mode). This safe operating state is indicated by "OFF", on the TFT-Display. A complete shutdown of the main functional elements such as heater and circulation pump is effected simultaneously.

Using the AUTOSTART function is only possible when a set-point is set via >TFT Display< and >EPROG-input<.

Should such a safety standard not be required, the AUTOSTART function (automatic start mode) may be activated, thus allowing the start of the instrument directly by pressing the mains power switch or using a timer.

4.3. "Units" menu



The buttons will display the current settings.

Select the temperature units



Select pressure units



Select flow rate units



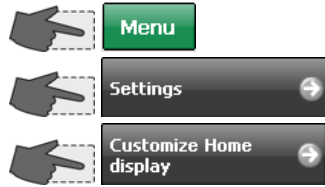
Select Capacity / Work units



4.4. Menu Customize Home display

Two paths to the submenu
> Customize Home display <.

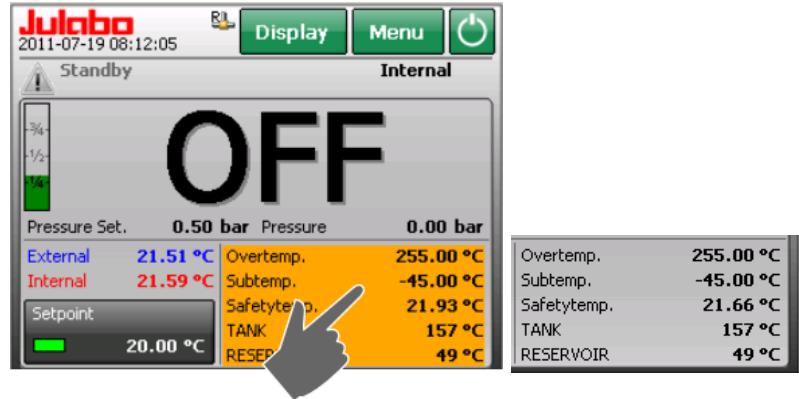
1. Via



2. Touch the field. →

The sequence and choice of the values in the orange field can be changed.

ⓘ The partial area in the lower right is a keypad which turns orange when touched.



The current setting is displayed on the keypad. →

☞ Choose value X.

Example: value 1

Choice of displayable values. → →

Push ↓ for further values.

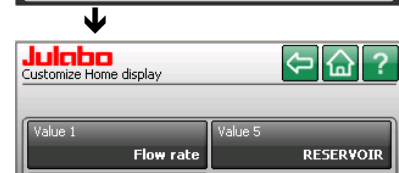
☞ Choose value and automatic return to
> Customize Home display <.

Or push ↶ and leave the display without changes.

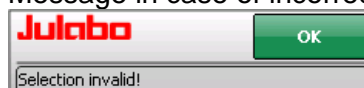
ⓘ Active key light green.



Example: Value 1 / Flow rate

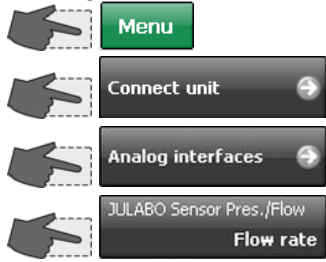


ⓘ Message in case of incorrect choice.



Whether >Pressure< or >Flow rate< are settable, depends on the setting of >JULABO Sensor Pres./Flow<.

Setting via



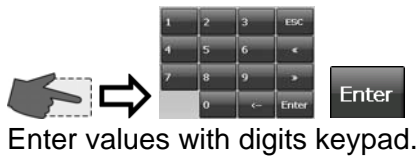
(page 61)



4.5. "Date / time" menu



Set date / time

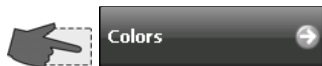


Enter values with digits keypad.



ⓘ Various options each are available for >Format< and >Separator<.

4.6. "Colors" menu



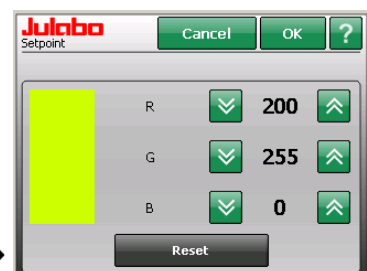
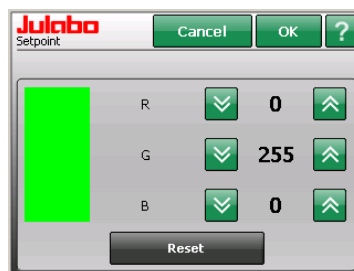
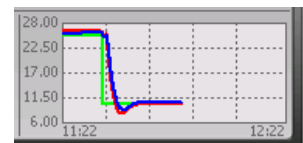
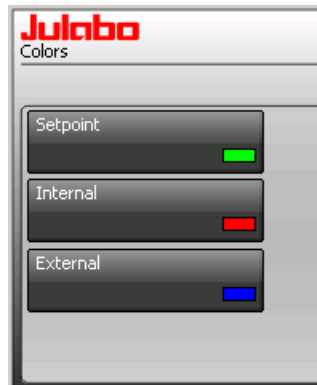
Select colors

You may select the colors used in the normal display's chart.

Use to change the settings in the selected submenu.

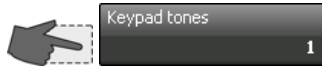
Red
Green (example at left, setpoint)
Blue

Confirm setting with .



ⓘ In this way you can choose custom colors from the RGB color palette.

4.7. "Keypad tones" menu



Switch tones on/off

An audible tone will be emitted each time you press a button. Three different tone lengths are available.



4.8. "Info" menu

Select Info



Information on module configuration.

Examples




5. "Determine thermodynamics" menu

Select in the main menu



Select menu here



 indicates available submenu.




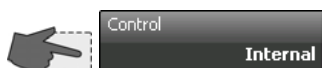
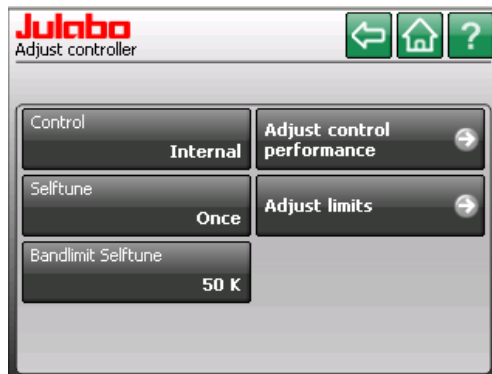
5.1. "Adjust controller" menu



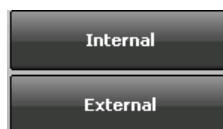
Select menu




The buttons will display the current settings or indicate availability of a submenu: .



Select desired control type

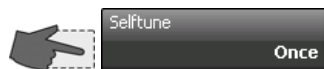


Presto temperature-control units let you choose between internal (inside the heat exchanger) or external (directly at the application or temp.-control loop) temperature control.

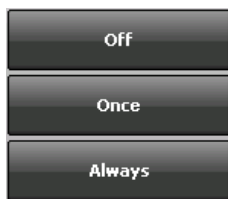
 Your selection is shown in the normal display.



5.1.1. "Self-tune" menu



Select setting




During self-tuning, the controlled process's parameters X_p , T_n , and T_v will be automatically determined and stored.

Available parameters:

Off - no self-tuning

The control parameters of the most recent identification are stored and will be used for control purposes.

Once - one-time self-tuning

The unit will perform a one-time identification of the controlled process each time the unit is started with the  button or via the start command through the interface.

Always - continuous self-tuning

The circulator will identify the controlled process at each setpoint jump.


Select this option only if the controlled system changes continuously.

5.1.2. Bandlimit Selftune

During self-tuning, it is important to prevent the speed of the temperature change in the rapid internal system (Presto) from greatly exceeding the speed of the temperature change in the slower external application.

A bandlimit during self-tuning ensures that temperature changes in the unit (small mass) and in the application (usually larger masses) proceed uniformly. This applies to the heat up and cool down phases.

The maximum permissible temperature difference is defined with the value `>Bandlimit selftune<`.

 As long as `>Bandlimit selftune<` is engaged, the bandlimit will be switched off during external control. (See `>Lower/upper bandlimit<` Page 29)

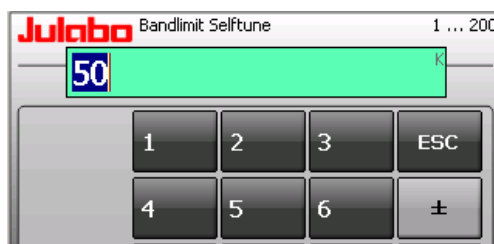


Set value



Example: 50 K

Setting range see display of unit. ↓



5.1.3. "Adjust control performance" menu



Select menu



indicates available submenu.

The buttons will display the current settings.

Select parameters



Set new values.

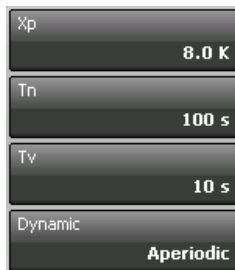


Preparing for external control:

Connect the Pt100 external sensor to the socket in the socket panel. It is normally not necessary to calibrate the sensor.

In special situations, a three-point calibration, for example, can be performed with the "Adjust sensors" function (see Page 83).

Internal parameters



or



External parameters



Internal/external control parameters

In most cases, the factory-set control parameters will be adequate for achieving an optimal temperature sequence in the item being controlled.

Adjustable control parameters give you the ability to adapt to unusual processes.

Setting range:
internal/external
0.1 ... 99.9 K

Proportional range >Xp<

The proportional range is the temperature range below the setpoint in which the heating capacity is controlled from 100% to 0%.

Setting range:
internal/external
0 ... 10000 s

Reset time >Tn< (integral proportion)

Compensation for the control deviation that remains due to the proportional controller. Reset times that are too small may lead to instability. Reset times that are too large will make compensation of the control difference unnecessarily long.

Setting range:
internal/external
0 ... 1000 s

Rate time >Tv< (differential proportion)

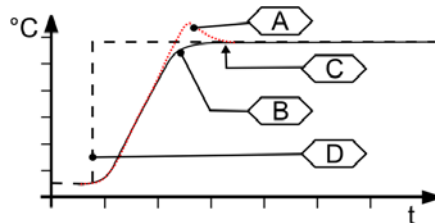
The differential proportion shortens the adjustment time. If the rate time is too small, equalization of an interference value will be extended and you will

experience large overshoots when approaching a setpoint. If the rate times are too great, you may experience instability (oscillations).

Setting range:
0.1 ... 99.9 K

Proportional range >Xpu<

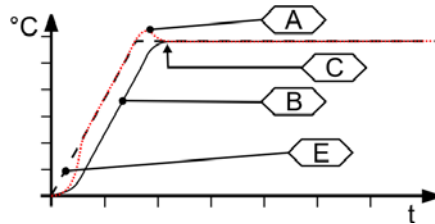
The Xpu proportional range of the underlying controller is needed only for external control.



> Dynamic <

This parameter influences the temperature sequence only during **internal** control.

Available parameters:



Standard The temperature will climb faster, but may overshoot by up to 5%. If a ramp is defined, the temperature sequence will largely follow this ramp.

Aperiodic. Temperature will increase with time offset (no overshoots).

Both settings will achieve adequate temperature stability after approximately the same amount of time.

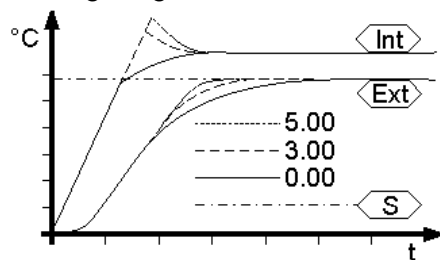
- A Standard
- B Aperiodic
- C Temperatur stability
- D Setpoint
- E Temperature ramp

>CoSpeed factor<

This parameter will influence the temperature sequence only with **external** control.

The setting influences calculation of the control parameters during identification, thereby influencing control behavior.

Setting range: 0.00 to 5.00

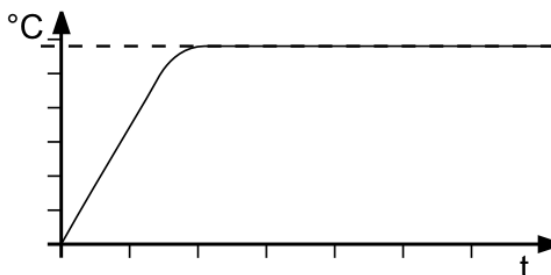


- S Setpoint
- Ext External temperature
- Int Internal temperature

Optimization tips for PID control parameters

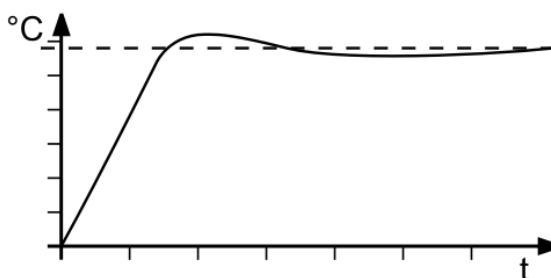
The progression of the control object's temperature over time can indicate improperly adjusted control parameters.

Optimal

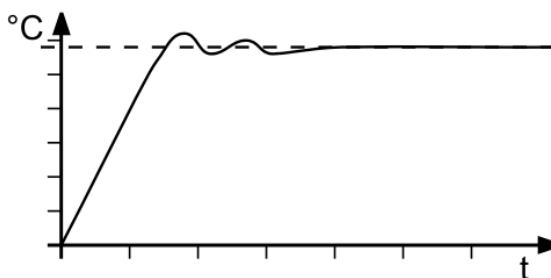


Improper adjustment may lead to the following heat-up curves:

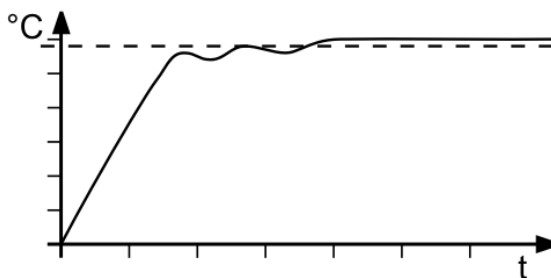
Xp too small



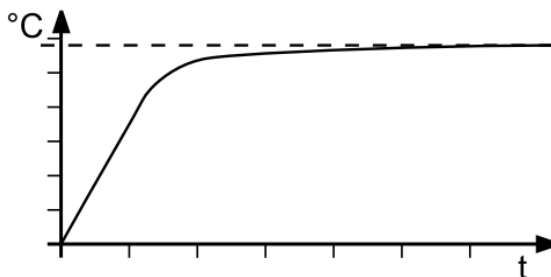
Tv/Tn too small



Xp too large or Tv too large



Tv/Tn too large or Xp too large



5.1.4. "Adjust limits" menu



Select menu



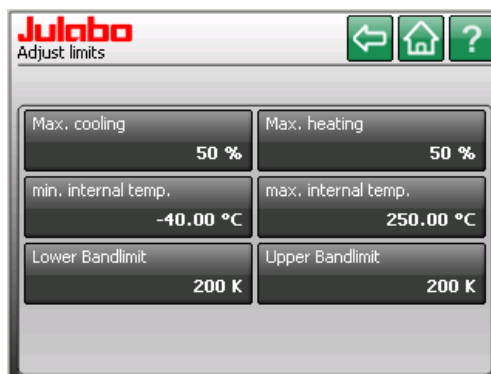
The buttons will display the current settings.

① Example: setting ranges see display of unit. ↓



The >Limits< menu allows you to define the minimum and maximum values for all important setting ranges and power variables.

The setting ranges depend on the performance category of the temperature control system.



Selected maximum heating / cooling capacity

The unit's heating and cooling capacities are adjustable. 100% corresponds to the capacity specified in the technical data.

Setting range:

- Max. heating capacity 0 to 100% in 1% steps
- Max. cooling capacity 0 to 100% in 1% steps

Min. internal temp and max. internal temp

Maximum and minimum setpoint in internal bath.

The max. internal temp and min. internal temp limits apply only when using the "external" operating mode. Max. internal temp and min. internal temp define static limits for the anticipated temperatures in the internal bath. The temperature controller cannot exceed these limits, even if this would be necessary in order to achieve the desired temperature in the external system. In some situations this may prevent you from reaching the external setpoint.

Reasons for setting limits:

- Protect the heat transfer liquid from overheating.
- Prevent the high temperature cut-off >Error 14< from triggering an undesired alarm shutoff.
Set the > Internal max.< value at least 5 °C below the >High temperature cut-off (tank)< value.
- Protect the pump motor from excessive viscosity of the heat transfer liquid at low temperatures.

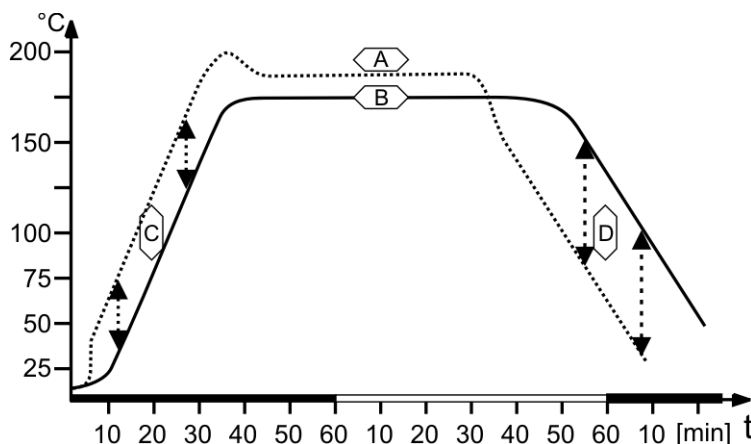
Lower bandlimit and Upper bandlimit

Bandlimits are active during external control. Various settings are possible for the heat-up and cool-down phases as required.

Setting range: 0 °C ... 200 K

Legend:

- A Internal bath
- B External system
- C Upper bandlimit
- D Lower bandlimit



> **Upper bandlimit** < and > **Lower bandlimit** < define the maximum permissible temperature difference between the internal bath and the external system during the heat-up or cool-down phase, respectively.

During the heat-up phase, this difference value is always added to the current external temperature. During the cool-down phase, the difference value is subtracted.

Reasons for setting limits:

- Protect the object being controlled with gentle temperature control.
- Protect glass reactors or other objects from thermal tension.

i As long as >Bandlimit selftune< is engaged, the bandlimit will be switched off during external control. (See Page 24)

5.2. "Adjust pump" menu

Select



The buttons will display the current settings.

Select the pressure display in the **Units menu**: psi or bar
Page 19



5.2.1. „Type“ menu

Select



Type of pump control.

Attention
Observe the external consumer's pressure limits!
Pressure limits
refer to page 47
Set your value here.

Limit Pressure X.xx bar



Pump control can be realized in three different ways.

5.2.1.1. Type „Stage control“

Select



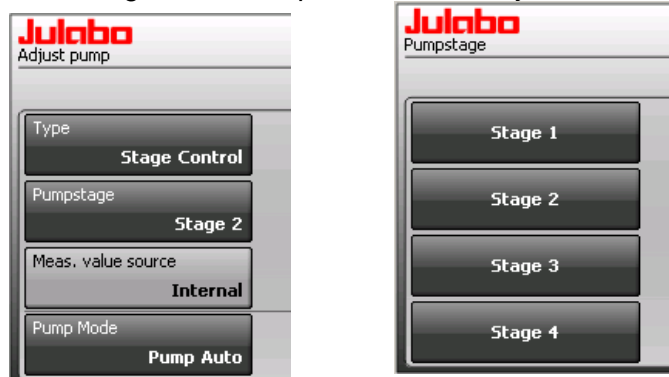
Change presetting in the respective submenu.

Select >Pumpstage<



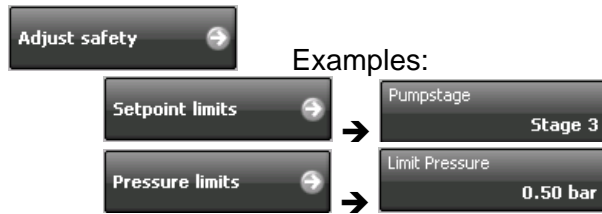
Example: Stage 2

Adjustable in 5 stages. The number of stages depends on the temperature-control system's performance class and is displayed in the Pump Stage menu. Each stage increases pressure in the system.



i Presto A30 has only one Pumpstage.

Notice
 Settings of setpoint limits for >Pumpstage< and >Limit Pressure< are active.



If the >max. permissible pressure< is exceeded at >stage 3< an alarm including the cut-off of the unit is activated!

5.2.1.2. Type „Pressure control“

Select .



Set pressure setpoint.



Example „0.5“

The setting ranges depend on the performance category of the temperature control system.

Example: see display of unit. ↓

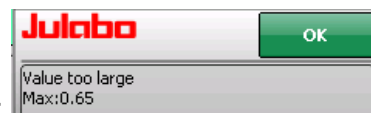


Setpoint limits

refer to page 46



ⓘ Settings in the >" Adjust safety " menu< will influence these values. If a >Setpoint limit< is set, you will not be able to exceed or fall below this value, respectively. You will receive a message stating "Value is too small or too large"



Example:

The displayed value, in this case „Max:0.65“, always refers to the next higher limit.

5.2.1.3. Type „Flow rate Control“

Select



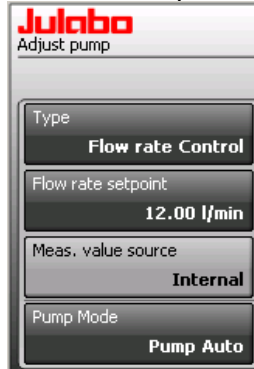
Set value.



The flow rate is infinitely adjustable and is actively controlled.

The setting range depend on the performance category of the temperature control system.

Example: Setting range see display of unit. ↓



Example: 12.00 l/min

Note

Check the selected pressure limits! (Page 47)

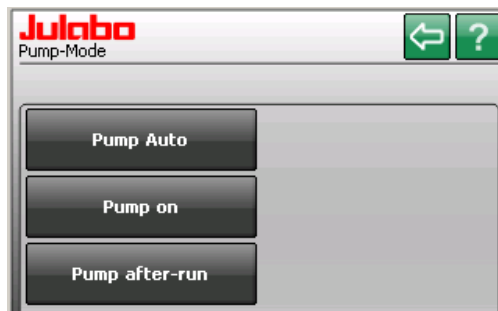
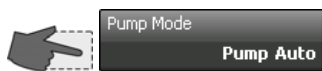
The selected pressure limits are monitored during flow control as well.

A high flow rate may exceed these limits and cause the unit to shut down.

Refer to the operating manual of the utilized VFC flow control unit (accessories) for additional notes on possible flow rates.

5.2.2. "Pump mode" menu

Select



>Pump Auto<

The pump is controlled via the start/stop button or via the interface.

>Pump on<

Pump runs continuously.

>Pump after-run<

You must select the pump's after-running time.

Example: 5 minutes

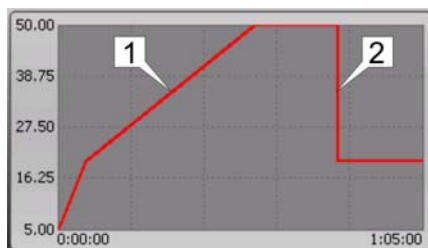
>Pump after run<

Set time.



6. "Using a programmer" menu

In the main menu select



Setpoint = green

Actual value = red

Edit Profile:

Create or edit a temperature profile.

Start Profile:

Start a temperature profile.

Use programmer series:

This feature allows you to set a series so a certain profile will run at the same time on several different days.

A programmer makes it easy to quickly program setpoint temperature profiles. A profile is a series of temperature setpoints. A profile consists of several individual steps. Each step is defined according to a length of time (t:) or gradient ($^{\circ}/t$) and target temperature.

The target temperature is the setpoint that will be reached when the step is complete. The programmer references the time and temperature difference in a step to calculate a temperature ramp.

Attention:

If the time specification is too short, there will not be enough time to reach the setpoint. The programmer contains an easy way to handle this situation.

If a step time of 00:00:00 is entered, the setpoint will "jump" (2) to the target temperature as quickly as possible.

The profile will continue with the next step only after reaching the specified temperature ($\pm 0.2^{\circ}\text{C}$).

Eight profiles with up to 60 steps each can be stored.

The **Standard** and **Gradient** settings can be used together in a single profile.



6.1. "Edit a profile" menu

Create a new profile.

Press



Example:

Select profile 3 from profiles 1 to 8



You will use the following four menus to create a profile.

Edit:

Edit the currently selected step.
Change setpoint / duration.

Add:

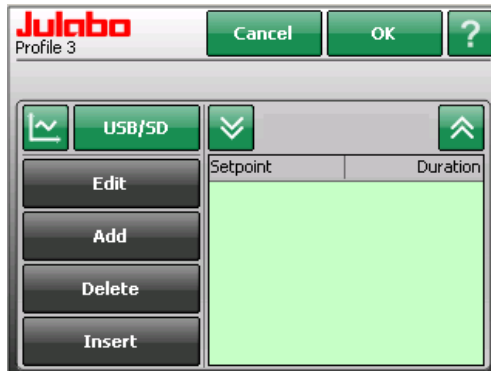
Adds a new step to the profile at the end of the list.

Delete:

Delete the currently selected step.

Insert:

Adds a step to the profile in front of the currently selected step.



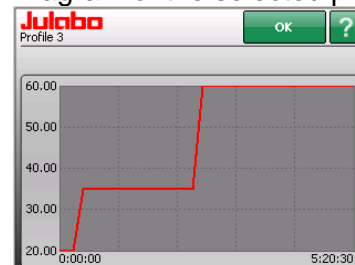
Import or export the profile to or from an external data carrier.



Scroll up and down in the >Setpoint / Duration< list or select the desired line by touching it with your finger.



Diagram of the selected profile.



6.1.1. Add

Select

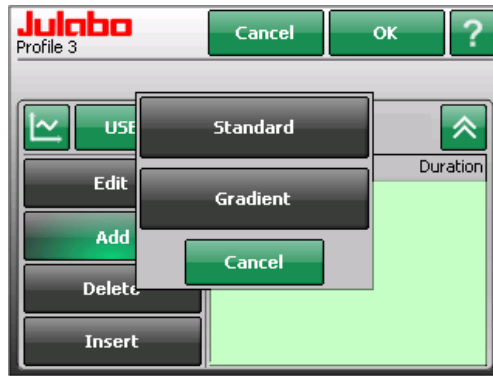


Now select **Standard** or **Gradient**.



Standard: Set setpoint and duration.

Gradient: Set target temperature and gradient.

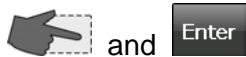


ⓘ Settings in the "Limits" menu will constrain the setting range.

Examples: **Standard**

Temperature setpoint [°C/°F] and duration [hh:mm:ss]

Set **setpoint** and **duration**



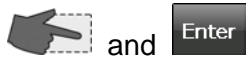
20.00 °C --- 00:15:30
 35.00 °C --- 00:10:00
 35.00 °C --- 05:30:00



Examples: **Gradient**

Temperature [°C/°F] and Gradient [°/min]

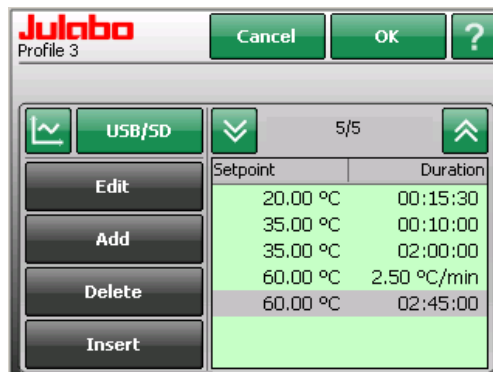
Set **setpoint** and **gradient**



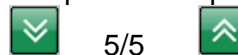
60.00 °C --- 2.5 °C/min



The **Standard** and **Gradient** settings can be used together in a single profile.



ⓘ Example: Step 5 of 5 steps is selected.



The currently selected step is saved.

6.1.2. Edit

Use   to select step.

Press



Set new values.



Edit the currently selected step.

Set new values.

| Setpoint | Duration |
|----------|----------|
| 20.00 °C | 00:15:30 |
| 35.00 °C | 00:10:00 |
| 35.00 °C | 05:30:00 |
| 60.00 °C | 2.50 |

 →

| Setpoint | Duration |
|----------|----------|
| 20.00 °C | 00:15:30 |
| 35.00 °C | 00:10:00 |
| 35.00 °C | 02:00:00 |
| 60.00 °C | 2.50 |

6.1.3. Delete

Use   to select step.

Press



Delete the currently selected step.

| Setpoint | Duration |
|----------|----------|
| 20.00 °C | 00:15:30 |
| 35.00 °C | 00:10:00 |
| 35.00 °C | 02:00:00 |

6.1.4. Insert

Use   to select step.

Press.



Set values.



Insert a step in front of the selected step.

| Setpoint | Duration |
|----------|-------------|
| 20.00 °C | 00:15:30 |
| 35.00 °C | 00:10:00 |
| 35.00 °C | 02:00:00 |
| 60.00 °C | 2.50 °C/min |
| 60.00 °C | 02:45:00 |

 →

| Setpoint | Duration |
|----------|-------------|
| 20.00 °C | 00:15:30 |
| 35.00 °C | 00:10:00 |
| 35.00 °C | 02:00:00 |
| 50.00 °C | 1.60 °C/min |
| 60.00 °C | 2.50 °C/min |
| 60.00 °C | 02:45:00 |

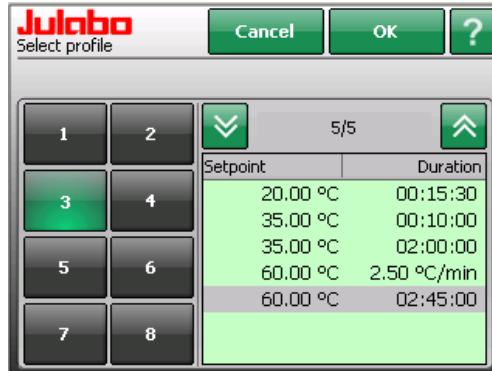
6.2. "Starting a profile" menu

Select.



Example:

Select profile 3



The buttons will display the current settings.

End of profile:

Status at the end of the profile. (See page 39 for description).

Repeats:

A profile can be repeated up to 99 times.

Start time:

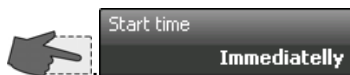
Start **immediately** with or define start time.



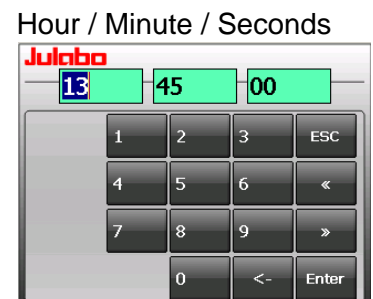
i 1 run + 2 repetitions (Loops) = 3 runs

i Refer to page 21 for date and time format.

Select



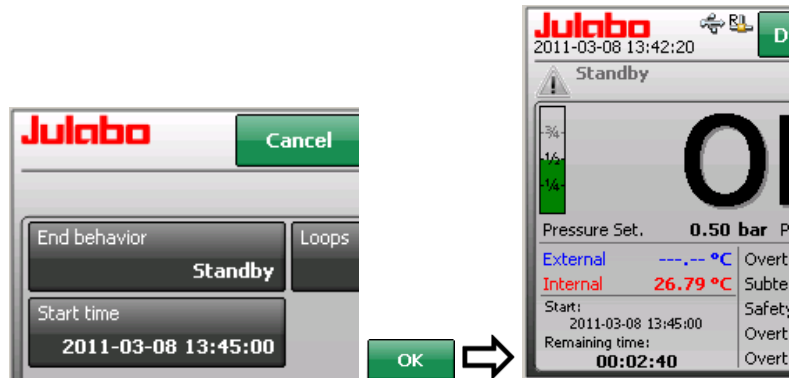
Set values.



"Using a programmer" menu

The >Start time< button will then display the current setting.

Press **OK** for normal view. The normal display will show the current time, the selected start time, and the remaining time until starting.



Before starting:

This area at the lower left is a button that turns orange when touched.

New buttons will then appear in the center of the screen.

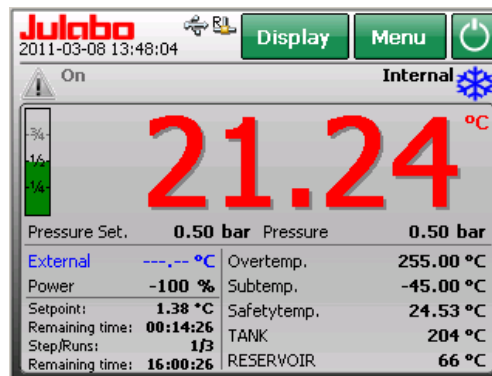
You **can** still exit the start phase by pressing >Abort<.



After starting:

The following values will be shown at the bottom left of the normal display:

- The computed setpoint
- The current step's remaining time
- Current step / remaining number of runs
- Time remaining in profile



This area at the lower left is a button that turns orange when touched.

New buttons will then appear in the center of the screen.

Pause/Resume

"Pause" will stop the progression of a profile.

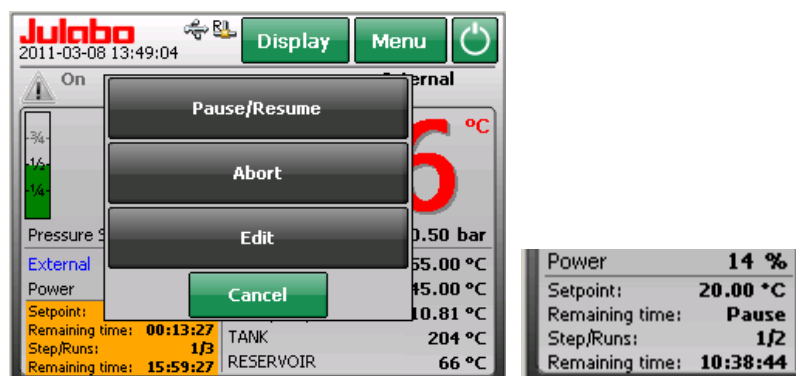
Press "Resume" to restart.

Abort

The program will end; return to normal display.

Edit

Refer to >Edit a profile< on page 33.



ⓘ Pause/Resume

The setpoint and both remaining times will be paused. Visible on the display: Remaining time: **Pause**



End behavior


Here you can decide whether the unit will switch OFF at the end of a program or whether temperature control will continue. You also select the working temperature setpoint to be used at this time.

Standby

The unit will turn >OFF< at the end of the program.

PG setpoint

At the end of the program, the unit will continue to run with the final step's setpoint.

Press  to end or start a new program.

Start setpoint

At the end of the program, the unit will continue to run with the first step's setpoint.

6.3. "Using a programmer series" menu

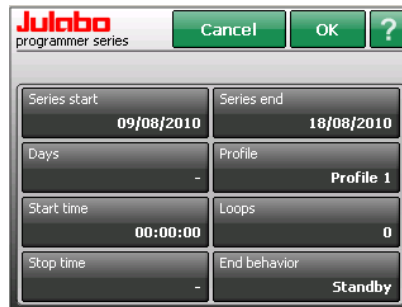
Select



Use this function to run a profile at the same time on a series of days.

The buttons will display the current settings.

Press a button



Examples:

Set the series start date.



Set the series end date.



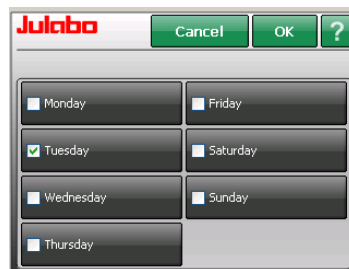
Day / Month / Year



Select days



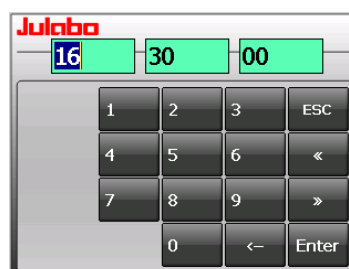
Select profile



Set start time.



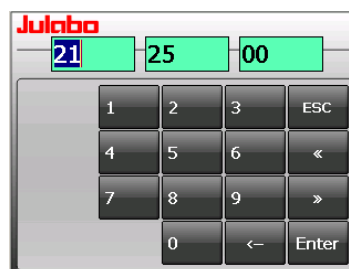
Set the number of times the profile will repeat.



Set stop time.



Set status at end of profile.



End of profile:

See page 39 for description

7. "Recording data" menu



Caution:

Danger caused by viruses on data carriers!

Only use data carriers which have been checked for viruses prior to use with temperature control systems. Please integrate all data carriers in your quality management system.

Select in the main menu.



The menu >recording data< allows documentation of following important settings of the unit:

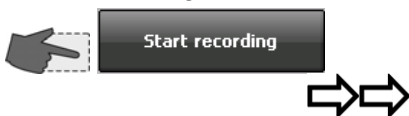
Date, time, setpoint, internal actual value, external actual value, performance, pressure, status.

| | | | | | | | |
|------------|----------|-------|-------|---|-----|------|---|
| 2011-02-28 | 15:32:21 | 40.00 | 22.69 | - | 0 | 0.51 | 1 |
| 2011-02-28 | 15:32:22 | 40.00 | 22.70 | - | 0 | 0.51 | 1 |
| 2011-02-28 | 15:32:23 | 40.00 | 22.71 | - | 100 | 0.51 | 1 |
| 2011-02-28 | 15:32:24 | 40.00 | 22.72 | - | 100 | 0.50 | 1 |
| 2011-02-28 | 15:32:25 | 40.00 | 22.73 | - | 100 | 0.46 | 1 |
| 2011-02-28 | 15:32:26 | 40.00 | 22.74 | - | 93 | 0.45 | 1 |
| 2011-02-28 | 15:32:27 | 40.00 | 22.82 | - | 81 | 0.45 | 1 |
| 2011-02-28 | 15:32:28 | 40.00 | 23.08 | - | 74 | 0.46 | 1 |
| 2011-02-28 | 15:32:29 | 40.00 | 23.53 | - | 69 | 0.46 | 1 |
| 2011-02-28 | 15:32:30 | 40.00 | 24.10 | - | 68 | 0.47 | 1 |
| 2011-02-28 | 15:32:31 | 40.00 | 24.67 | - | 68 | 0.48 | 1 |
| 2011-02-28 | 15:32:32 | 40.00 | 25.19 | - | 69 | 0.47 | 1 |
| 2011-02-28 | 15:32:33 | 40.00 | 25.60 | - | 71 | 0.48 | 1 |
| 2011-02-28 | 15:32:34 | 40.00 | 26.00 | - | 72 | 0.48 | 1 |
| 2011-02-28 | 15:32:35 | 40.00 | 26.46 | - | 74 | 0.49 | 1 |

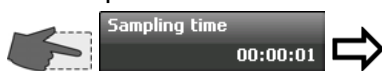
Please insert data carrier., e.g. USB stick.



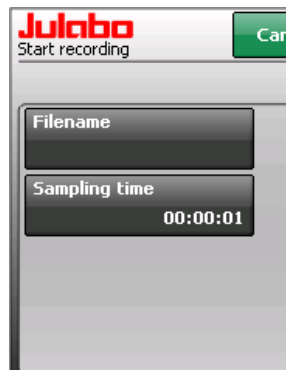
Start recording



Sampling time is set to one row of data per second.



Set sampling time to desired value.



Continue with



"Recording data" menu

Select data carrier



- SD card

- USB stick



If only one data carrier is inserted, the unit will recognize and display it on the <Storage> button.

If both interfaces are occupied, the user can choose between them.



Select the existing
>txt< file



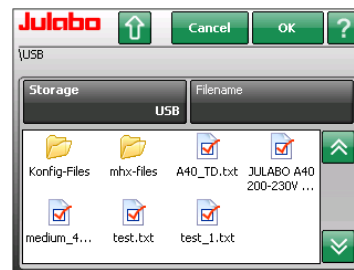
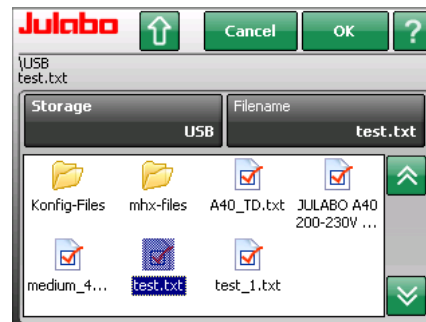
The file will be overwritten.

or

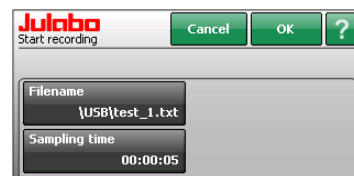
Create a new file.
Select file name



e.g. „test_1“.



Start recording



i A disc icon in the standard display indicates active data recording.

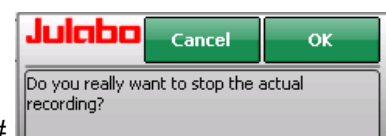
Select in the main menu.



Stop data recording.



Confirm the help text.



7.1. JULABO Service – Online remote diagnosis

The >Record data< menu also contains a function for saving black box data.

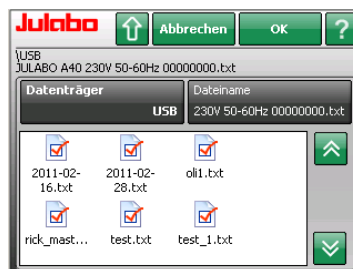
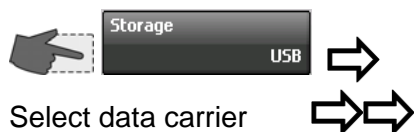
JULABO Presto units are equipped with a so-called "black box". It is integrated into the controller, where all relevant data of the most recent 30 minutes are recorded.

This data can be exported when servicing the unit. To receive rapid and competent assistance, e-mail the file to our service department at service@julabo.de.

Please insert data carrier, e.g. USB stick.



The file name will be generated automatically. Unit designation, mains voltage, frequency, barcode number

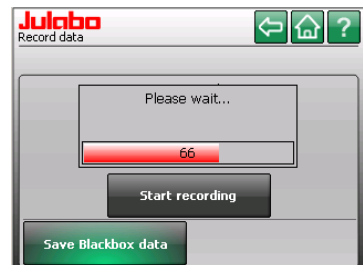
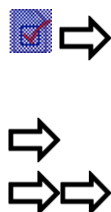


Select data carrier

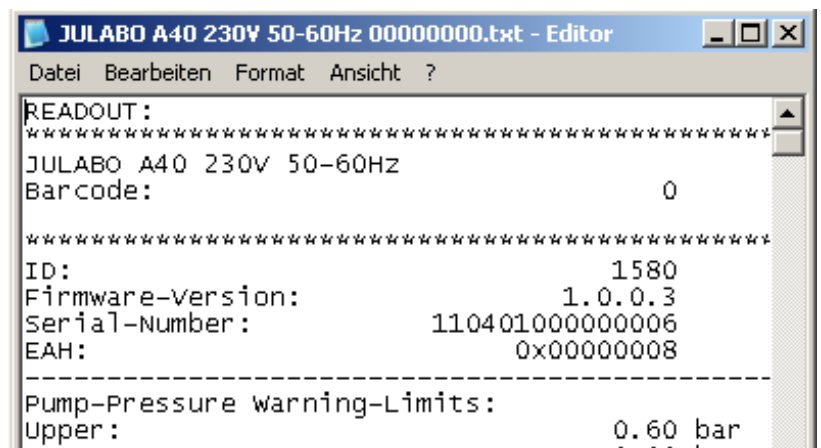
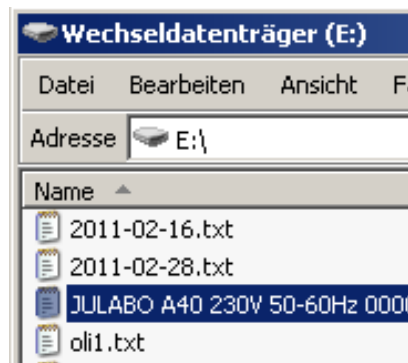
The file is created.

Start the recording

Recording active



Connect data carrier to a PC and transfer the txt file.



8. "Service" menu

Select in the main menu



This menu is password-protected. It is accessible only by authorized persons.



9. "Safety adjustments" menu

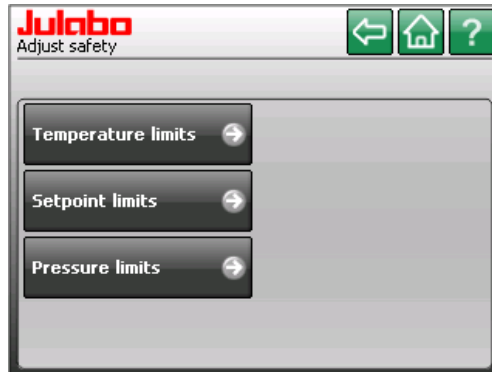
Select in the main menu.



Select menu



indicates available submenu



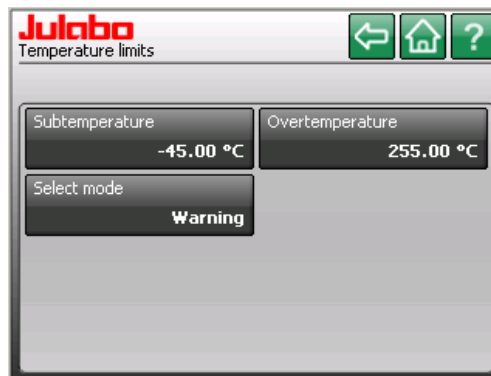
i Setting ranges depend on the performance class of the temperature control system.

9.1. "Temperature limits" menu



The buttons will display the current settings.

Choose button and set value.



Subtemperature

Overtemperature

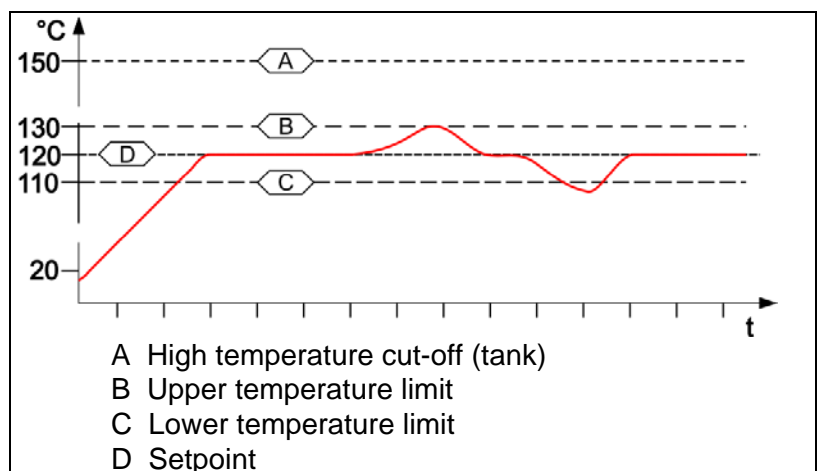
For setting range see display of unit



Select mode

Warning or alarm

The lower and upper temperature warning functions flank the working temperature value. As soon as the actual temperature crosses one of the preset limit values, an acoustic warning signal will be emitted. Depending on your selection for "Select mode", the reaction will remain a warning signal or the power components will be shut down.



The warning function will be activated only when the temperature value is within the selected limit values for three seconds after starting from the "OFF" condition.

Select mode



Select reaction (mode)

>Warning< or >Alarm<

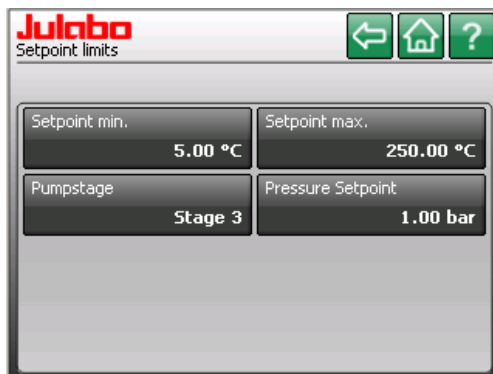
For each of the two menu items >Upper temperature< and >Lower temperature< you can choose between a warning and an alarm shutoff of the power components, such as the heater and circulation pump.

9.2. "Setpoint limits" menu



The buttons will display the current settings.

Choose button and set value.



Setpoint min.

Setpoint max.

Pumpstage

Pressure Setpoint

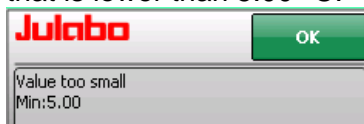
The setting ranges depend on the performance category of the temperature control system.. See display of unit.

Minimum and maximum setpoint:

Limits the selectable temperature range.

The selected working temperature values must be between the limit values defined here.

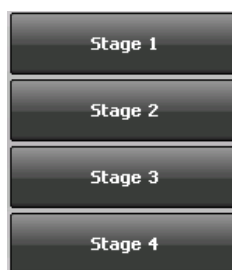
Example of a message after attempting to set a temperature that is lower than 5.00 °C:



Select



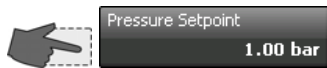
and choose a stage



The **pump stage** can be limited here.

> **Stage control** < Refer to page 30

Select

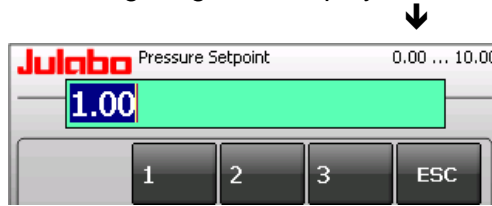


and set value.



The **maximum pressure** can be limited here.
Limits the setting > **Pressure control** < refer to page 31

For setting range see display of unit



9.3. "Pressure limits" menu

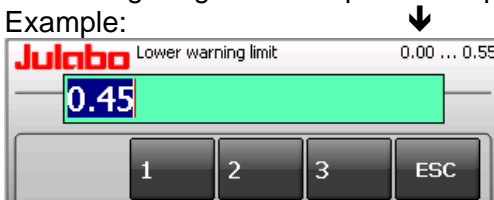


The buttons will display the current settings.

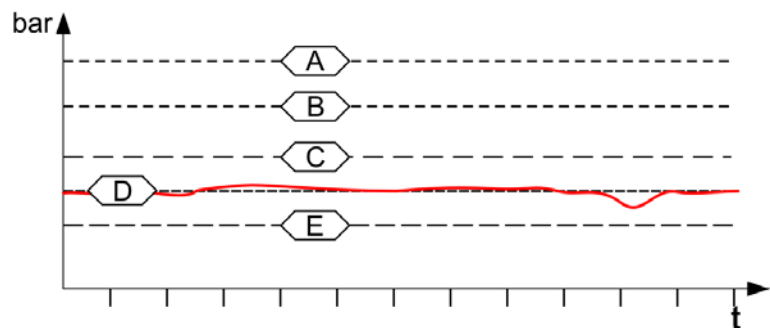
Choose button and set value.



For setting ranges see respective display of unit.
Example:



Hierarchy of pressure values



- A Peak Pressure Limit
- B Pressure limit
- C Upper warning limit
- D Actual pressure in temperature system
- E Lower warning limit

A >upper warning limit< and a >lower warning limit< can be set for monitoring the pressure in the system. If a warning limit is exceeded or undercut a signal will sound and a warning appears on the TFT-Display.

Warning:

Ticker in the status line



If the pressure setpoint is too close to the warning limit, the warning will appear continuously and fill the list of errors.



Touch the icon and the list of errors will be displayed. →



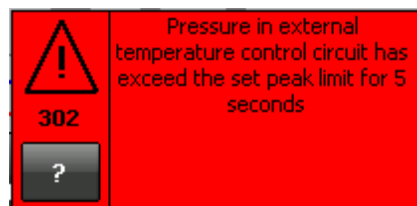
Alarm:

Alarm messages are shown in a red window.

For the pressure setpoint following limits must be set.

The >limit pressure< sets the upper limit. Exceeding this pressure for more than 5 seconds, results in an alarm cut-off and an error message (Error 302).

Press < ? > button for help text. →



Achieving the >Limit Pressure Peak < results in an alarm cut-off and an error message (Error 301).

10. "Connect unit" menu


Select in the main menu.



The buttons will display the current settings.

Select menu here



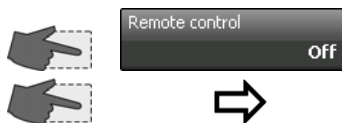
 indicates available submenu.

Use this menu to select how the unit is controlled and how control variables are set.
The digital interface settings can be adjusted here.




10.1. "Remote control" menu

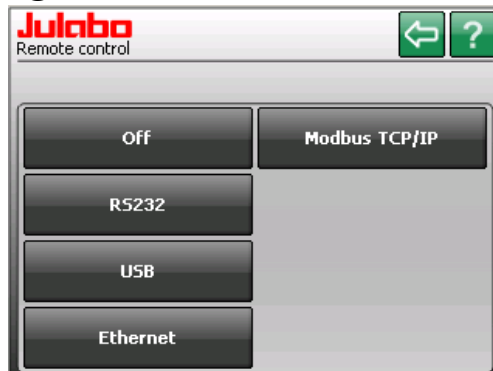
Switching remote control on and off.




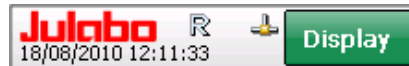
Choose between **>Off<** (normal control) or remote control via **>RS232<** or remote control via **>USB<** or remote control via **>Ethernet<** or remote control via **>Modbus TCP/IP<** Internetprotokoll..


The unit can be controlled remotely through the digital interfaces.

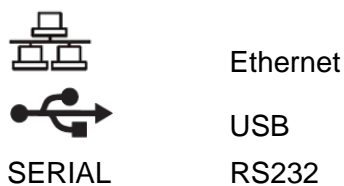
 Use an interface cable to connect the unit to a PC.



 The letter **>R<** in the normal display indicates remote control:

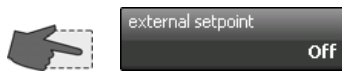


 Connections are behind the venting grid on the front side of the unit.



10.2. „External setpoint“ menu

Select external setpoint



Choose between

>Off<

>Pt100<

>EProg<



In addition to the serial interface via remote control the unit offers the possibility to adjust the setpoint via analog interface >EXT. Pt100< or >REG+E-PROG<.

Possible parameters:

Off - Setpoint is set via the touch screen or via the integrated programmer. (factory setting)

Pt100 - Setpoint setting via the analog socket „ext. Pt100“ using an external temperature sensor or an appropriate voltage/current source.

Eprog - Can only be adjusted when an electronic module with analog connections is used (option). Setpoint setting via the analog interface REG+E-PROG connection with an external voltage or current source or a programmer.



REG+E-PROG

Important:

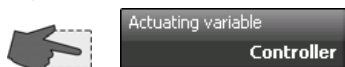
- ① Connect the external voltage or current source or a programmer to the circulator via the socket REG+E-PROG (see page 75).

10.3. "Actuating variable" menu

The variable is the degree to which the heater or the refrigeration unit is activated. The bath is heated or cooled in accordance with this variable. If this is controlled via the unit's control electronics, referred to as the **>Controller<**, the bath temperature will be brought precisely to the selected setpoint and stabilized at that temperature.

ⓘ The unit must be in Start mode in order to input variables in the **>Digital<** and **>Eprog<** positions.

Selecting how variables are inputted.



Choose between inputting variables via

>Controller<

or

>Digital<

or

> EProg<.



Possible parameters:

Controller –The internal control electronics of the unit controls the heater and the connected cooling unit. Self-tuning is possible. (factory setting)

Digital –The unit receives the control signal via the digital interfaces. Self-tuning is not possible.

EProg - The unit receives the control signal via the E-Prog input. Self-tuning is not possible.
- Setting requires electronic module.

10.4. "Digital interfaces" menu

Select in the main menu



Select interface



The buttons will display the current settings.



10.4.1. RS232

Select



Check the interface parameters of the two interfaces (Unit and PC) and make sure they match.

Digital interfaces settings



Use an RS232 interface cable to connect the unit to a PC.

Parity:

none, odd, even

Baud rate: [Baud]

1200 19200

2400 38400

4800 57600

9600 115200

Handshake:

none, software, hardware



Factory settings:

4800 Baud

even

Hardware handshake

10.4.2. Watchdog

Watchdog function



This temperature system provides a watchdog function for monitoring the digital interface (RS232, USB) with the temperature system being in remote control mode.

In case of a disturbance/failure in the superordinate data system the watchdog function ensures the temperature system enters a defined operating state.

In the defined operating state the temperature system accepts the watchdog setpoint as setpoint for continuing temperature control.

The watchdog setpoint **must** thus be set to an uncritical value depending on the application task

Activation of the watchdog function:

- Set the desired interface in the >Remote control< menu.
- In the >Actuating variable< menu, choose between >Controller< or >Digital< for the variable input.
- Press the >Watchdog< button in the >Digital interfaces< menu.
- Select >On<.
- The interface command – out_sp_06 – sets a watchdog setpoint.
- The watchdog function is activated as soon as a valid working temperature setpoint or a valid variable is received via interface.
The values are valid (plausible) providing they lie between the upper temperature limit and the lower temperature limit.
(Refer to „ Safety adjustments" menu page 45)
- If the temperature system does not receive any plausible values for longer than 30 seconds, the watchdog function is triggered.

Select

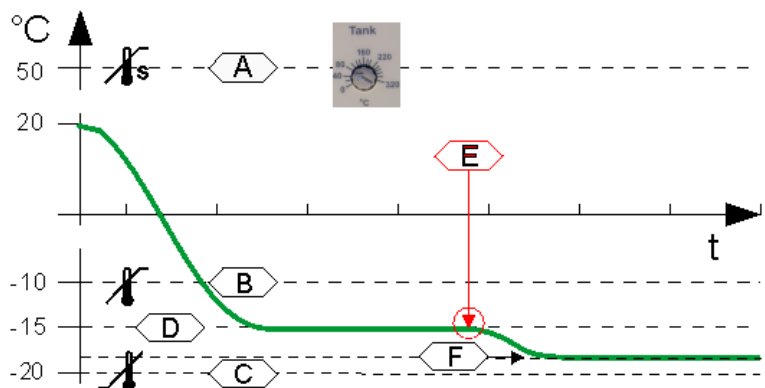


Select >On<



- A High temperature cut-off (tank)
- B Upper temperature limit
- C Lower temperature limit
- D Setpoint (out_sp_00 -15.00) [°C]
- or
- Variable (out_sp_10 xxx) [%]
- E Watchdog function is triggered
- F Watchdog setpoint (out_sp_06 -18.00)

Example:




Touch the icon to mute the signal.

See warnings on page 10



Consequence:

- A buzzer sounds and the message 1501 „Timeout serial interface “ appears on the TFT-Display.
- The unit accepts the watchdog setpoint as valid setpoint for temperature control.
- If the warning symbol  is touched during setting of the variable, the most recently received variable will be re-used.
- If another plausible variable is sent after activation of the Watchdog function, this variable will be used.
Reset the warning by touching the symbol.

10.4.3. Ethernet

With the Ethernet interface, you can use a PC to communicate with the Presto[®] unit over an Ethernet network. You can connect the Presto[®] to a network or use a network cable to establish a direct connection between the PC and Presto[®].



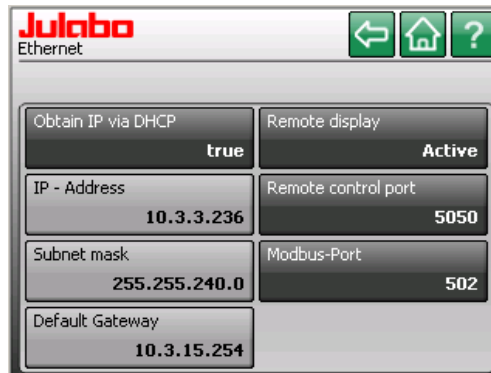
Attention:

Please contact a network administrator before connecting the Presto[®] to your network!

The Presto[®] will recognize when it has been attached to a network. An icon (📶) will appear in the normal display.

Ethernet menu

Select **Ethernet**



Obtain IP via DHCP

❗ Light gray buttons are blocked if **> true <**, accessible if **> false <** (switch to dark grey).

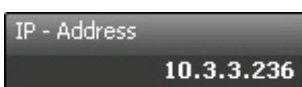


DHCP (Dynamic Host Control Protocol) facilitates dynamic assignment of IP addresses. If your network contains a DHCP server, then you can use this server to configure the Presto's[®] network settings. If you do not have a DHCP server in your network, or if you wish to connect the Presto[®] directly to a PC, you will have to manually set the IP address, subnet mask, and possibly the default gateway.

>true< The IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway will be automatically requested from a DHCP server.

>false< Parameters set manually

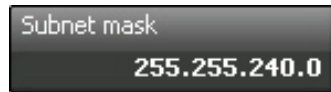
IP address:



Example: 10.3.3.236
Addresses such as x.x.x.0 and x.x.x.255 are not permitted.

The IP address is used to identify the unit in the network. Every IP address in a network must be unique. IP addresses are used to send data from one network device to another. The IP address consists of a four-byte number, with each byte separated by a dot. It is divided into a network part and a device part, with the subnet mask handling the division.

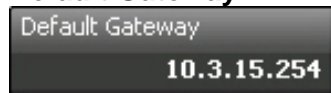
Subnet mask:



Example: 255.255.240.0

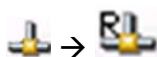
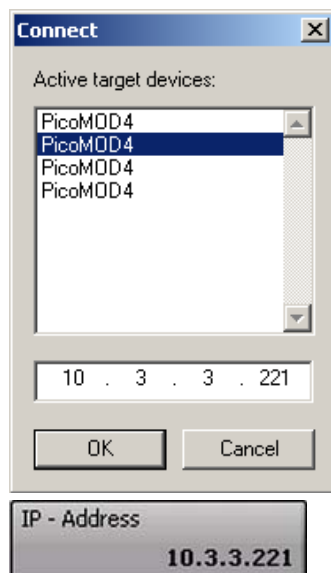


Default Gateway:



Example.:10.3.15.254

Remote display:



The subnet mask is a bit mask that indicates which part of the Presto® IP address represents the network and which part represents the device.

If a bit is set to "1" in the subnet mask, the corresponding bit belongs to the subnet mask; otherwise, it belongs to the device address.

In the example, the part 10.3.3.236 of the IP address would define the subnet and the last part 2 would define the device address.

The final byte of the subnet mask can be set so that it belongs partially to the subnet and partially to the device address. For example, a subnet mask of 255.255.240.0 would mean that the first two bytes belong completely to the IP address and from the third byte the first 4 bits belong to the subnet. In this case, the device address would consist of the last 4 bits of the third byte and the entire fourth byte.

Remark:

The subnet part and the device part may not be mixed with each other. For example, a subnet mask of 255.240.255.0 is not permitted.

The default gateway serves as the communications interface between your own network and other networks.

If you wish to communicate with a PC that is not located in the same network as the Presto® (subnet mask), this communication will always pass through the gateway.

The remote display allows you to remotely control the Presto® using a PC.

At the Presto®, switch the **Remote Display** menu item to

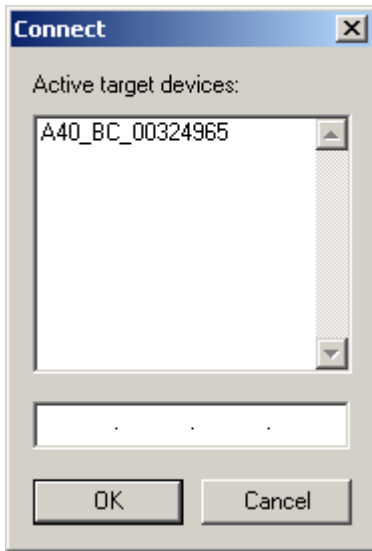
active and start the  program on your PC. Then click on **File** → **Connect**. A dialog window will appear that lists all of the devices found in the network.

i It may take a few seconds before all devices in the network are found and added to the list. Please wait until your device is displayed.

When you click on one of the Prestos® in the list, that unit's IP address will appear in the lower field of the window. Please compare the IP address of the selected Presto® with the settings in the **Ethernet menu** of the Presto® you wish to control remotely.

When **Remote display** is **active**, the letter **R** will be added to the icon in the main window. This does not mean that remote control via ethernet is activated.

"Connect unit" menu



Attention!
 Active target devices

Several devices may be attached to the Ethernet simultaneously. You have the option of giving each device a name in order to more easily distinguish between the various devices. See page 87

Select the Presto® and click on .

You can use your mouse to control and monitor the unit from the PC screen.



Remote control port:
 Remote control port
 5050



The remote control port provides communication between the control system and the Presto® using the same commands as those used for communication through the RS232 interface, for example.

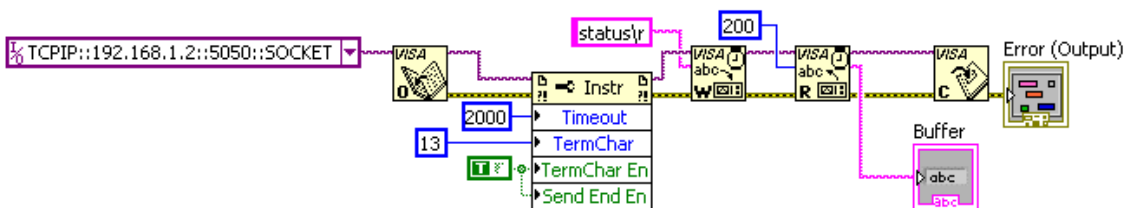
Attention:
 Some ports are already occupied and may not be used. Please contact a network administrator before changing the settings on the Presto®!

Example:

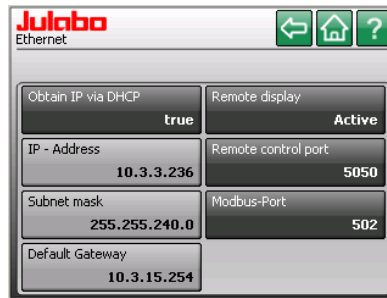
Communication between a PC and Presto®

LabVIEW:

The easiest way to enable communication between a PC and Presto® is with VISA from NI-LabVIEW. In addition to the unit's IP address, you must also indicate the port:



Network-based connection



Obtain IP via DHCP

>true<



If you would like to connect the Presto[®] to your network and your network has a DHCP server, then the Presto[®] will be automatically assigned an IP address. To enable this, set the item **Obtain IP via DHCP** to >true<. Connect the Presto[®]'s network socket to a socket in your network. The Presto[®] will be automatically detected in the network and the DHCP server will issue an IP address. A few seconds later, this IP address will appear in the Presto[®]'s menu.

Obtain IP via DHCP

>>false<

You can also assign a fixed IP address to the Presto[®]. To do this, set the item **Obtain IP via DHCP** to >>false< and manually enter into the Presto[®]'s Ethernet menu the IP address, subnet mask, and, if required, the default gateway.



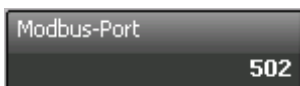
Attention:

Most networks have certain address ranges that are reserved for the issuance of fixed IP addresses. Please contact a network administrator before changing the settings on the Presto[®]!

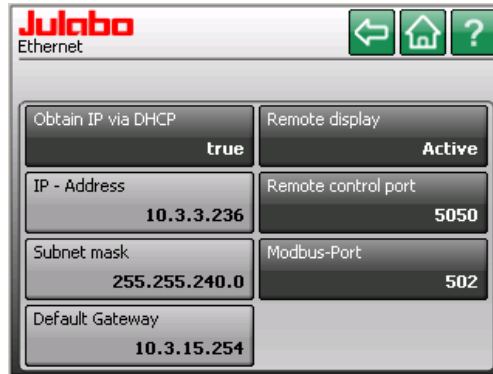
Remark:

When manually setting network parameters, you must always enter both the IP address and the subnet mask. The settings will be shown in the display only after both parameters have been entered!

Modbus-Port page Fehler!
Textmarke nicht definiert.



Creating a Direct Connection between Presto[®] and PC



To establish a direct connection between Presto[®] and a PC, you must manually enter the IP address and subnet mask. A default gateway is not required.

Additionally, the IP settings of the PC must match the IP settings of the Presto[®] for communication to be established.

PC and Presto[®] must be located in the same subnet, but have different IP addresses.

Example settings:

PC:

IP address: **10.3.3.235**
Subnet mask: **255.255.240.0**

Presto[®]:

IP address: **10.3.3.236**
Subnet mask: **255.255.240.0**

Explanation:

The subnet mask 255.255.240.0 indicates that the first three parts of the IP address define the network.

The IP addresses of the two devices differ only in the final part of the IP address, which (according to the subnet mask) defines the device part of the IP address. Accordingly, the two devices are located in the same network (**10.3.3.**).

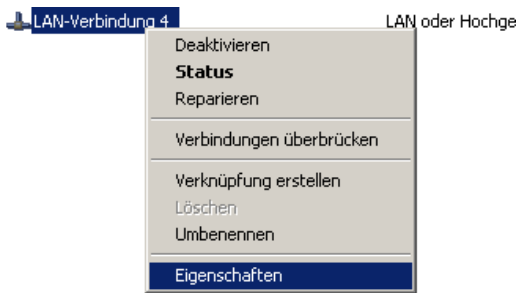
PC Settings (Windows XP)

The following section provides an example of how to manually change the IP settings in Windows XP. The procedure may differ slightly depending on your operating system.



Attention:

Modifying network settings may prevent your PC from working properly in the network. Please contact a network administrator before changing the network settings!

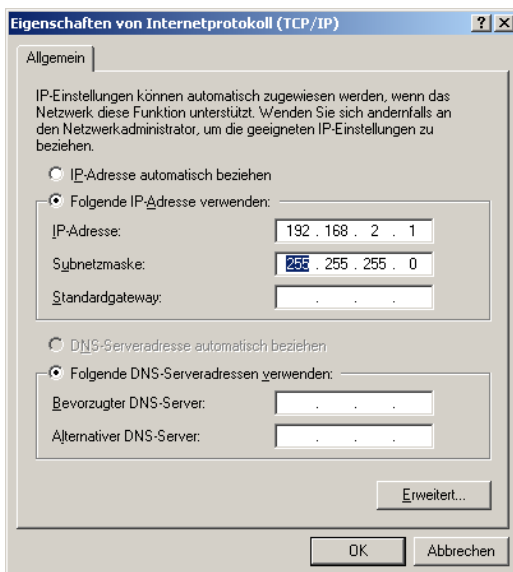
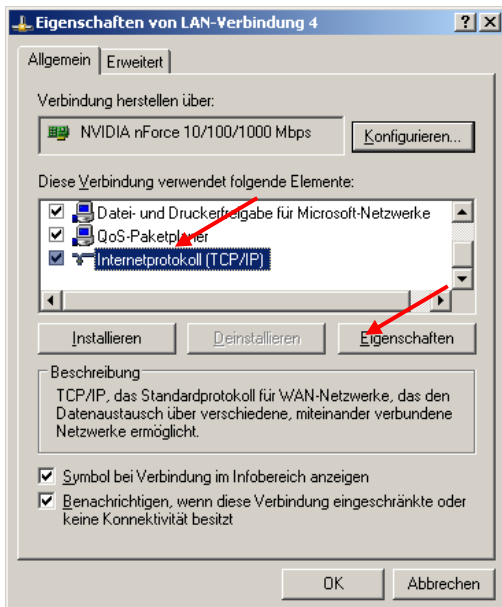


To change the IP settings on your PC, click on **Start→Settings→Control Panel.**



Double-click on the network connection icon and open the properties page for the network connection that you want to use to connect to the Presto® to the PC. To do this, right-click on the network connection and select **Properties.**

Under **This connection uses the following items:** click on **Internet protocol (TCP/IP)** and click on **Properties.**



To manually enter the IP address, activate the item **Use the following IP address:** and enter the IP address and subnet mask into the appropriate fields.

Confirm the settings by clicking on **OK.**

10.5. "Analog interfaces" menu



Select menu



The buttons will display the current settings.

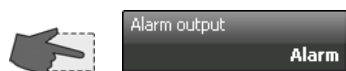


indicates available submenu



ⓘ If the electronic module has not been installed, the key >Analog Module< will not be displayed in this menu.

10.5.1. Alarm output



The buttons will display the current settings.



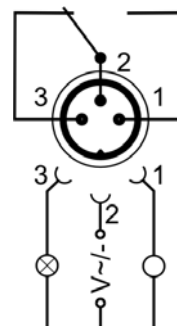
Breaking capacity
max. 30 W / 40 VA
with turn-on voltage
max. 125V~/-
with switching current
max. 1 A

Socket on the front



Alarm output: Output for external alarm signal.

This contact is a potential-free change-over contact. All of the unit's operating conditions can be sent externally via settings in the >Alarm output< menu without modifying the plug connection.



Setting **Standby** or **Alarm** or **Alarm+Stdby**< connects pins 2 and 3.

Setting **Standby / Inverted** or **Alarm / Inverted** or **Alarm+Stdby / Inverted** < connects pins 2 and 1.

10.5.2. JULABO Sensor Pressure / Flow



Attention

The socket may be used with original JULABO accessories only. Any other use may damage the unit's electronics.

EXT Sensor



Switch the external sensor signal on and off.



Choose between

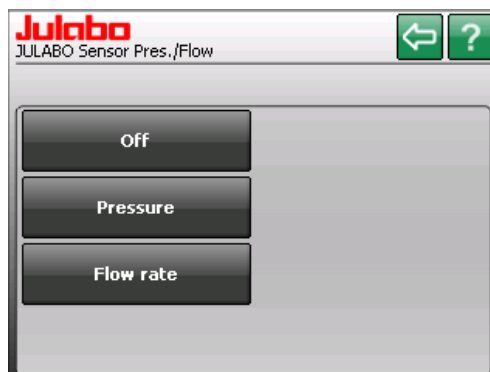
>off<,

or

>Pressure<, (signal of an external pressure sensor)

or

>Flowrate< (signal of an external flow-through sensor, e. g. VFCpro)



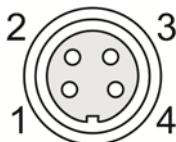
Preparations:

Connect the external sensor to the 4-pole socket at the rear of the unit.

To display the value see 4.4. Menu page 20

Socket at the rear

JULABO Sensor Pressure / Flow



| Pin | Signal |
|-----|-----------|
| 1 | 24 V |
| 2 | 5 V |
| 3 | 4...20 mA |
| 4 | GND (0 V) |



Attention

If using an external pressure sensor, the unit and the application must be at the same height.

Accessories:

| Order No. | Description |
|-----------|--|
| 8980782 | VFC Volume Flow Control assembly unit Flow rate max. 50 Lpm, (-100...300°C) |
| 8980762 | VFCpro-24 Volume Flow Control unit, with circuit points and mount. M24x1.5 male, (-100...300°C) |
| 8980764 | VFCpro-38 Volume Flow Control unit, with circuit points and mount. M38x1.5 male, (-100...300°C) |
| 8980771 | External pressure sensor M24x1.5 male |
| 8980772 | External pressure sensor M30x1.5 male |
| 8980773 | External pressure sensor M38x1.5 male |

10.5.3. EXT Pt100 2 (accessory)



The socket **EXT Pt100 2** on the rear side of the unit is available as an accessory. (not on A30)

Accessories:

Order No.: Description

8900106 Module with Pt100 connector

Flow sensors appropriate for Presto:

8981021 M+R adapter M24x1.5 external with Pt100

8981022 M+R adapter M30x1.5 external with Pt100

8981023 M+R adapter M38x1.5 external with Pt100

10.5.4. "Edit flow rate settings" menu



Note

Check the selected pressure limits! (Page 47)

The selected pressure limits are monitored during flow control as well.

A high flow rate may exceed these limits and cause the unit to shut down.

For the user to determine the calorimetry, certain accessories are needed, such as a VFCpro flow control unit, attached evaluation electronics, and an additional external temperature sensor. The unit must also be equipped with a second external Pt100 connection on its rear side (not available on A30).

The VFCpro flow control unit is attached to the four-pin socket on the rear side of the unit.

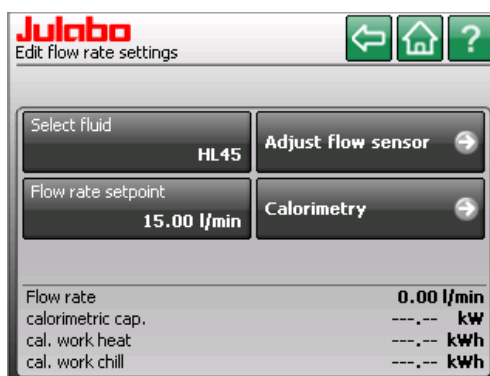
See Menu > JULABO Sensor Pres./Flow < Page 61.

Both of these accessory parts may also be used independently of each other.

The second external Pt100 sensor (manual sensor or flow sensor) is suitable for measuring temperature at a specific spot in the application. This value may be outputted with other data during logging.



The buttons will display the current settings.



❶ The **Flow rate setpoint** button will be greyed out when the >Type of pump control< (Page 30) is set to >Flow rate setpoint<. The user has the opportunity to change this value at this time.

❷ Refer to the operating manual of the utilized VFC flow control unit (accessories) for additional notes on possible flow rates.

10.5.4.1. Selecting the fluid



Select a given fluid.



or

press the >Other...< button to enter the submenu.



i To make the best use of these two menus, you must know the following pairs of values for the heat transfer liquid:

Temperature °C, °F
 Density g/cm³
 Thermal capacity kJ/(kg x K)

Density at a given temperature
 or
 heat capacity at a given temperature.

These values must be entered into the following tables.



Select menu



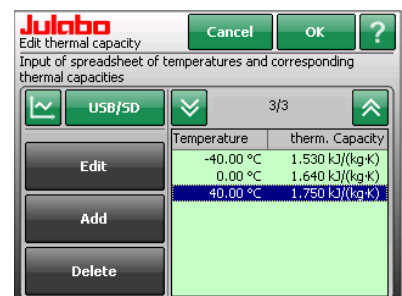
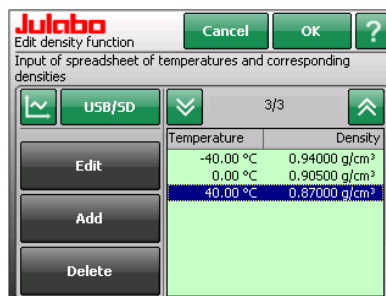
i In the event of ALARM 506 see the "Note" on Page 64.

Create table:

Press



Enter values in the line:



Example:

Setting range see display of unit. ↓



"Connect unit" menu

Use the following three menus to create the table.

Add:

Adds a new line at the end of the table.

Edit:

Edit the selected line.
Change temperature/density.
(Line 3/3 in the figure, shown in blue or grey)

Delete:

Delete the selected line.

Buttons in this display:



Import/export data to/from an external medium (Page 65).



Scroll up and down in the table or select the desired line directly from the list by tapping it with your finger.



Display a graph of the selected table.



Visually inspect the entered values.

Note: Error 506

If no data are stored, the unit will trigger Alarm 506. This is intended to prevent the unit from operating uncontrolled.

Press



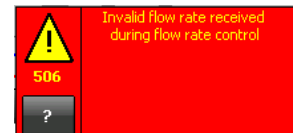
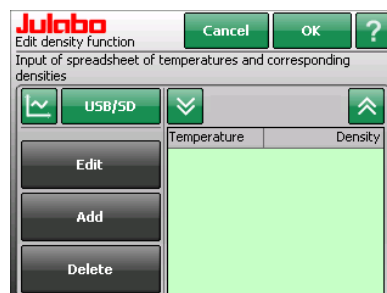
Enter values into the table:



If the table is complete, press the button for the normal display.

Press the button for help. Only now will the Reset button be shown in the Help window.

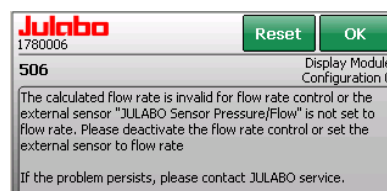
Press the button.



How to mute the alarm signal:

Press the button to go to the normal display and mute the audible alarm signal (see Page 9 for help during alarm).

Then return to the empty input window.

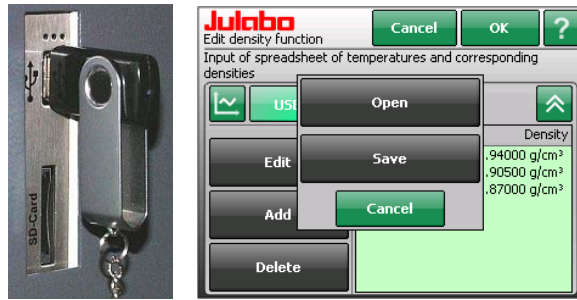


Working with a data carrier:

Insert the data carrier into the appropriate slot, such as a USB port.



Import/export data to/from an external medium.



Importing data:



Select txt file

The data will be imported.



Exporting data:



A new file is created.



Enter file name.



such as "Medium_45".



Store table on data carrier.



10.5.4.2. Adjust flow sensor

The VFCpro flow control units are available as accessories from JULABO. The **type** of flow sensor must be set here. (Accessories on page 61) The selection will affect the setting range of the warning limits.

A lower and an upper **warning limit** can be set for the flow rate. (l/min)



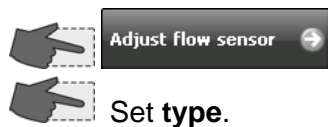
Warnings are displayed as running text in the status line.

The unit allows you to set an **Offset** of +/- 5 l/min in order to calibrate the flow sensor to a reference.

The **Filter time** is set by default to 3 seconds. The filter time can be extended for a smoother display of the values. (0 ... 1000 s)

Note: This will change the flow control's reaction time!

Select



Set values:



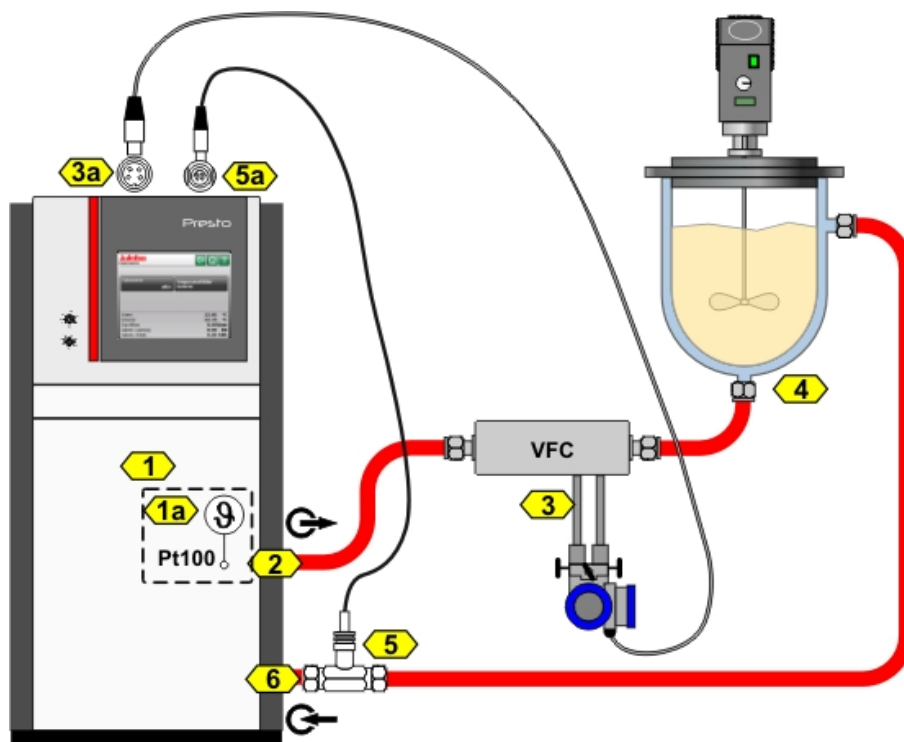
Example:

Setting range see display of unit. ↓



10.5.4.3. Calorimetry

Using Presto to determine calorimetric capacity and work. The drawing shows a typical application. The order of VFC and consumer in the temperature loop is not important. To obtain an accurate measurement, all components in the entire system must be well insulated. Install the Pt100 flow sensor directly at the pump connection (runback).



- 1 Presto Axx or Wxx (not possible with A30)
- 1a Pt100 internal
(TFT display: "Internal")
- 2 Pump connection: Feed
- 3 VFC flow sensor (accessories)
- 3a Socket: JULABO pressure / flow sensor
- 4 Consumer/application
- 5 Pt100 flow sensor
(TFT display: "External2")
- 5a Socket: EXT Pt100 2
- 6 Pump connection: Runback




Attention

Danger of breakage during measurements with glass reactors!

Respect strength limits of the external consumer!

- Check the selected pressure limits! (Page 47)
- Enter the maximum pressure permitted by the manufacturer of the glass reactor under >Limit pressure<.
This will eliminate the danger of a broken glass reactor.
- The selected pressure limits are monitored during flow-rate control as well. A high flow rate may exceed these limits and cause the unit to shut down.

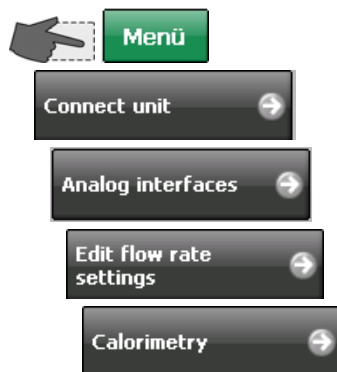
Example:
Determining calorimetry with a constant setpoint (24 °C in this example).

 Set the setpoint to 24.00 °C and start Presto.

Wait until the temperature stabilizes in the system.



Switch to the Calorimetry submenu.



i The relevant measurement values will be shown in the display.

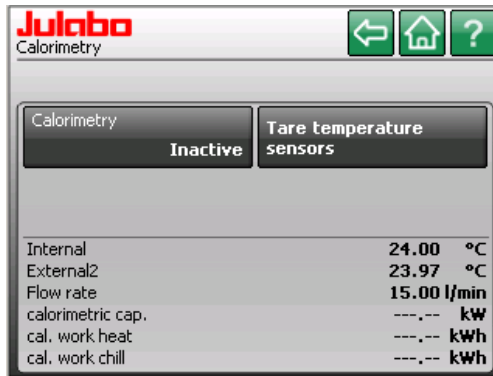
| | |
|-------------------|-------------|
| Internal | 24.00 °C |
| External2 | 23.97 °C |
| Flow rate | 15.00 l/min |
| calorimetric cap. | --- kW |
| cal. work heat | --- kWh |
| cal. work chill | --- kWh |

Internal: Value from control sensor

Extern2: Value from **EXT Pt100 2**

The two temperature values are still different.

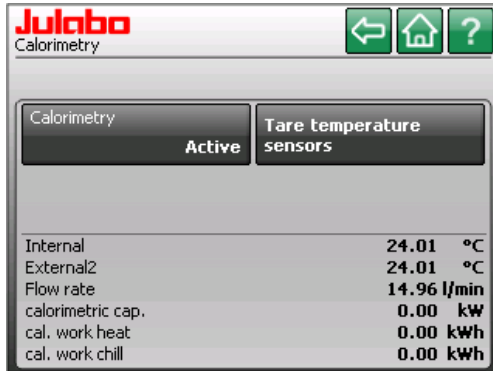
Press the >Tare temperature sensors< and the two values will be equalized.



Set >Calorimetry< to >Active<.

The value >calorimetric work< is thereby set to zero..

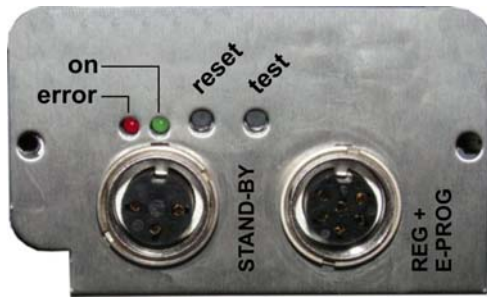
Measurement begins and values are now displayed in the lower lines.



The > Customize Home display < menu allows you to include the values >calorimetric work< and >calorimetric capacity< in the normal display.



10.5.5. Analog module (optional)



The analog module has two circular female connectors.

6a Female connector **Standby** input external „off“-key).

6b Female connector **REG+E-PROG** with three logging outputs and one input for an external programmer or other voltage and/or current sources.

i Information regarding labeling:

test For service purposes only. This key has no function during regular operation.

reset The module can be „reset“ with this key. This may be necessary in case of an error, for example if the red LED (error) lights up.

on ●

Green LED is illuminated

The module has operating voltage but does not receive any information (CAN-Messages).

Green LED is not illuminated

The unit is turned off or the module is damaged or it has no power supply.

Green LED blinks

Irregular blinking indicates that the module receives information (CAN-Messages) and works correctly.

error ●

Red LED is illuminated

Alarm of the module. The TFT display shows the type of error and required measures.

Red LED is not illuminated

If the unit is operating and the diode is not illuminated the module works correctly.

Red LED blinks

An unknown error has occurred during the data transfer on the CAN-Bus. The CAN-Bus has deactivated itself for safety reasons. Turn the unit off and then on again after several second. If the error occurs again, please contact JULABO service.

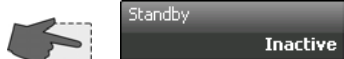


The buttons will display the current settings.



Standby connector

Select



Choose between

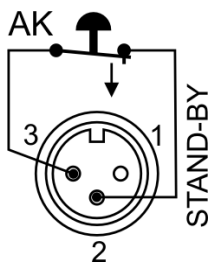
>Inactive<

or

>Active<



Standby



Press  to start.

Activate the standby input:

1. Under menu item >Standby<, set the parameter to >Active<.
2. Connect an external contact "AK" (e.g., for external switch-off) or an alarm contact of the superordinated system.

If the connection between pin 2 and pin 3 is interrupted by opening the contact "AK", a complete shutdown of the circulating pump and heater is effected, and the unit enters the condition "E OFF".

If the contact is closed again, the unit remains in status "Extern-OFF".

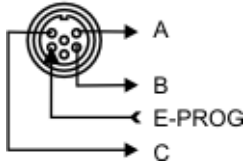


REG+E-PROG connector

REG+E-PROG



REG+E-PROG



Three logging outputs and one input for an external programmer:

- A Channel 1 voltage output for recorder (V)
- B Channel 2 voltage output for recorder (V)
- C Channel 3 current output for recorder (mA)

- E-PROG external programmer input

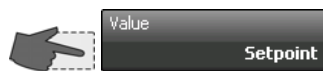
Outputs of the connector

(Description on page 74)



(voltage output)

Push value

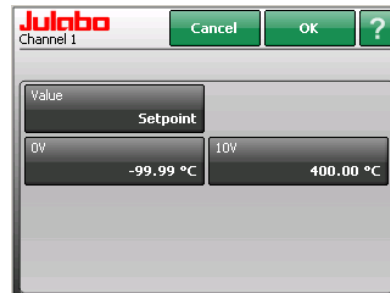


First define output value for channel 1.



Example:

Confirm with **OK**



Define scale:

Assign the value to 0 V.



Assign the value to 10 V



Assign the lowest value which is to be emitted to 0 V, the highest to 10 V (in the example on the right: °C).

The setting is displayed on the keypad.

Examples:



Channel 2 (voltage output)
 Same procedure as channel 1.
 First define output value for channel 2 then define scale.



Channel 3 (current output)

Push value. \Rightarrow
 First define output value for channel 3. $\Rightarrow \Rightarrow$
 Confirm with .

Push current range \Rightarrow

Then define current range for channel 3 $\Rightarrow \Rightarrow$
 Confirm with .



Define scale:

Set value for 4 mA .

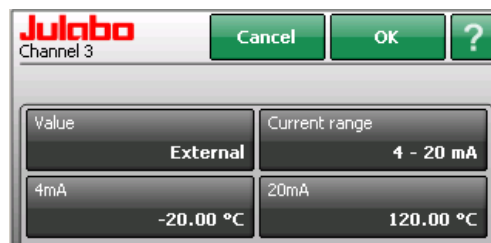
and \Rightarrow

Set value for 20 mA

and $\Rightarrow \Rightarrow$

Assign the lowest value which is to be emitted to 4 mA, the highest to 20 mA (in the example on the right: °C).

Example: current range 4 – 20 mA





Outputs of the connector - **Reg+E-Prog**

First define the desired output value for channels 1 to 3:

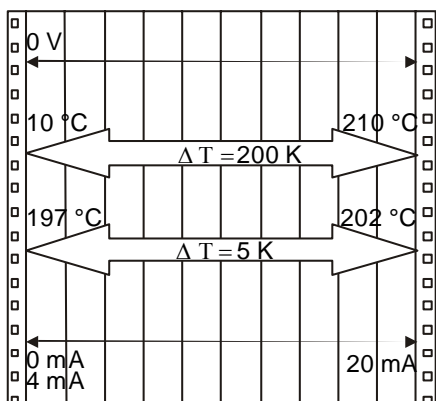
- Setpoint** active setpoint temperature (setpoint / integr. programmer/external programmer)
- Internal** internal actual temperature value (bath temperature)
- External** external actual temperature value (external sensor)
- Power** periodic or intermittent heating or cooling
- Pressure** actual pump pressure at unit or signal of external pressure sensor at socket **JULABO Sensor.Pressure/Flow**
- Flow-through** signal of external flow-through sensor at socket **JULABO Sensor.Pressure/Flow**

1. First define the desired output value for channels 1 to 3:

Channel **1 and 2**: output for temperature (°C) / power (%) / pressure (bar, psi) / flow-through (l/m)
Assign the lowest value to be emitted to 0 V the highest value to 10 V

Channel **3**: Output for temperature (°C) / power (%) / pressure (bar, psi) / flow-through (l/m)
Assign the lowest value to be emitted to 0 mA and/or 4 mA, the highest to 20 mA.

2. The current output (channel 3) offers 2 ranges for selection:
0 to 20 mA or 4 to 20 mA.



Examples:

lowest temperature value: 10 °C
highest temperature value: 210 °C
Fig. shows 200 °C scaled to paper width
slope: 50 mV/°C

lowest temperature value: 197 °C
highest temperature value: 202 °C
Fig. shows 5 °C scaled to paper width
slope: 2000 mV/°C

E-PROG - Input

Setting is necessary if

1. the Setpoint is to be set via an external voltage or current source or programmer
For this, in the menu > **Connect unit** <, first set the menu item > **external setpoint** < to >EProg<.
2. the heater variable should be controlled via an external control pulse.
For this, in the menu > **Connect unit** <, set the menu item > **Actuating variable** < to >EProg<.



or



ⓘ The E-Prog input can only be used either under menu item > **external setpoint** < or under menu item >**Actuating variable** <.

- Connect the external voltage or current source or programmer to the REG+E-PROG socket of the unit.

Select input variable (value): (Step 1 see below)

Setpoint in °C or °F
Power in %

Selecting the signal: (Step 1 see below)

Voltage voltage input
Current current input

The programmer (E-PROG) input of the unit can be matched to the output signal of the external voltage or current source.

Set >Lower value<: (Step 2 see below)

Set the desired lower value at the external signal generator and wait for approx. 30 seconds. Then set this value also via the numeric keypad of the unit and confirm by pushing **Enter**.

Set >Upper value<: (Step 3 see below)

Set the desired upper value at the external signal generator and wait for approx. 30 seconds. Then also set this value via the numeric keypad of the unit and confirm by pushing **Enter**.

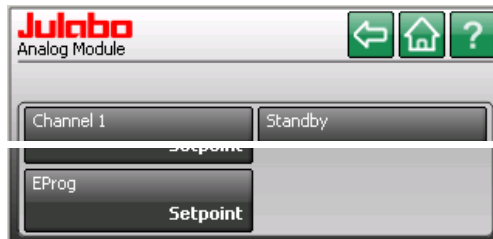


Important:
 The usable temperature range between the >„lower value“ < and the > upper value < is limited to the configured working temperature range of the unit.
 (see technical data for working temperature range)

Select



Push EProg

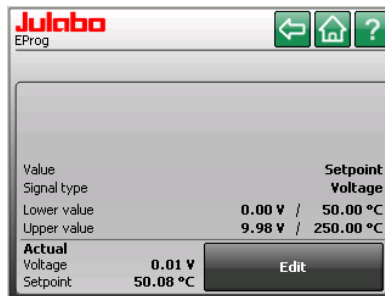


The current settings are displayed.

0.0 V equals 50.0 °C
 10.0 V equals 250 °C



Push edit



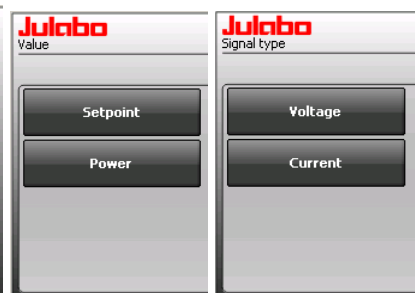
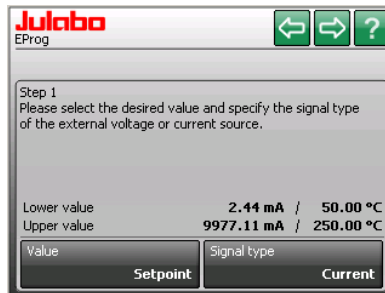
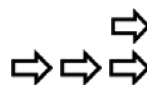
Step 1 is displayed.



Push value and select.



Push signal type and select.



i Continue automatically to step 2

i switch window

Please observe the instructions for step 2.

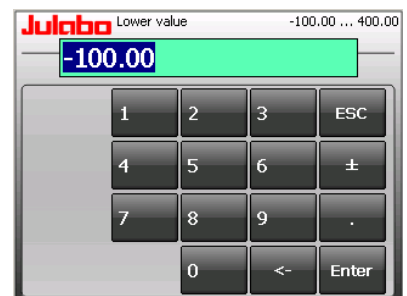
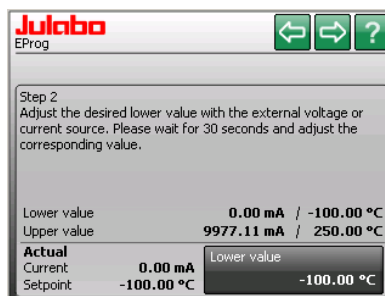
Example: 0.0 mA

Set lower value

and **Enter**.






Example: -100 °C

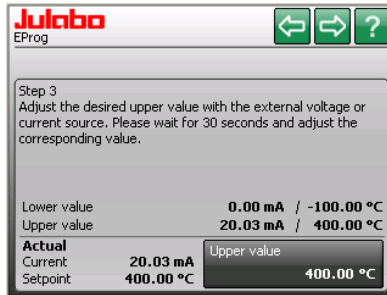



i Continue automatically to step 3

Please observe instructions for step 3.

Example: 20.0 mA

Set upper value and .
 
 Example: 400 °C

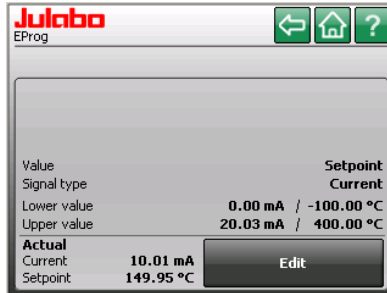


 Continue automatically

You can check the result using a control setting.

Example:

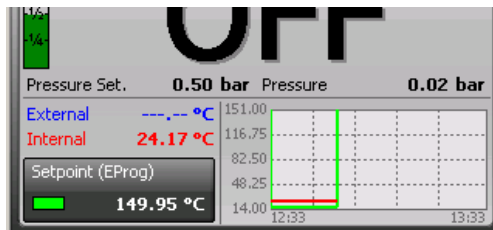
Set 10.0 mA and the unit will calculate 150.0 °C.



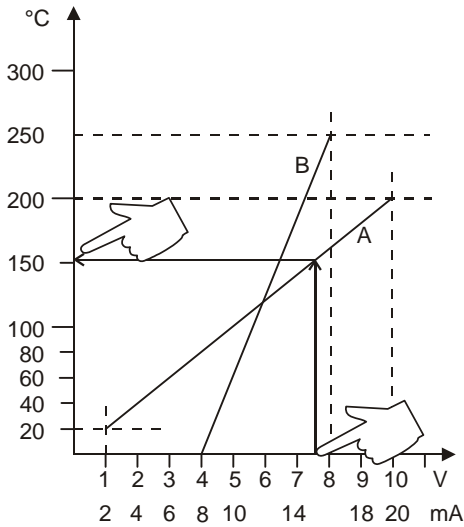
Standard display:



Under the tab setpoint the setting of the signal is displayed above the EProg-input.



This EPROG input enables the use of different voltage and current values as program parameters.



- **Setting the lower value**

1. Adjust and set the lowest desired value on the voltage or current source (Example A: 1 V).
Wait approximately 30 seconds.
2. Assign a lower temperature threshold value to this adjusted voltage/current value by pressing the appropriate keys on the digits keypad of the instrument (Example A: 20 °C) and set by pressing **Enter**.

- **Setting the upper value:**

1. Adjust and set the highest desired value on the voltage or current source (Example A: 10 V).
Wait approximately 30 seconds.
2. Assign an upper temperature threshold value to this adjusted voltage/current value by pressing the appropriate keys on the digits keypad of the instrument
(Example A: 200 °C) and set by pressing **Enter**.

Example B in the diagram illustrates that the end point values are freely selectable (e.g., 8 mA and 16 mA).

Example out of diagram A:

- Adjust the voltage source for an output of 7.6 V!

The unit calculates the temperature value from the gradient of the two specified end points (7.6 V correspond to a setpoint 152.0 °C).

This value is shown in the standard display



NOTICE:

If this adjustment is not correctly performed at two different points, the setpoint setting will be incorrect.

11. "Install unit" menu

Select in the main menu.

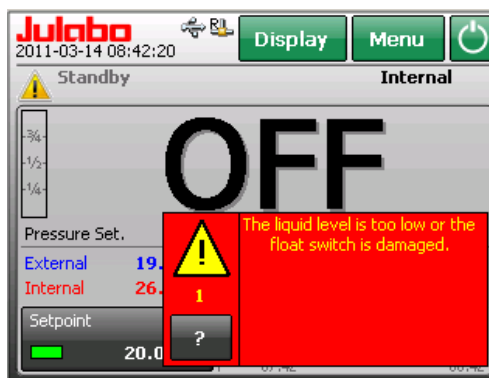


11.1. "Fill unit" menu (refilling)

Connect the mains power and switch on the unit at the mains switch.

Following the self-test, the unit will be in the "OFF" status and emit an audible signal.

To mute the signal, press the alarm notice's red box.



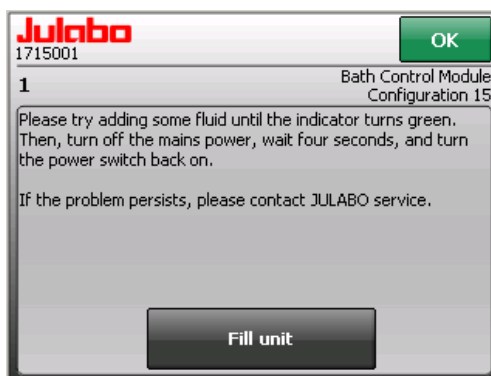
Error 1: Low-level alarm

Proper filling procedure:



The **>Fill unit<** box will appear in the help text.

Press **>Fill unit<**.

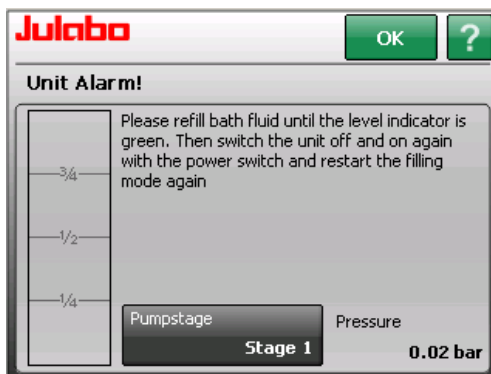


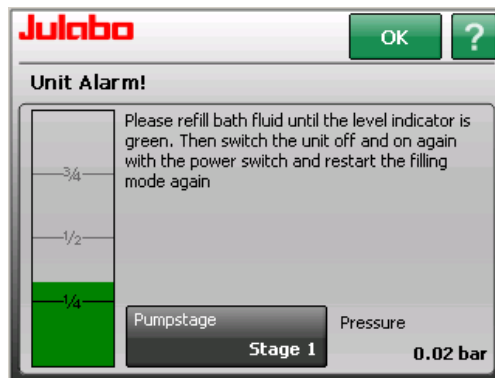
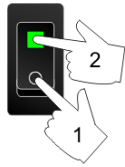
Follow the instructions on the screen.

Filling the unit



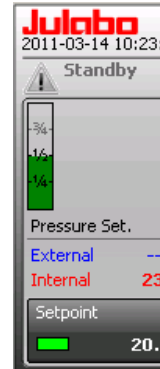
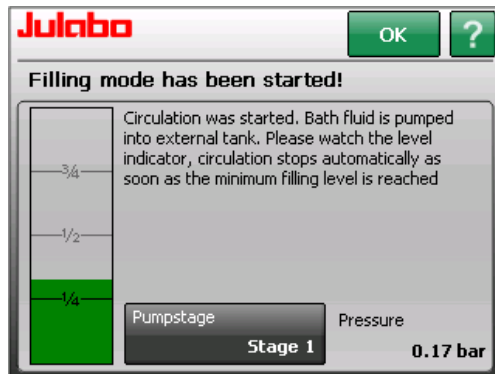
- Open the cover on the housing.
- Remove the plug.
- Slowly pour heat transfer liquid into the round opening.





Fill in liquid up to the desired fill level.

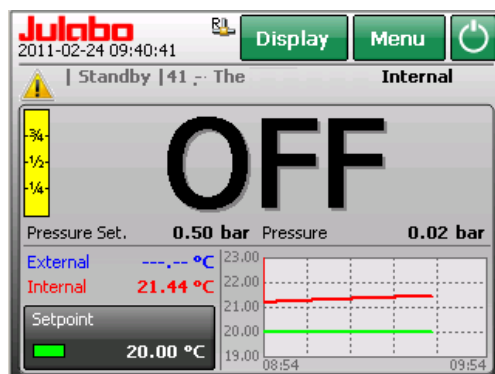
Return to standard display by pressing **OK**



If there is too much bath fluid or if the bath fluid extends due to heating during operation, a high level warning is activated.

Ticker:

The early warning system for high level reports a critical fluid level.
Please drain bath fluid.



Example: Image A40

In this case use the drain (6) to discharge bath fluid.

See next chapter for description of drain (7).



11.2. "Empty the unit" menu



Caution:

Do not drain the bath fluid while it is hot or cold !
Store and dispose the used bath fluid according to the laws for environmental protection.

Preparations:

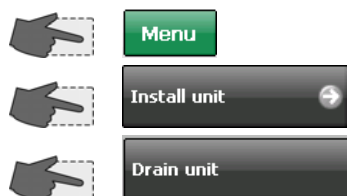
The drain nozzle and the drain screw are located at the bottom of the unit behind the ventilation grid.

Draining:

- Slide a short piece of tubing onto the drain port (7).
12 mm inner dia. tubing.
- Place a suitable container for catching the liquid under the unit.



After the mechanical preparations the unit is drained menu-driven via the user interface.

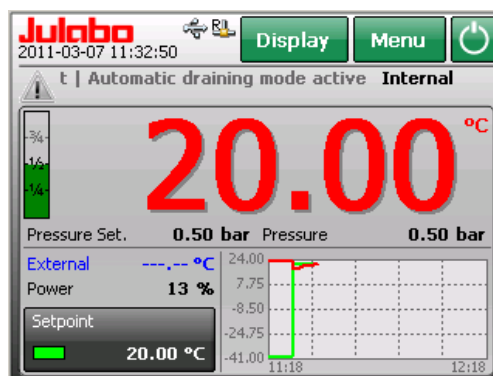


The ticker in the display reports the start of the automatic draining mode.

The setpoint is adjusted to 20.00°C.

As soon as a temperature of 20 °C (± 10 K) is reached the ticker text will change and prompts the draining of the unit.

- Unscrew the drain screw (8) by some turns.



Ticker:

Automatic draining mode active. Wait until the medium temperature has reached the adjusted setpoint.

Automatic draining mode finished. You can drain the unit now.

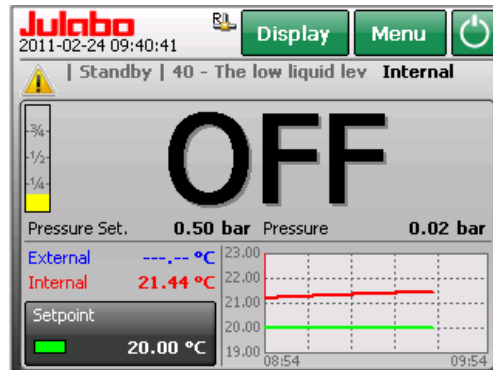
"Install unit" menu

As the liquid drains, the unit will emit first the low-level warning (warning 40) and then the low-level alarm (alarm 1, red).

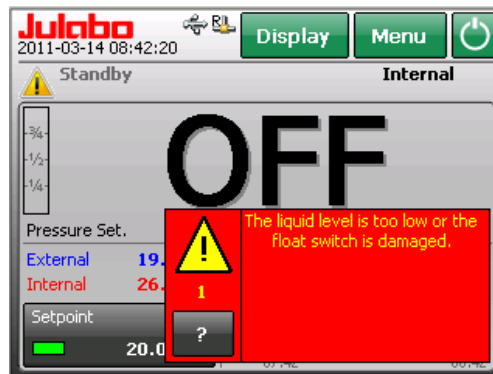
Warnings are displayed as a ticker in the status line.



Mute the audible signal by pressing the yellow symbol.



Mute the audible signal by pressing the red box.



In case of a complete exchange of the bath fluid the expansion tank must also be drained.

In this case use the drain (6) to discharge bath fluid.



11.3. "Adjust sensors" menu

**Notice:**

Do not alter the factory-setting for the internal sensor!
This is a closed temperature control system: only the calibration of the external sensor is sensible.

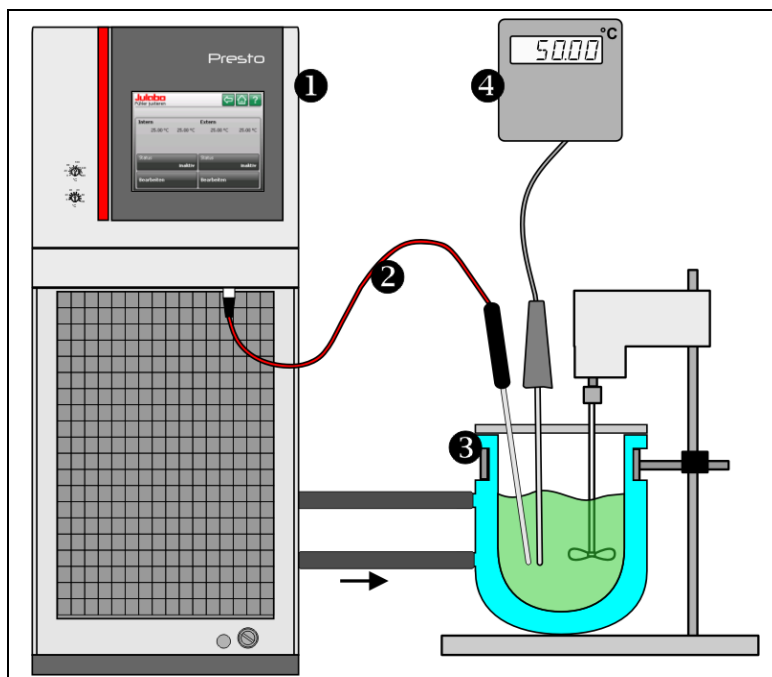
Both the internal temperature sensor and any external temperature sensor (attached to the "ext. Pt100" socket) may be calibrated.

Principle: external sensor calibration

During calibration in the external bath, a reference temperature sensor is used to determine the bath temperature in a stabilized condition.

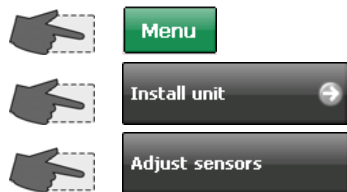
This value is then entered under the >Adjust sensors< menu, >Calibration value< menu item.

1. Temperature system
2. External temperature sensor Pt100
3. External bath
4. Temperature measuring device with a reference temperature sensor.
(Indicates the calibration value)

**Preparations:**

- ① Connect the external sensor Pt100 to the connecting socket „EXT Pt100“.
- ① Set unit to >internal control<. (see page 23)

"Install unit" menu



Select >Status< >Inactiv<



Select >Edit<



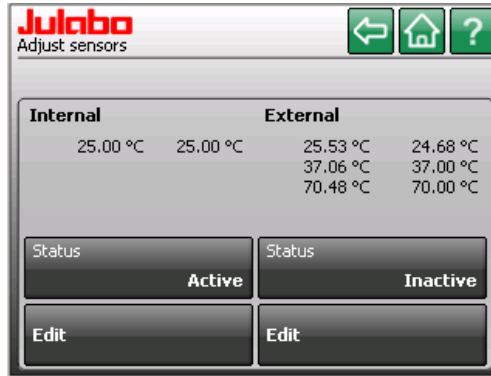
Select >Number of points<



Example: >3-point< calibration

i This setting determines the number of the following steps.

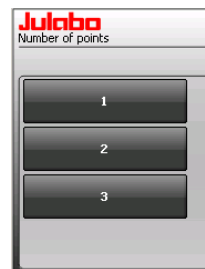
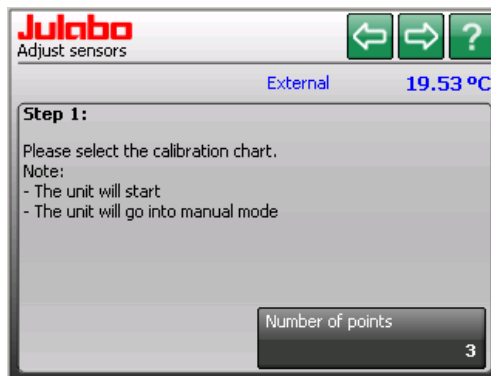
Example: Calibration of the **external** sensor.



Important:

During calibration >Status< >inactive< must be activated. Switch to >activ< after calibration.

You can perform a >1-point<, >2-point<, or >3-point< calibration



Follow the instructions on the screen.

(Values are examples only).



Calibration point 1

Hand icon pointing to 'Setpoint' button

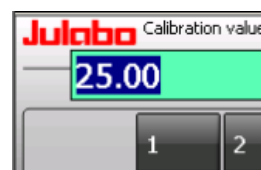
Wait

Hand icon pointing to 'Calibration value' button


It is not possible to enter a calibration value while a button is light grey. →



Wait



Calibration point 2


 Set >**Setpoint**<

Wait

 Set >**Calibration value**<



Calibration point 3

 Set >**Setpoint**<

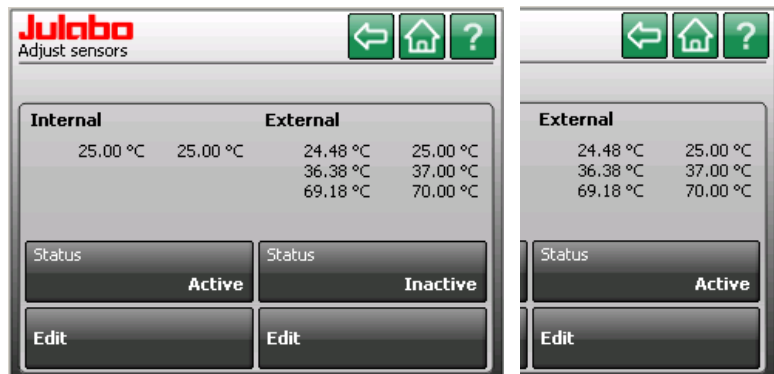
Wait

 Set >**Calibration value**<



After the final value has been entered, all calibration points (three in this case) will be displayed.
(Values are examples only).

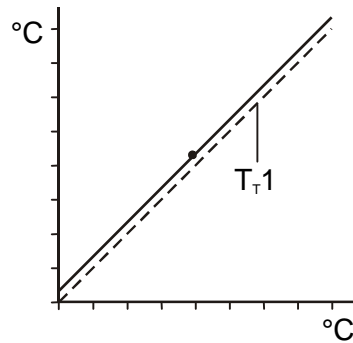
 Set >**Status**< >**active**< after the calibration.



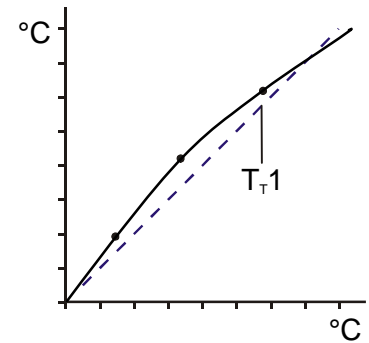
In the > **Status** < >**active**< the calibration curve always affects the current working temperature; also the one set via interface.

Examples:

1-point calibration



3-point calibration



T_{T1} = Original curve

In case of a 1-point-calibration the calibration curve is moved entirely towards the original curve of the sensor.

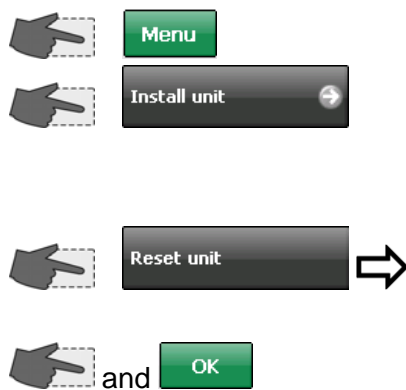
In case if a 3-point calibration a bent curve may result. Thus the accuracy of the temperature indication can be improved in areas important to the application.

Example:

Working temperature setpoint 150 °C

The comparison points can be set at 140 °C, 150 °C and 160 °C.

11.4. "Reset unit" menu



11.5. "Unit name" menu

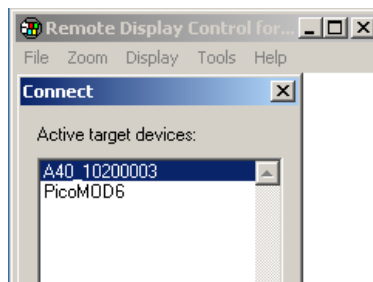
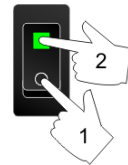


Use the keypad to enter the name
 Example: A40 and Barcode

Then use the mains switch to switch the unit off and switch it back on approximately 4 seconds later.

It will now be easier to identify the unit in the ethernet.

At delivery every unit has a name which can be changed here.



11.6. Save/load parameters

Once the optimum settings of the parameters of an application have been determined, this menu will enable you to save these on an external data carrier. It is therefore possible to specify various unit settings which can be used over and over again or can be transferred to additional units.

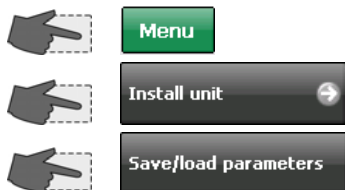


Important Note:

Unit data can only be exchanged between identical models.

Examples: A40 to A40 / W40 to W40










Not possible from A40 to W40

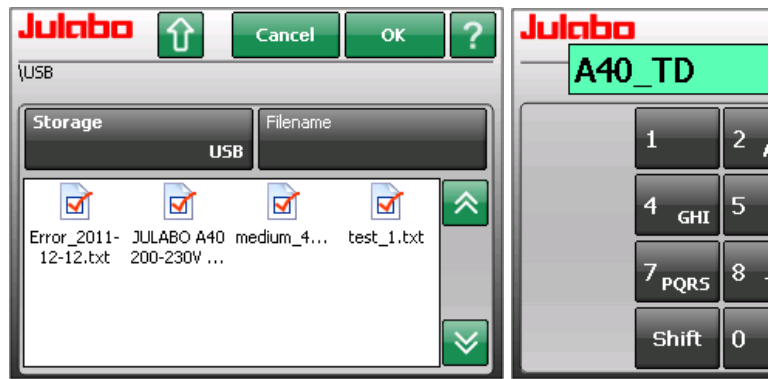


Please insert data carrier, e.g. USB stick.




Save parameters

 Save
 Select data carrier
 Create a new file.
 Select file name
 Filename 
  and 
 Example: A40_TD  








Save parameters

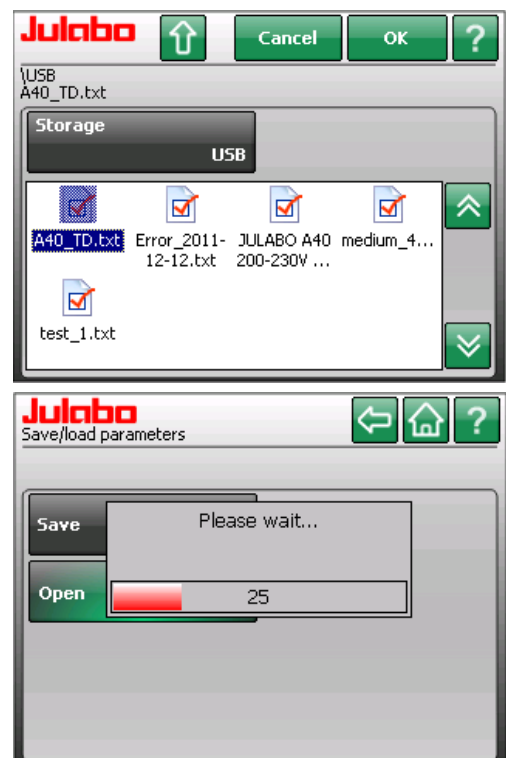


 The unit data are saved on an external data carrier.

Load parameters

Please insert data carrier., e.g. USB stick. 

 Open
 Select data carrier
 Select file 





Load parameters.



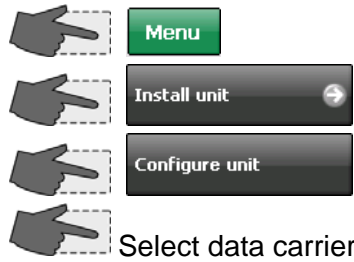
 The unit data are loaded from the external data carrier.


11.7. Configure unit


The unit can be configured through the CAN Bus interface using a TFT display module (with USB stick, for example). Configuration files must be approved by JULABO.

 Button to go back one step 

Please insert data carrier., e.g. USB stick.

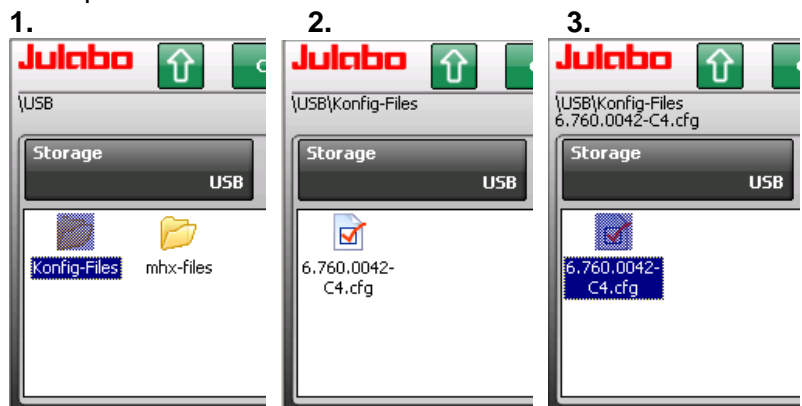


 1. / 2. Double click to select and open the configuration file.

 3. Select desired file and start the configuration with double click or OK.



Example:

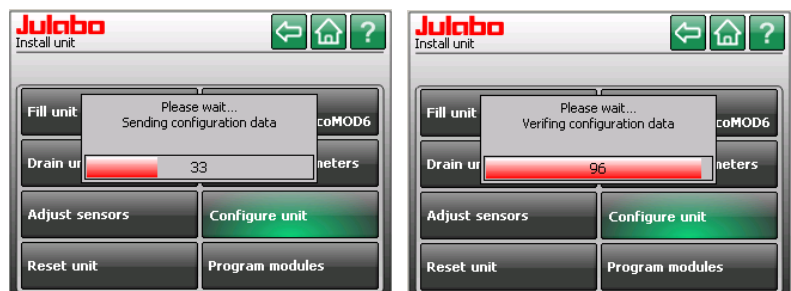


The configuration data will be sent in the first step and examined in the second step.

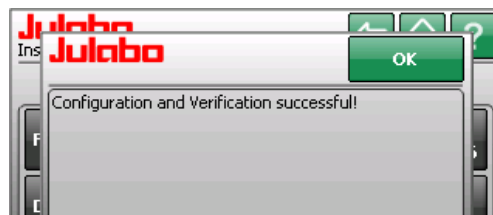
Attention:

When examining the configuration data the language may change!

See **Note** below.



Successful configuration is confirmed at the end.



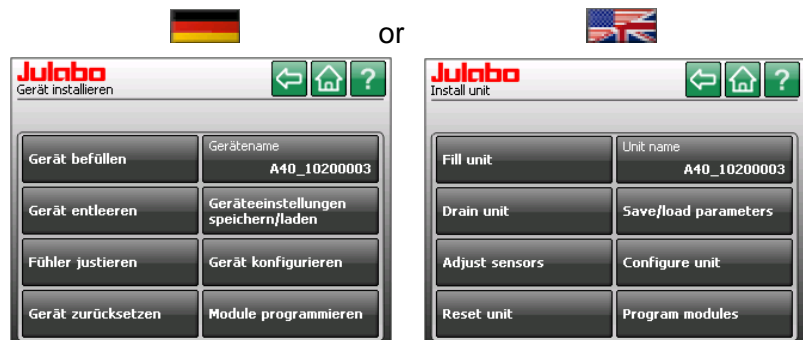


Note:

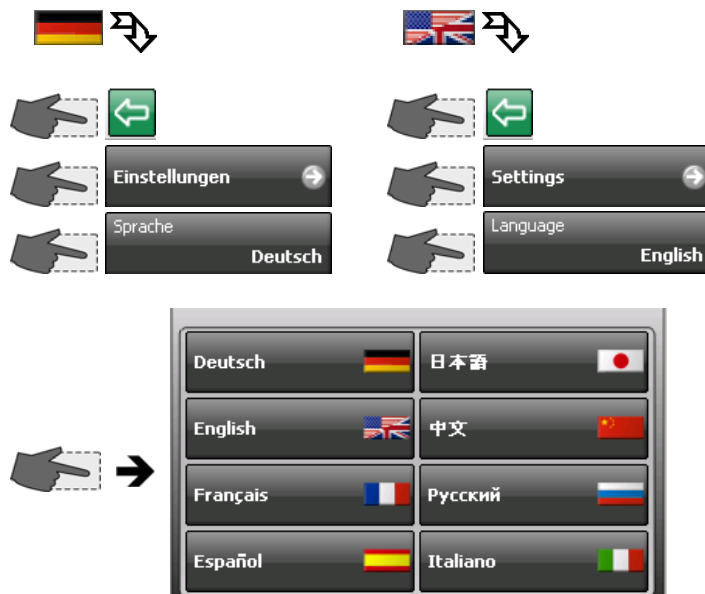
The language setting (German or English) in a configuration file is based primarily on the unit's mains voltage or mains frequency.

This is defined by JULABO, since each unit has only one configuration file.

If the language is switched during examination of the configuration data, one of the following two displays will appear:



Return to desired language setting.

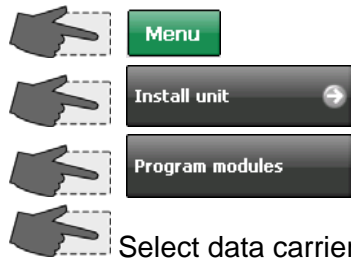


11.8. Program modules

The unit's electronic modules can be programmed through the CAN Bus interface using a TFT display module (with USB stick, for example). Removal not required.

As a result, upgrades are completed quickly and at low cost.

Insert the data carrier into the appropriate slot, such as a USP port.

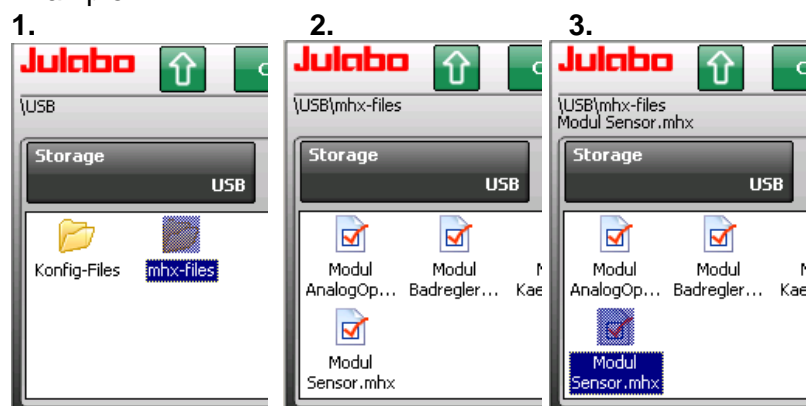


Example:

1. / 2. Double click to select and open the folder that contains the programs.

Example: mhx-files

3. Select desired file and start the programming with double click or OK.



The file will be read and the module ID shown on the display.

Click OK to continue.



Select the module.

Your selection will turn orange. Additional information provided on the display.

Successful programming is confirmed at the end.



i The unit compares the firmware version that is currently installed with the version on the data carrier. If the installed version is lower or the same, this will be indicated on the display.

12. Error messages, fault causes, remedies


Error messages are divided into two groups, alarms and warnings. For quick differentiation both are shown in different colors on the TFT display. Possible fault causes as well as repair measures are listed.

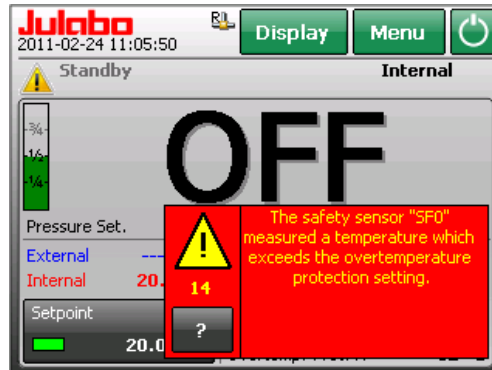
ALARM display

Error messages are displayed in a red box.

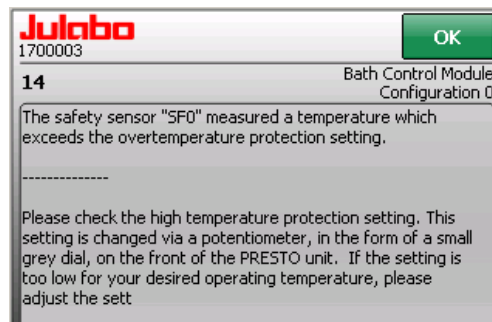
Example: Error 14

Touch the red box to mute the alarm.

Press  button for help text.
The module and the configuration are listed.



The unit switches to status „Standby“. Heater, refrigeration unit and circulation pump are switched off.



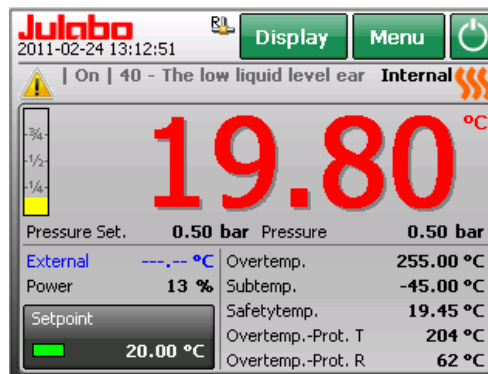
WARNING display

Warnings are displayed as a ticker in the status line.




Example: Warning 40

Touch the icon to mute the signal.



Help is always accessible

through the icons  or .

Touch the icon and a list of errors will be displayed. 

Displays during errors

ALARM Red > 

WARNING Yellow > 


| Code | From | Until | | |
|------|---------------------|---------------------|---|---|
| 40 | 2011-02-24 09:33:55 | 2011-02-24 09:46:31 |  |  |
| 108 | 2011-02-23 15:33:39 | - |  |  |
| 14 | 2011-02-23 14:31:44 | 2011-02-23 15:33:39 |  |  |
| 1 | 2011-02-23 13:02:31 | - |  |  |
| 1 | 2011-02-23 11:10:01 | - |  |  |

Date and time when the error appeared are stored and displayed.




If possible, this data will also be stored during removal of the error.


Example code  

Use the   keys to view the list.

Use the  key to exit the list. The yellow Attention icon

"" is reset to ".



Press the  button for help text.  

Press  to delete an error message from the list. The 10 most recent events are shown.

| Code | From | Until | | |
|------|---------------------|---------------------|---|--|
| 40 | 2011-02-24 09:33:55 | |  |  |
| 108 | 2011-02-23 15:33:39 | |  |  |
| 14 | 2011-02-23 14:31:44 | 2011-02-23 15:33:39 |  |  |
| 1 | 2011-02-23 13:02:31 | |  |  |
| 1 | 2011-02-23 11:10:01 | |  |  |

Julabo
1715106
Bath Control Module Configuration 15
40
The low liquid level early warning system reports the liquid level is critically low.

Please add bath liquid until the liquid level indicator turns green.

| Code | From | Until | | |
|------|---------------------|---------------------|---|--|
| 40 | 2011-02-24 09:33:55 | 2011-02-24 09:46:31 |  |  |
| 108 | 2011-02-23 15:33:39 | |  |  |
| 14 | 2011-02-23 14:31:44 | 2011-02-23 15:33:39 |  |  |
| 1 | 2011-02-23 13:02:31 | |  |  |
| 1 | 2011-02-23 11:10:01 | |  |  |

Julabo
1700003
Bath Control Module Configuration 0
14
The safety sensor "SFO" measured a temperature which exceeds the overtemperature protection setting.

Please check the high temperature protection setting. This setting is changed via a potentiometer, in the form of a small grey dial, on the front of the PRESTO unit. If the setting is too low for your desired operating temperature, please adjust the sett

13. Remote control

13.1. Setup for remote control



Adjust the interface in the „Connect unit Menu“ under menu item „Remote control“ (refer to page 49).

The mostly one-time adjustment of the interface parameters is carried out at the unit in its "Digital interfaces" menu (refer to page 52).

Factory settings: RS232

| | |
|-----------|---|
| BAUDRATE | 4800 Baud |
| PARITY | even parity |
| HANDSHAKE | Protokoll RTS/CTS (hardware handshake) |
| | Data bits 7 |
| | Stop bit 1 |



The interface parameters are stored in the memory even after the unit is turned off.

13.2. Communication with a PC or a superordinated data system



If the unit is put into remote control mode, the TFT-DISPLAY will read "R" = REMOTE.

In general, the computer (master) sends commands to the instrument (slave). The instrument sends data (including error messages) only when the computer sends a query.



In remote control mode, the start command and all values to be set must be reset by the PC via the interface in case of a power interruption. AUTOSTART is not possible.

A transfer sequence consists of:

- command
 - space (↔; Hex: 20)
 - parameter (decimal separation with a period)
 - end of file (↵; Hex: 0D)
- The response (data string) after an **in** command is always followed by a line feed (LF, Hex: 0A).

The commands are divided into **in** or **out** commands.

in commands: retrieve parameters

out commands: set parameters



The **out** commands are valid only in remote control mode.

Command to set the working temperature

>Setpoint1< to 55.5 °C **out_sp_00 ↔ 55.5↵**

Command to retrieve the working temperature

>Setpoint1< **in_sp_00↵**

Response from the temperature system:

55.5↵ LF

13.3. List of commands

This list of commands includes all available commands for Presto Axx and Presto Wxx.
Some commands may be used only in limited situations and are shown with an appropriate note.
Example: [not on A30]

13.3.1. in commands

in commands: Asking for parameters or temperature values to be displayed.

| Command | Parameter | Response of instrument |
|----------------|-----------|--|
| version | none | Number of software version (V X.xx) |
| status | none | Status message, error message). |
| in_pv_00 | none | Actual bath temperature. |
| in_pv_01 | none | Heating power being used (%). |
| in_pv_02 | none | Temperature value registered by the external Pt100 sensor. |
| in_pv_03 | none | Temperature value registered by the safety sensor. >TANK< |
| in_pv_04 | none | Over-temperature safety device setting |
| in_pv_05 | none | Pump pressure in bar. |
| in_pv_06 | none | Pump pressure of the external sensor socket |
| in_pv_07 | none | Flow value of the external sensor socket |
| in_pv_08 | none | Pressure 2 [not on Presto] |
| in_pv_09 | none | Cooling water flow |
| in_pv_10 | none | Calorimetric capacity [not on A30] |
| in_pv_11 | none | Calorimetric work [not on A30] |
| in_pv_12 | none | Temperature at external sensor2 |
| in_sp_00 | none | Working temperature (setpoint 1) |
| in_sp_01 | none | Working temperature (setpoint 2) |
| in_sp_02 | none | Working temperature (setpoint 3) |
| in_sp_03 | none | Upper temperature limit |

| Command | Parameter | Response of instrument |
|------------|-----------|--|
| in_sp_04 | none | Lower temperature limit |
| in_sp_05 | none | Setpoint temperature of the external programmer (socket REG+E-PROG) . |
| in_sp_06 | none | Watchdog set point |
| in_sp_07 | none | Pump pressure stage. Selected pump stage [not on A30] |
| in_sp_08 | kein | Flow rate setpoint [not on A30] |
| in_sp_09 | none | Value from pump pressure setpoint [not on A30] |
| in_sp_10 | none | Selected variable setting via the serial interface |
| in_sp_11 | none | Temperature indication in °C or °F |
| in_sp_12 | none | Pump pressure indication in bar or psi |
| in_sp_13 | none | Flow indication in l/min or gpm |
| in_sp_14 | none | Pressure warning limit, upper |
| in_sp_15 | none | Pressure warning limit, lower |
| in_sp_16 | none | Pressure alarm limit (5 s) |
| in_sp_17 | none | Pressure alarm limit (1 s) |
| in_sp_18 | none | Flow rate warning limit, upper |
| in_sp_19 | none | Flow rate warning limit, lower |
| in_sp_20 | none | Final temperature of gradient function |
| in_sp_21 | none | Display calorimetric capacity/work (kW/kWh or Btu/s, Btu) |
| | | |
| In_hil_00 | none | Max. cooling power (%). |
| In_hil_01 | none | Max. heating power (%). |
| in_mode_01 | none | Setpoint for control set to: 0 = Setpoint1 1 = Setpoint2 2 = Setpoint3 |
| In_mode_02 | none | Selftuning type: 0 = Selftuning "off" 1 = Selftuning "once" 2 = Selftuning "always" |
| in_mode_03 | none | Type of external programmer input: 0 = Voltage 0 V to 10 V 1 = Current 0 mA to 20 mA |

| Command | Parameter | Response of instrument |
|------------|-----------|--|
| in_mode_04 | none | Internal/external temperature control: 0 = Temperature control with internal sensor. 1 = Temperature control with external Pt100 sensor. |
| in_mode_05 | none | Unit in stop/start condition: 0 = stop 1 = start |
| in_mode_08 | none | Adjusted control dynamics 0 = aperiodic 1 = standard |
| in_mode_09 | none | Selected pump control 0 = Stage control 1 = Pressure control |
| in_mode_10 | none | Calorimetric function active/inactive [not on A30] 0 = inactive 1 = active |
| in_mode_20 | none | Gradient function started/stopped? 0 = inactive 1 = active |
| in_par_00 | none | Difference between the working sensor and the safety sensor |
| in_par_01 | none | Te - Time constant of the external bath. |
| in_par_02 | none | Si - Internal slope |
| in_par_03 | none | Ti - Time constant of the internal bath. |
| in_par_04 | none | Control parameter CoSpeed of the external controller 0 ... 5.0. |
| in_par_06 | none | Xp control parameter of the internal controller. |
| in_par_07 | none | Tn control parameter of the internal controller. |
| in_par_08 | none | Tv control parameter of the internal controller. |
| in_par_09 | none | Xp control parameter of the cascade controller. |
| in_par_10 | none | Proportional share of the cascade controller. |
| in_par_11 | none | Tn control parameter of the cascade controller. |
| in_par_12 | none | Tv control parameter of the cascade controller. |
| in_par_13 | none | Adjusted maximum internal temperature of the cascade controller. |
| in_par_14 | none | Adjusted minimum internal temperature of the cascade controller. |
| in_par_15 | none | Band limit (upper) Upper band limit |
| in_par_16 | none | Band limit (lower) Lower band limit |
| in_par_20 | none | Gradient of the gradient function |

13.3.2. out commands

out commands: Setting parameters or temperature values.

| Command | Parameter | Response of instrument |
|-------------|-----------|--|
| out_mode_01 | 0 | Use working temperature (Setpoint 1) |
| out_mode_01 | 1 | Use working temperature (Setpoint 2) |
| out_mode_01 | 2 | Use working temperature (Setpoint 3) |
| out_mode_02 | 0 | Selftuning "off". Temperature control using the stored parameters. |
| out_mode_02 | 1 | Selftuning "once" Single selftuning of the controlled system after the next start. |
| out_mode_02 | 2 | Selftuning "always" Continual selftuning of the controlled system whenever a new setpoint is to be reached. |
| out_mode_03 | 0 | Set external programmer input to voltage. Voltage 0V ... 10V |
| out_mode_03 | 1 | Set external programmer input to current. Current 0mA ... 20mA |
| out_mode_04 | 0 | Temperature control of internal bath. |
| out_mode_04 | 1 | External control with Pt100 sensor. |
| out_mode_05 | 0 | Stop the unit = R -OFF-. |
| out_mode_05 | 1 | Start the unit. |
| out_mode_08 | 0 | Set the control dynamics - aperiodic |
| out_mode_08 | 1 | Set the control dynamics - standard |
| out_mode_09 | 0 | Set pump to stage control |
| out_mode_09 | 1 | Set pump to pressure control |
| out_mode_10 | 0 | Deactivate calorimetry function |
| out_mode_10 | 1 | Activate calorimetry function (must have been previously deactivated) |
| out_mode_20 | 0 | Stop gradient function |
| out_mode_20 | 1 | Start gradient function |
| out_sp_00 | xxx.x | Set working temperature. (Setpoint 1) |
| out_sp_01 | xxx.xx | Set working temperature. (Setpoint 2) |
| out_sp_02 | xxx.xx | Set working temperature. (Setpoint 3) |
| out_sp_03 | xxx.x | Set upper temperature limit |
| out_sp_04 | xxx.x | Set lower temperature limit |

Remote control

| Command | Parameter | Response of instrument |
|------------|-----------|---|
| out_sp_06 | xxx.xx | Set watchdog set point |
| out_sp_07 | x | Set the pump pressure stage. (1 ... 4) [not on A30] |
| out_sp_08 | xxx.xx | Set flow rate setpoint [not on A30] |
| out_sp_09 | xxx.xx | Set pump pressure setpoint [not on A30] |
| out_sp_10 | xxx | Set variable via the serial interface -100 ... 100 [%] |
| out_sp_14 | xxx.xx | Set pressure warning limit, upper |
| out_sp_15 | xxx.xx | Set pressure warning limit, lower |
| out_sp_16 | xxx.xx | Set pressure alarm limit (5 s) |
| out_sp_17 | xxx.xx | Set pressure alarm limit (1 s) |
| out_sp_18 | xxx.xx | Set flow rate warning limit, upper |
| out_sp_19 | xxx.xx | Set flow rate warning limit, lower |
| out_sp_20 | xxx.xx | Set final temperature of gradient function |
| out_hil_00 | -xxx | Set the desired maximum cooling power (0% to 100%). Note: Enter the value with a preceding negative sign! |
| out_hil_01 | xxx | Set the desired maximum heating power (10% to 100%). |
| out_par_04 | xxx | Control parameter CoSpeed of the external controller 0 ... 5.0. |
| out_par_06 | xxx | Xp control parameter of the internal controller. |
| out_par_07 | xxx | Tn control parameter of the internal controller. |
| out_par_08 | xxx | Tv control parameter of the internal controller. |
| out_par_09 | xxx | Xp control parameter of the cascade controller. |
| out_par_10 | xxx | Proportional portion of the cascade controller. |
| out_par_11 | xxx | Tn control parameter of the cascade controller. |
| out_par_12 | xxx | Tv control parameter of the cascade controller. |
| out_par_13 | xxx | Maximum internal temperature of the cascade controller. |
| out_par_14 | xxx | Minimum internal temperature of the cascade controller. |
| out_par_15 | xxx | Upper band limit 0 ... 200 K |
| out_par_16 | xxx | Lower band limit 0 ... 200 K |
| out_par_20 | xx.xxx | Set gradient of the gradient function |

13.4. Status messages

| Status messages | Deskription |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|
| 00 MANUAL STOP | Presto® in "OFF" state. |
| 01 MANUAL START | Presto® in normal control mode |
| 02 REMOTE STOP | Presto® in "Remote OFF" state. |
| 03 REMOTE START | Presto® in remote control mode. |

13.4.1. Status messages as reply to sent commands

| Messages | Deskription |
|---|--|
| -08 INVALID COMMAND | The unit did not recognize the most recently received command. |
| -09 COMMAND NOT ALLOWED IN CURRENT OPERATING MODE | The most recently received command is not permitted in the current operating mode (example: setpoint specification while the unit is working in manual mode) |
| -10 VALUE TOO SMALL | Entered value too small. |
| -11 VALUE TOO LARGE | Entered value too large. |
| -13 VALUE EXCEED TEMPERATURE LIMITS | Value lies outside the adjusted range for the high and low temperature warning limits. But the value is stored.. |



Note:
In addition to status messages, error messages are also transferred. (See error messages starting on Page 108)

14. Communication via Modbus TCP/IP

14.1. Datatypes

14.1.1. Used Datatypes

The PRESTO-Modbus protocol uses the following datatypes:

| Datatype | Description | Number of used registers |
|----------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| short | signed value with 16 bits | 1 |
| ushort | unsigned value with 16 bits | 1 |
| int | signed value with 32 bits | 2 |
| uint | unsigned value with 32 bits | 2 |
| float | floating point value with 32 bits | 2 |
| | | |

Table 1: Datatypes

The data types of the several values are listed in the parameter description tables (**Table 3 Table 4**).

14.1.2. Data Encoding

MODBUS uses 16 bit registers for data transaction. Therefore, data values, which have more than 16 bit (float, int, uint) need to be divided into two (or more) contiguous registers. According to the MODBUS specification, these data values are encoded with the HIGH-WORD in the first and the LOW-WORD in the second register.

It is absolutely required that the complete bus system uses the same format so that all data is decoded correctly. Some masters use the so called INTEL format (LOW-WORD first, HIGH-WORD second).

Therefore you can change the data encoding between INTEL format and MODBUS format by using holding-register 93.

Floats are encoded in IEEE754 format (1Bit Sign, 8Bits Exponent, 23Bits Mantissa).

14.2. Error Handling

If the unit detects an illegal data frame, it responses with an exception response. The following exception responses are supported by the unit.

| Code | Name | Description |
|------|----------------------|---|
| 01 | ILLEGAL FUNCTION | The function code received is not supported by the unit. Attempt to change any parameter and the unit is not in remote control |
| 02 | ILLEGAL DATA ADDRESS | The data address received in the query is not an allowable address for the unit (see register tables below) The combination of data address and data length is not allowed for the unit. (e.g. only the first or only the second register on an multi-register value is set) |
| 03 | ILLEGAL DATA VALUE | The adjusted value is not in the allowed range for the unit. |

Table 2: Exception-Codes

14.3. Holding-Registers

14.3.1. Function-Codes

| Name | Code (dec.) | Code (hex.) | Description |
|-------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| Read Holding Registers | 03 | 03 | Read multiple Holding Registers from the PRESTO |
| Write Single Registers | 06 | 06 | Write a single holding register to the PRESTO |
| Write Multiple Registers | 16 | 10 | Write multiple contiguous holding registers (1-123) to the PRESTO. Use this function if you want to change values which have a datalength greater than 1 register (float-values) |
| Read/Write Multiple registers | 23 | 17 | Combination of one read operation and one write operation in a single MODBUS transaction. The write operation is performed before the read. |

14.3.2. Register table

| Register-address | Protocol Address | Datatype | Description | Adjustable range |
|---------------------------|------------------|----------|--|---|
| | 0 | ushort | Start/Stop the unit | 0: Unit is in OFF-Mode 1: Unit is started |
| | 1 | ushort | Acting variable input | 0: Controller 1: Digital 2: EPROG |
| | 2 – 3 | float | Working temperature (Setpoint) | Setpoint min. – Setpoint max. |
| | 4 | short | Heating/Cooling power via MODBUS | -100 ... 100 |
| Control parameters | | | | |
| | 10 | ushort | Temperature control of internal bath/external PT100 sensor | 0: Temperature control of internal bath 1: External control with Pt100 sensor |
| | 11 | ushort | Selftuning function | 0: No selftuning 1: Single selftuning of the controlled system after the next start 2: Continual selftuning of the controlled system whenever a new setpoint is to be reached |
| | 12 – 13 | float | Xp control parameter of the internal controller | 0.1 ... 99.9 1/K |
| | 14 | ushort | Tn control parameter of the internal controller | 3 ... 9999 s |
| | 15 | ushort | Tv control parameter of the internal controller | 0 ...999 s |

| Register-address | Protocol Address | Datatype | Description | Adjustable range |
|---------------------------|------------------|----------|---|--|
| | 16 | ushort | control dynamics | 0: Aperiodic 1: Standard |
| | 17 – 18 | float | Xp control parameter of the cascade controller | 0.1 ... 99.9 1/K |
| | 19 | ushort | Tn control parameter of the cascade controller | 3 ... 9999 s |
| | 20 | ushort | Tv control parameter of the cascade controller | 0 ... 999 s |
| | 21 – 22 | float | XpU control parameter of the cascade controller | 0.1 ... 99.9 1/K |
| | 23 – 24 | float | CoSpeed for external control | 0.0 ... 5.0 |
| Controller limits | | | | |
| | 40 | short | maximum cooling power | -100 ... 0 |
| | 41 | short | maximum heating power | 0 ... 100 |
| | 42 – 43 | float | Min. internal temperature of the cascade controller | |
| | 44 – 45 | float | Max. internal temperature of the cascade controller. | |
| | 46 | short | Lower band limit | 0 ... 200 K |
| | 47 | short | Upper band limit | 0 ... 200 K |
| Pump settings | | | | |
| | 50 | ushort | control type pressure control / stage control | 0: Stage control 1: Pressure control 2: Flow control |
| | 51 | ushort | Pressure control of internal/external pressure sensor | 0: Pressure control of internal sensor 1: Pressure control of external sensor |
| | 52 | ushort | Pumpstage | 1 – Pumpstage max. (74) |
| | 53 – 54 | float | Working pressure (Pressure setpoint) | 0 ... Pressure setpoint max (75) |
| | 55 – 56 | float | Working flow rate (Flow rate setpoint) | |
| Temperature limits | | | | |
| | 60 – 61 | float | Low temperature warning limit (SubTemp) | |
| | 62 – 63 | float | High temperature warning limit (Overtemp) | |
| | 64 | ushort | Reaction if the temperature exceeds the adjusted limits | 0: Warning 1: Alarm |
| Setpoint limits | | | | |
| | 70 – 71 | float | minimum adjustable temperature setpoint | |
| | 72 – 73 | float | maximum adjustable temperature setpoint | |
| | 74 | ushort | maximum adjustable pump stage | 1 – 4 |
| | 75 – 76 | float | maximum adjustable pressure setpoint | |

| Register-address | Protocol Address | Datatype | Description | Adjustable range | |
|------------------------|------------------|----------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Pressure limits | | | | | |
| | 80 – 81 | float | lower warning limit for pump pressure | 0 ... upper warning limit | |
| | 82 – 83 | float | upper warning limit for pump pressure | lower warning ... Pressure limit | |
| | 84 – 85 | float | Pressure limit | upper warning limit ... Pressure peak limit | |
| | 86 – 87 | float | Pressure peak limit | Pressure limit – sensor measurement range | |
| Units | | | | | |
| | 90 | ushort | Temperature unit | 0: °C 1: °F | |
| | 91 | ushort | Pressure unit | 0: bar 1: psi | |
| | 92 | ushort | Flow unit | 0: l/min 0: gpm | |
| | 93 | ushort | Modbus-Format ¹ | 0: BigEndian, NoSwap 1: LittleEndian, NoSwap 2: BigEndian, Swap 3: LittleEndian, Swap | |
| | 94 | ushort | Unit capacity/Work | 0: kW/kWh 1: Btu/s or Btu | |
| DateTime | | | | | |
| | 100 | ushort | Year | | |
| | 101 | ushort | Month | | |
| | 102 | ushort | Day | | |
| | 103 | ushort | Hour | | |
| | 104 | ushort | Minute | | |
| | 105 | ushort | Second | | |
| Additional | | | | | |
| | 110 | ushort | CalorimetryActive | 0: Inactive 1: Active | |

Table 3: Holding registers

¹ Defines the data encoding format of all registers (see chapter 14.1.2) EXCEPT this. THIS REGISTER IS ALWAYS IN MODBUS FORMAT!!!

14.4. Input-Registers

Input-Registers can be read by the master.

14.4.1. Function-Codes

| Name | Code (dec.) | Code (hex.) | |
|----------------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| Read Input Registers | 04 | 04 | |

14.4.2. Register-Table

| Register-address | Protocol Address | Datatype | Description | Range / Meaning | |
|--------------------|------------------|----------|--|---|--|
| 30001-30002 | 0 – 1 | uint | Firmwareversion | Byte1: Major Byte2: Minor Byte3: Build Byte4: Revision | |
| 30003 | 2 | ushort | Unit type | | |
| 30004-30005 | 3 – 4 | uint | Unit barcode | | |
| 30006 | 5 | short | Unit remote control status | 0: ManualControl 1: RS232 2: USB 3: Ethernet 4: Modbus 5: WirelessTEMP | |
| 30007 | 6 | short | Unit Alarmcode | Error messages see page 108 | |
| | 7 | short | Unit Warncode | Error messages see page 108 | |
| Act. values | | | | | |
| 30011-30012 | 10 – 11 | float | Current bath temperature | | |
| 30013-30014 | 12 – 13 | float | Temperature value registered by the external Pt100 sensor | | |
| 30015 | 14 | short | Heating/Cooling power being used | -100 ... 100 | |
| 30016-30017 | 15 – 16 | float | Temperature value registered by the safety sensor TANK | | |
| 30018-30019 | 17 – 18 | float | Temperature value registered by the safety sensor RESERVOIR | | |
| 30020-30021 | 19 – 20 | float | Excess temperature protection setpoint TANK | | |
| 30022-30023 | 21 – 22 | float | Excess temperature protection setpoint RESERVOIR | | |
| 30024-30025 | 23 – 24 | float | Pressure value registered by the internal pressure sensor | | |

| Register-address | Protocol Address | Datatype | Description | Range / Meaning | |
|------------------|------------------|----------|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| 30026-30027 | 25 – 26 | float | Pressure value registered by the external pressure sensor | | |
| 30028-20029 | 27 – 28 | float | Flow value registered by the external pressure sensor | | |
| 30030-30031 | 29 – 30 | float | Pressure2 | | [not on Presto] |
| 30032-30033 | 31 – 32 | float | Cooling water flow rate | | [not on Presto] |
| 30034-20035 | 33 – 34 | float | Calorimetric capacity | | |
| 30036-20037 | 35 – 36 | float | Calorimetric work | | |
| 30038-20039 | 37 – 38 | float | External Temperature 2 | | |
| | | | | | |
| 30051-30052 | 50-51 | float | Si - Internal slope | | |
| 30053 | 52 | ushort | Ti - Time constant of the internal bath | | |
| 30054 | 53 | ushort | Te - Time constant of the external bath | | |

Table 4: Input registers

15. Error messages

In the following all error messages for Presto II units, which may occur, are listed. Due to the varying performance classes of the units the number of displayed error messages differs. 1-stage units do not display error messages which affect only errors of stage 2.

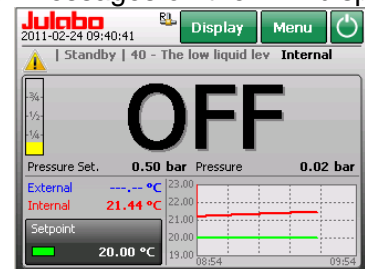
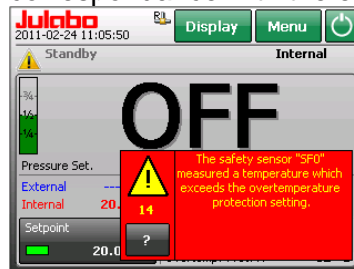
For better orientation the tables are colored in correspondance with the error messages on the TFT display.

ALARM display

Error messages are displayed in a red box.

WARNING display

Warnings are displayed as a ticker in the status line.



Legend of the tables:

| Alarm-Code | Cause | Diagnosis / Remedy |
|---|---|-------------------------------|
| 0 | E01 | |
| 0, • Konfiguration 0, Code / Nummer Exx | Abbreviations used: SF Safety sensor (SF0, SF1, ...) SF0_0 Safety sensor 0 in configuration 0 SF0_1 Safety sensor 0 in configuration 1 etc. CAN CAN-Bus (Internal bus system) | |
| 0 • | E03 | • Warnings with high priority |
| 0 • | E2101 | • Warnings with low priority |

15.0.1. Bath Control Module

| | | Bath Control Module | | |
|-----------------------------|------|--|--|--|
| Alarm-Code | | Cause | | Diagnosis / Remedy |
| 0 1 2 3 4 15 | E01 | The liquid level is too low or the float switch is damaged. | | Please try adding some fluid until the indicator turns green. Then, turn off the mains power, wait four seconds, and turn the power switch back on. |
| 0 | E05 | Open circuit at "SF0" safety sensor. | | The unit has detected a problem with the connection of the safety temperature sensor, "SF0". Please perform a power cycle: Turn off the power switch, wait four seconds, and then turn the power switch back on. |
| 1 2 3 4 15 | E102 | Open circuit at "SF0" safety sensor. | | The unit has detected a problem with the connection of the safety temperature sensor, "SF0". Please perform a power cycle: Turn off the power switch, wait four seconds, and then turn the power switch back on. |
| 0 1 2 3 4 15 | E14 | The safety sensor "SF0" measured a temperature which exceeds the overtemperature protection setting. | | Please check the high temperature protection setting. This setting is changed via a potentiometer, in the form of a small grey dial, on the front of the PRESTO unit. If the setting is too low for your desired operating temperature, please adjust the setting correspondingly. WARNING: Please make sure that your high temperature cut-off settings are in line with the bath fluid used in the PRESTO unit. Consult the fluid manufacturer for more information on operating limits for your fluid. |
| 0 1 2 3 4 15 | E104 | The A/D conversion circuit for safety sensor "SF0" is defective. | | If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service. |
| 0 | E05 | Short circuit at "SF0" safety sensor. | | The unit has detected a problem with the connection of the safety temperature sensor, "SF0". Please perform a power cycle: Turn off the power switch, wait four seconds, and then turn the power switch back on. |

Error messages

| | | Bath Control Module | |
|-----------------------------|------|--|---|
| Alarm-Code | | Cause | Diagnosis / Remedy |
| 1 2 3 4 15 | E105 | Short circuit at "SF0" safety sensor. | The unit has detected a problem with the connection of the safety temperature sensor, "SF0". Please perform a power cycle: Turn off the power switch, wait four seconds, and then turn the power switch back on. |
| 0 1 2 3 4 15 | E106 | SF0 exceeds the set temperature protection. | If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service. |
| 0 1 2 3 4 15 | E107 | Temperature protection in security chain of SF0 falls below the lower range limit. | If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service. |
| 0 1 2 3 4 15 | E108 | Previously, a fault with the safety sensor "SF0" caused an alarm condition to shut the unit down. The problem with "SF0" has been cleared, but the alarm condition persists due to a too-brief shut down of the mains power. | When the unit was turned off to clear the alarm condition, the power was turned on too quickly afterwards. Please perform a power cycle: Turn off the power switch, wait four seconds, and then turn the power switch back on. |
| 0 | E33 | Open circuit at "SF1" safety sensor. | The unit has detected a problem with the connection of the safety temperature sensor, "SF1". Please perform a power cycle: Turn off the power switch, wait four seconds, and then turn the power switch back on. |
| 1 2 3 4 15 | E110 | Open circuit at "SF1" safety sensor. | The unit has detected a problem with the connection of the safety temperature sensor, "SF1". Please perform a power cycle: Turn off the power switch, wait four seconds, and then turn the power switch back on. |
| 0 1 2 3 4 15 | E14 | The safety sensor "SF1" measured a temperature which exceeds the overtemperature protection setting. | Please check the high temperature protection setting on the front of the PRESTO unit. If the setting is too low, please adjust the setting correspondingly. Then, turn off the mains power, wait four seconds, and turn the power switch back on. WARNING: If unsure, please consult the fluid manufacturer and/or JULABO for more information on operating limits for your fluid. |

| | | Bath Control Module | |
|-----------------------------|------|--|---|
| Alarm-Code | | Cause | Diagnosis / Remedy |
| 0 1 2 3 4 15 | E112 | The A/D conversion circuit for safety sensor "SF1" is defective. | If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service. |
| 0 | E33 | Short circuit at "SF1" safety sensor. | The unit has detected a problem with the connection of the safety temperature sensor, "SF1". Please perform a power cycle: Turn off the power switch, wait four seconds, and then turn the power switch back on. |
| 1 2 3 4 15 | E113 | Short circuit at "SF1" safety sensor. | The unit has detected a problem with the connection of the safety temperature sensor, "SF1". Please perform a power cycle: Turn off the power switch, wait four seconds, and then turn the power switch back on. |
| 0 1 2 3 4 15 | E114 | Protection temperature in safety chain of SF1 is exceeds the upper range limit. | If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service. |
| 0 1 2 3 4 15 | E115 | Protection temperature in safety chain of SF1 is below the lower range limit. | If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service. |
| 0 1 2 3 4 15 | E116 | Previously, a fault with the safety sensor "SF1" caused an alarm condition to shut the unit down. The problem with "SF1" has been cleared, but the alarm condition persists due to a too-brief shut down of the mains power. | When the unit was turned off to clear the alarm condition, the power was turned on too quickly afterwards. Please perform a power cycle: Turn off the power switch, wait four seconds, and then turn the power switch back on. |
| 0 | E06 | The maximum allowable temperature difference between the internal safety sensors, "SF0" and "SF1", has been exceeded. | (1) Please verify that the bath fluid is not too thick for use in this unit. The viscosity of the fluid should not exceed 70 cSt at any operating temperature. (2) One of the safety sensors, "SF0" or "SF1", may have failed. |
| 1 2 3 4 15 | E117 | The maximum allowable temperature difference between the internal safety sensors, "SF0" and "SF1", has been exceeded. | (1) Please verify that the bath fluid is not too thick for use in this unit. The viscosity of the fluid should not exceed 70 cSt at any operating temperature. (2) One of the safety sensors, "SF0" or "SF1", may have failed. |

Error messages

| | | Bath Control Module | |
|-----------------------------|------|--|---|
| Alarm-Code | | Cause | Diagnosis / Remedy |
| 0 1 2 3 4 15 | E118 | There is an error in an A/D conversion circuit. | If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service. |
| 0 | E15 | There is an open circuit at the external Pt100 sensor socket. | The current user-configuration specifies that the PRESTO unit should control the temperature using the external Pt100 sensor. However, there is an open circuit at the Pt100 sensor socket. If you have removed the external Pt100 sensor from its socket, please change the control type from "external" to "internal", or plug the external Pt100 sensor back into its socket. |
| 0 | E15 | There is a short circuit at the external Pt100 sensor socket. | The external Pt100 sensor is plugged in, but there is a fault with the sensor. If possible, please check the resistance of the Pt100 sensor, to ensure the sensor has not failed. |
| 15 | E119 | Open circuit external working temperature sensor 2 (medium return temperature during activated calorimetric function) | Open circuit external working temperature sensor 2 (fluid return line sensor during activated calorimetry function) (1) Check sensor connection (2) Check sensor cable for damage |
| 15 | E120 | Short circuit external working temperature sensor 2 (medium return temperature during activated calorimetric function) | Short circuit external working temperature sensor 2 (fluid return line sensor during activated calorimetry function) (1) Check sensor connection (2) Check sensor cable for damage |
| 0 1 2 3 4 15 | E60 | Read/write error in FRAM | If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service. |
| 0 1 2 3 4 15 | E61 | CAN controller reports fault | CAN reports an error. Data probably could not be transmitted. Recommendation: turn off the unit via the power switch, wait 4 seconds and turn it on again. |

| | | Bath Control Module | |
|-----------------------------|-----|--|---|
| Alarm-Code | | Cause | Diagnosis / Remedy |
| 0 1 2 3 4 15 | E62 | The Display module has stopped sending the Module ID to the CAN-Bus for unknown reasons. | Please reset the unit. First, turn off the power switch, wait four seconds, and then turn the power switch back on. |

| | | Bath Control Module | |
|----------------------------------|-------|---|---|
| Alarm-Code | | Cause | Diagnosis / Remedy |
| 0 • | E03 | The user-set high temperature limit has been exceeded. | The measured temperature is above the user-set high temperature limit. Please increase the user-set high temperature limit, or decrease the setpoint. |
| 0 • | E04 | The user-set low temperature limit has been exceeded. | The measured temperature is below the user-set low temperature limit. Please decrease the user-set low temperature limit, or increase the setpoint. |
| 0 1 2 3 4 15 • | E1103 | Level detection is configured, but not connected. | Check the connection of the level detection circuit! |
| 0 1 2 3 4 15 • | E1104 | Level detection is not configured, but is connected anyway. | Check connection! |
| 0 1 2 3 4 15 • | E41 | The high liquid level early warning system reports the liquid level is critically high. | Please drain bath liquid until the liquid level indicator turns green. |

Error messages

| | | Bath Control Module | |
|----------------------------------|-------|---|--|
| Alarm-Code | | Cause | Diagnosis / Remedy |
| 0 1 2 3 4 15 • | E40 | The low liquid level early warning system reports the liquid level is critically low. | Please add bath liquid until the liquid level indicator turns green. |
| 0 • | E1107 | The temperature SF0 of the tank or of the reservoir is close to the cut-off temperature | <p>Possible reason: Due to an exothermic reaction in the external system, the internal temperature is increasing uncontrollably!</p> <p>-----</p> <p>The unit does not have enough capacity to counter the exothermic reaction. Please provide cooling to the external system, or the unit will reach the safety cut-off temperature and switch off.</p> |
| 0 1 2 3 4 15 • | E1108 | The temperature SF1 of the tank or of the reservoir is close to the cut-off temperature | <p>Possible reason: Due to an exothermic reaction in the external system, the internal temperature is increasing uncontrollably!</p> <p>-----</p> <p>The unit does not have enough capacity to counter the exothermic reaction. Please provide cooling to the external system, or the unit will reach the safety cut-off temperature and switch off.</p> |
| 0 • | E1109 | Due to a flow problem in the internal heat exchanger, the sensor-difference limit has been reached. | <p>Please check that the fluid used in this unit is suitable for use in this unit.</p> <p>Fluids which have a viscosity higher than 70 cSt at any temperature within your desired temperature range are not suitable for use.</p> <p>If you have questions regarding suitability of your fluid, please contact JULABO service.</p> |
| 0 1 2 3 4 15 • | E2101 | The safety sensor "SF0" measured a temperature which is above the user-set high temperature limit. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check that the user-set high temperature limit is correct, and plausible for your temperature setpoint. 2. Check the sensor for the proper wiring and resistance. |

| Bath Control Module | | |
|----------------------------------|-------|--|
| Alarm-Code | Cause | Diagnosis / Remedy |
| 0 1 2 3 4 15 • | E2102 | The safety sensor "SF0" measured a temperature which is below the user-set low temperature limit. |
| 0 1 2 3 4 15 • | E2103 | The safety sensor "SF1" measured a temperature which is above the user-set high temperature limit. |
| 0 1 2 3 4 15 • | E2104 | The safety sensor "SF1" measured a temperature which is below the user-set low temperature limit. |
| 0 • | E2105 | The external Pt100 sensor measured a temperature which exceeds the user-set high temperature limit. |
| 15 • | E2105 | The external Pt100 sensor 2 (fluid return line sensor during activated calorimetry function) measured a temperature which exceeds the user-set high temperature limit. |
| 0 • | E2106 | The external Pt100 sensor measured a temperature which exceeds the user-set low temperature limit. |
| 15 • | E2106 | The external Pt100 sensor 2 (fluid return line sensor during activated calorimetry function) measured a temperature which exceeds the user-set low temperature limit. |

15.0.2. Sensor Module

| Alarm-Code | | Sensor Module Cause | Diagnosis / Remedy |
|------------|-----|--|---|
| 0 | 201 | Defective internal medium-pressure sensor or loose connector. | Please reset the unit. First, turn off the power switch, wait four seconds, and then turn the power switch back on. |
| 0 | 202 | External fluid pressure sensor is defective or not connected | Replace the sensor or disable this sensor in the EXT sensor menu |
| 0 | 203 | External fluid flow rate sensor is defective or not connected | Please replace the sensor or deactivate the function of the sensor "JULABO Sensor Pressure/Flow" |
| 0 | 204 | Total current measurement phase 1 defective or bad connection | If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service. |
| 0 | 205 | Current measurement compressor stage 1 defective or bad connection | If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service. |
| 0 | 206 | Current measurement compressor stage 2 defective or bad connection | If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service. |
| 0 | 207 | Current measurement pumps defective or bad connection | If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service. |
| 0 | 208 | Mains voltage measurement defective or bad connection | If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service. |
| 0 | E60 | Read/write error in FRAM | If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service. |
| 0 | E61 | CAN controller reports fault | CAN reports an error. Data probably could not be transmitted. Recommendation: turn off the unit via the power switch, wait 4 seconds and turn it on again. |
| 0 | E62 | The Display module has stopped sending the Module ID to the CAN-Bus for unknown reasons. | Please reset the unit. First, turn off the power switch, wait four seconds, and then turn the power switch back on. |

| | | Sensor Module | |
|------------|-------|---|---|
| Alarm-Code | | Cause | Diagnosis / Remedy |
| 0 | E41 | The high liquid level early warning system reports the liquid level is critically high. | Please drain bath liquid until the liquid level indicator turns green. |
| 0 | E40 | The low liquid level early warning system reports the liquid level is critically low. | Please add bath liquid until the liquid level indicator turns green. |
| 0 | E1203 | The internal medium-pressure sensor measured a pressure which is above the user-set high pressure limit. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check that the user-set high pressure limit is correct, and plausible for your pressure setpoint. 2. Check the sensor. |
| 0 | E1204 | The internal medium-pressure sensor measured a pressure which has fallen below the user-set low pressure limit. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check that the user-set low pressure limit is correct, and plausible for your pressure setpoint. 2. Check the sensor. |
| 0 | E1205 | The cooling water flow-rate is too high. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check that the user-set limit is correct, and plausible for your target flow-rate. 2. Check the sensor. |
| 0 | E1206 | The cooling water flow-rate is too low. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check that the user-set limit is correct, and plausible for your target flow-rate. 2. Check the sensor. |
| 0 | E1207 | The total current draw has exceeded the specified high current limit. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check that the user-set limit is correct, and plausible for your target current draw. 2. The responsible sensor and/or module may be defective. |
| 0 | E1208 | The total current draw has fallen below the specified low current limit. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check that the user-set limit is correct, and plausible for your target current draw. 2. The responsible sensor and/or module may be defective. |
| 0 | E1209 | The current draw of the first stage compressor has exceeded the specified high current limit. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check that the user-set limit is correct, and plausible for your target current draw. 2. The responsible sensor and/or module may be defective. |

Error messages

| | | Sensor Module | |
|------------|-------|---|--|
| Alarm-Code | | Cause | Diagnosis / Remedy |
| 0 | E1210 | The current draw of the first stage compressor has fallen below the specified low current limit. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check that the user-set limit is correct, and plausible for your target current draw. 2. The responsible sensor and/or module may be defective. |
| 0 | E1211 | The current draw of the second stage compressor has exceeded the specified high current limit. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check that the user-set limit is correct, and plausible for your target current draw. 2. The responsible sensor and/or module may be defective. |
| 0 | E1212 | The current draw of the second stage compressor has fallen below the specified low current limit. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check that the user-set limit is correct, and plausible for your target current draw. 2. The responsible sensor and/or module may be defective. |
| 0 | E1213 | The current draw of the pump has exceeded the specified high current limit. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check that the user-set limit is correct, and plausible for your target current draw. 2. The responsible sensor and/or module may be defective. |
| 0 | E1214 | The current draw of the pump has fallen below the specified low current limit. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check that the user-set limit is correct, and plausible for your target current draw. 2. The responsible sensor and/or module may be defective. |
| 0 | E1215 | The voltage input to the unit is too high. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the power supply 2. Check that the limit is correct, and plausible for your input voltage/model combination 3. The responsible sensor or module may be defective. |
| 0 | E1216 | The voltage input to the unit is too low. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the power supply 2. Check that the limit is correct, and plausible for your input voltage/model combination 3. The responsible sensor or module may be defective. |

| | | Sensor Module | |
|------------|-------|--|--|
| Alarm-Code | | Cause | Diagnosis / Remedy |
| 0 | E1217 | The frequency input to the unit is too high. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the power supply 2. Check that the limit is correct, and plausible for your input frequency/model combination 3. The responsible sensor or module may be defective. |
| 0 | E1218 | The frequency input to the unit is too low. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the power supply 2. Check that the limit is correct, and plausible for your input frequency/model combination 3. The responsible sensor or module may be defective. |

15.0.3. Power Module

| | | Power Module | |
|------------|------|---|--|
| Alarm-Code | | Cause | Diagnosis / Remedy |
| 0 | E301 | The pressure in the external temperature control circuit has exceeded the peak pressure limit for 1 second. | Lower the pressure setpoint, or, if safety allows, increase the peak pressure limit. |
| 0 | E302 | The pressure in the external temperature control circuit has exceeded the pressure limit for 5 second. | Lower the pressure setpoint, or, if safety allows, increase the pressure limit. |
| 0 | E303 | The fuses Si2 and/or Si3 on the power module are blown. | The power module and/or the fuse must be replaced. |
| 0 | E304 | Mains voltage detected even though the unit is in Standby. | If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service. |
| 0 | E60 | Read/write error in FRAM | If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service. |
| 0 | E61 | CAN controller reports fault | <p>CAN reports an error. Data probably could not be transmitted.</p> <p>Recommendation: turn off the unit via the power switch, wait 4 seconds and turn it on again.</p> |
| 0 | E62 | The Display module has stopped sending the Module ID to the CAN-Bus for unknown reasons. | Please reset the unit. First, turn off the power switch, wait four seconds, and then turn the power switch back on. |

| | | Power Module | |
|------------|-------|---|--|
| Alarm-Code | | Cause | Diagnosis / Remedy |
| 0 | E1301 | The temperature of the power module has exceeded the critical value of 80°C. | Please turn off the power to the unit, and provide adequate cooling, or lower the ambient temperature. |
| 0 | E1302 | The heater output has been locked due to a pump pressure below the minimum threshold. | Please locate the source of the pressure loss, or increase the "heater output block" setting. |
| 0 | E1303 | The fan speed is below the set limit. | The fan is defective or dirty. |

15.0.4. Refrigeration Module

| | | Refrigeration Module | |
|-------------------|--------|--|---|
| Alarm-Code | | Cause | Diagnosis / Remedy |
| | Modul1 | | |
| 0 1 2 3 | E401 | Defective evaporator outlet temperature sensor | The evaporator outlet temperature sensor is short-circuited. |
| 0 1 2 3 | E402 | Defective evaporator outlet temperature sensor | The evaporator outlet temperature sensor is open (disconnected). |
| 00 1 2 3 | E403 | Defective compressor outlet temperature sensor | The compressor outlet temperature sensor is short-circuited. |
| 0 1 2 3 | E404 | Defective compressor outlet temperature sensor | The compressor outlet temperature sensor is open (disconnected). |
| 0 1 2 3 | E405 | Defective compressor inlet temperature sensor | The compressor inlet temperature sensor is short-circuited. |
| 0 1 2 3 | E406 | Defective compressor inlet temperature sensor | The compressor inlet temperature sensor is open (disconnected). |
| 0 1 2 3 | E407 | Defective air intake temperature sensor. | The air intake temperature sensor is short-circuited. |
| 0 1 2 3 | E408 | Defective air intake temperature sensor | The air intake temperature sensor is open (disconnected). |
| 0 1 2 3 | E409 | Defective compressor shell temperature sensor | The compressor shell temperature sensor is short-circuited. |
| 0 1 2 3 | E410 | Defective compressor shell temperature sensor | The compressor shell temperature sensor is open (disconnected). |
| 0 1 2 3 | E411 | Faulty water-cooled condenser inlet temperature sensor | The water-cooled condenser temperature sensor is short-circuited. |

Error messages

| | | Refrigeration Module | |
|------------------|------|--|--|
| Alarm-Code | | Cause | Diagnosis / Remedy |
| 0 1 2 3 | E412 | Faulty water-cooled condenser inlet temperature sensor | The water-cooled condenser temperature sensor is open (disconnected). |
| 0 1 2 3 | E413 | Defective evaporation pressure sensor | The evaporation pressure sensor is short-circuited. |
| 0 1 2 3 | E414 | Defective evaporation pressure sensor | The evaporation pressure sensor is open (disconnected). |
| 0 1 2 3 | E415 | Defective reserve pressor sensor | The reserve pressure sensor is short-circuited. |
| 0 1 2 3 | E416 | Defective reserve pressor sensor | The reserve pressure sensor is open (disconnected). |
| 0 1 2 3 | E417 | Defective condensing pressure sensor | The condensing pressure sensor is short-circuited. |
| 0 1 2 3 | E418 | Defective condensing pressure sensor | The condensing pressure sensor is open (disconnected). |
| 0 | E419 | <p>One or more of the following conditions has occurred:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (1) The ambient temperature is too high (2) The inlet cooling water temperature is too high (3) The cooling water flow rate is too low (4) The postinjection circuit is defective (5) A refrigerant leak has occurred (6) The condenser fan has failed (7) The condenser is dirty | Please check the on-site installation conditions, including the ambient temperature, cooling water (if applicable), air-flow, and the cleanliness of the air-cooled condenser. |
| 1 | E419 | <p>While testing functionality of the first stage refrigeration system, found one of the following has occurred:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (1) The postinjection circuit is defective (2) A refrigerant leak has occurred | If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service. |

| | | Refrigeration Module | |
|------------------|------|--|---|
| Alarm-Code | | Cause | Diagnosis / Remedy |
| 0 | E420 | One or more of the following conditions has occurred: (1) Insufficient postinjection (2) Expansion valve EEV2 is defective (3) A refrigerant leak has occurred | If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service. |
| 0 | E421 | Ambient temperature exceeds specifications | Please check the on-site installation conditions, including the ambient temperature, cooling water (if applicable), air-flow, and the cleanliness of the air-cooled condenser. |
| 0 | E422 | Ambient temperature exceeds specifications | Please check the on-site installation conditions, including the ambient temperature, cooling water (if applicable), air-flow, and the cleanliness of the air-cooled condenser. |
| 0 1 2 3 | E425 | One or more of the following conditions has occurred: (1) The expansion valves EEV1 and/or EEV2 have failed (2) A pressure transducer has failed (3) The evaporator outlet temperature sensor has failed. (4) compressor failure | If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service. |
| 0 1 2 3 | E426 | One or more of the following conditions has occurred: (1) The expansion valves EEV1 and/or EEV2 have failed (2) A refrigerant leak has occurred (3) The evaporator outlet temperature sensor has failed. (4) Poor or no circulation | Please check: (1) The pump settings (2) The tubing diameter of the external system - too small? (3) Please ensure there are no clogs or blockages in the tubing or in the external system (4) Please verify that the bath fluid is suitable for the application and is not outside the 70 cSt viscosity limit of the unit |
| 0 | E427 | One of the following conditions has occurred: (1) The ambient temperature is too high (2) The cooling water temperature is too high (3) The cooling water flow rate is too low (4) The air-cooled condenser fan is defective (5) The condenser is dirty | Please check the following: (1) The onsite conditions - ensure they meet the operating requirements of this device (2) Clean the condenser, if dirty |
| 1 | E427 | Check that the first stage refrigeration system is working | If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service. |

Error messages

| | | Refrigeration Module | |
|------------------|------|---|--|
| Alarm-Code | | Cause | Diagnosis / Remedy |
| 0 | E428 | <p>The high pressure switch has tripped, due to one or more of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) The ambient temperature is too high (2) The cooling water temperature is too high (3) The cooling water flow-rate is too low (4) The air-cooled condenser fan has failed (5) The condenser is dirty | <p>Please check the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) The onsite conditions - ensure they meet the operating requirements of this device (2) Clean the condenser, if dirty |
| 1 | | Check that the first stage refrigeration system is working | If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service. |
| 0 1 2 3 | E429 | <p>The Kriwan (compressor temperature safety device) has cut-out, due to one or more of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) The winding temperature is too high (2) Postinjection is insufficient (3) The compressor inlet temperature is too high | Please check the mains power supply. |
| 1 | E430 | Check that the first stage refrigeration system is working | Please check the on-site installation conditions, including the ambient temperature, cooling water (if applicable), air-flow, and the cleanliness of the air-cooled condenser. |
| 0 1 2 3 | E431 | No current draw detected from the compressor / compressor defective | If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service. |
| 0 | E432 | <p>One of the following conditions has occurred:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) One of the expansion valves, EEV1 or EEV2, has failed (2) The reservoir cooling solenoid has failed (3) The compressor has failed | If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service. |
| 1 | E432 | <p>One of the following conditions has occurred:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) One of the expansion valves, EEV1 or EEV2, has failed (2) The compressor has failed | If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service. |
| 0 1 2 3 | E433 | <p>One of the following conditions has occurred:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) One of the expansion valves, EEV1 or EEV2, has failed (2) A pressure transducer has failed (3) The evaporator outlet temperature sensor has failed | If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service. |

| | | Refrigeration Module | |
|------------------|------|--|---|
| Alarm-Code | | Cause | Diagnosis / Remedy |
| 0 | E434 | Cooling water temperature too high | Please check the cooling water. |
| 0 | E435 | Cooling water temperature too low | Please check the cooling water. |
| 0 1 2 3 | E60 | Read/write error in FRAM | If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service. |
| 0 1 2 3 | E61 | CAN controller reports fault | CAN reports an error. Data probably could not be transmitted. Recommendation: turn off the unit via the power switch, wait 4 seconds and turn it on again. |
| 0 1 2 3 | E62 | The Display module has stopped sending the Module ID to the CAN-Bus for unknown reasons. | Please reset the unit. First, turn off the power switch, wait four seconds, and then turn the power switch back on. |

| | | Refrigeration Module | |
|------------|-------|--|--|
| Alarm-Code | | Cause | Diagnosis / Remedy |
| 0 | E1419 | One or more of the following conditions has occurred: (1) The ambient temperature is too high (2) The inlet cooling water temperature is too high (3) The cooling water flow rate is too low (4) The postinjection circuit is defective (5) A refrigerant leak has occurred (6) The condenser fan has failed (7) The condenser is dirty | Please check the following: (1) The onsite conditions - ensure they meet the operating requirements of this device (2) Clean the condenser, if dirty |
| 1 | E1419 | One or more of the following conditions has occurred: (1) The postinjection circuit is defective (2) A refrigerant leak has occurred Please check that the first stage refrigeration system is functioning | If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service. |

Error messages

| | | Refrigeration Module | |
|------------|-------|--|--|
| Alarm-Code | | Cause | Diagnosis / Remedy |
| 0 1 | E1420 | <p>One or more of the following conditions has occurred:</p> <p>(1) The postinjection is insufficient. (2) The expansion valve EEV2 is defective. (3) A refrigerant leak has occurred.</p> | <p>If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service.</p> |
| 0 | E1421 | <p>Ambient temperature exceeds specifications.</p> | <p>Please check the following:</p> <p>(1) The onsite conditions - ensure they meet the operating requirements of this device (2) Clean the condenser, if dirty</p> |
| 0 | E1422 | <p>Ambient temperature exceeds specifications</p> | <p>Please check the following:</p> <p>(1) The onsite conditions - ensure they meet the operating requirements of this device (2) Clean the condenser, if dirty</p> |
| 0 1 | E1423 | <p>Check crankcase heater.</p> | <p>If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service.</p> |
| 0 1 | E1424 | <p>Please check the cooling water.</p> | <p>Please check the following:</p> <p>(1) The onsite conditions - ensure they meet the operating requirements of this device (2) Clean the condenser, if dirty</p> |
| 0 1 | E1425 | <p>One of the following conditions has occurred:</p> <p>(1) One of the expansion valves, EEV1 or EEV2, has failed (2) A pressure transducer has failed (3) The evaporator outlet temperature sensor has failed</p> | <p>If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service.</p> |
| 0 1 | E1426 | <p>One or more of the following conditions has occurred:</p> <p>(1) The expansion valves EEV1 and/or EEV2 have failed (2) A refrigerant leak has occurred (3) The evaporator outlet temperature sensor has failed. (4) Poor or no circulation</p> | <p>Please check:</p> <p>(1) The pump settings (2) The tubing diameter of the external system - too small? (3) Please ensure there are no clogs or blockages in the system (4) Please verify that the bath fluid is suitable for the application and is not outside the 70 cSt viscosity limit</p> |

| | | Refrigeration Module | |
|------------|-------|---|---|
| Alarm-Code | | Cause | Diagnosis / Remedy |
| 0 | E1427 | <p>One of the following conditions has occurred:</p> <p>(1) The ambient temperature is too high (2) The cooling water temperature is too high (3) The cooling water flow rate is too low (4) The air-cooled condenser fan is defective (5) The condenser is dirty</p> | <p>Please check the following:</p> <p>(1) The onsite conditions - ensure they meet the operating requirements of this device (2) Clean the condenser, if dirty</p> |
| 1 | E1427 | Check that the first stage refrigeration system is working | If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service. |
| 0 1 | E1433 | <p>One of the following conditions has occurred:</p> <p>(1) One of the expansion valves, EEV1 or EEV2, has failed (2) A pressure transducer has failed (3) The evaporator outlet temperature sensor has failed</p> | If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service. |
| 0 | E1434 | Cooling water temperature too high | Please check the cooling water. |
| 0 | E1435 | Cooling water temperature too low | Please check the cooling water. |

15.0.5. Analog Interface Module

| | | Modul Analoge Schnittstelle | |
|------------|-----|--|--|
| Alarm-Code | | Cause | Diagnosis / Remedy |
| 0 | E60 | Read/write error in FRAM | If the problem persists, please contact JULABO service. |
| 0 | E61 | CAN controller reports fault | <p>CAN reports an error. Data probably could not be transmitted.</p> <p>Recommendation: turn off the unit via the power switch, wait 4 seconds and turn it on again.</p> |
| 0 | E62 | The Display module has stopped sending the Module ID to the CAN-Bus for unknown reasons. | Please reset the unit. First, turn off the power switch, wait four seconds, and then turn the power switch back on. |

15.0.6. Display Module

| | | Display Module | |
|------------|------|--|--|
| Alarm-Code | | Cause | Diagnosis / Remedy |
| o | E38 | Failed to read an external Pt100 to change the setpoint. | The setpoint is supposed to be set by an external Pt100, but none is found. Please check that the external Pt100 is connected, or change this setting in the configuration of the unit. |
| 0 | E502 | Error in communicating to the WirelessTEMP USB-stick with remote control | The WirelessTEMP USB stick has been disabled or disconnected. Please reconnect the WirelessTEMP USB stick, or switch the remote control to another interface. |
| 0 | E503 | Setpoint controlled by Eprog but no Analog Module found! | Please deactivate the external setpoint control or connect an Analog Module! |
| 0 | E504 | Actuating variable controlled by Eprog but no Analog Module found! | Please deactivate the external actuating variable control or connect an Analog Module! |
| 0 | E505 | Invalid setpoint received by Eprog | The Analog module sends an invalid setpoint. Please check the Eprog settings. |
| 0 | E506 | Invalid flow rate received during flow rate control | The calculated flow rate is invalid for flow rate control or the external sensor "JULABO Sensor Pressure/Flow" is not set to flow rate. Please deactivate the flow rate control or set the external sensor to flow rate |

| | | Display Module | |
|------------|-------|---|--|
| Alarm-Code | | Cause | Diagnosis / Remedy |
| 0 | E1501 | A timeout occurred on the serial interface | When activated, the Watchdog function requires that the setpoint is sent at least once every 30 seconds. |
| 0 | 1502 | The pressure in the fluid circuit is above the high input signal limit. | (1) Decrease the pressure setpoint, or (2) If safety permits, increase the high warning limit |
| 0 | 1503 | The pressure in the fluid circuit is below the low input signal limit. | (1) Increase the pressure setpoint, or (2) If safety permits, decrease the low warning limit |

| | | Display Module | |
|------------|------|--|---|
| Alarm-Code | | Cause | Diagnosis / Remedy |
| 0 | 1504 | The flow rate in the fluid circuit is above the high input signal limit. | (1) Decrease the flow rate setpoint, or (2) If safety permits, increase the high warning limit |
| 0 | 1505 | The flow rate in the fluid circuit is below the low input signal limit. | (1) Increase the flow rate setpoint, or (2) If safety permits, decrease the low warning limit |