

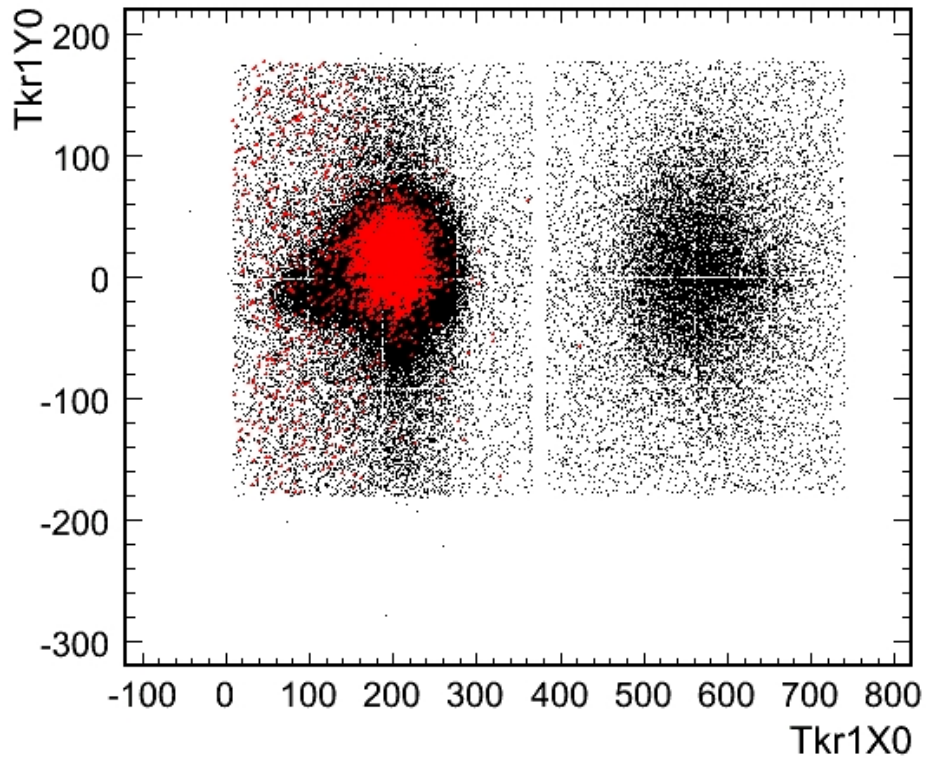
Bremsstrahlung runs cont'd

Runs 1181,1182,1183

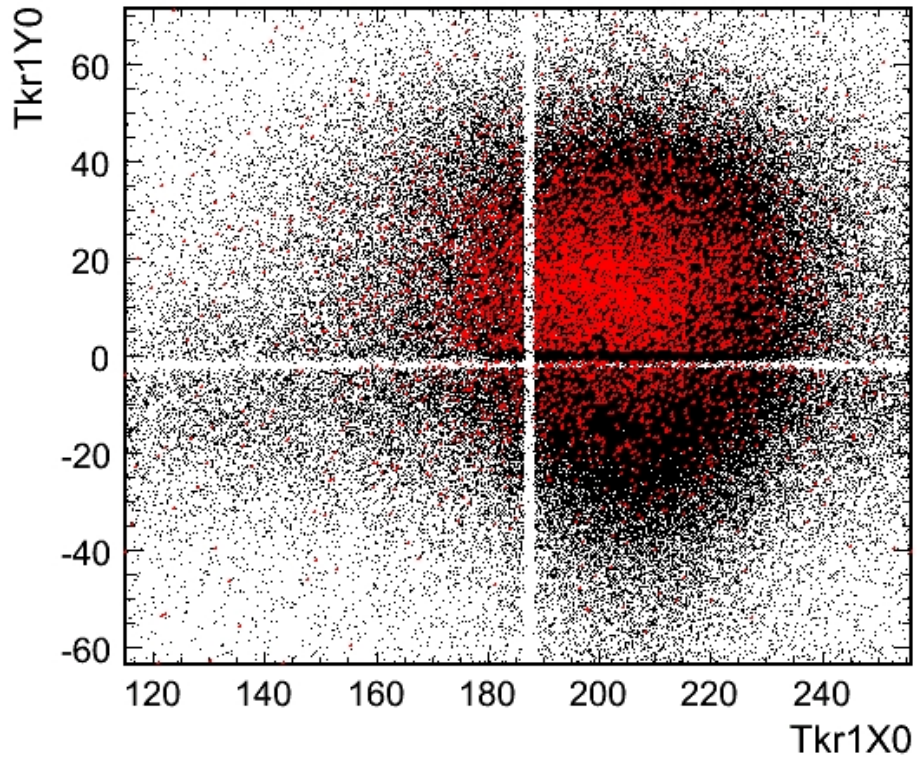
BT MC 128(p7-1),129(p8-4)

Noise in beam

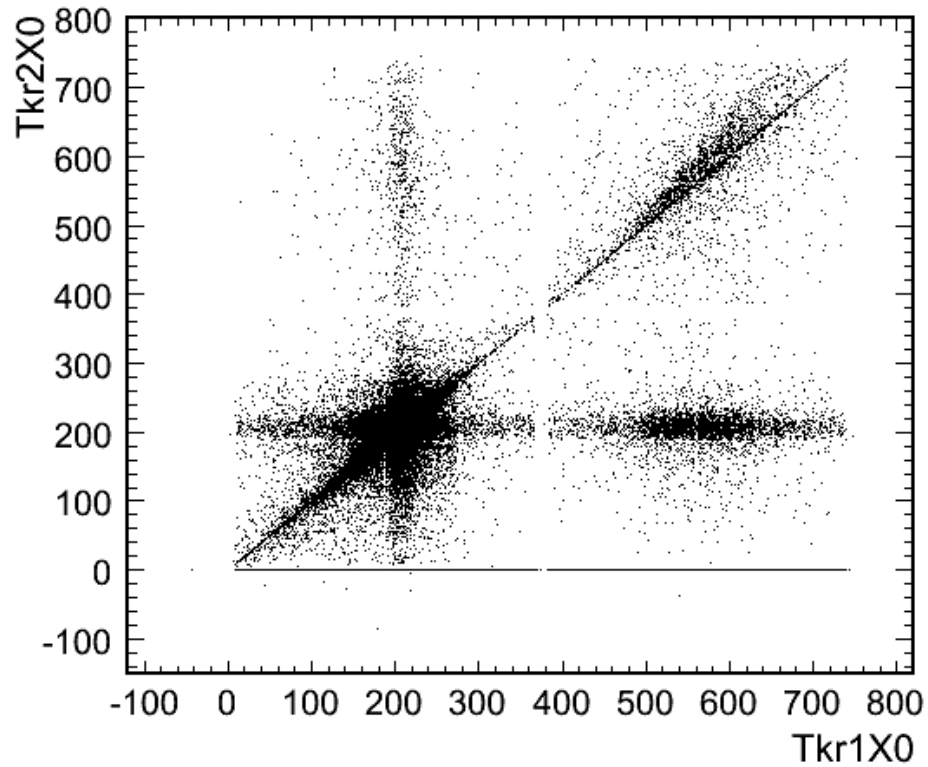
Relative Conversion efficiencies in TKR2/3, Data+MC



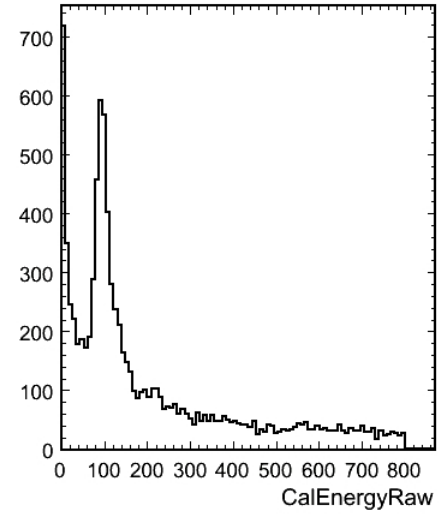
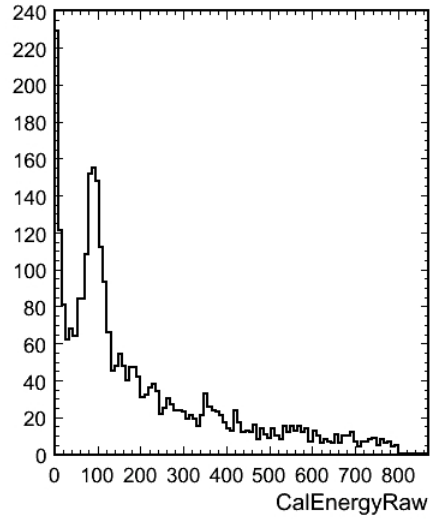
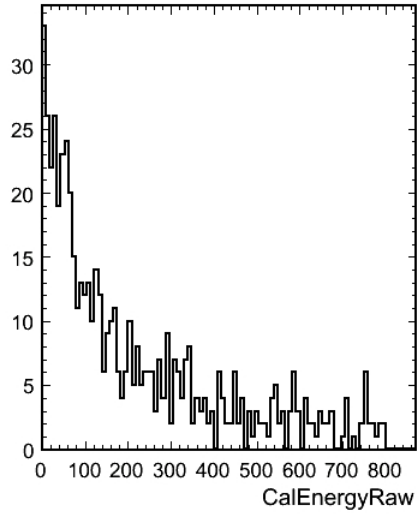
Distribution of reconstructed tracks - tracks in TKR3 assumed to be pileup.



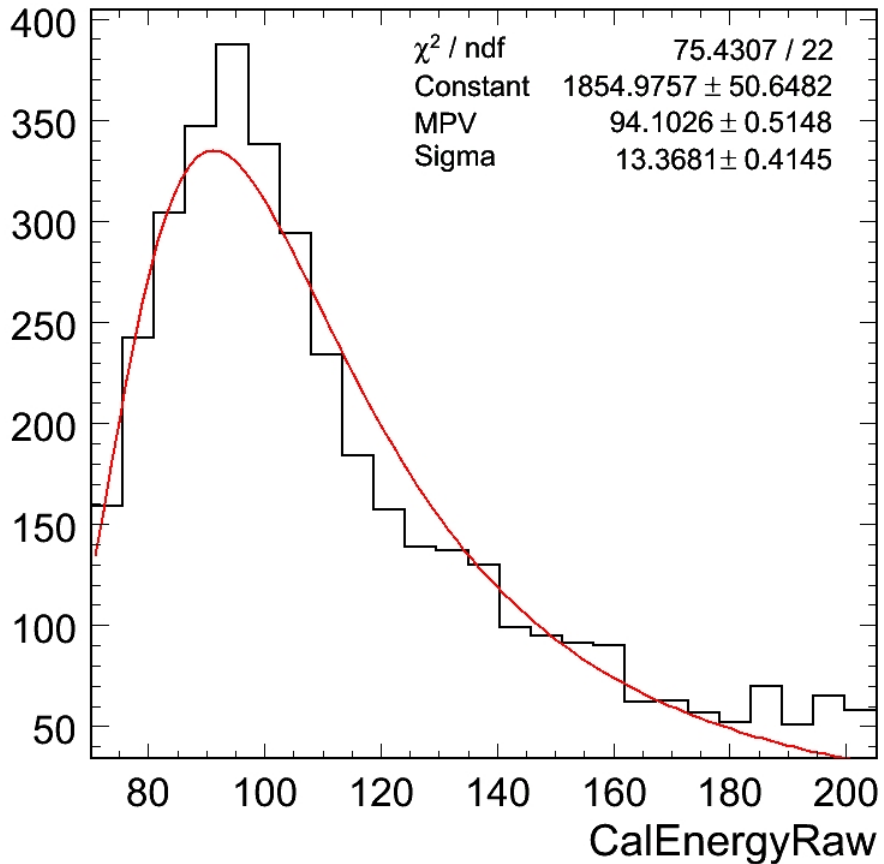
Data are reconstructed $\approx 2 - 3 \text{ mm}$ lower in Y than the MC.
Also note how close the beam is to a wafer corner.



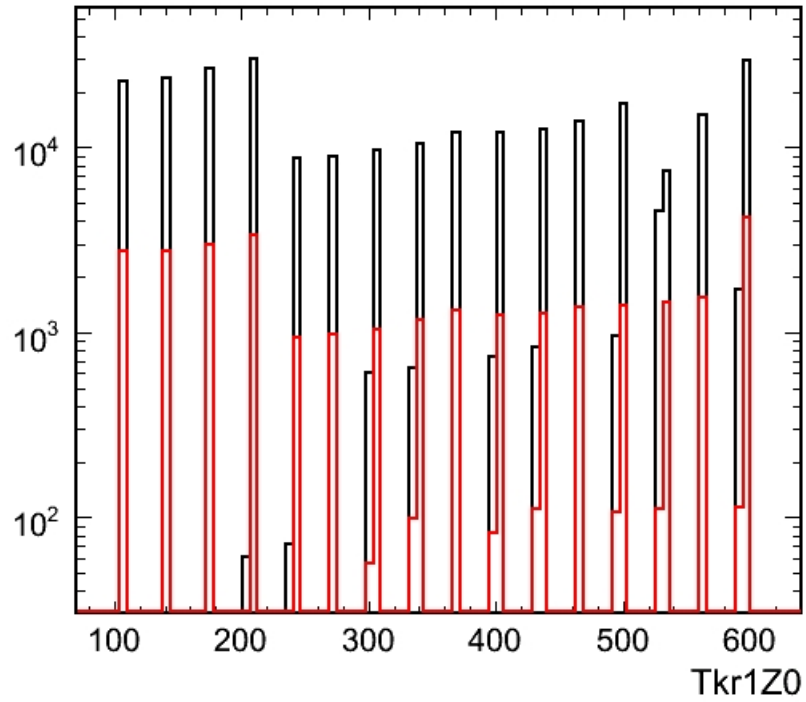
N: 0.2% NE: 4.2% E: 1.3%



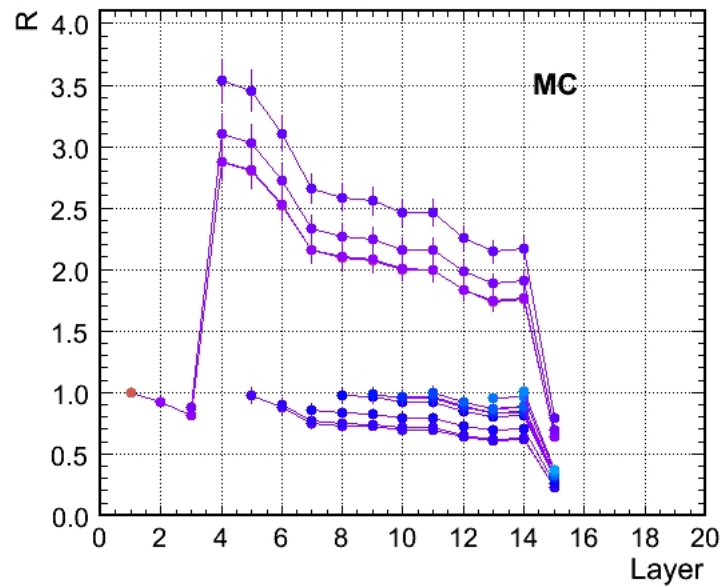
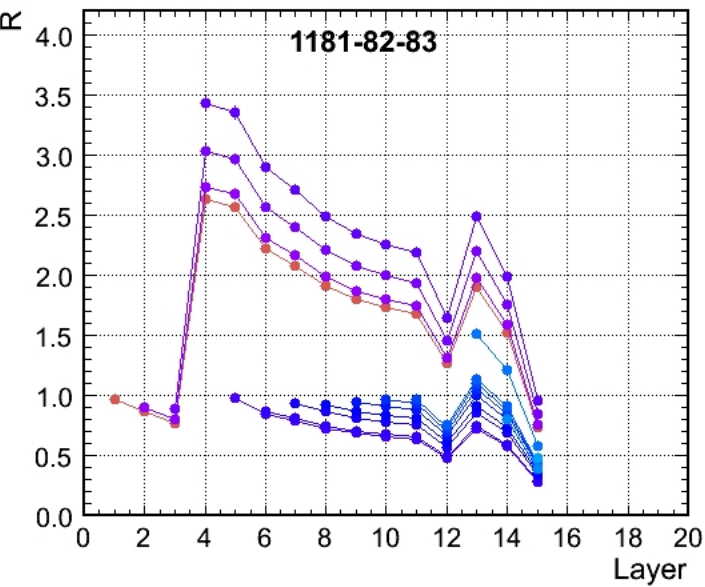
Deposited energy in CAL



Consistent with a MIP distribution at 8×12 MeV/layer ($dE/dX \approx \mu$)



Counts in layer i : C_i

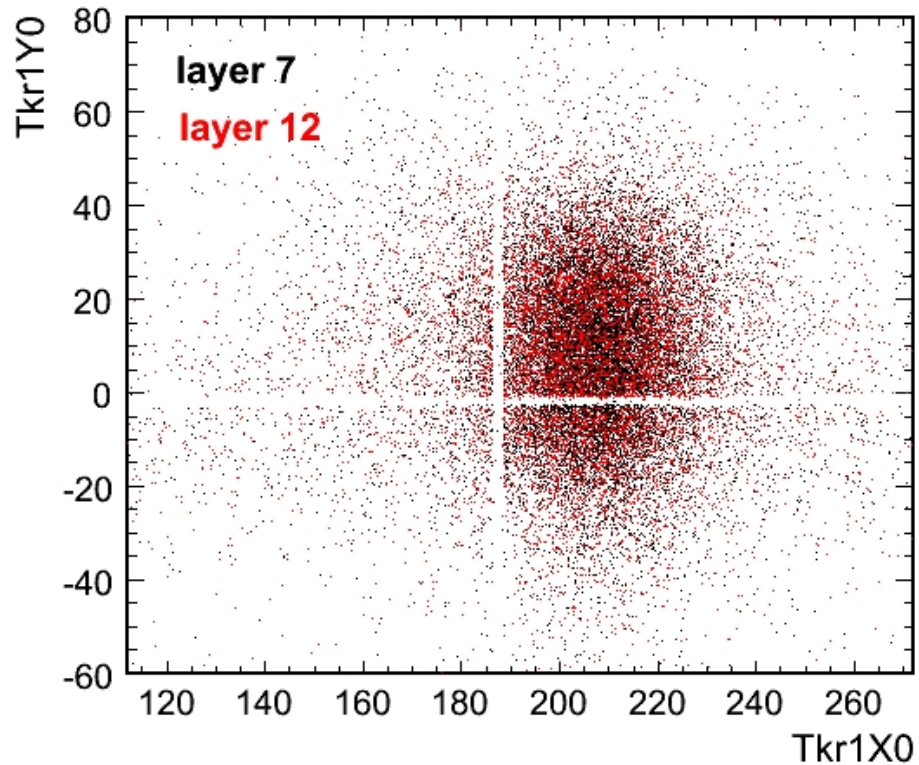


Ratio $R_i = C_i/C_{i+1}$ with $\sigma_{C_i} = \sqrt{C_i}$.

Discrepancy on layers 12,13 (my numbering, LAT numbers +3)

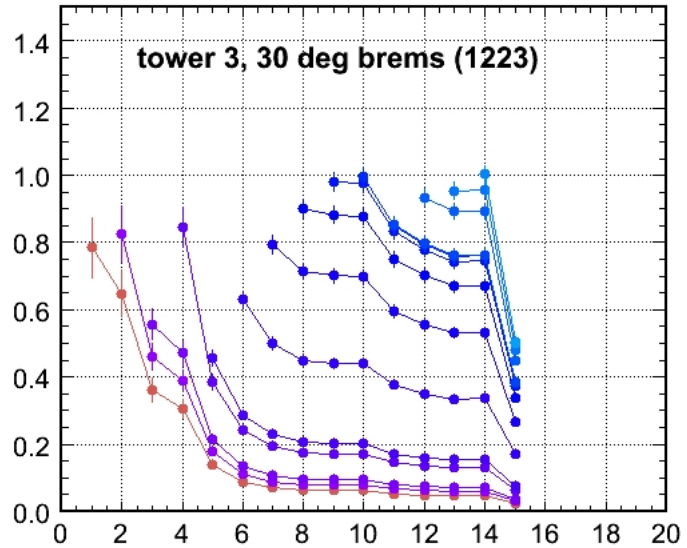
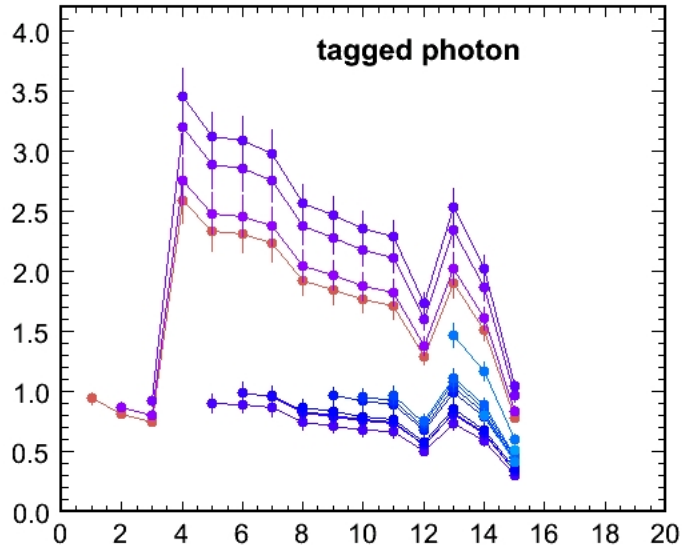
Layer thickness? Wafer alignment? SSD efficiency?

Effect on recon probably not large - tagged gammas run in Tower 3 for inter-tower calrecon comparison ?



Comparison of layer 12 and 7

No obvious relative shift, hence not an increase of sensitive area in wafer cracks.



Same effect in tagged photon run.

Top layers in Tower 3, 30° brems: better!

Bremsstrahlung run in Tower 2 in center of wafer

Bremsstrahlung run in Tower 3