

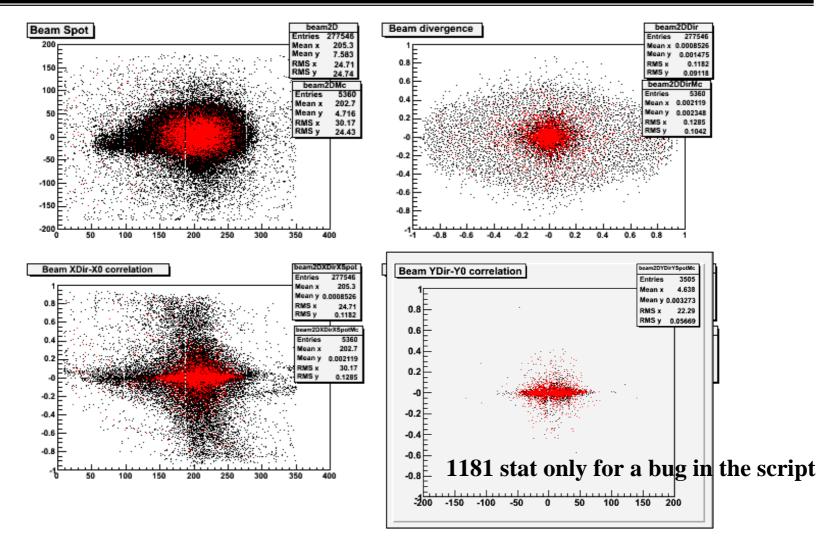
Random trigger FB runs contribution to hit profile

- Rationale
 - We took several runs with full-brem configuration but random trigger
 - I thought I would directly estimate contribution of pile-up events subtracting average hit contribution from such runs
- □ Data used: full brem runs centre of tower 2
 - Data runs: 1181-1190
 - MC run: 1181-v7r1117p1
 - Random trigger run: 1684
- □ Event selection
 - All
- CalEneSum>0 && VtxX0<350
- Data and MC (not for random trigger)
 - A11
 - VtxNumVertices ==1 && Tkr2LastLayer == 0 && Tkr1FirstLayer
 >1 && Tkr2FirstLayer > 1 && (VtxStatus&0x0002)>0 &&
 CalCsIRLn>6
 - A21
 - Tkr1LastLayer == 0 && Tkr1FirstLayer > 1 && VtxStatus&0x0001)>0 && CalCsIRLn>6

L. Latronico



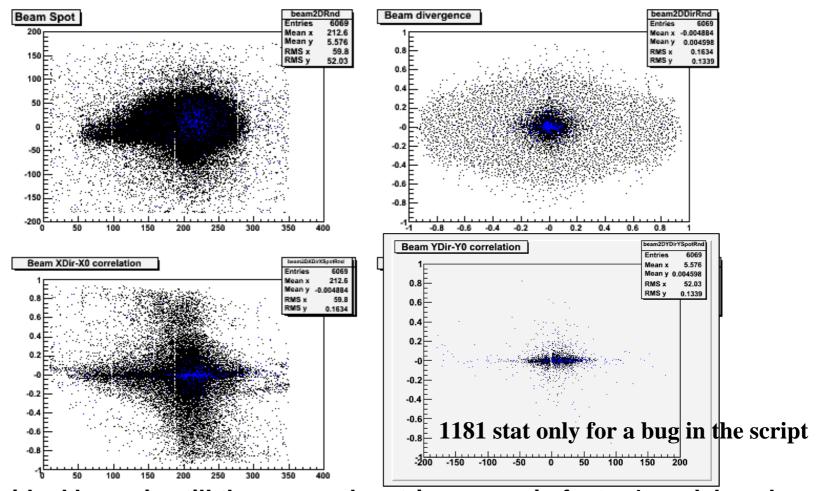
Data MC beam plots



Dead areas are where expected in both data and MC



Data and Random Trigger beam plots

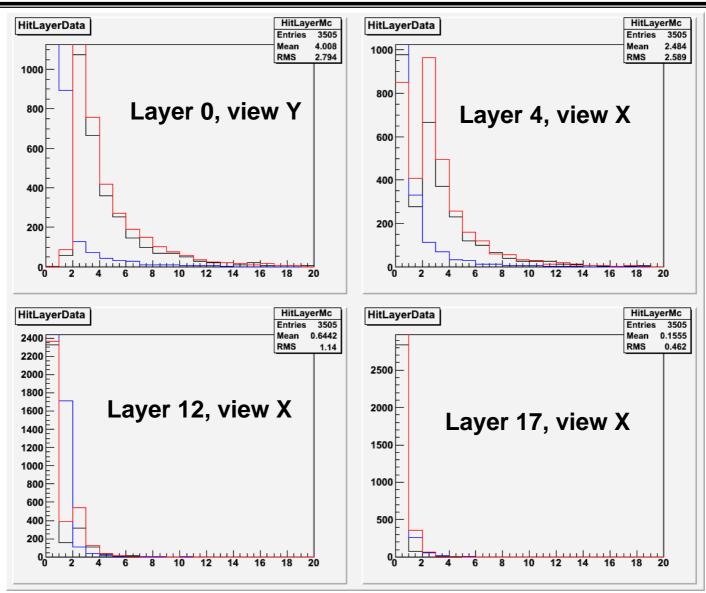


Some residual beam is still there – random trigger was in fact a 1ms delayed trigger scintillator in the main coincidence

Conservative measurement of residual off-time particles contamination in pile-up rejecter

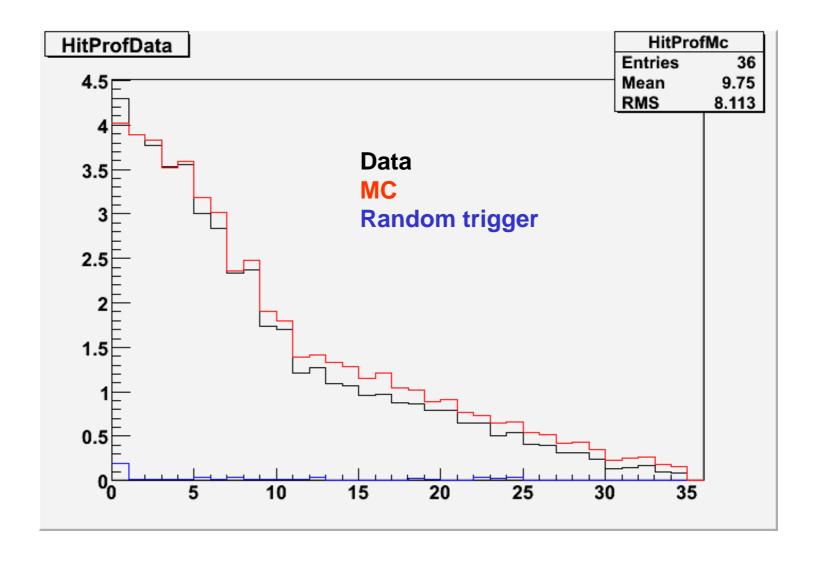


Hits distributions for some layers



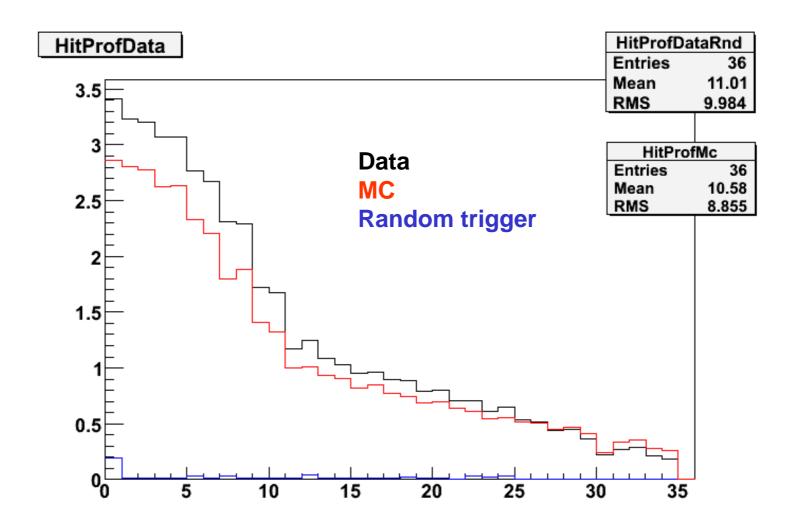


Hit profile for class A.1.1





Hit profile for class A.2.1





Conclusions

- □ Looked at random trigger full-brem runs for first time
 - thanks Gary for insisting on taking them
 - thanks Carmelo for help with the scripts
- Negligible hit pollution from random trigger runs in full-brem runs
 - Similar conclusion obtained with random trigger electron runs, see Nicola slides from March collaboration meeting
- ☐ Still need to understand why we now have more hits since last MC (v7r1117p1)
 - See Nicola summary plots from nov 7 2007
- ☐ Should look at CAL variables