## **Custom simulation for SPS data runs**

700001922 (282 GeV) 700001911 (200 GeV) 700001981 (100 GeV) 700002039 (50 GeV) 700002082 (20 GeV)

Parameters modified in the configuration files for simulation

beamtest06

Gleam

Distributions for some parameters before/after simulation changes

## **Gleam Job options**



- (1) Beam incidence position (X,Y) at Z = -47mm
- (2) Beam incidence angle in X direction

(3) Beam incidence angle in Y direction, not implemented yet

These quantities are directly retrieved from inspection of data runs. Easy stuff (~ 1 minute)

## **Beamtest06 SPS job option**

# Macro file for 2006 sps electron runs # Sets some default verbose /control/verbose 2 /run/initialize /run/verbose 2 /Cern/random/run 0 /Cern/random/event 1 #END OF GLOBAL CONFIG FILE #Following lines should be written by the script #Automatically written by JOcreator on Fri Dec 15 17:45:39 2006 #Using Analysis report is True #/Cern/detector/trigger 2 #/Cern/detector/field 0 /Cern/gun/ydiv 1.000000 mrad /Cern/gun/zdiv 1.000000 mrad /Cern/gun/edispersion 1.000000 /Cern/gun/ywidth 1.000000 cm (1)/Cern/aun/zwidth 1.000000 cm /gun/particle e-**0.0**0001 for all SPS runs; /Cern/gun/pos -5000. 0 0 cm /Cern/detector/cherenkovpressure 0.800000 /Cern/gun/energy 196.120000 GeV **no** significant change /run/beamOn 100

(1) Quantities derived from beam profile inspection (sigma\_x, sigma\_y) are not those values. No direct relation is known. Used approach is to simulate many beams and find those numbers iteratively...

## **Beamtest06 SPS job option**

# Macro file for 2006 sps electron runs # Sets some default verbose /control/verbose 2 (2)/run/initialize /run/verbose 2 Beam divergence has /Cern/random/run 0 /Cern/random/event 1 to be tunned too !! #END OF GLOBAL CONFIG FILE #Following lines should be written by the script Life is always more #Automatically written by JOcreator on Fri Dec 15 17:45:39 2006 #Using Analysis report is True complex than expected... #/Cern/detector/trigger 2 #/Cern/detector/field 0  $(\mathbf{2})$ /Cern/gun/ydiv 1.000000 mrad /Cern/gun/zdiv 1.000000 mrad /Cern/gun/edispersion 1.000000 /Cern/gun/ywidth 1.000000 cm (1)/Cern/gun/zwidth 1.000000 cm /gun/particle e-**0.0**0001 for all SPS runs; /Cern/gun/pos -5000. 0 0 cm /Cern/detector/cherenkovpressure 0.800000 /Cern/gun/energy 196.120000 GeV no significant change /run/beamOn 100

(1) Quantities derived from beam profile inspection (sigma\_x, sigma\_y) are not those values. No direct relation is known. Used approach is to simulate many beams and find those numbers iteratively...

#### Parameters (data and mc) for data run 700001981 (100 GeV) **G4config:** WidthX= 0.01cm MC DATA WidthY = 0.05 cm Beam characteristics for RUN NUMBER 1981 Beam characteristics for RUN NUMBER Custom MC 1981 \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* Beam incoming direction (cosinus directors): Beam incoming direction (cosinus directors): Tkr1ZDir = -0.9999800892 Tkr1ZDir = -0.9999967387 Tkr1XDir = 0.002378752476 Tkr1XDir = 0.002270743892 Tkr1YDir = 0.005818358866 Tkr1YDir = 2.495750907e-05 Beam impact point on Calorimeter input (CalZ = -47 mm): Beam impact point on Calorimeter input (CalZ = -47 mm): PosXAtCalZ (mm) = 203.7445139 PosXAtCalZ (mm) = 203.6796565 PosYAtCalZ (mm) = PosYAtCalZ (mm) = 38.30663758 38,48796213 Beam width (Sigma) estimated from projected beam width (X,Y) on Beam width (Sigma) estimated from projected beam width (X,Y) on the the first hit height, and incoming beam direction: first hit height, and incoming beam direction.

Beam Width (Sigma) in X direction (mm) = 1.637112678 Beam Width (Sigma) in Y direction (mm) = 2.850366796

Upper limit for Beam divergence: CosMaxBeamDivergence() = MaxBeamDivergence(degrees) =

0 00000758 0.03741211046

Beam Width (Sigma) in X direction (mm) 🗲 2.673393089 Beam Width (Sigma) in Y direction (mm) = 2.946653218 Upper limit for Beam divergence: CosMaxBeamDivergence() = 0 0000081600 MaxBeamDivergence(degrees) =

0.09903284305

Cos(Max.BeamDivergence) = cos(XthetaBeam)\* Tkr1XDir + cos(YthetaBeam)\* Tkr1YDir + cos(ZThetaBeam)\* Tkr1ZDir

Max.BeamDivergence ~ BeamDivergence  $\otimes$  CU angular resolution

When using 1 mrad in G4config (default value), beam divergence was dominating the beam width (x,y)

## Relation between G4config beam divergence and Measured Max. Beam Divergence



I could find parametes which describe nicely the beam profile from data runs at 280 GeV (1922), 200 GeV (1911) and 100 GeV (1981)

BUT

I do have problems with the beam profile from runs at 50 GeV (2039) and 20 GeV (2082)

Problems to produce beam profile for data run 2082 (20 GeV)

### Beam profile for DATA



Slightly truncated in X direction (one side), and Y direction (2 sides). *Width\_y ~ 2 Width\_x* 

Custom MC simulation with G4 config parameters

Divergence in X = 0.00 mrad; Divergence Y = 0.25 mrad

Width\_x = 0.1 cm; Width\_y = 0.2 cm

I tried different widths and divergences... those quantities are irrelevant !!! I always get the same (???). Something increases the beam dimensions...



### Custom MC simulation with G4 config parameters

## Divergence in X = 0.00 mrad; Divergence Y = 0.25 mrad





Any idea of what is producing this increase in beam dimensions and diveregence ??

This is NOT occuring for MC at highest energies, thus effect seems to be energy dependent... Same effect occurs with data run 700002039 (50 GeV), but the difference is smaller.

Data run has beam width of 3.2 mm, while in the MC I cannot get it smaller than 3.9 mm

Max. Beam divergence in data is 0.03 degrees, which I can get in MC when setting the beam divergence (in G4config) to 0.00

Consistent with the effect being energy dependent ...

Perhaps this effect is also related to the increase in beam divergence noticed in PS MC runs (presented in Workshop 4, Paris, Nov 2006).

#### 1 - Estimation of the photon beam dispersion in the MC data (full brems)

beam dispersion for the selected energy bins can be calculated as:

#### Cos(PhotonBeamDispersion) = cos(XthetaBeam)\* McXDir + cos(YthetaBeam)\* McYDir + cos(ZThetaBeam)\* McZDir

I computed the "PSF" exactly in the same way (counting up to 68%, and 95% containment), but this time using *PhotonBeamDispersion instead of* 

#### McDirErr or MyDirErr

### // Incoming direction of the photon beam 0 deg Double\_t cosXTheta = 0.0; Double\_t cosYTheta = 0.0; Double\_t cosZTheta =-1.0;

#### 1 - Photon beam dispersion for each of these energy bins

For MC 129 (2.5GeV), the "PSF68" from this dispersion is ENERGY dependent. It converges assimptotically to 0.2 at high energies.

-"PSF" 95 Containment -"PSF" 68 Containment

Run MC 129 (0 deg)



The question I need to answer is whether this effect is related to the one seen in the SPS runs...

I did not have time to play with the "new" full brems MC

MC run 129 is "OLD" (August 2006) MC. Quick Comparison data-mc for some parameters

## **Important remark**

The only cuts applied to the data are :

- 1 CalEnergyRaw > 10 MeV (No-empty events)
- 2 TkrNumTracks > 0.5 (events with at least 1 track)

These are very simple cuts which are expected to be fulfilled by all the electrons (>20 GeV) entering in the calibration unit.

More sophisticated cuts (e.j. removing events crossing cracks, removing MIPs...) which might improve the agreement data-mc are NOT applied. These additional cuts must be applied with care, since they might also bias the comparison if not carefully done

## BT-1922, which matches with data run 700001922 E = 282 GeV, 0 deg MC in red; Data in blue Run 1922



## Before

Very good agreement data-mc !!

MC beam a bit more roundish than data

## After

MC beam as truncated as data beam

Little displacement of ~4 mm in Y direction due to the NON correction for incidence angle in Y

## BT-1922, which matches with data run 700001922 E = 282 GeV , 0 deg MC in red; Data in blue Run 1922



### **Before**

### After

About 0.35 deg disagreement in Y direction (~4 mm in 650 mm displacement in Z)

## BT-1922, which matches with data run 700001922E = 282 GeV , 0 degMC in red; Data in blue



# BT-1885, which matches with data run 700001911E = 196 GeV , 0 degMC in red; Data in blue

#### Run 1911



#### BT-1885, which matches with data run 700001911 E = 196 GeV, 0 deg MC in red; Data in blue **Run 1911**



179 179.2 179.4 179.6 179.8 180

### After

About 0.35 deg disagreement in Y direction

## BT-1885, which matches with data run 700001911 E = 196 GeV , 0 deg MC in red; Data in blue



## BT-1981, which matches with data run 700001981 E = 100 GeV , 0 deg MC in red; Data in blue



#### **Before**



Little displacement of ~4 mm in Y direction due to the NON correction for incidence angle in Y

## BT-1981, which matches with data run 700001981E = 100 GeV , 0 degMC in red; Data in blue



#### **Before**



About 0.35 deg disagreement in Y direction

#### BT-1981, which matches with data run 700001981 E = 100 GeV, 0 deg MC in red; Data in blue



### **Before**

h

os 5312

127.0

3.776

160

RMS 3.392

53120

127.5



Very good agreement



Proper estimation of parameters to be used in the config files for beam simulation improves the agreement data MC

But process is slower than anticipated (more parameters than anticipated need to be tuned...)

Besides, I have not been able to reach convergence at energies =< 50 GeV. It seems that there is a nonunderstood increase in beam divergence (and dimensions) which depends on beam energy