Analysis of Electron Runs at different Momenta & Angles

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Selected Electron RUNS (data from SVAC & MERIT n-tuples)

Pc	<u>)si</u>	<u>tio</u>	n	
V		20	4	

- X = 201 *mm*;
- Y = 40 mm;
- -Z = -47 mm

- **Cuts:** "GltTower" > -1;
 - "CalEneSum" > 0;
 - "TkrNumTracks" \geq 1;

"Tkr1LastLayer" = 0;

BT DATA (MC)

Momentum / Angle-	→ 0 deg	10 deg	20 deg	30 deg	45 deg	60 deg
1 GeV/c	1259 <mark>(71)</mark>			1220		
2.5 GeV/c	1202 (123)			1222		
5 GeV/c	1460 (122)	1476	1485	1493	1504	1505
10 GeV/c	2338	2343	2348	2353 (179)	2357	2359
20 GeV/c	2082 (176)	2087	2092	2096	2100	2103
50 GeV/c	2039 (172)	2044	2050	2054 (173)	2058	2064
100 GeV/c	1981 (162)	1988	1993	1999 (169)	2003	2006
200 GeV/c	2035 (164)	1892	1898	1902 (168)	1906	1909
282 GeV/c	1922 (166)	1932	1938	1942 (167)	1946	1949



Hit multiplicity: **BT Data – MC comparison (0 degree electrons)**



ToT Distributions for the first hit layer: BT Data – MC comparison (0 degree electrons)







Conclusions:

> We analyzed electron runs at different angles and momenta:

- Hit multiplicity profiles are consistent with the development of electromagnetic showers at all angles;
- As expected, the average hit number increases with increasing momentum;

> We compared experimental data with MC simulations for 0 degrees electrons:

- The average hit multiplicity from MC is lower than the measured one at all momenta;
- The ToT distributions from MC simulations have a different shape in comparison with experimental ones.