

# $dE/dx$ from Muons in the LAT Energy Loss vs. Energy Deposition

Elliott Bloom, Ping Wang

LAT Beam test WG EVO

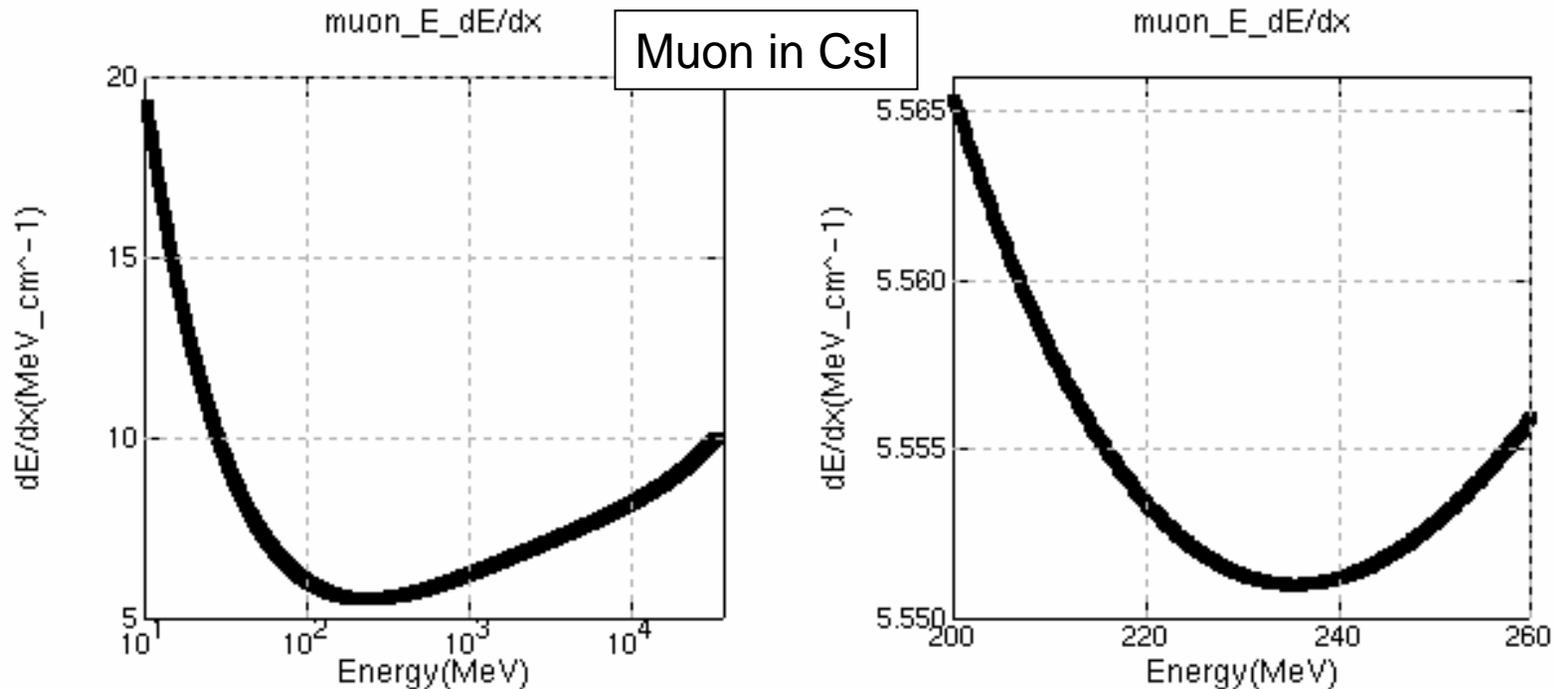
Sept. 5, 2007

# Talk outline

- Use up-to-date  $dE/dx$  code to calculate the expected energy deposition of muons using a simple CsI geometry to get deposition in  $\text{MeV cm}^2/\text{g}$ . This code calculates mean energy loss.
- Analyze  $\mu$  ground data to measure energy deposition in  $\text{MeV cm}^2/\text{g}$  in LAT.
- Compare energy loss from  $dE/dx$  code and GLEAM for  $\mu$ . Also, compare energy deposition.
- Conclusions

# Dedx code

- Weaver & Westphal, Nucl. Instrum. Methods Phys. Res. B 187, 285-301 (2002)
- Code is available at <http://snfactory.lbl.gov/~weaver/dedx/>



MIP:  $dE_{\text{muon}} / dx = 5.551 \text{ MeV} / \text{cm}$

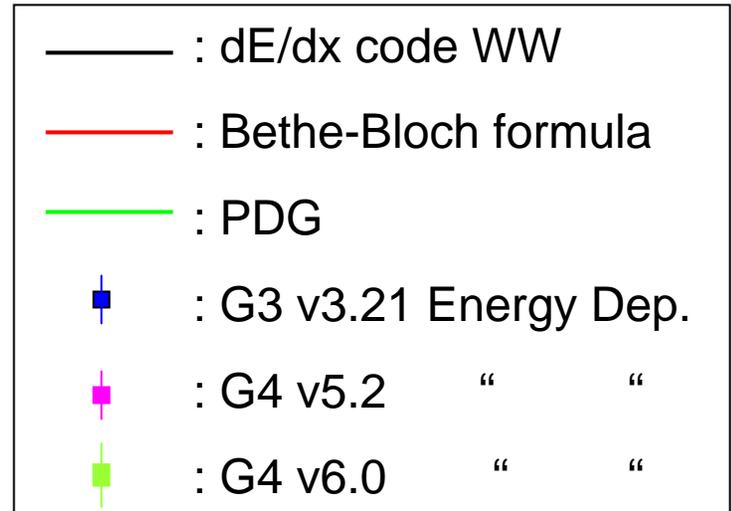
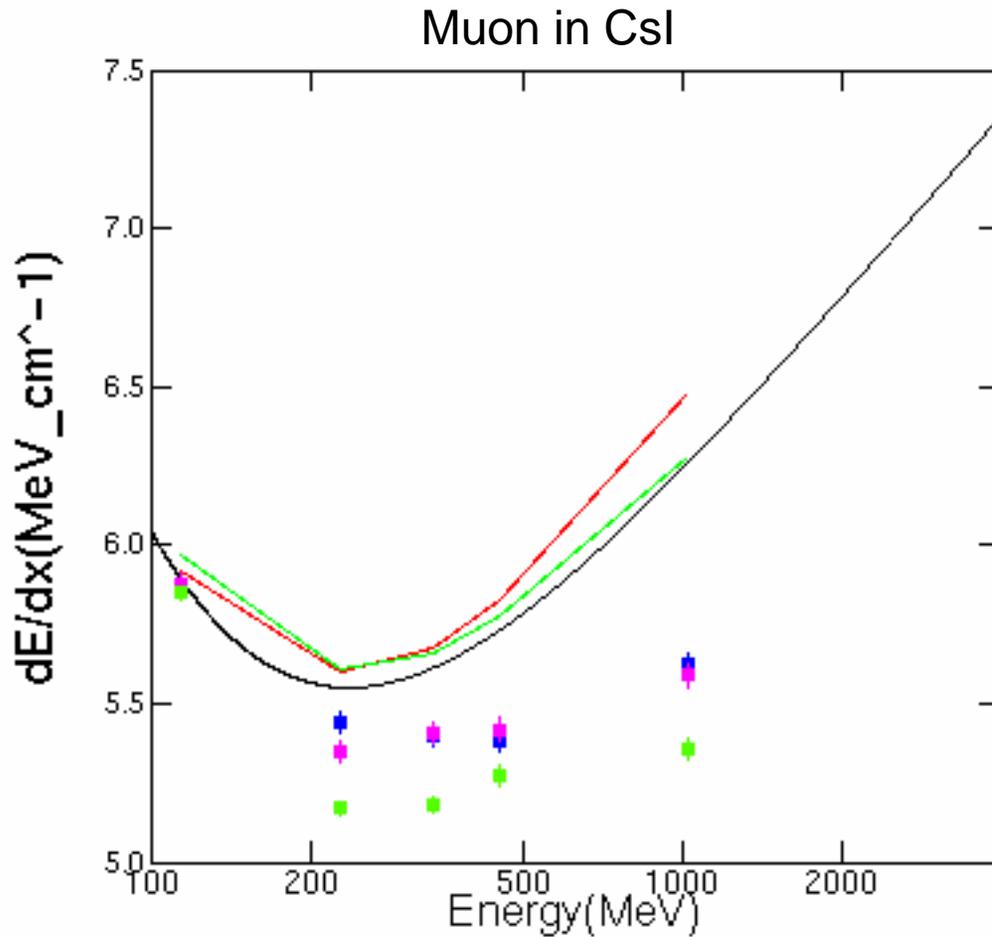
$\Rightarrow$  Energy deposit per radiation length =  $5.551 * 1.86 = 10.32 \text{ MeV} / \text{RLn}$

$\Rightarrow$  Energy deposit per layer =  $5.551 * 1.99 = 11.05 \text{ MeV} / \text{layer}$

**For 4 GeV muon,  $dE_{\text{muon}} / dx = 7.356 \text{ MeV} / \text{cm}$**

**$\Rightarrow$  Energy deposit per radiation length =  $13.68 \text{ MeV} / \text{RLn}$**

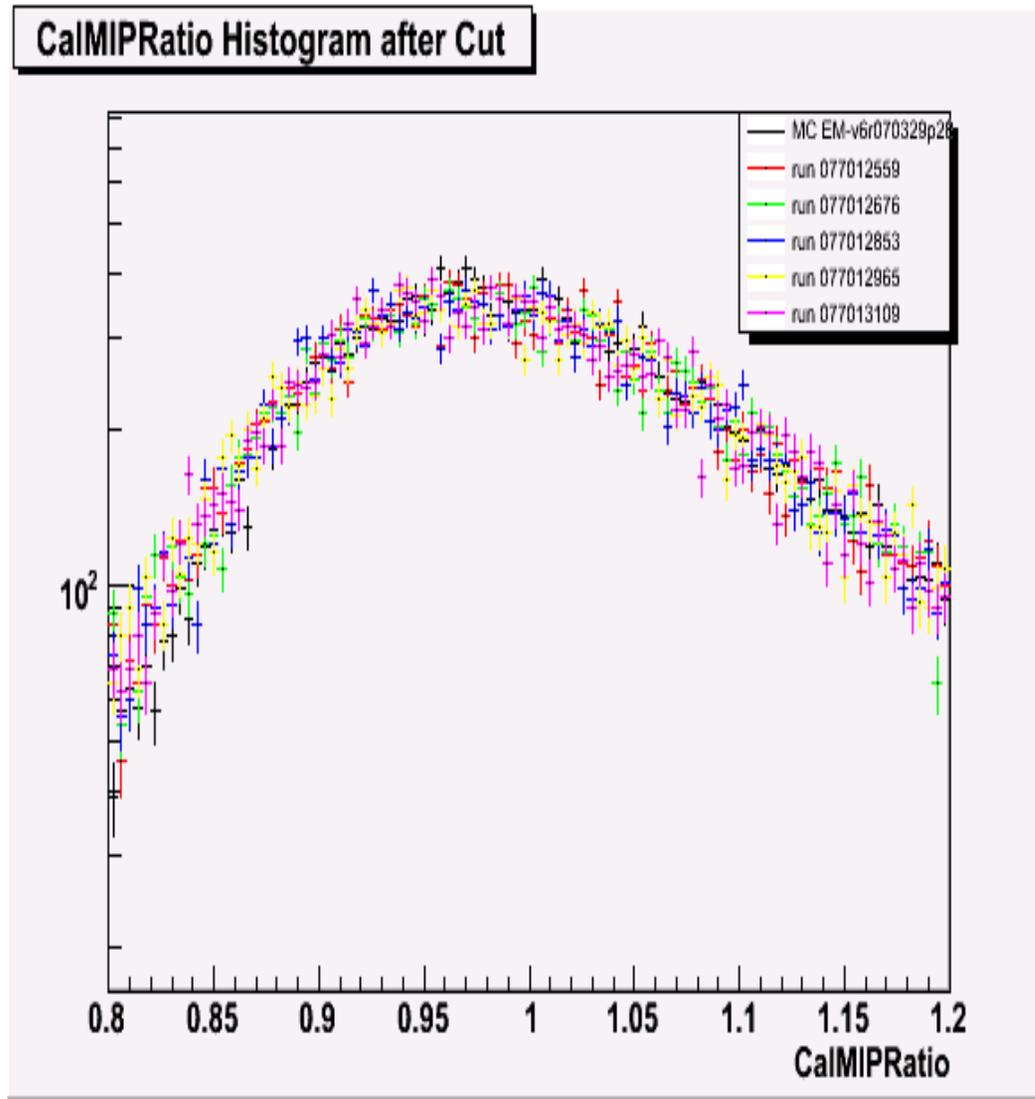
# Muon in Csl: Compare with other MC



**Mean Energy deposit for  $\mu$  is ~10% smaller for GEANT simulations at 1.021 GeV than energy loss from calculations. (F. Piron et al., note)**

<ftp://www.cenbg.in2p3.fr/astropart/GlasWWW/reposeur/note-06april2003.pdf>

# CalMIPRatio After Cuts for LAT Ground Data for Selected Muons and MC Muons



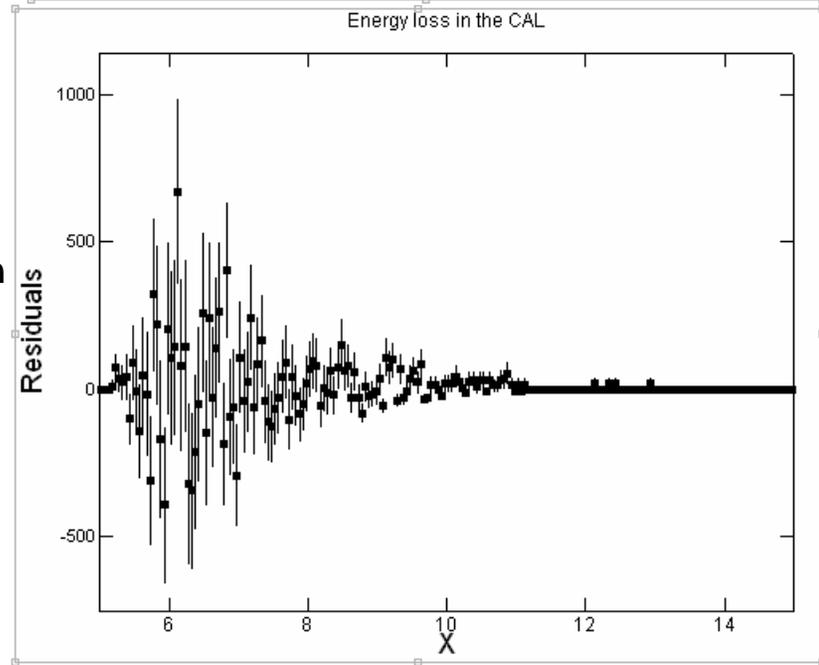
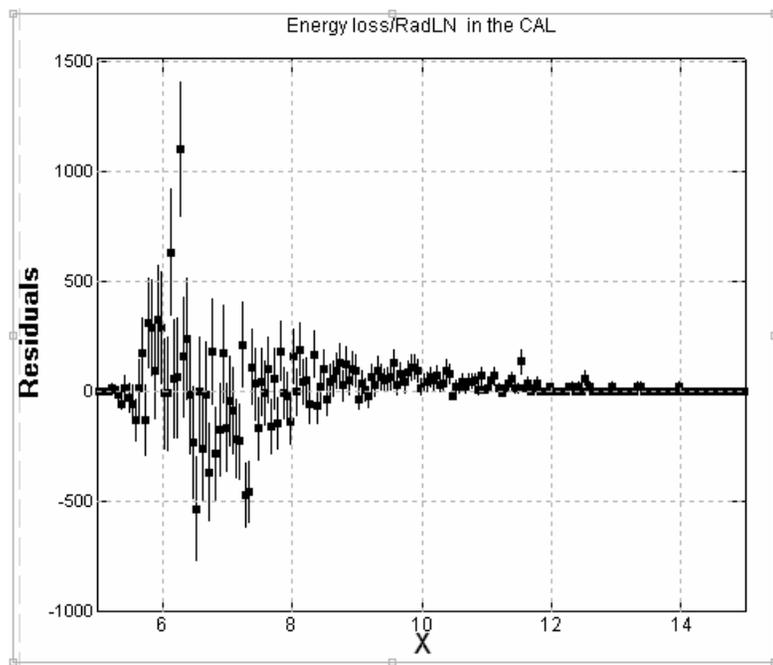
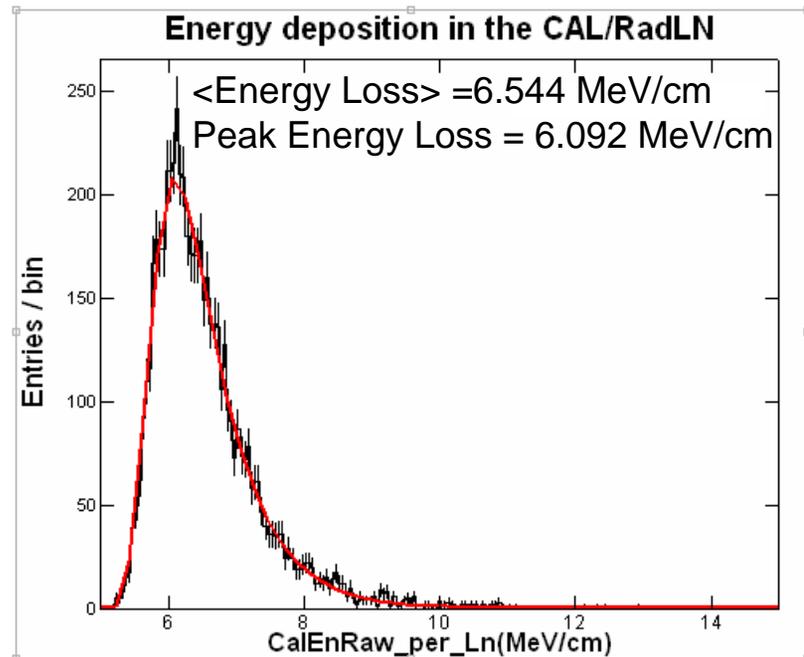
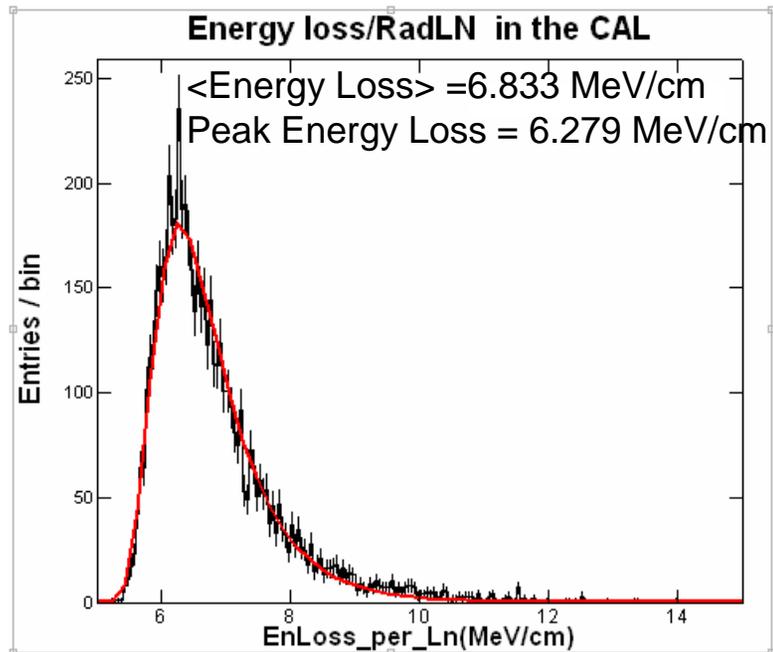
# MC and Data $E_{\text{peak}}$ for $\mu$ Why do they agree?

- CalMIPRatio is calculated in AnalysisNtuple, in the file CalValsTool.cxx.
  - `CAL_MIP_Ratio = CAL_EnergyRaw/(12.07*std::max(CAL_CsI_RLn*1., minRadLen));`
- Since the mean energy of muons at ground is  $\sim 4$  GeV, WW dE/dx code calculation for a radiation length of CsI gives: **13.68** MeV ( $\sim 15\%$  higher). But this is energy loss, not deposition.
- It appears that number was put in code to get agreement between MC and ground  $\mu$  data.

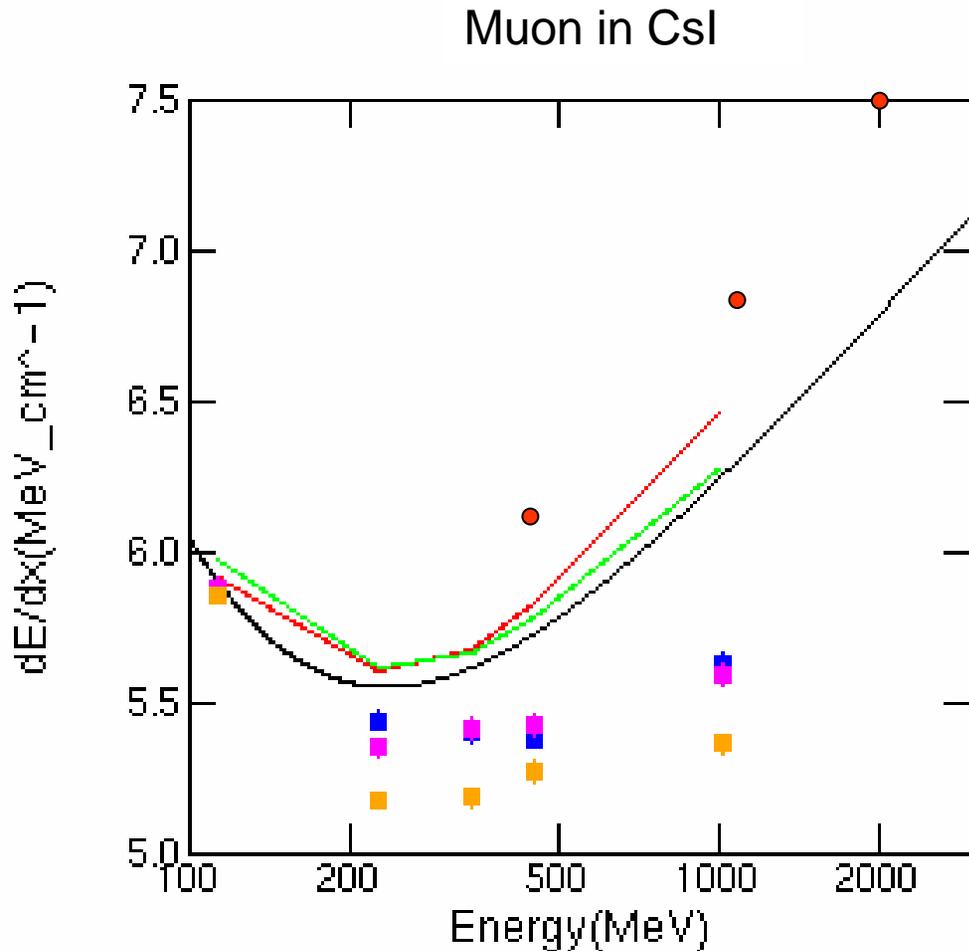
# LAT $\mu$ MC cuts (Ping)

- G4 v6r29p5 MC used.
- Start  $\mu$  at  $z=0$  – top of GRID
  - Top of CAL crystal is at -4.6 cm according to SVAC Inst. Anal. Primer.
  - Small amount of non-CsI material between  $z=0$  and top of CAL.
- $x = y = 20.2$  cm (don't start in vacuum-Leon).
- $8 < \text{CalCsIRLn} < 9$
- $\text{CalZDir} > 0.98$
- For  $E_{\mu} \geq 1$  GeV, energy loss in CsI  $\sim 7$  MeV/cm\*1.85 cm\*8.5 RL  $\sim 110$  MeV.  $\Delta(dE/dx)$  is small over path length in CsI for  $\mu$ .

# 1.021 GeV Vertical Muons – “CAL Only”



# Muon in Csl: Compare with other MC



- : WW dE/dx code
- : Bethe-Bloch formula
- : PDG
- : G3 v3.21 Energy Dep.
- : G4 v5.2 Energy Dep.
- : G4 v6.0 Energy Dep.
- : G4 v6r29p5 Energy Loss (LAT) (Ping)

G4 v6r29p5 result is for mean energy loss of muon in LAT Csl CAL ( $z=0$ ,  $x=20.2$  cm,  $y=x$  is start). Other G3-4 are for energy deposition.

# Conclusions

- Ping's current energy loss calculation in GLEAM LAT "CAL only" overshoots the "best"  $dE/dx$  theory calculation by about 15%.
- Ping's current energy deposition calculation for "CAL only" also overshoots, but by a bit less. It does not reproduce the Piron G3-4 energy deposition.
- Piron's estimate of energy deposition in simple CsI geometry undershot by about 15% for G4 v6.0.
- Ping will redo her GLEAM calculation of  $\mu$  energy loss in thin CsI radiator of simple geometry and compare again.
- Continue similar work with protons, C to compare to CERN and GSI beam test data as well as  $\mu$  ground data (Ping and Yvonne).