

Exploring Dark Sectors

The Search for New, Light, Weakly-coupled Particles

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APS April Meeting, 4/6/2014

Invited Session: Dark Matter - Beyond WIMPs

The State of Particle Physics

The success of the Standard Model is a triumph

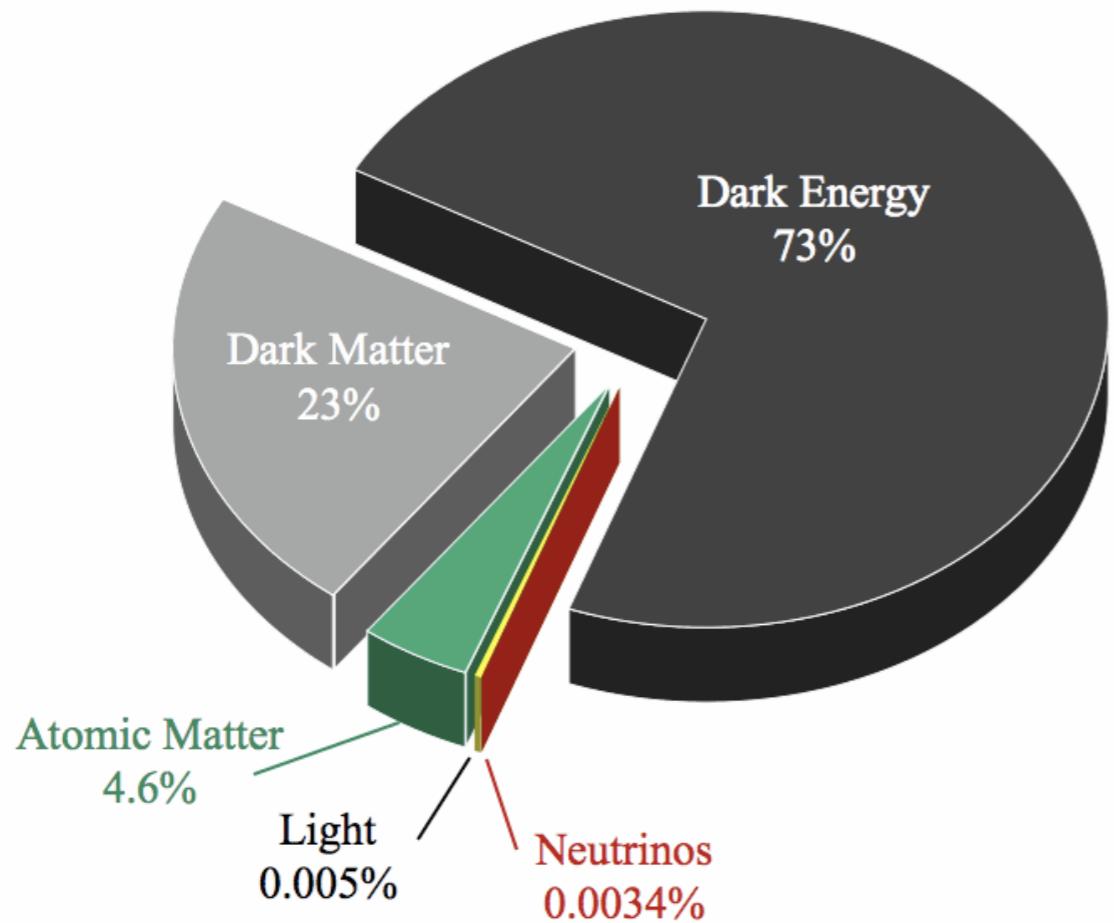
It is the result of several decades of
theoretical & experimental *exploration*, of
pushing at the boundaries of what we knew

But we are not done!

Standard Model is not satisfactory

Several sharp pieces of evidence for New Physics exist

Dark Matter: powerful evidence for New Physics



But what is it?

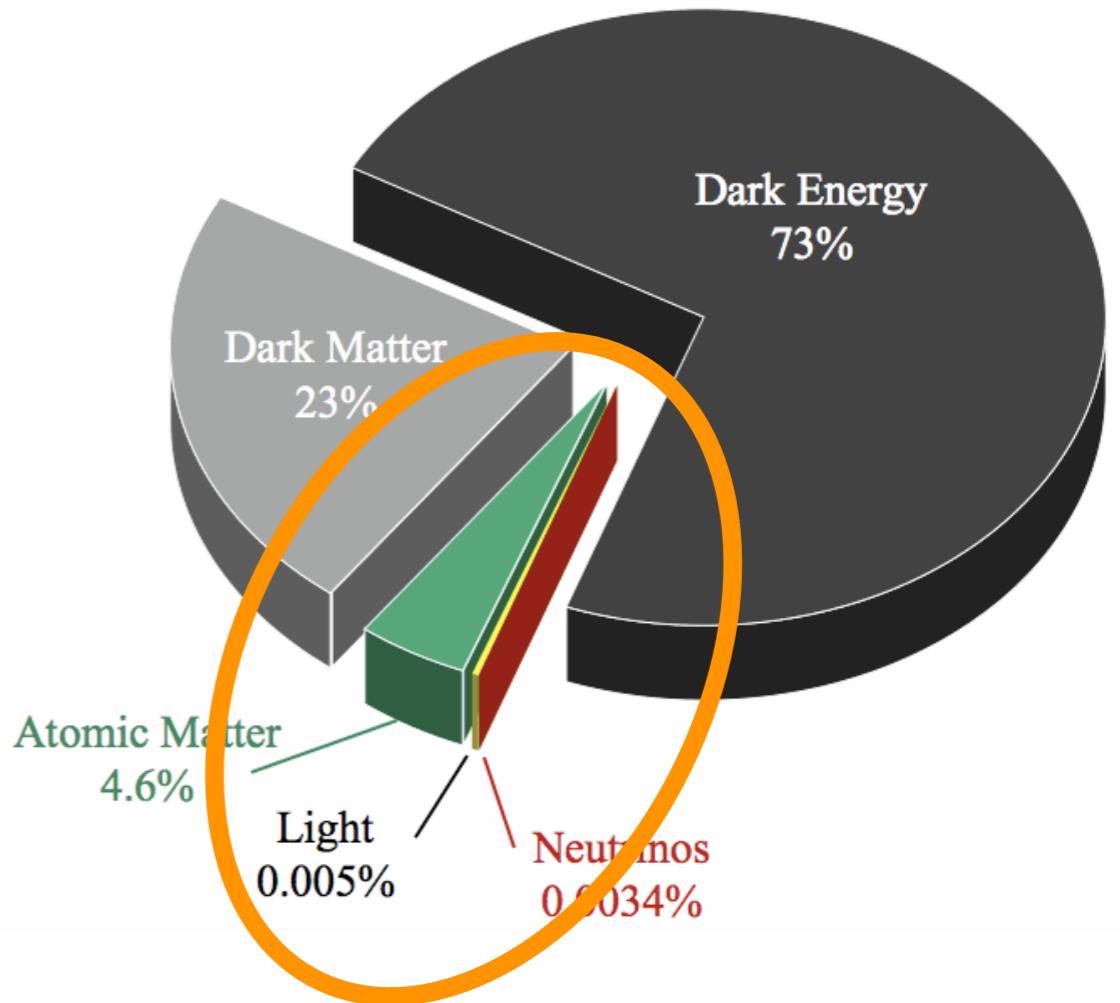
It doesn't have to be a WIMP at the Weak-scale!

LHC results challenge connection between
dark matter and Weak-scale naturalness

Dark matter suggests the presence of a **dark sector**,
neutral under all Standard Model forces

Many, rich Dark Sectors?

Why should Standard Model sector be special?

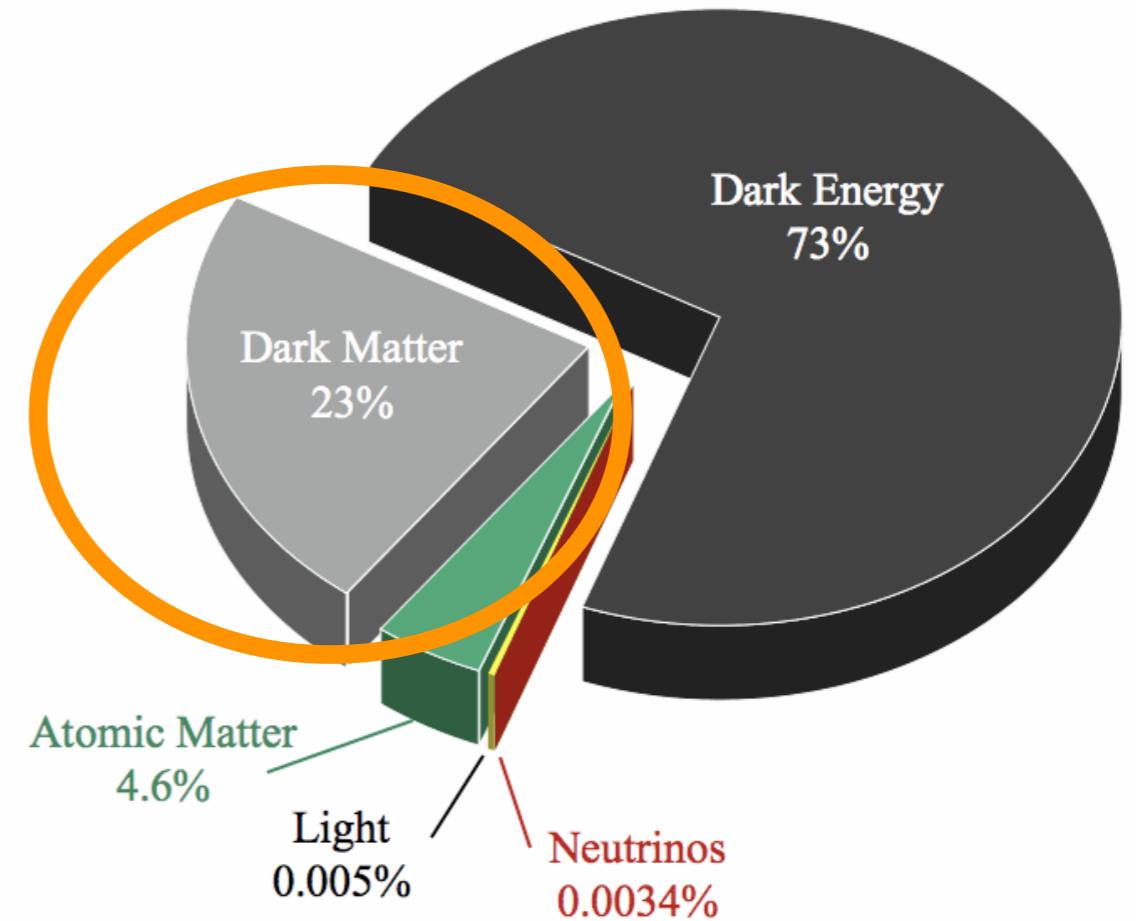


Rich, intricate
structure!

Many, rich Dark Sectors?

Why should Standard Model sector be special?

What if Dark Sector
is equally intricate?



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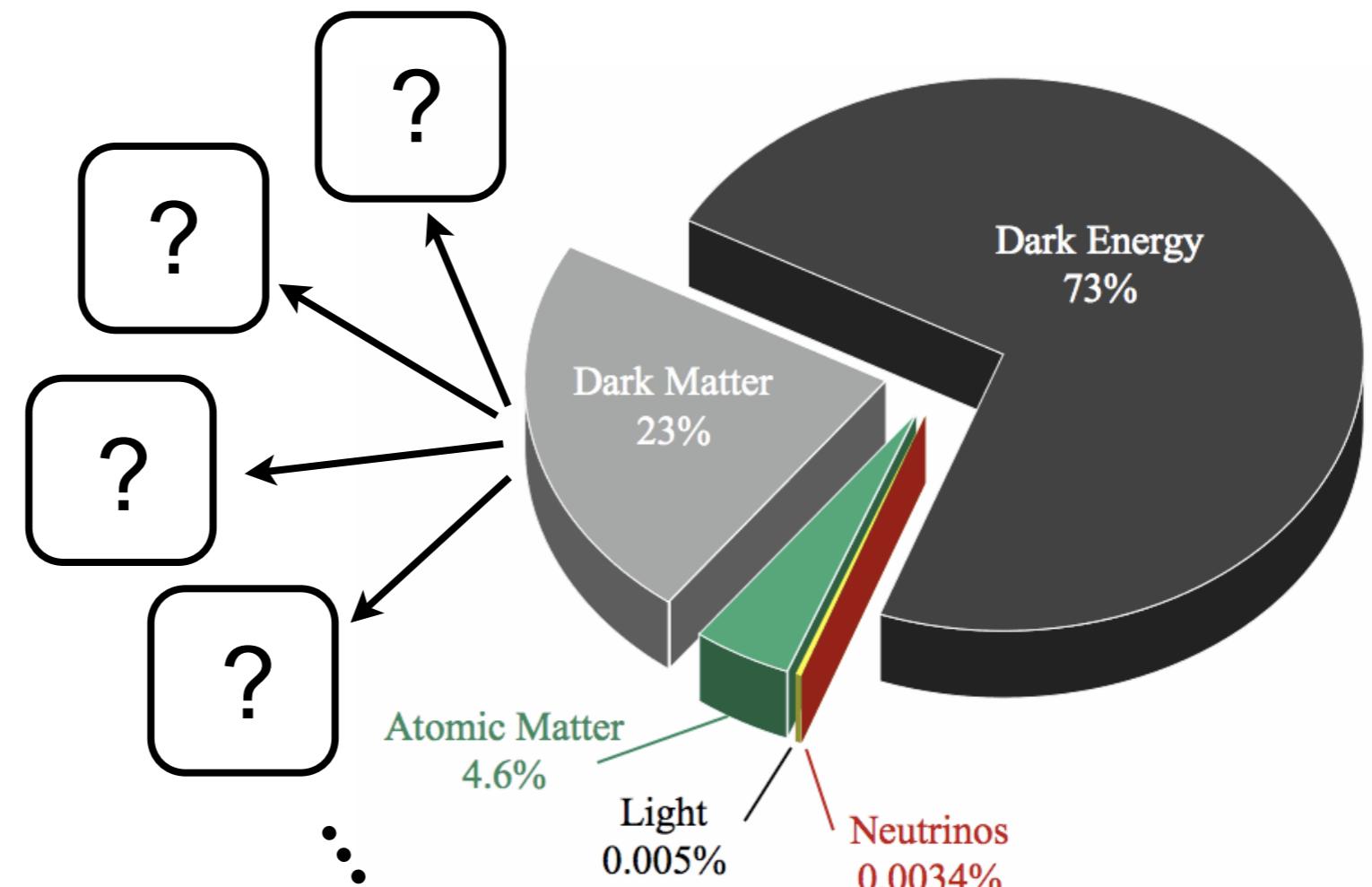
Many, rich Dark Sectors?

Why should Standard Model sector be special?

What if Dark Sector
is equally intricate?

What if there are
many Dark Sectors?

How could
we *know*?



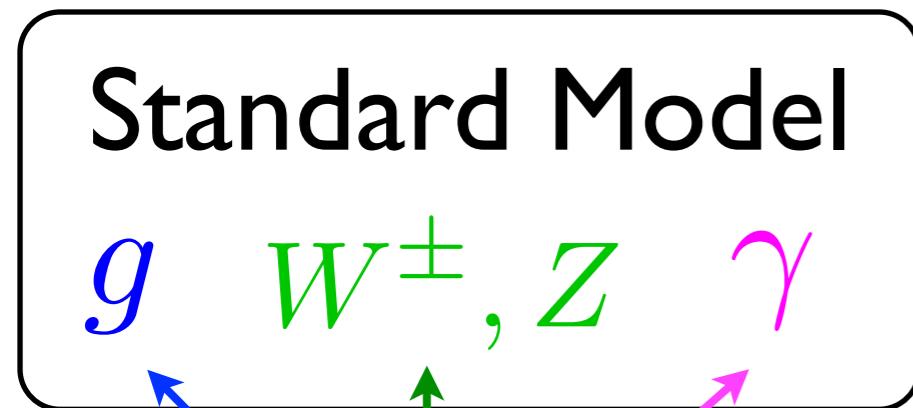
Rich, intricate
structure!

Dark Sectors

- motivated by dark matter, but also by theory, strong CP, data (e.g. muon g-2 & astrophysics)
- several well-motivated possibilities exist
- probe with a rich, diverse, and relatively inexpensive experimental program, going beyond standard searches
- a discovery would be a game-changer

Dark Sectors

A dark sector consists of particles that do not interact with known forces

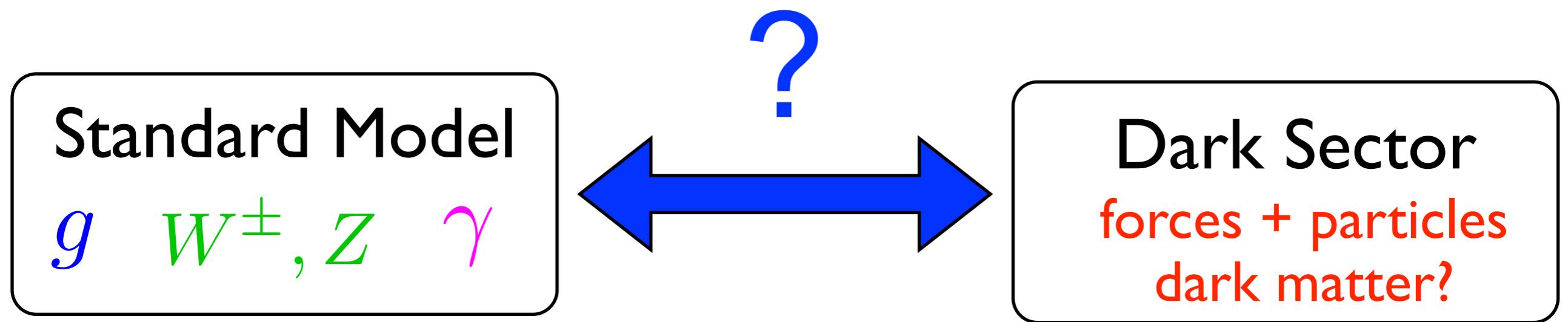


strong, weak, EM



unlike matter that interacts with known forces, dark sector particles can be well below Weak-scale

Portals?



only a few important interactions exist that
are allowed by Standard Model symmetries

Portals

- “Axion”

$$\frac{1}{f_a} F_{\mu\nu} \tilde{F}^{\mu\nu} a$$

axions & axion-like particles (ALPs)

- “Vector”

$$\epsilon F^{Y,\mu\nu} F'_{\mu\nu}$$

dark photon A'

- “Higgs”

$$\lambda H^2 S^2 + \mu H^2 S$$

exotic Higgs decays?

see e.g. review 1312.4992

- “Neutrino”

$$\kappa (HL) N$$

sterile neutrinos?

Portals

our focus today

(very brief, since several other talks)

- “Axion”

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Axion

explains why CP violation in strong force is so small
i.e. solves strong CP problem

axion is associated with spontaneous breaking at a scale f_a
of an approximate global Peccei-Quinn (PQ) symmetry

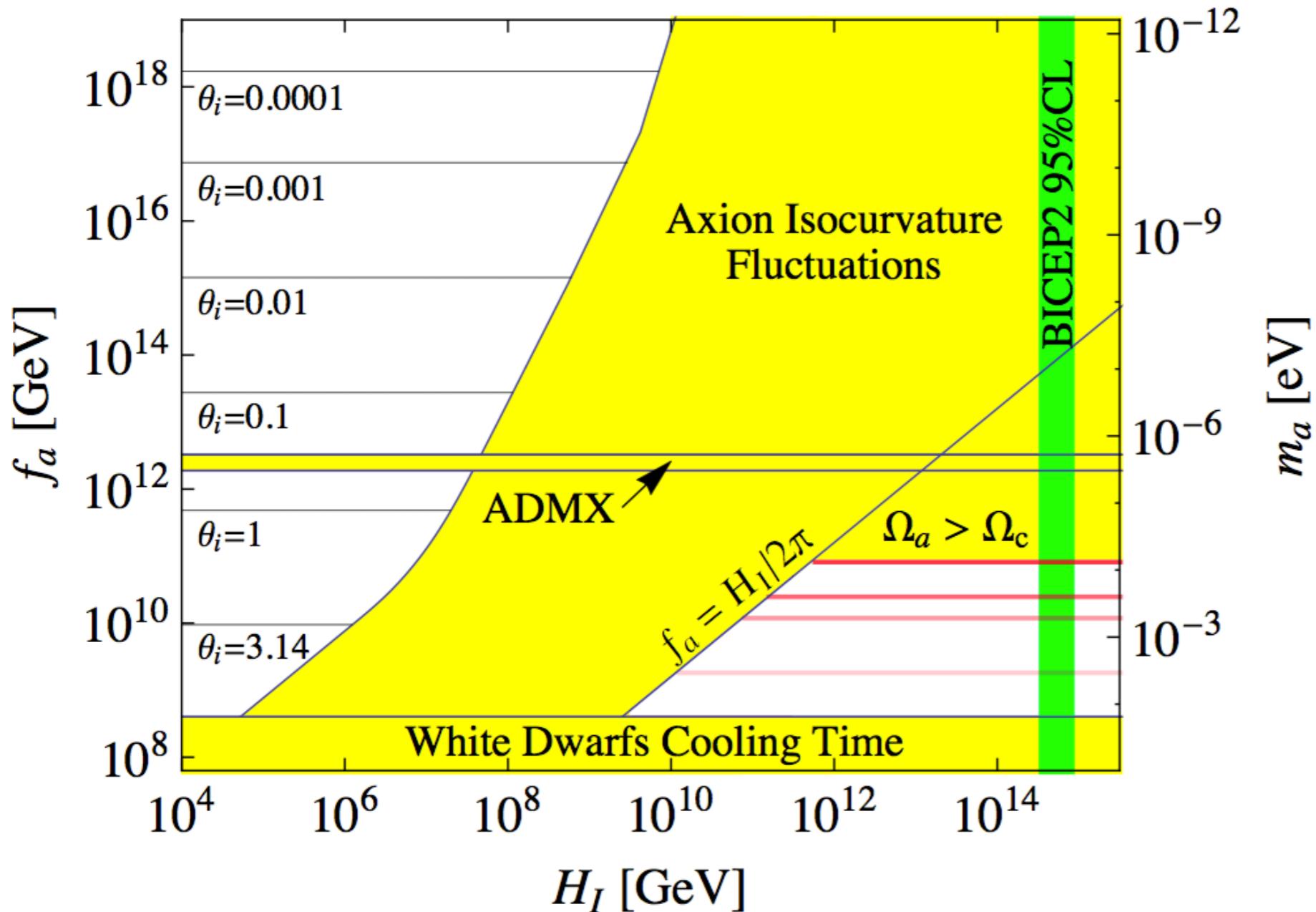
$$m_a \sim \frac{\Lambda_{\text{QCD}}^2}{f_a} \simeq 0.6 \text{ meV} \frac{10^{10} \text{ GeV}}{f_a}$$

naturally light

can be generalized to axion-like particles or “ALPs”

axions & ALPs are excellent dark matter candidates

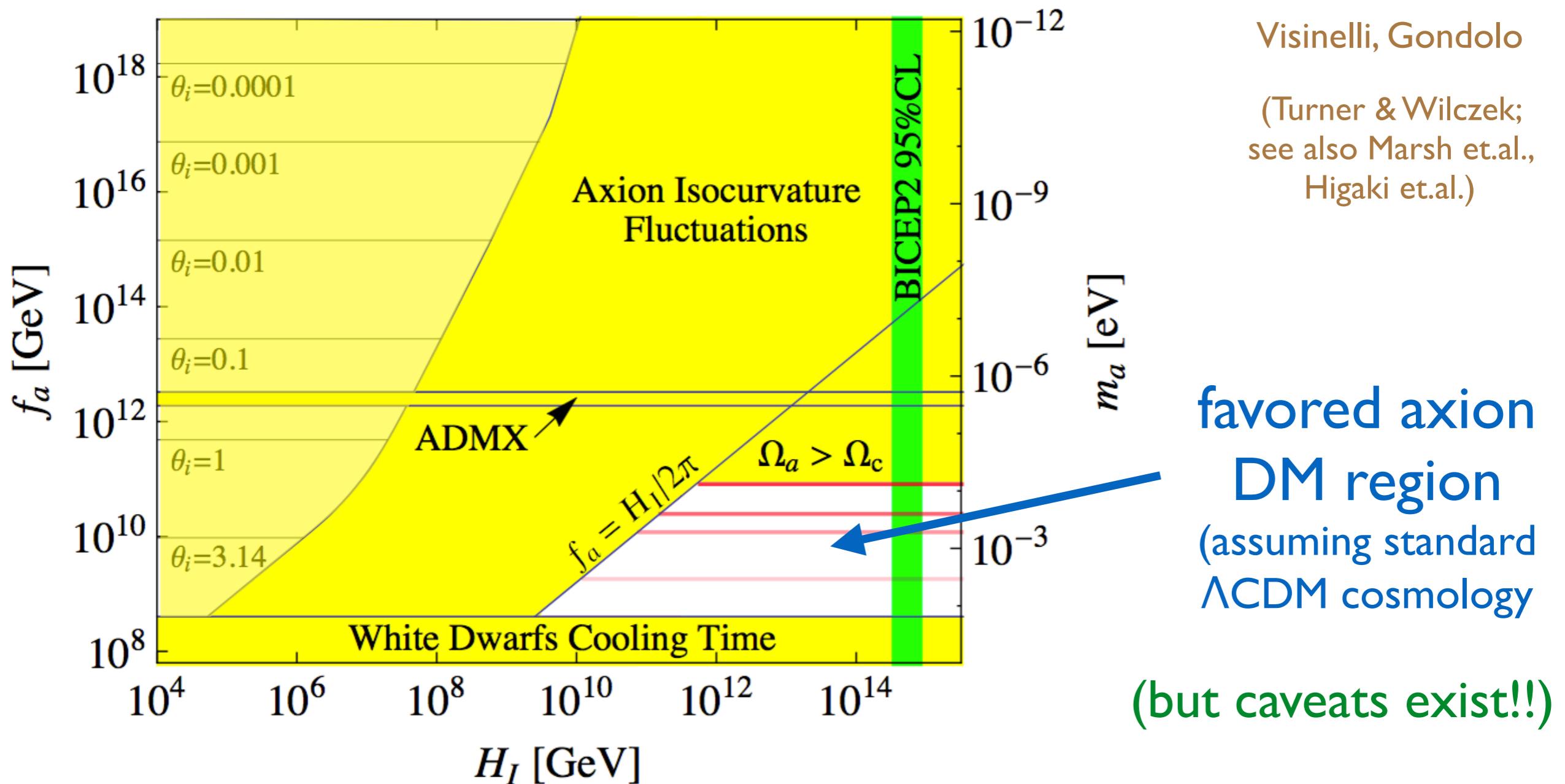
If Axions are all of Dark Matter...



Visinelli, Gondolo
(Turner & Wilczek;
see also Marsh et.al.,
Higaki et.al.)

if $f_a > H_I$, then get large isocurvature perturbations (disfavored by WMAP/Planck)

If Axions are all of Dark Matter...



if $f_a > H_I$, then get large isocurvature perturbations (disfavored by WMAP/Planck)

⇒ BICEP2 disfavors axion DM for large f_a

Portals

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axions & axion-like particles (ALPs)

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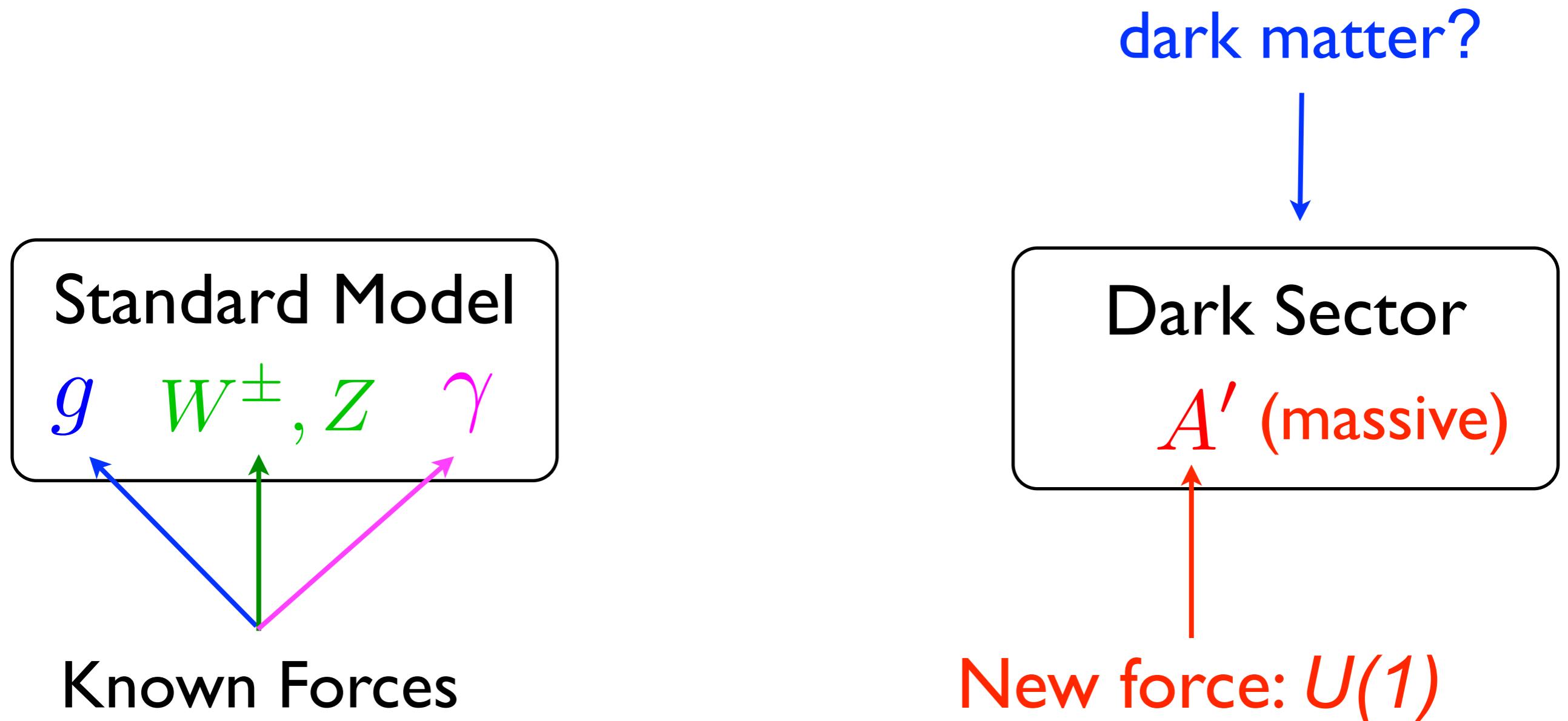
see e.g. review 1312.4992

- “Neutrino”

$$\kappa (HL) N$$

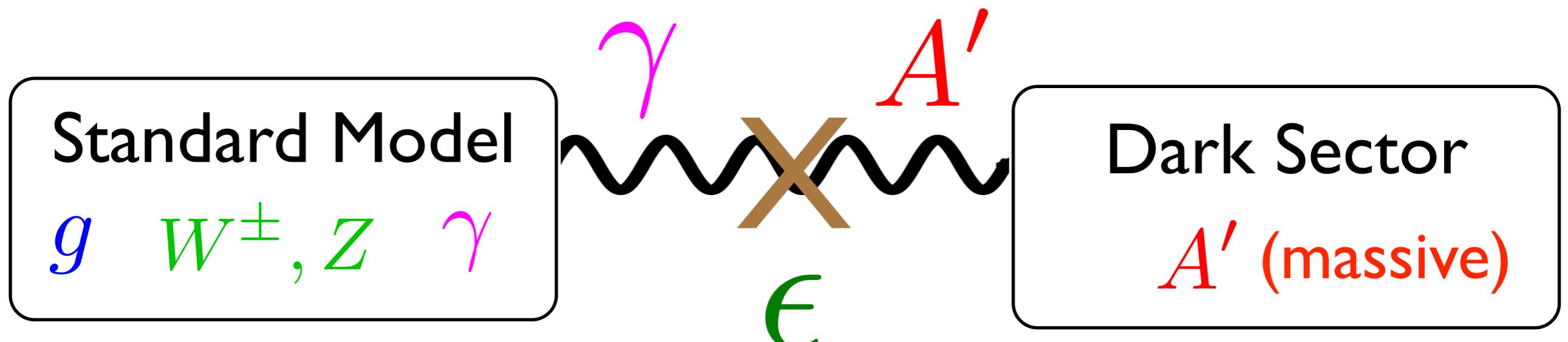
sterile neutrinos?

Dark Photons



Dark Photons

ordinary photon & A' can mix



$$\Delta\mathcal{L} = \frac{\epsilon}{2} F^{Y,\mu\nu} F'_{\mu\nu}$$

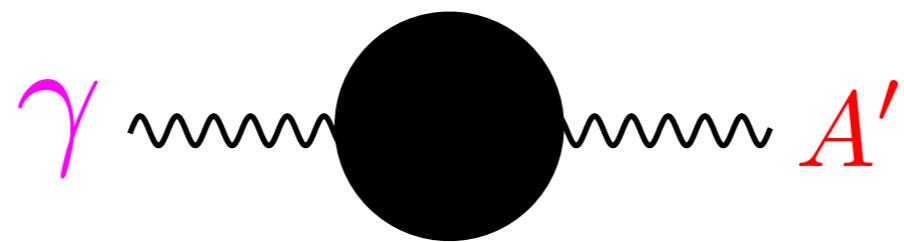
“Kinetic Mixing”

Holdom
Galison, Manohar

simplest Dark Sector consists of just an A'

Generating Kinetic Mixing

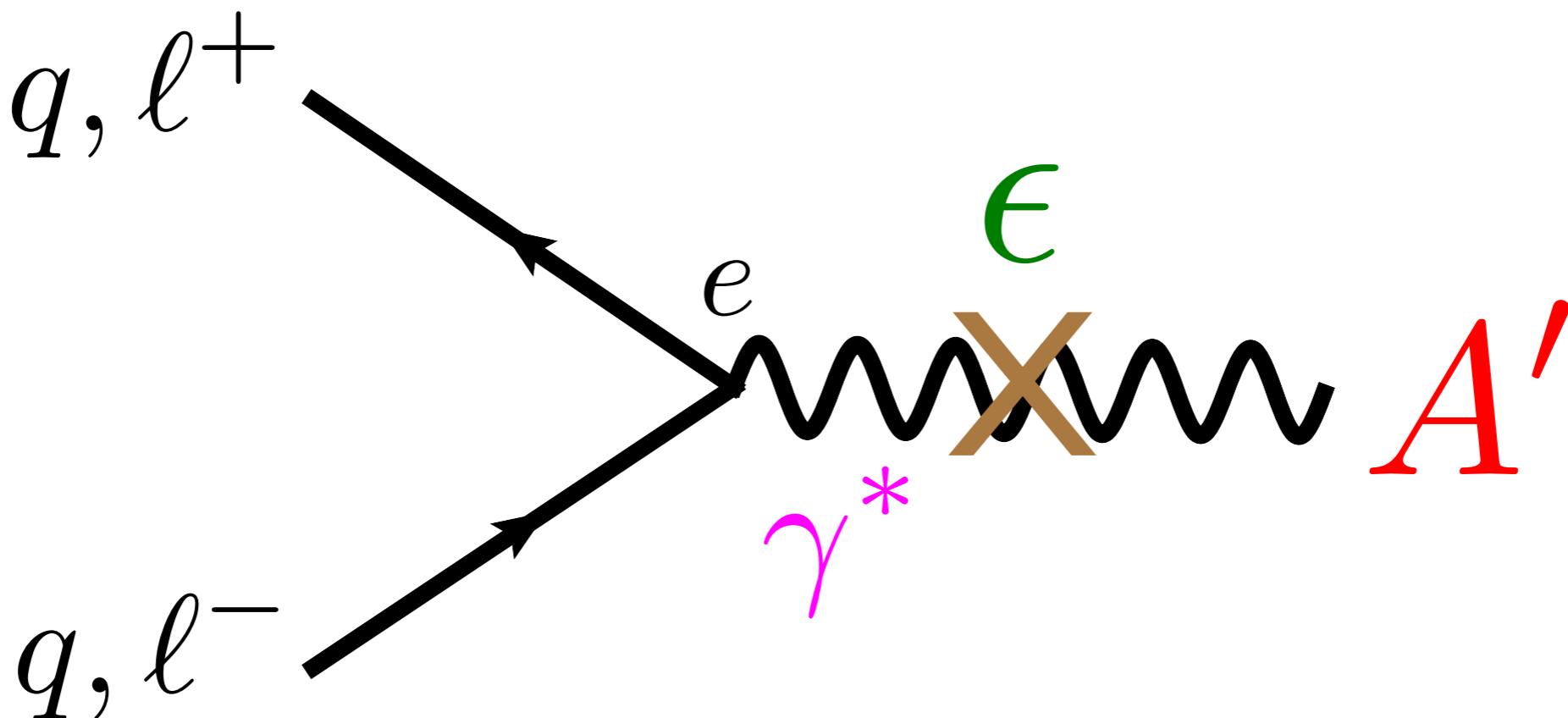
e.g. loops of heavy particles charged
under photon and A'



$\epsilon \sim 10^{-5} - 10^{-2}$ a motivated target

Mixing with photon allows:

A' coupling to quarks and charged leptons:

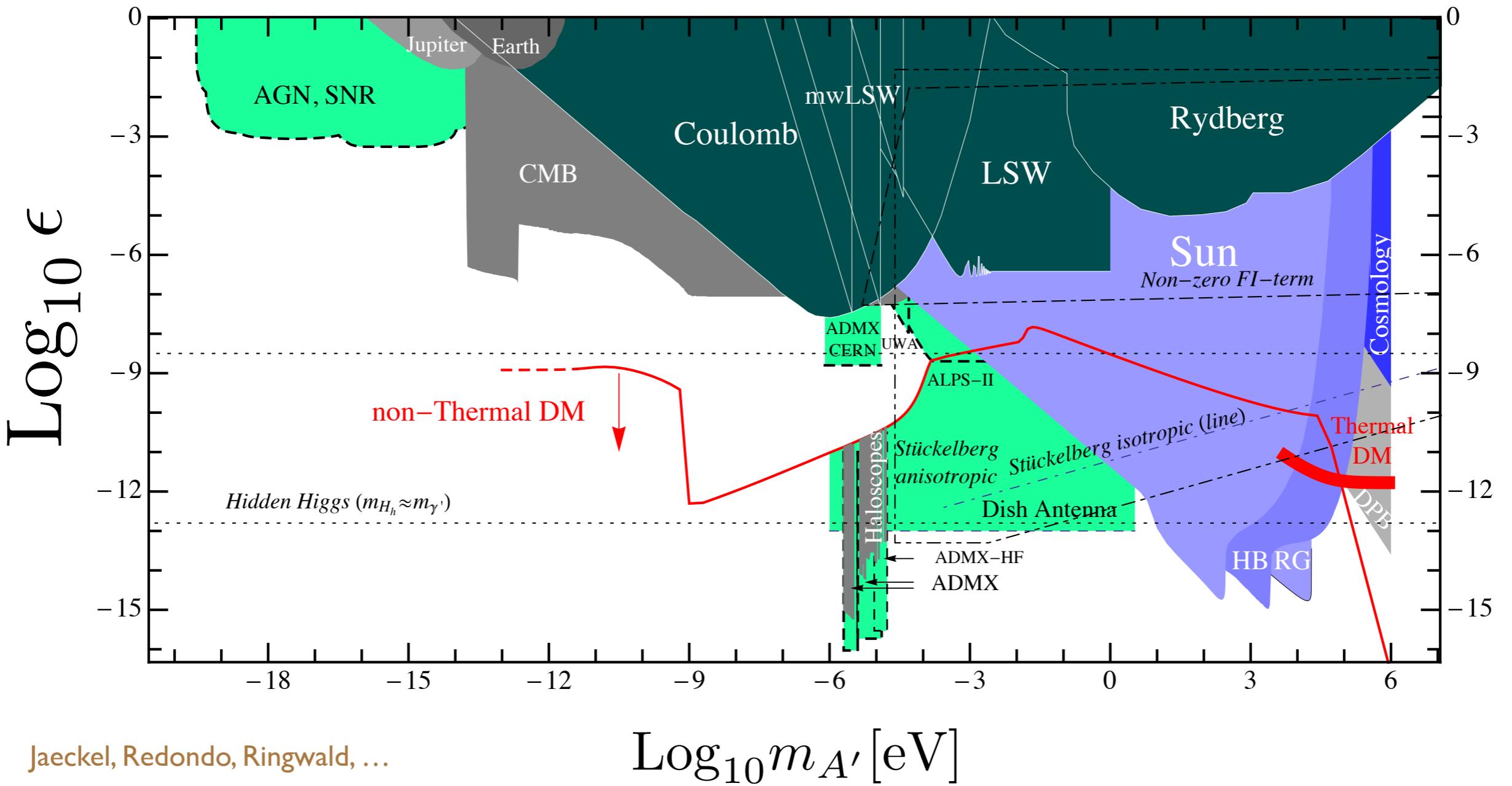


and

for low A' masses, can also get

$A' \leftrightarrow \gamma$ “oscillation” (like v's)

low-mass (< MeV) A' parameter space



Experimental techniques often similar to axion/ALP searches

Another well-motivated target: $m_{A'} \sim \text{MeV-GeV}$

- mass scale appears **naturally** in some models

e.g. Arkani-Hamed & Weiner; Cheung et.al.; Morrissey et.al.

- much excitement generated in 2008 from various **cosmic-ray and terrestrial “anomalies”** suggesting **dark matter interacts with A'**

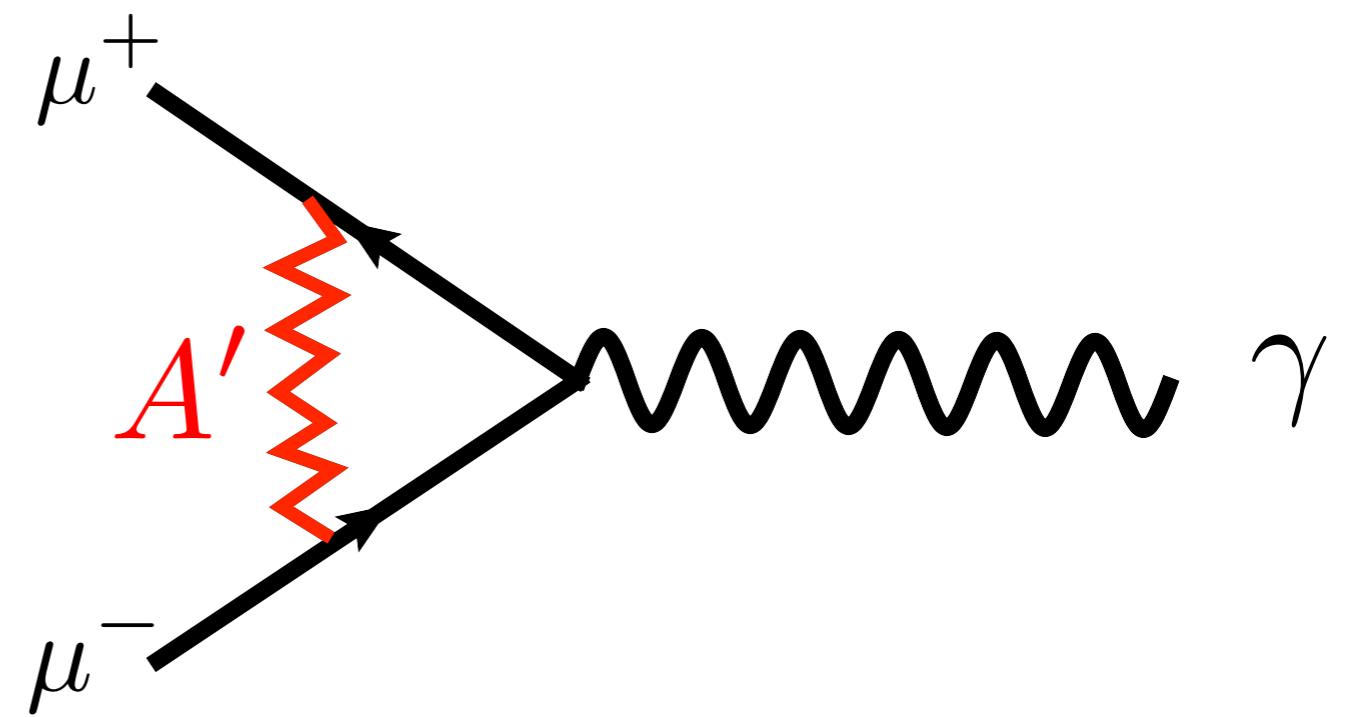
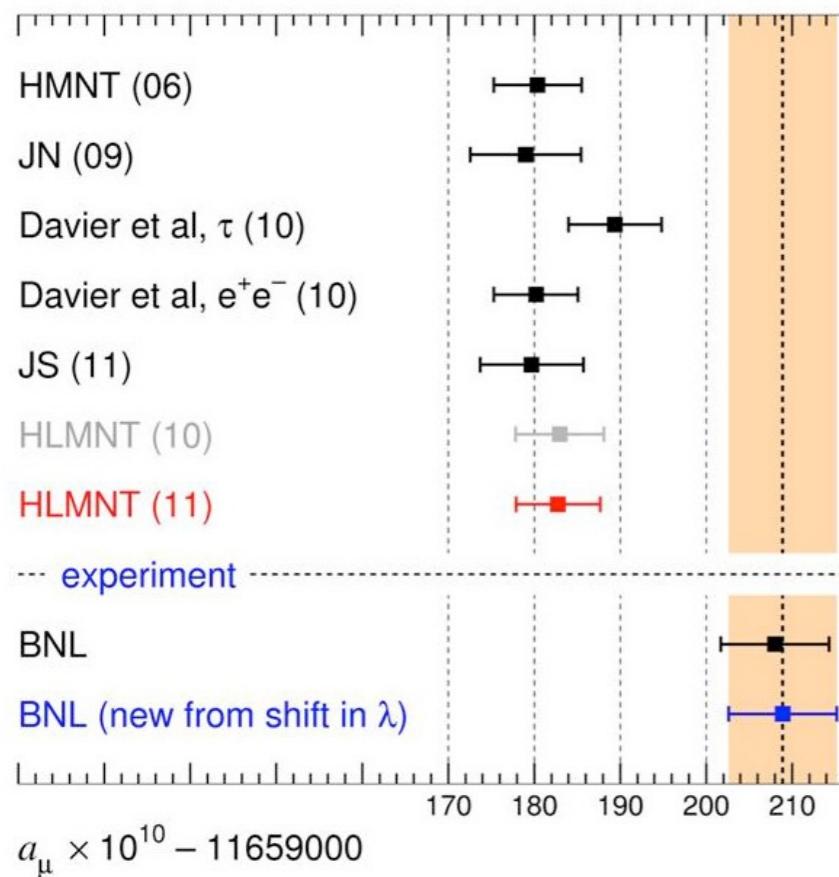
Arkani-Hamed et.al.; Cholis et.al.; Pospelov & Ritz

while speculative, it made us realize amazing possibilities at GeV-scale!

Hints for A' with MeV-GeV mass?

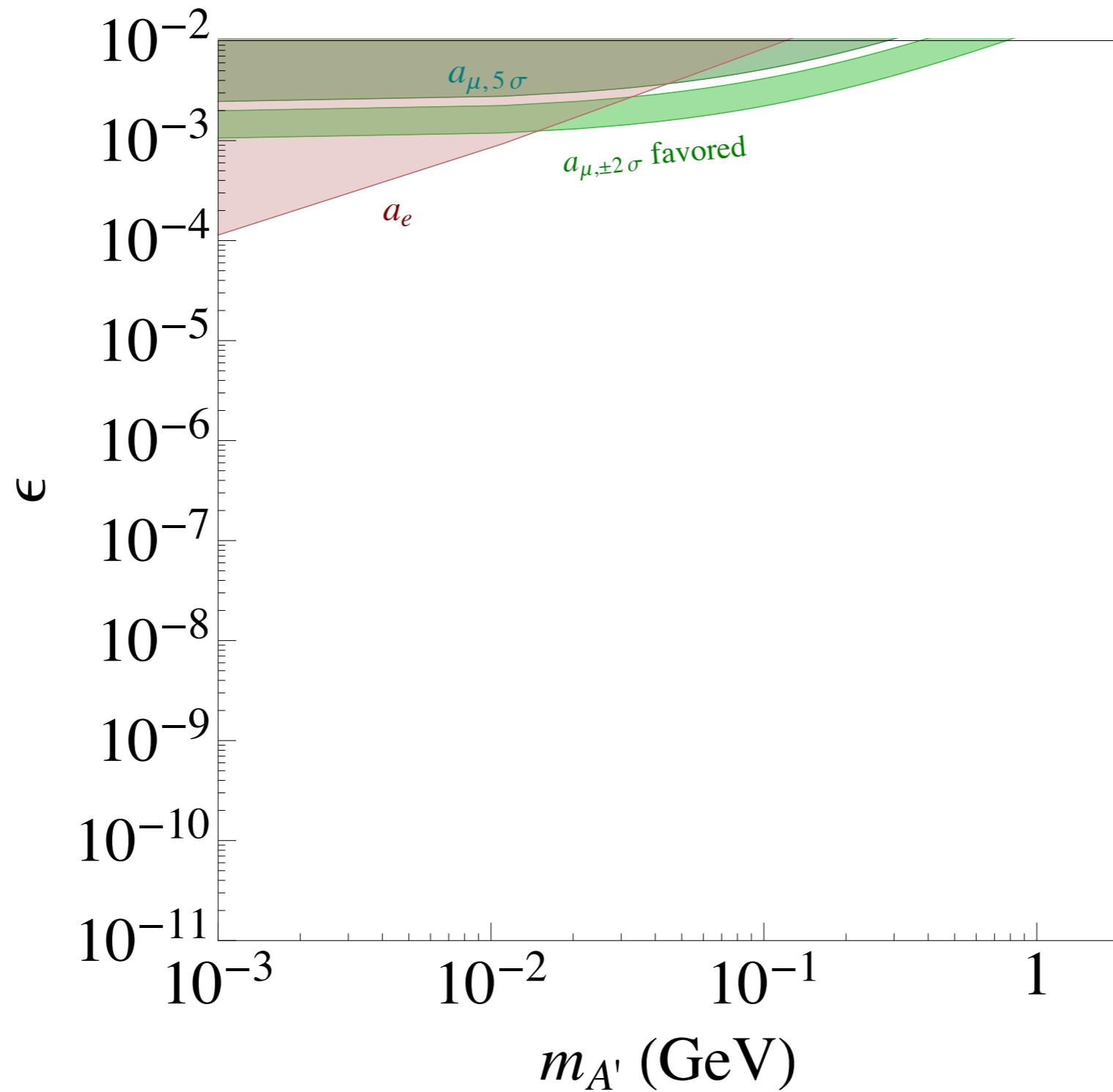
anomalous muon $g-2$?

Pospelov
Boehm, Fayet



A' may explain observed $(g_s - 2)_\mu$

Known constraints ~2008



How to look for A' with MeV-GeV mass?

RE, Schuster, Toro

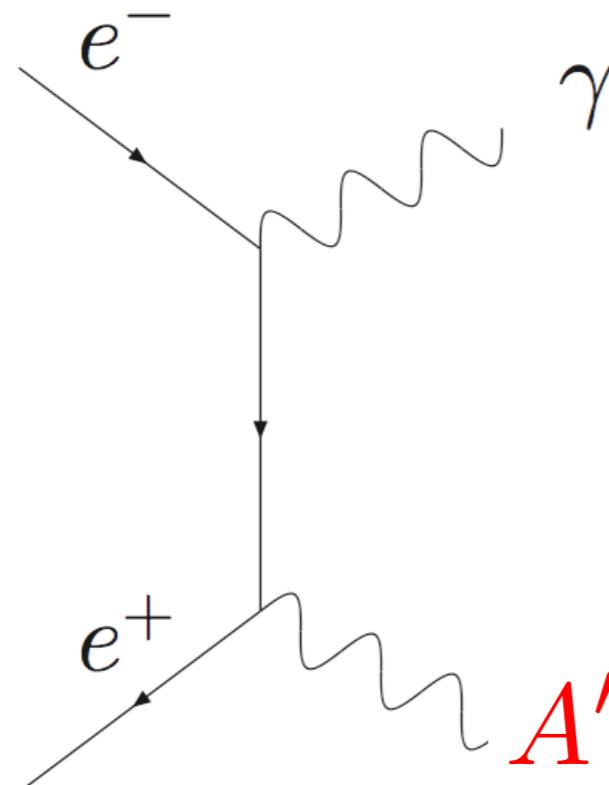
Batell, Pospelov, Ritz

Reece, Wang

Borodatchenkova et.al.

Fayet

e⁺e⁻ colliders



Rare meson decays

$$\phi \rightarrow \eta A'$$

$$\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma A'$$

$$A' \rightarrow e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-, \pi^+\pi^-, \dots$$

or $A' \rightarrow$ Dark Matter (see later)

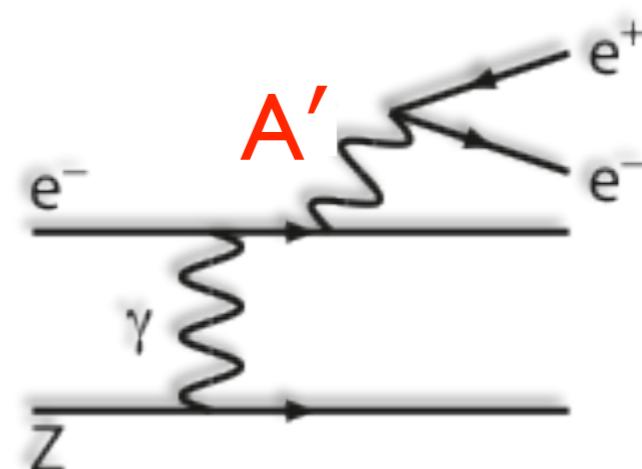
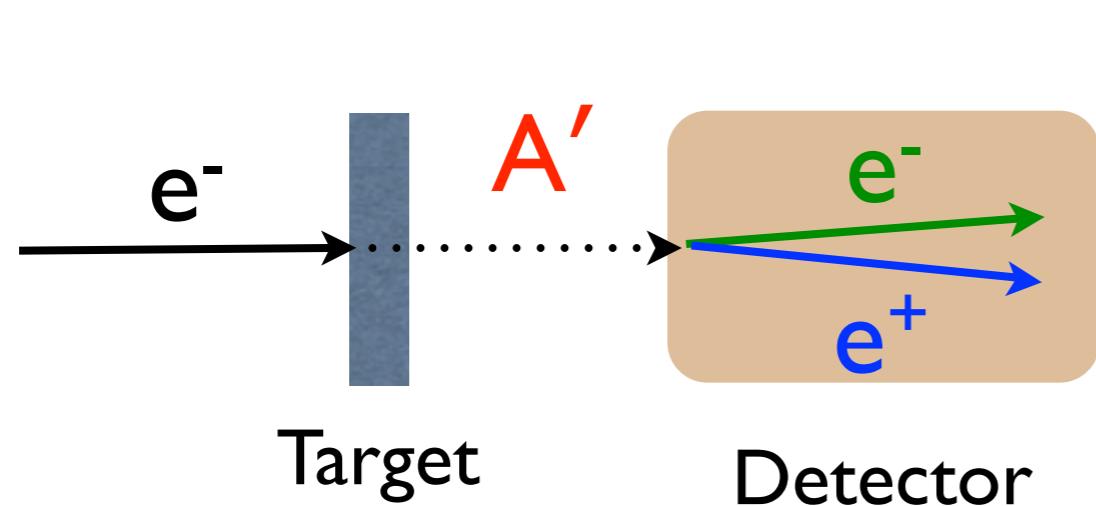
B-factories, Phi-factories

searches completed/ongoing/planned

How to look for A' with MeV-GeV mass?

Bjorken, RE, Schuster, Toro
Freysht, Ovanesyan, Thaler
Reece & Wang

New & old e^- fixed target experiments



look for $A' \rightarrow e^+e^-$
resonance or
displaced vertex

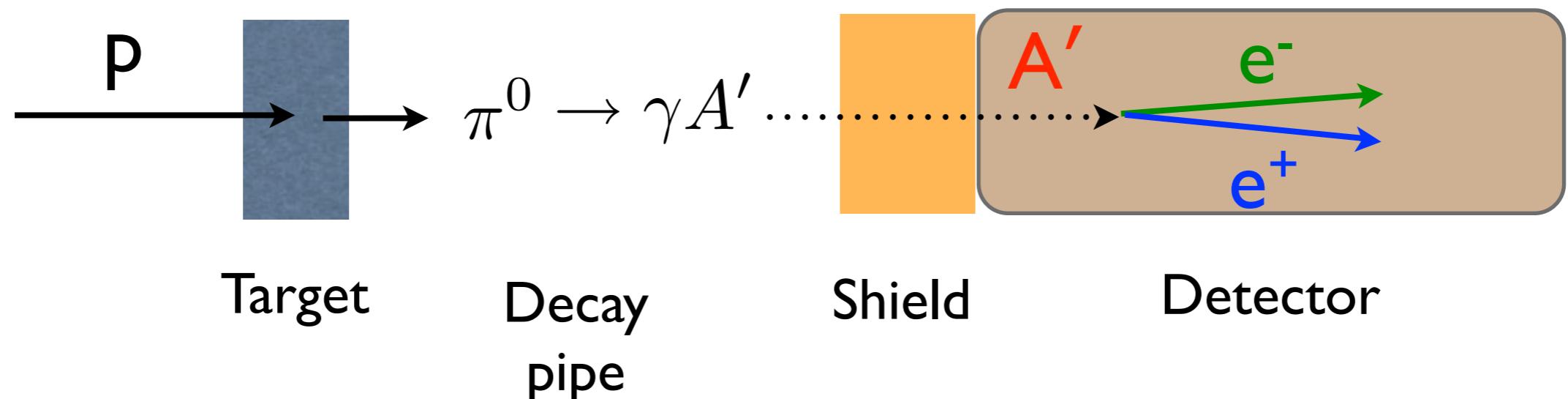
e.g. SLAC, JLab, MAMI, ...

How to look for A' with MeV-GeV mass?

Proton-beam fixed target experiments

Batell, Pospelov, Ritz
RE, Harnik, Kaplan, Toro

Example: produce A' from pion decays



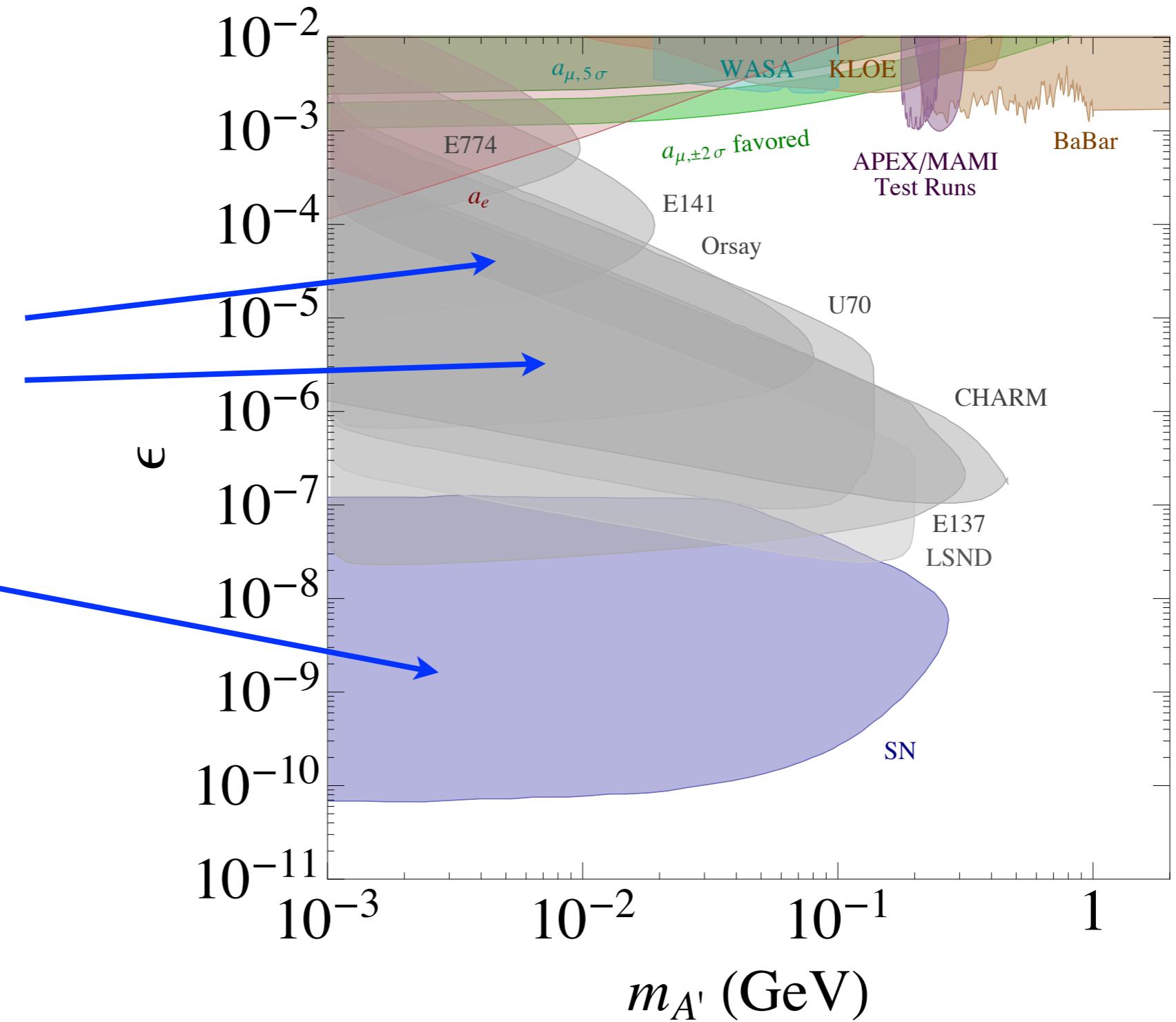
LSND, OscSNS, MiniBooNE, MicroBooNE, MINOS, NOvA, LBNE, Project X, ...

Current constraints

past
electron + proton
beam dumps

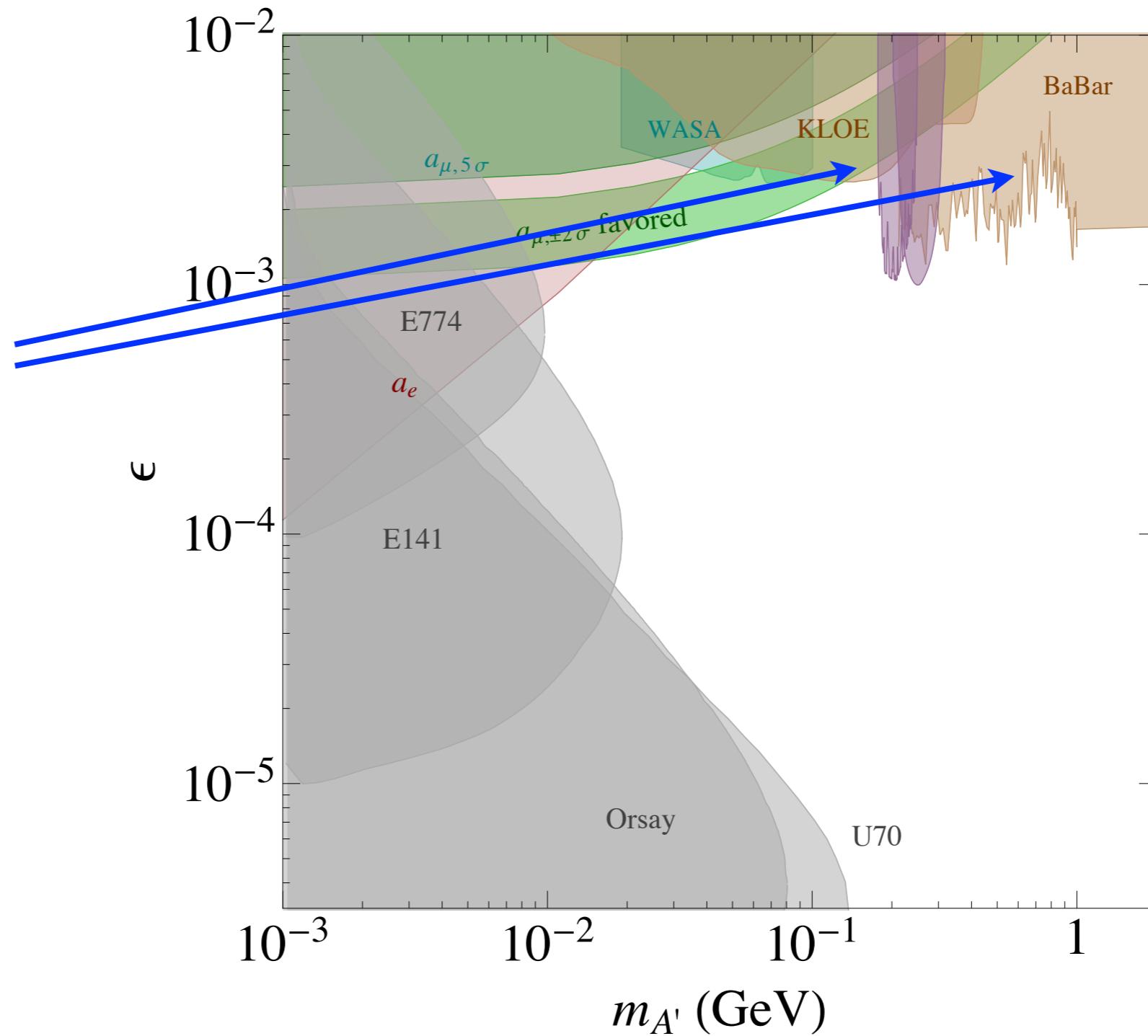
supernova

Pospelov; Fayet;
Bjorken, RE, Schuster, Toro
Andreas, Niebuhr, Ringwald
Batell, Pospelov, Ritz;
RE, Harnik, Kaplan, Toro
Blumlein, Brunner;
Dent, Ferrer, Krauss
RE, Schuster, Toro, Wojtsekhowski
KLOE, APEX, MAMI/AI Collaborations
Davoudiasl, Lee, Marciano;
Endo, Hamaguchi, Mishima



Current constraints (zoomed in)

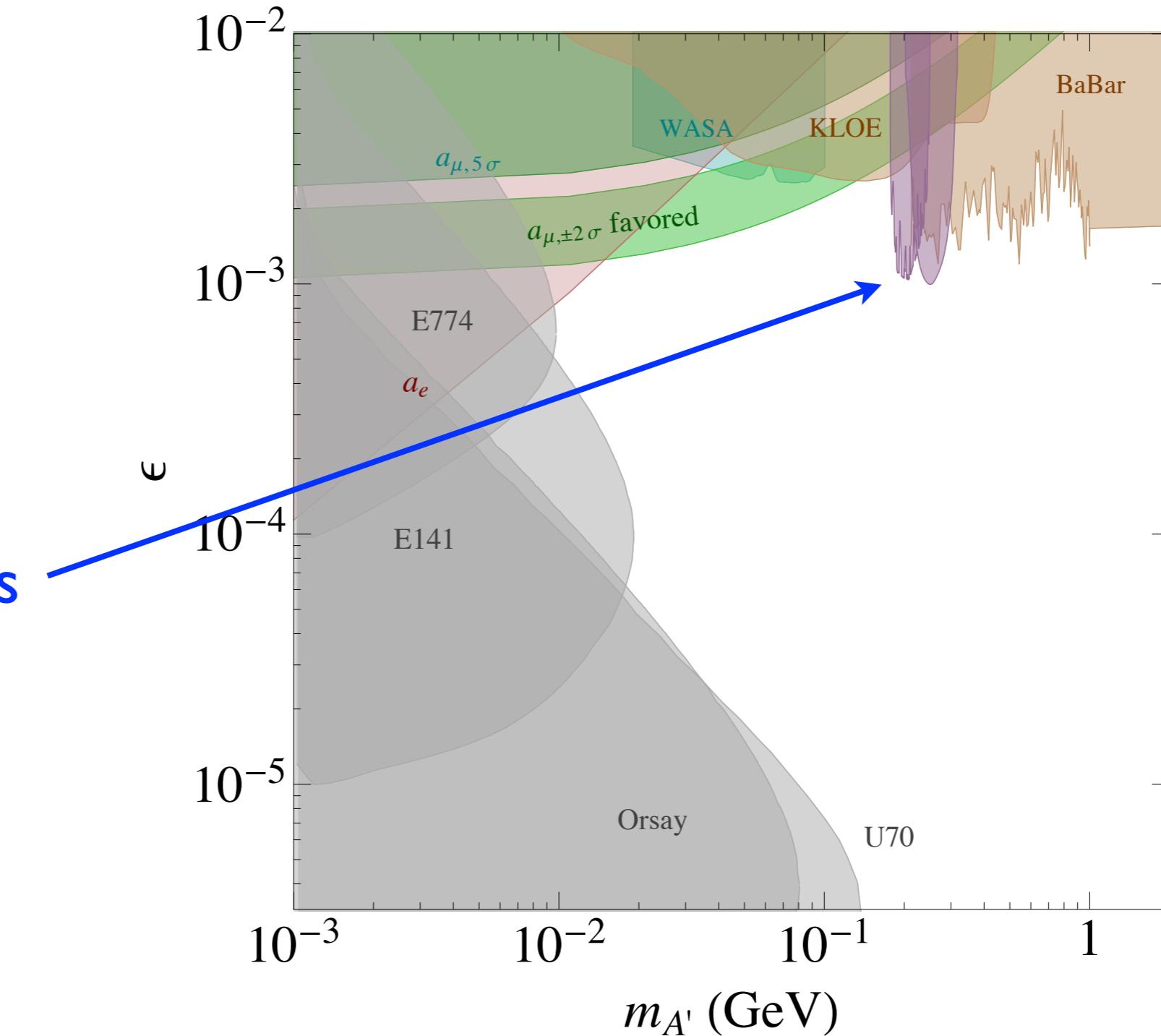
B/Phi-factory
searches



Current constraints (zoomed in)

B/Phi-factory
searches

Test runs of new
e⁻-FT experiments
@ JLab/Mainz



Constraints expected this year

Phenix @ RHIC
(preliminary)

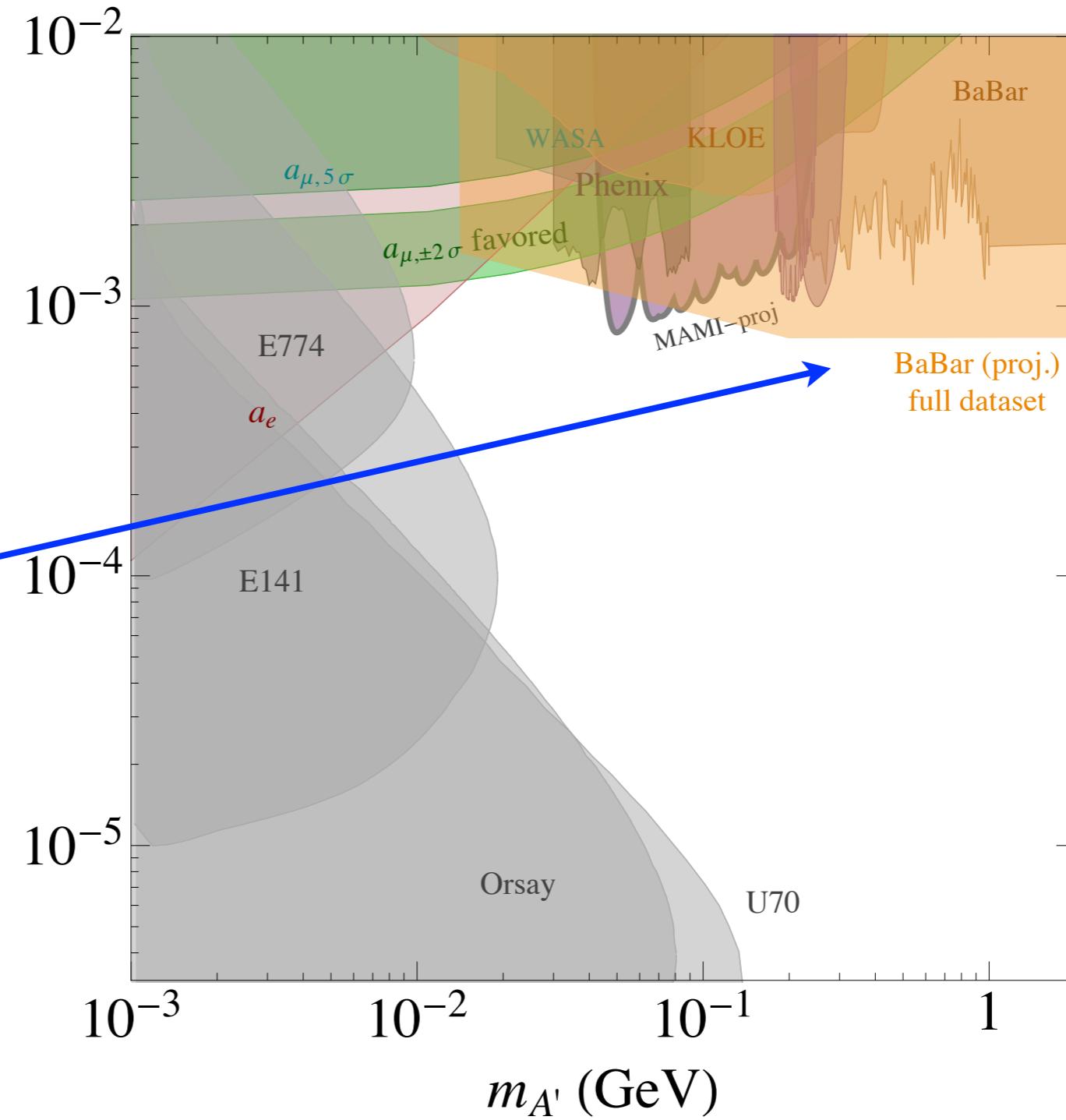
MAMI?

Beranek et.al.

BaBar?

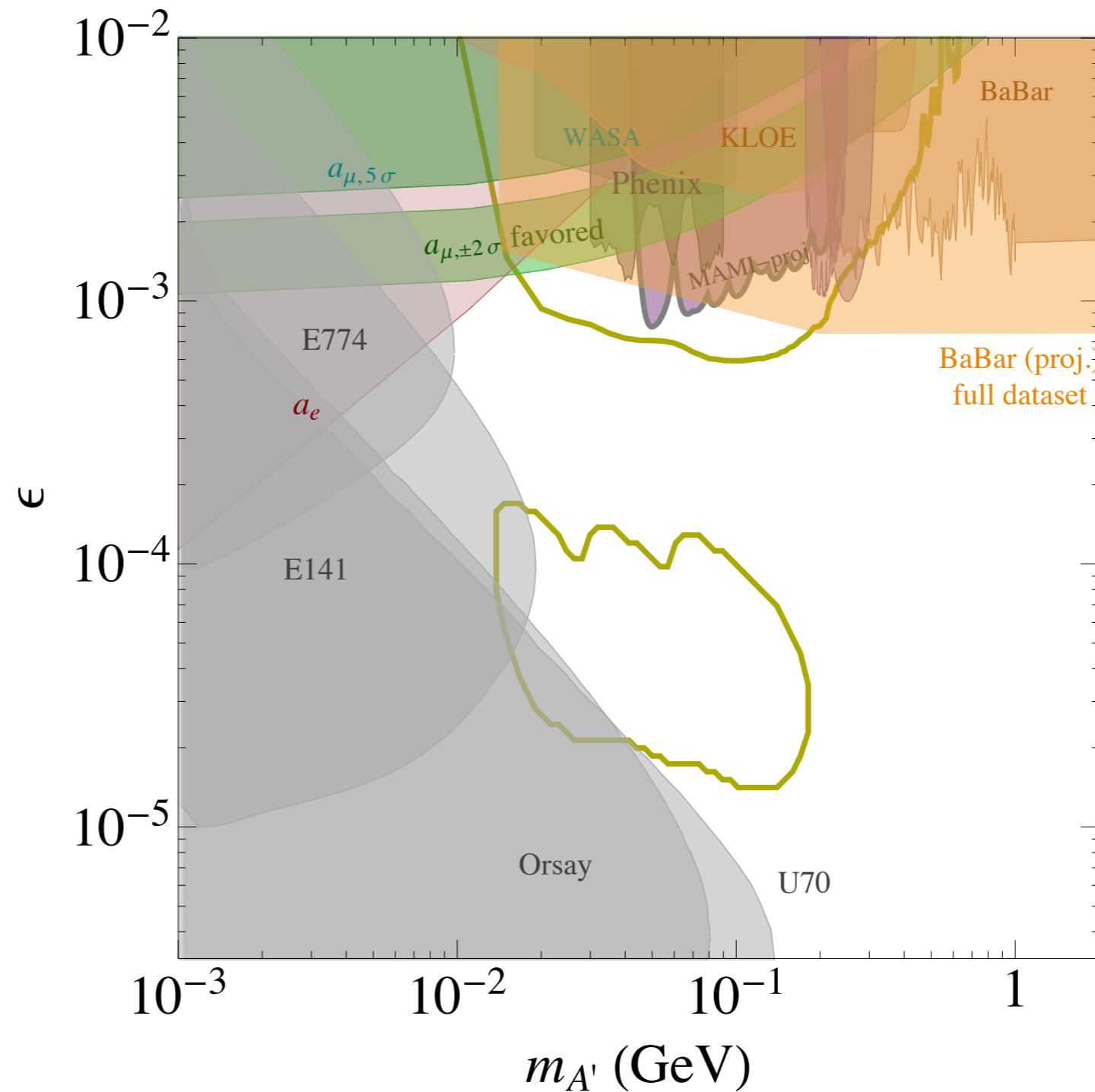
most of g-2 region
covered soon, *assuming*
 $Br(A' \rightarrow \text{visible}) = 100\% !$

for invisible decay see later



New searches (~few years)

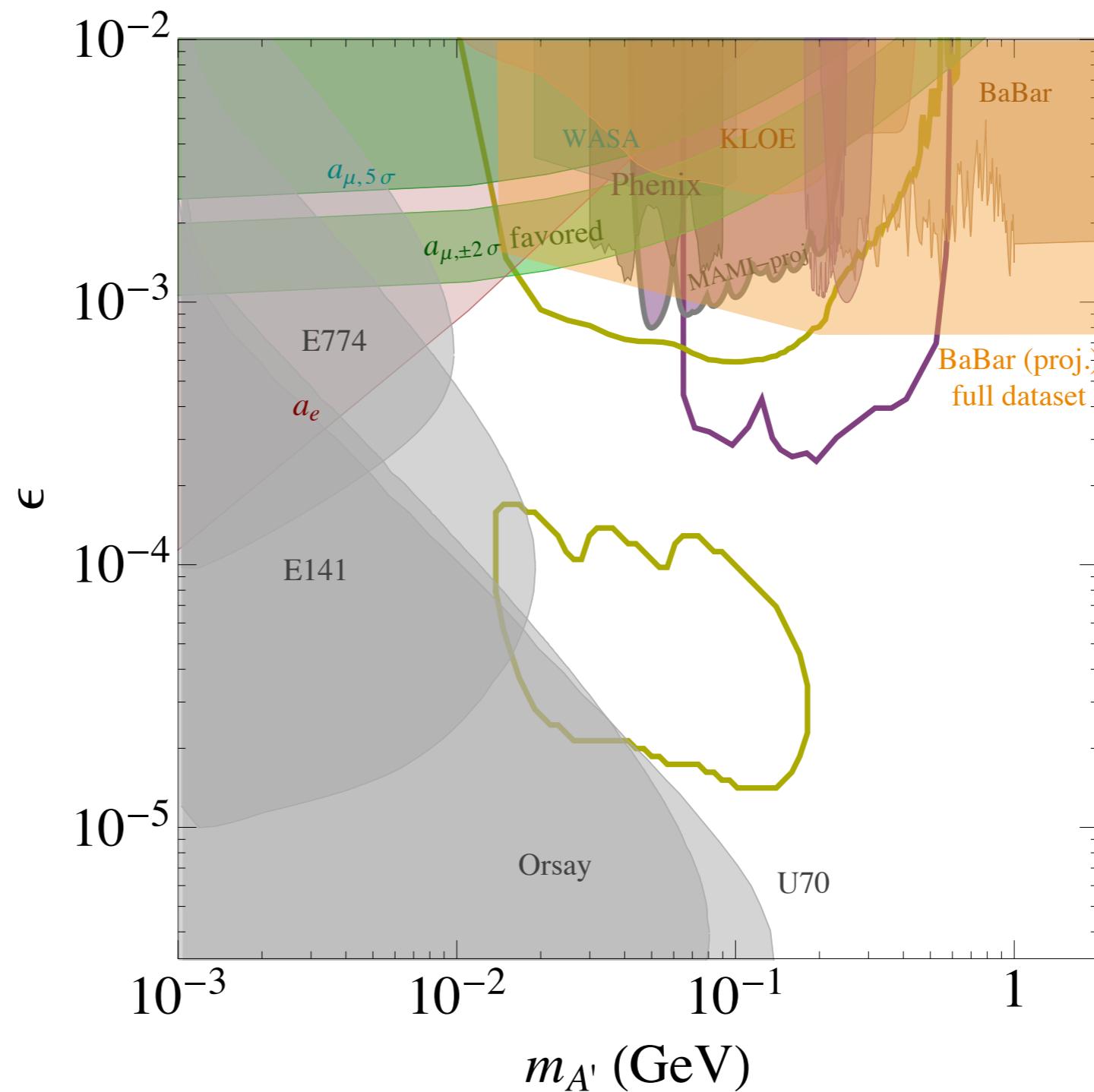
2015:
HPS
(vertexing!)



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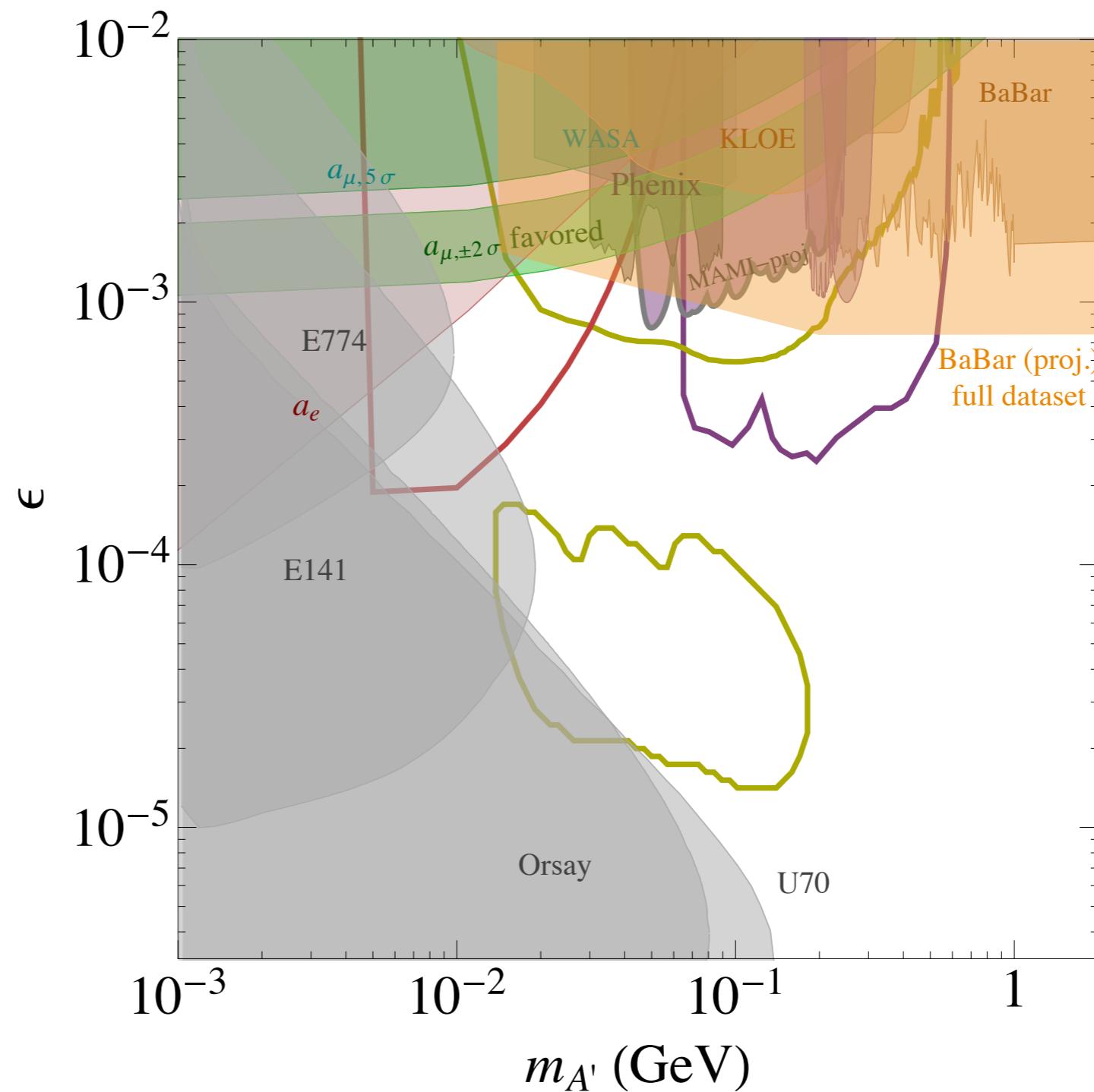
~2016/17:
APEX



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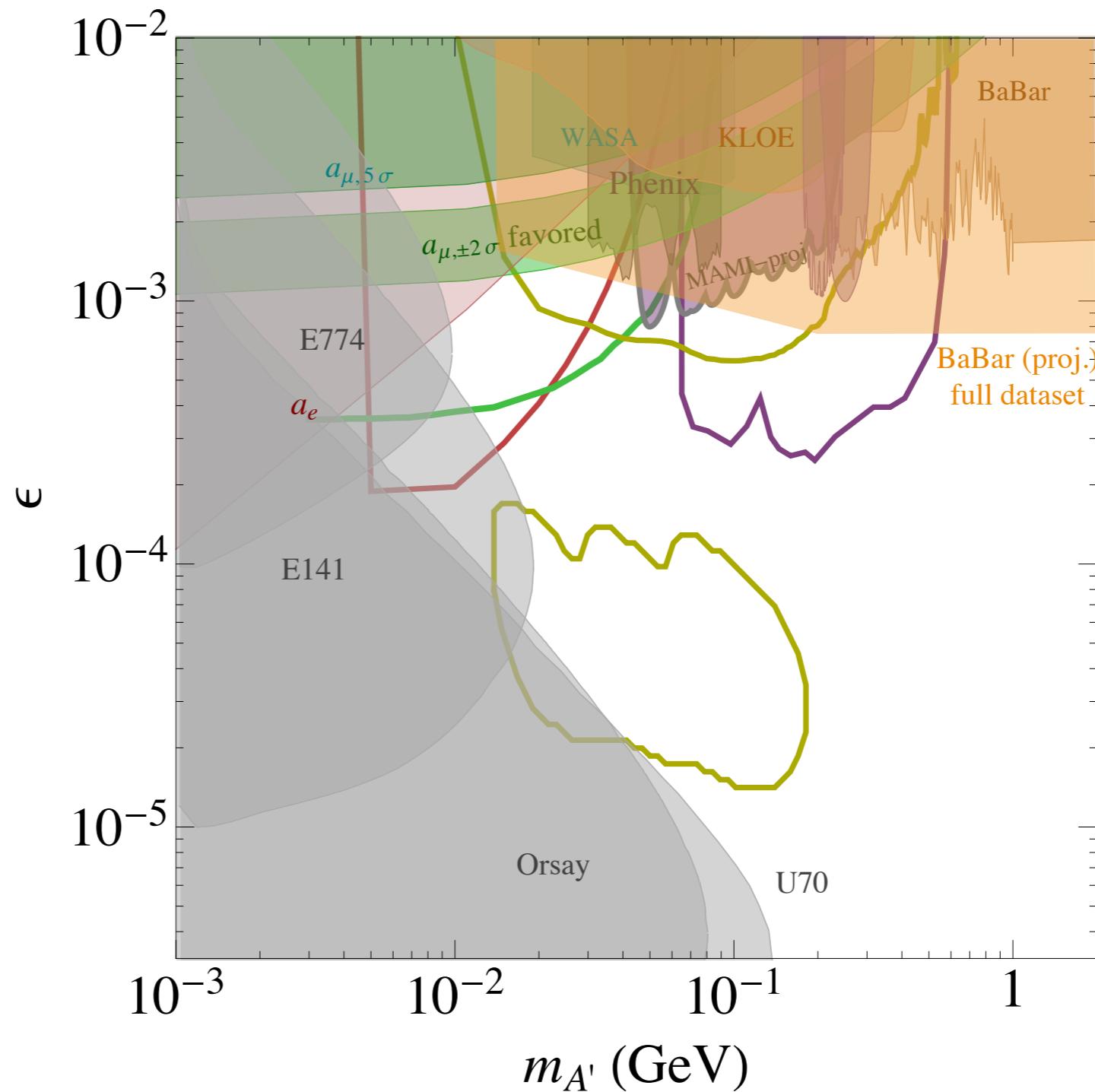
~2016/17:
APEX
Mu3e (Echenard, RE, Zhong)



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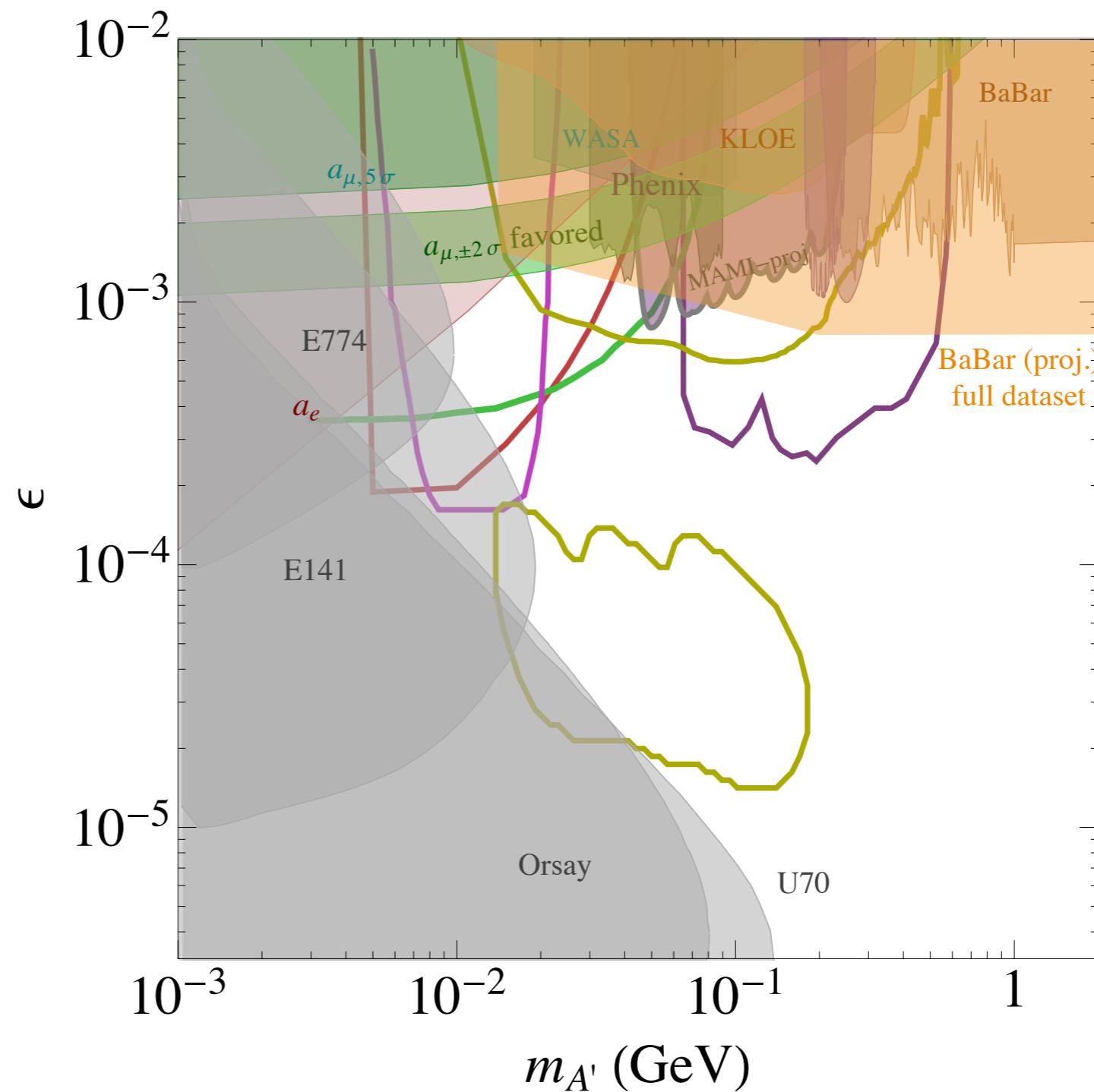
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Mu3e (Echenard, RE, Zhong)
DarkLight



New searches (~few years)

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VEPP-3

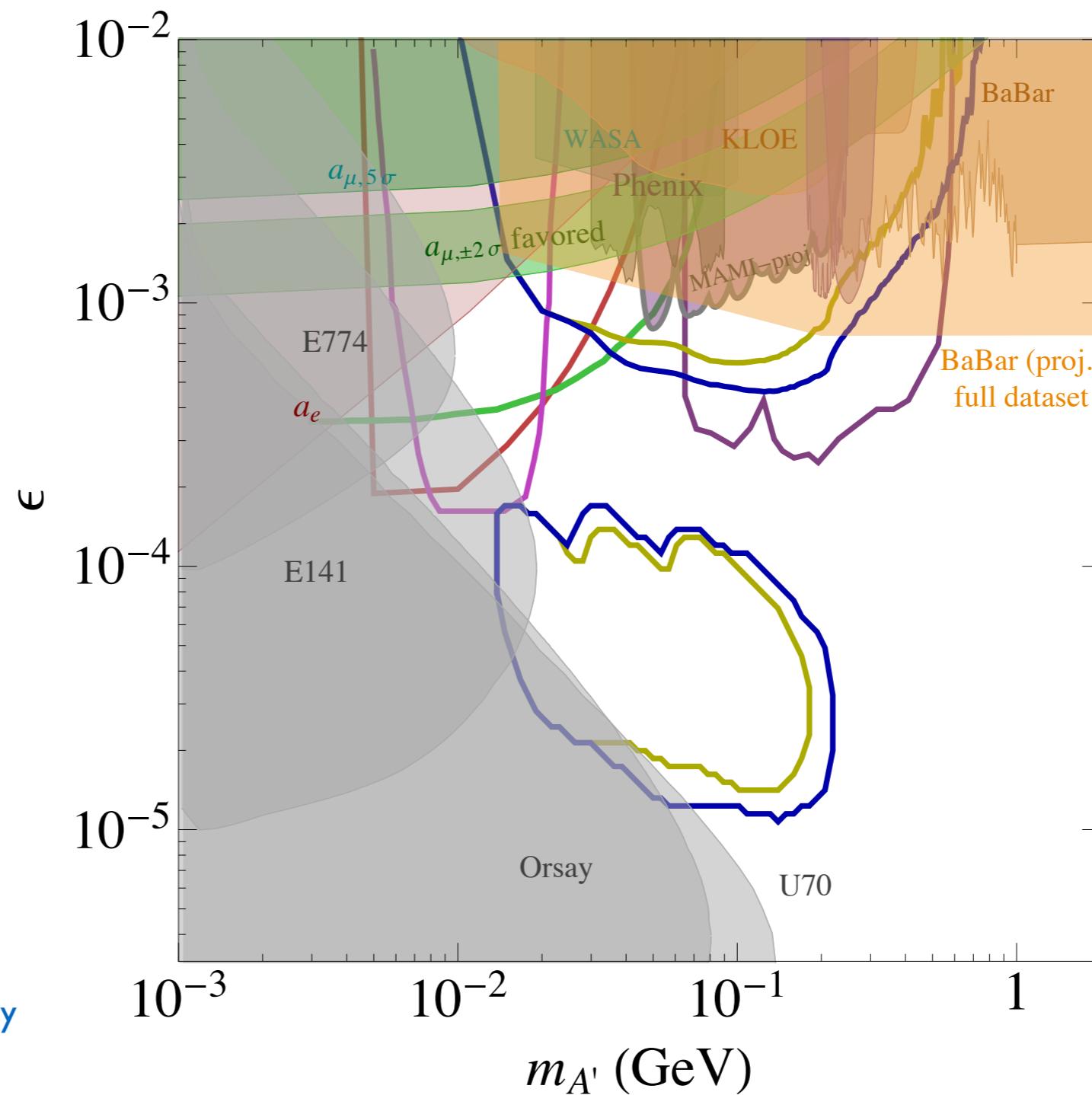


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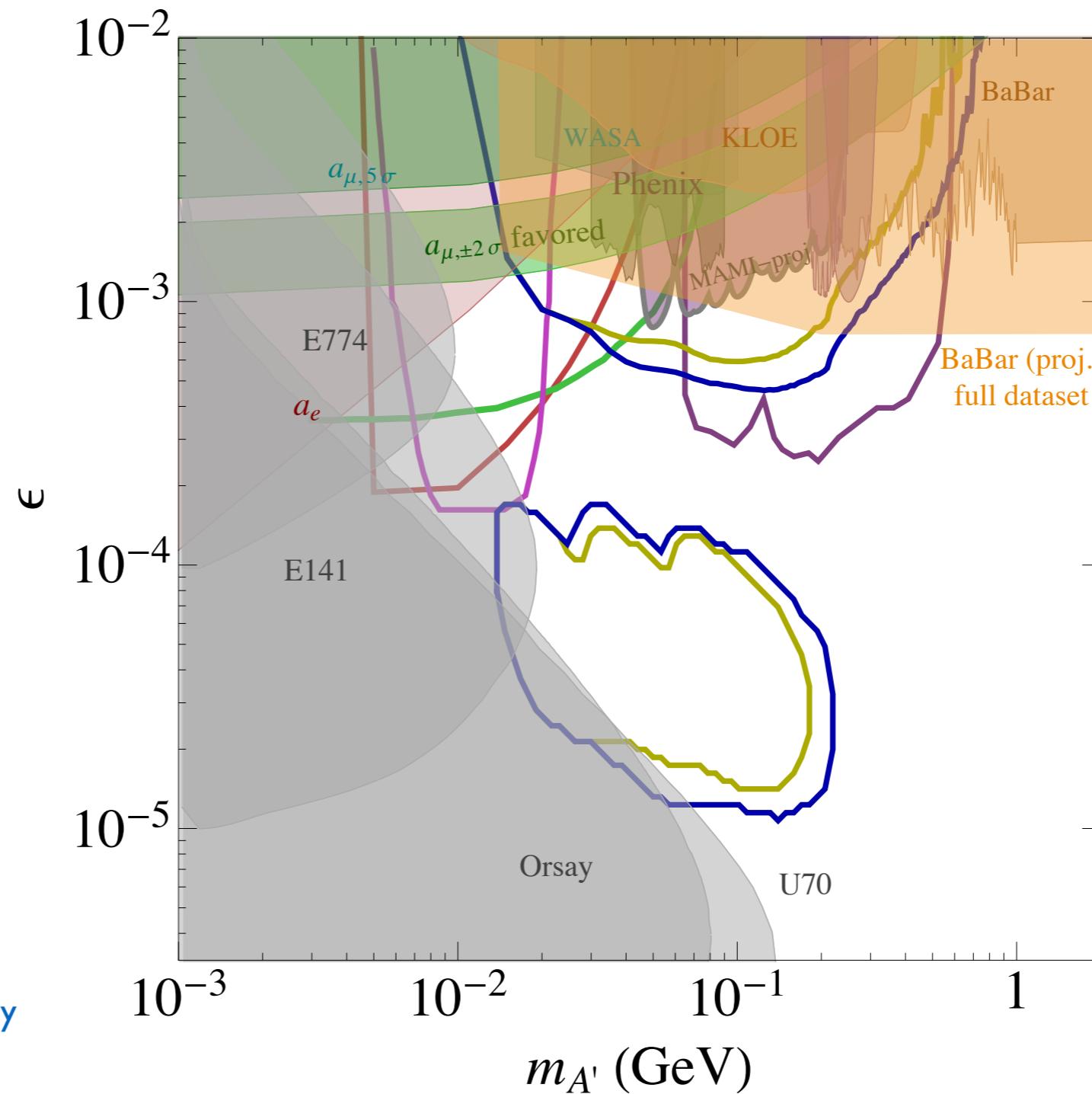
w/ possible
True Muonium discovery



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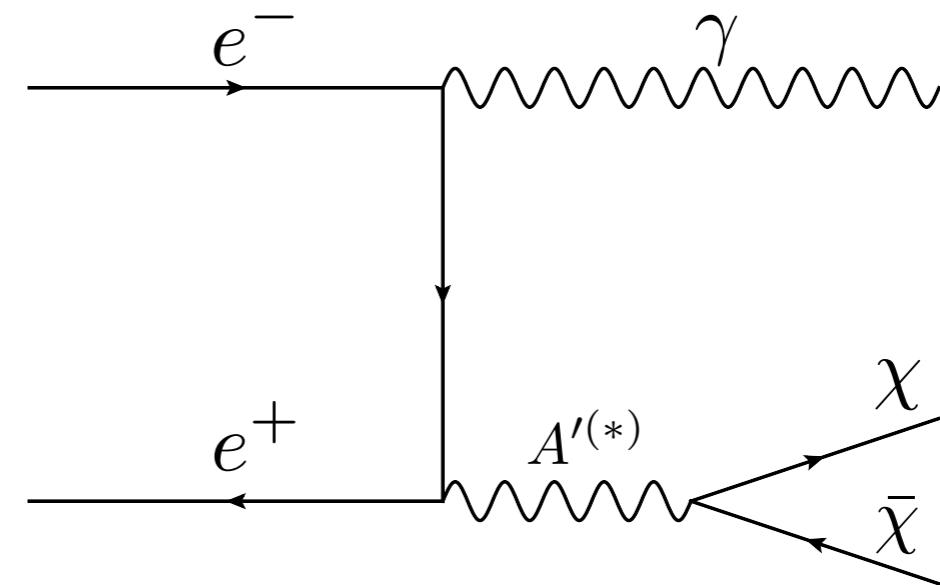
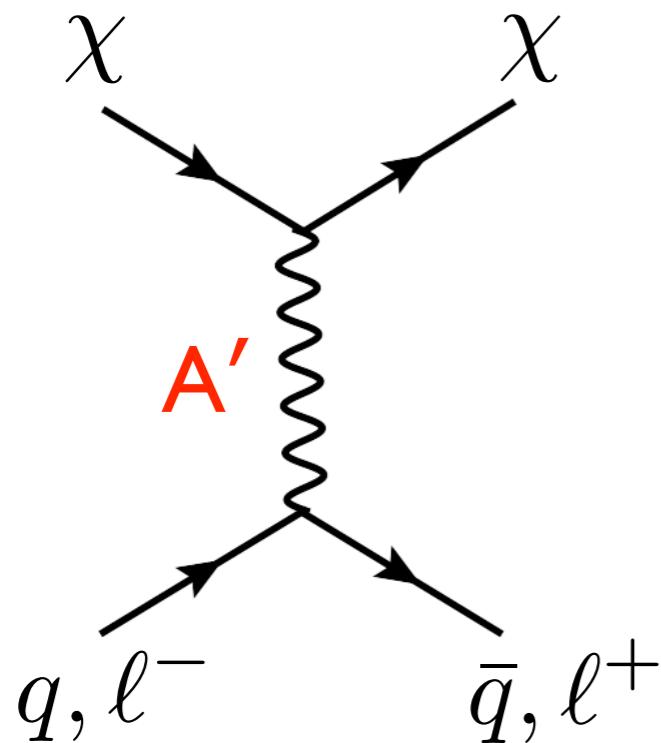


+MAMI, Phenix, WASA, HPS2019, ... (not shown)

sub-GeV DM & Dark Photons



Examples



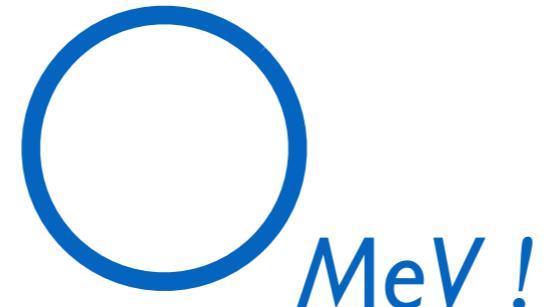
Direct Detection

RE, Mardon, Volansky
see also Graham et.al., Va'vra

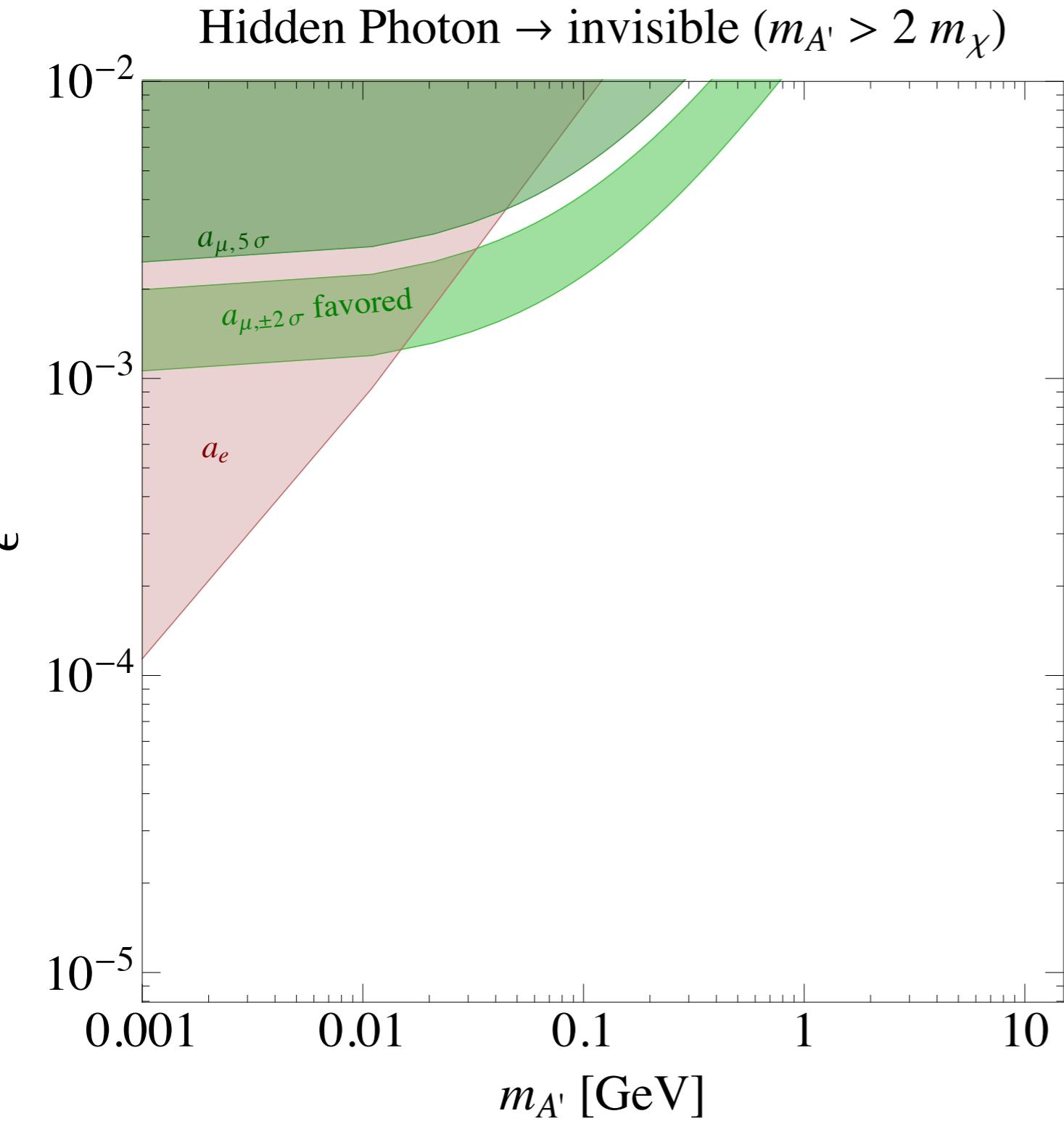
probe DM in our halo scattering off
e.g. electrons in detector

lots of potential for
current & new
experiments!

(XENON100, LUX,
Darkside, Super-CDMS, ...)

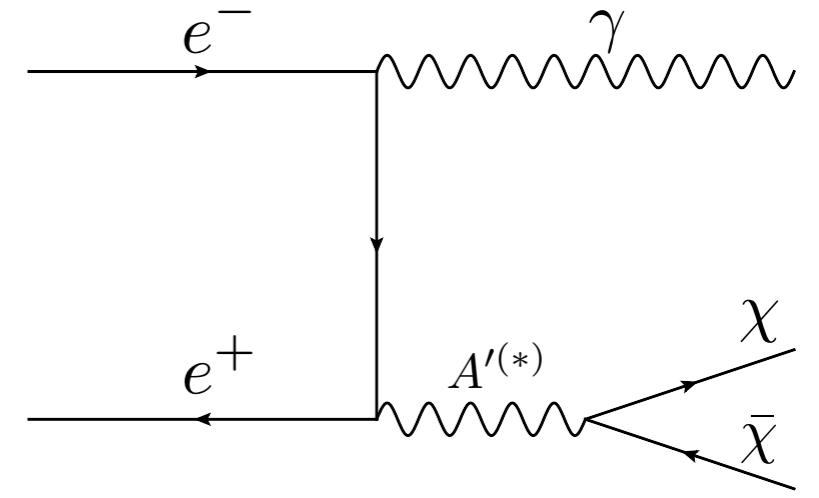
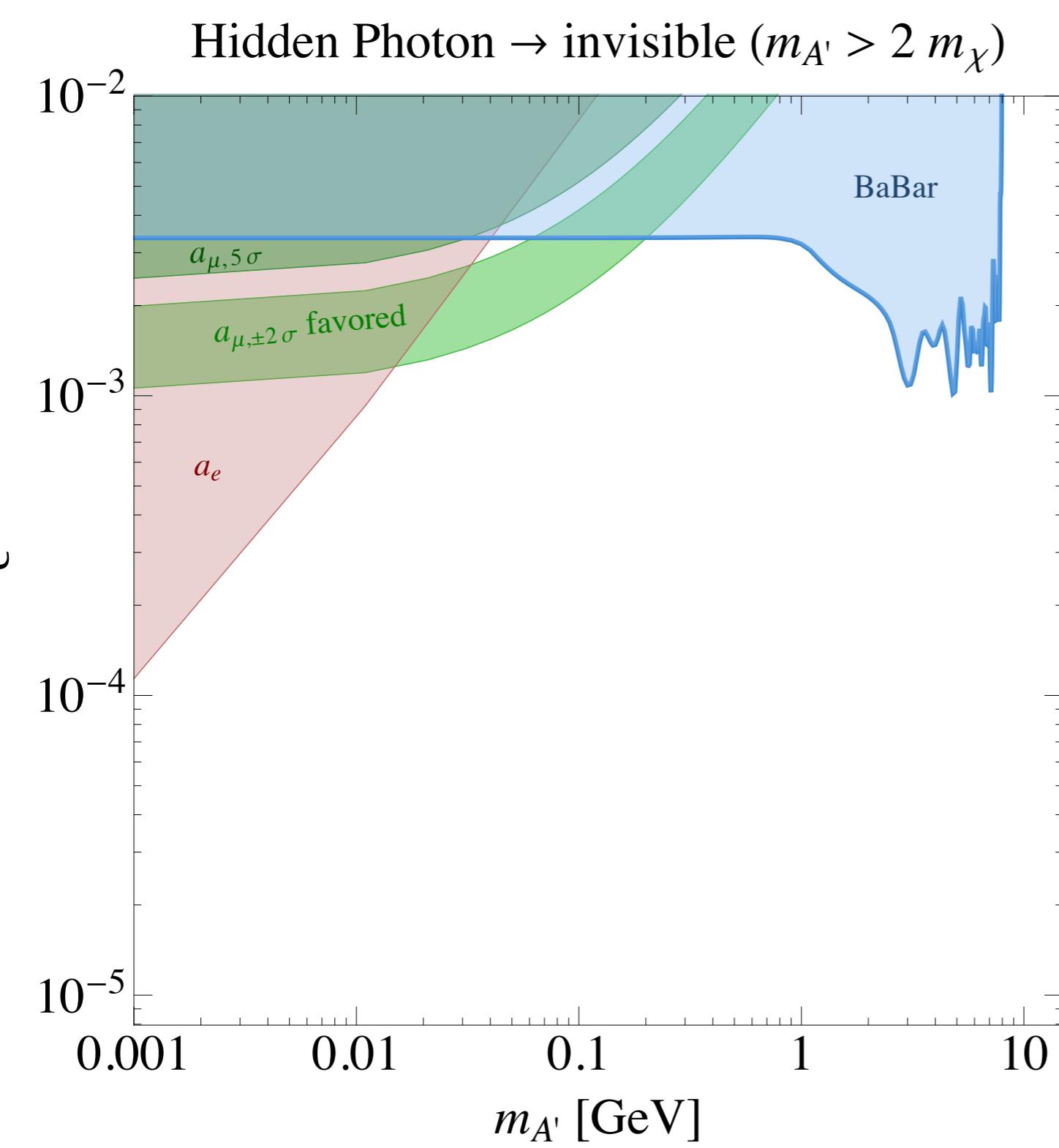


Invisible A' decays



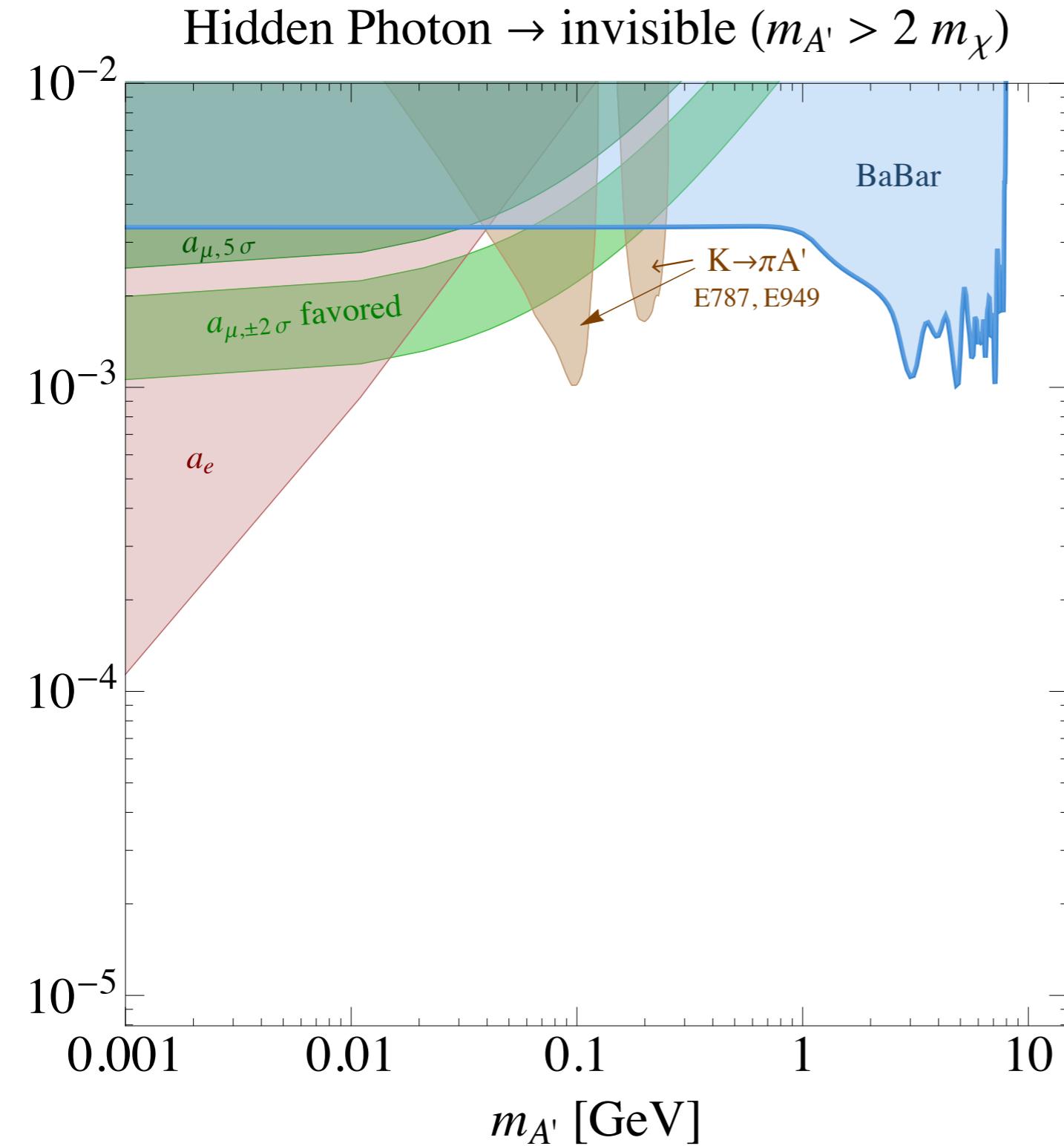
Pospelov

Invisible A' decays



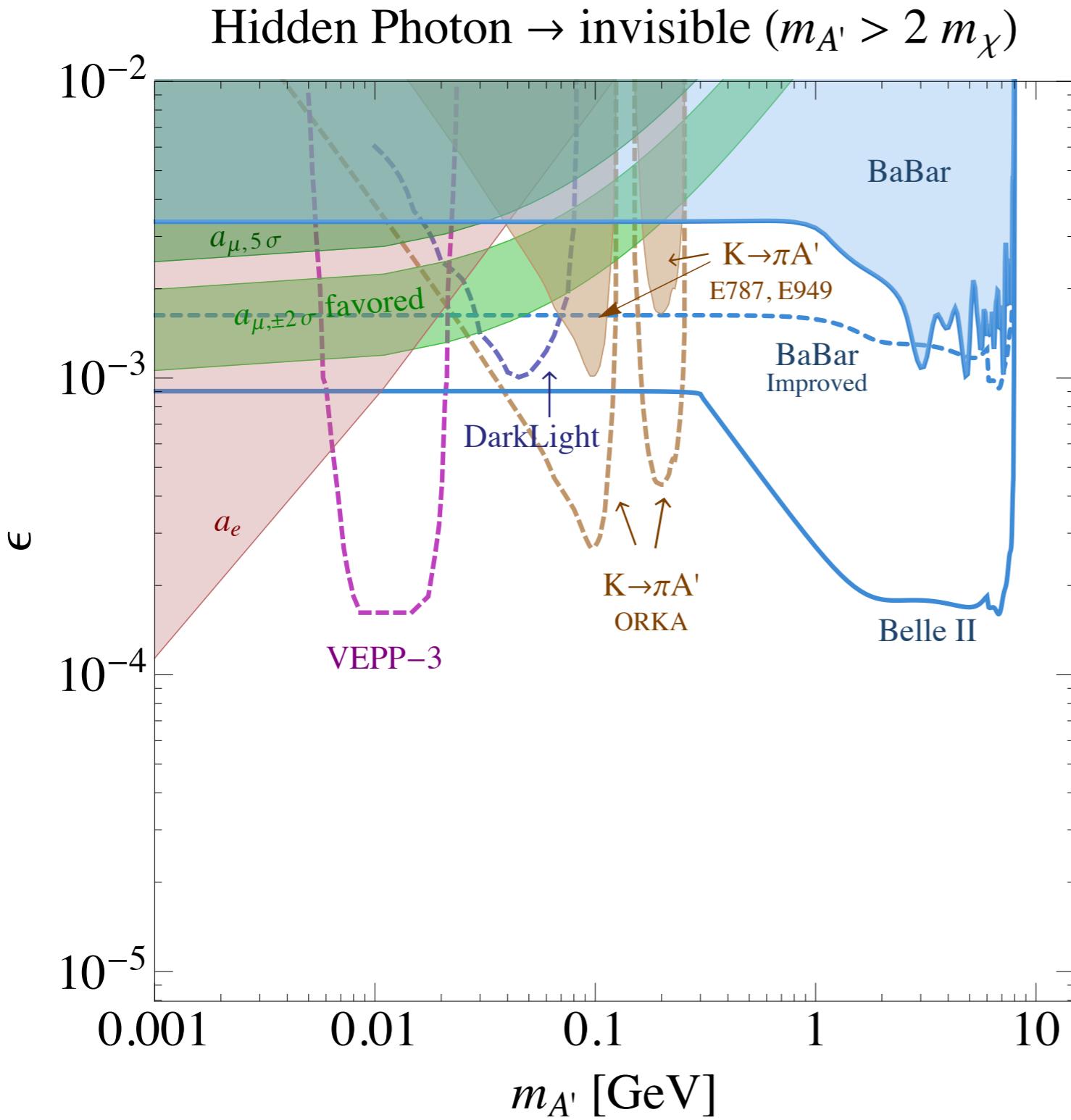
Pospelov
RE, Mardon, Papucci, Volansky, Zhong;
Izaguirre, Krnjaic, Schuster, Toro

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Pospelov
RE, Mardon, Papucci, Volansky, Zhong;
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deNiverville, Pospelov, Ritz

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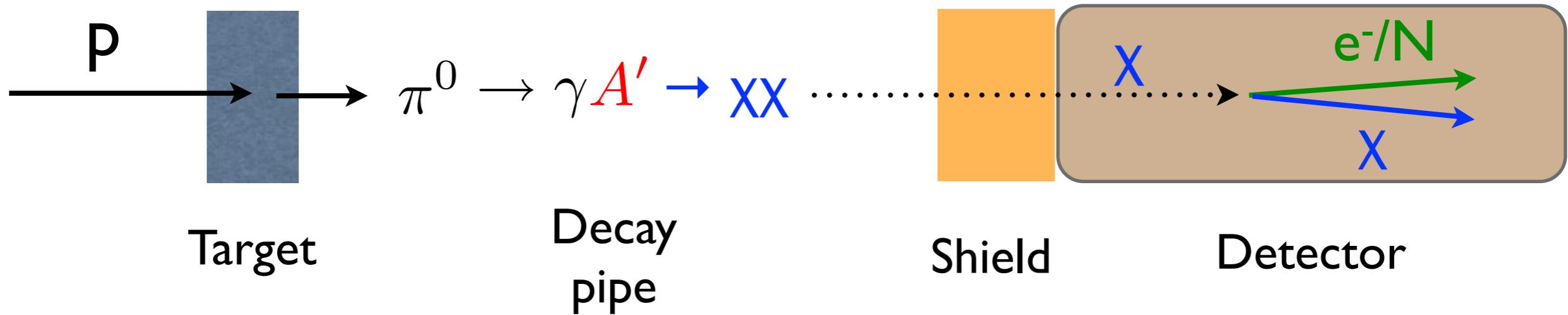


Pospelov
 RE, Mardon, Papucci, Volansky, Zhong;
 Izaguirre, Krnjaic, Schuster, Toro
 deNiverville, Pospelov, Ritz
 Kahn, Thaler
 Wojtsekhowski, Nikolenko, Racheck

Proton-beam fixed target experiments

Batell, Pospelov, Ritz
Deniverville, Pospelov, Ritz
Deniverville, McKeen, Ritz
Aguilar-Arevalo et.al.

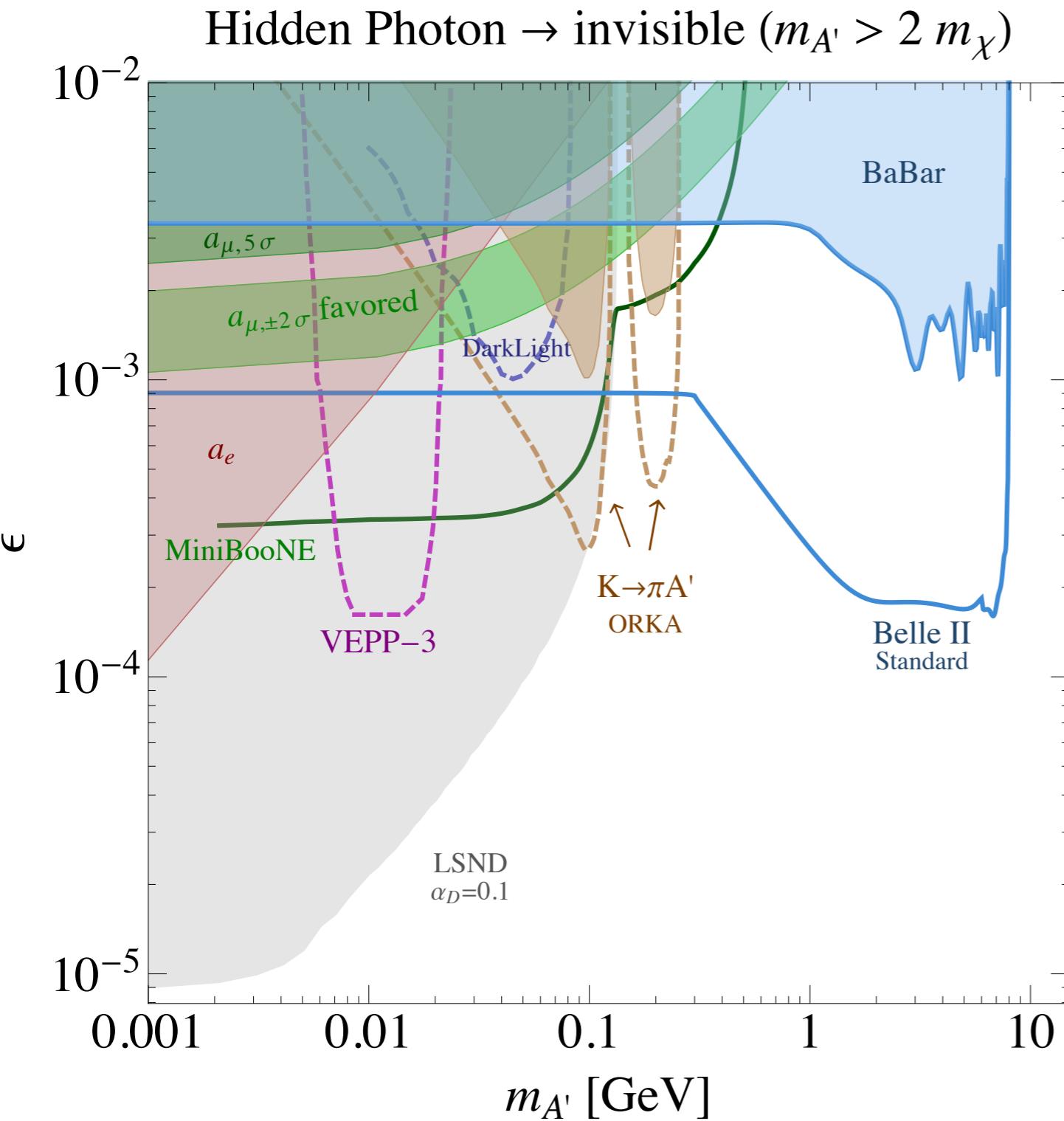
e.g. neutrino facilities



LSND, OscSNS, MiniBooNE, MicroBooNE, MINOS, NOvA, LBNE, Project X, ...

LSND sets powerful constraints

Batell, deNiverville, Pospelov, Ritz, ...



MiniBooNE
currently taking data

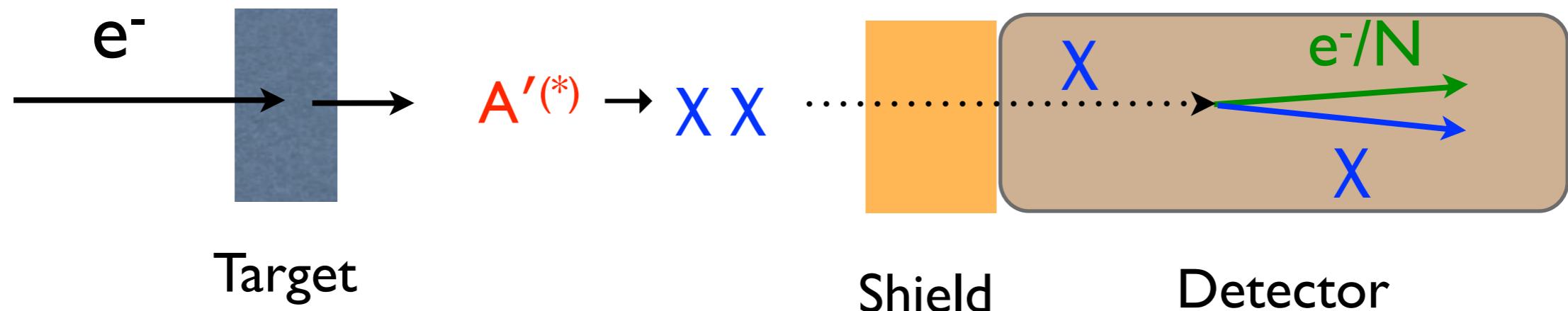
Aguilar-Arevalo et.al.

Note:
Constraints are
model-dependent!

Electron-beam fixed target experiments

Krnjaic, Izaguirre, Schuster, Toro

Diamond, Schuster



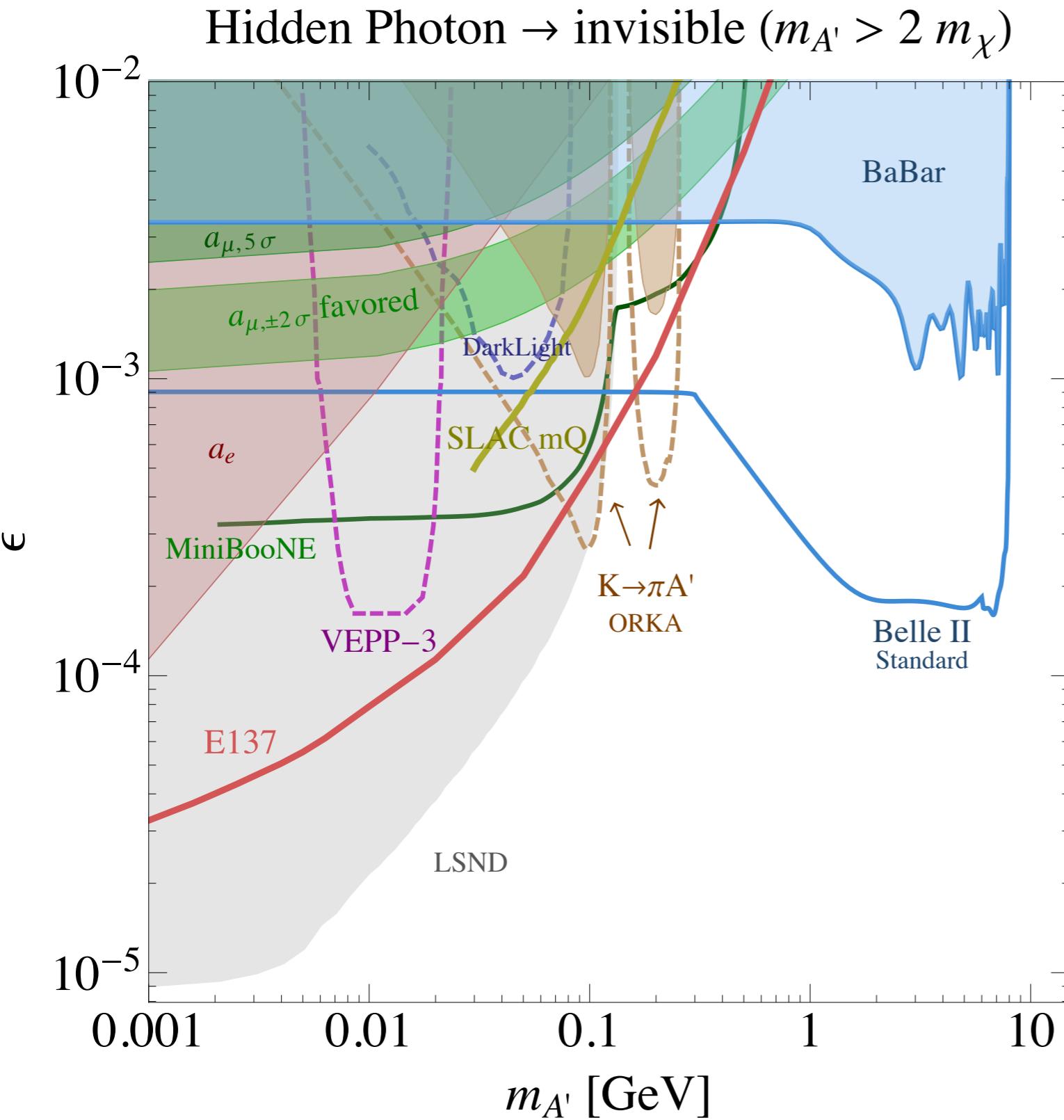
Target

Shield

Detector

new parasitic experiments possible at
e.g. JLab, Mainz, SLAC, SuperKEK, ILC, ...

Constraints from past beam dumps



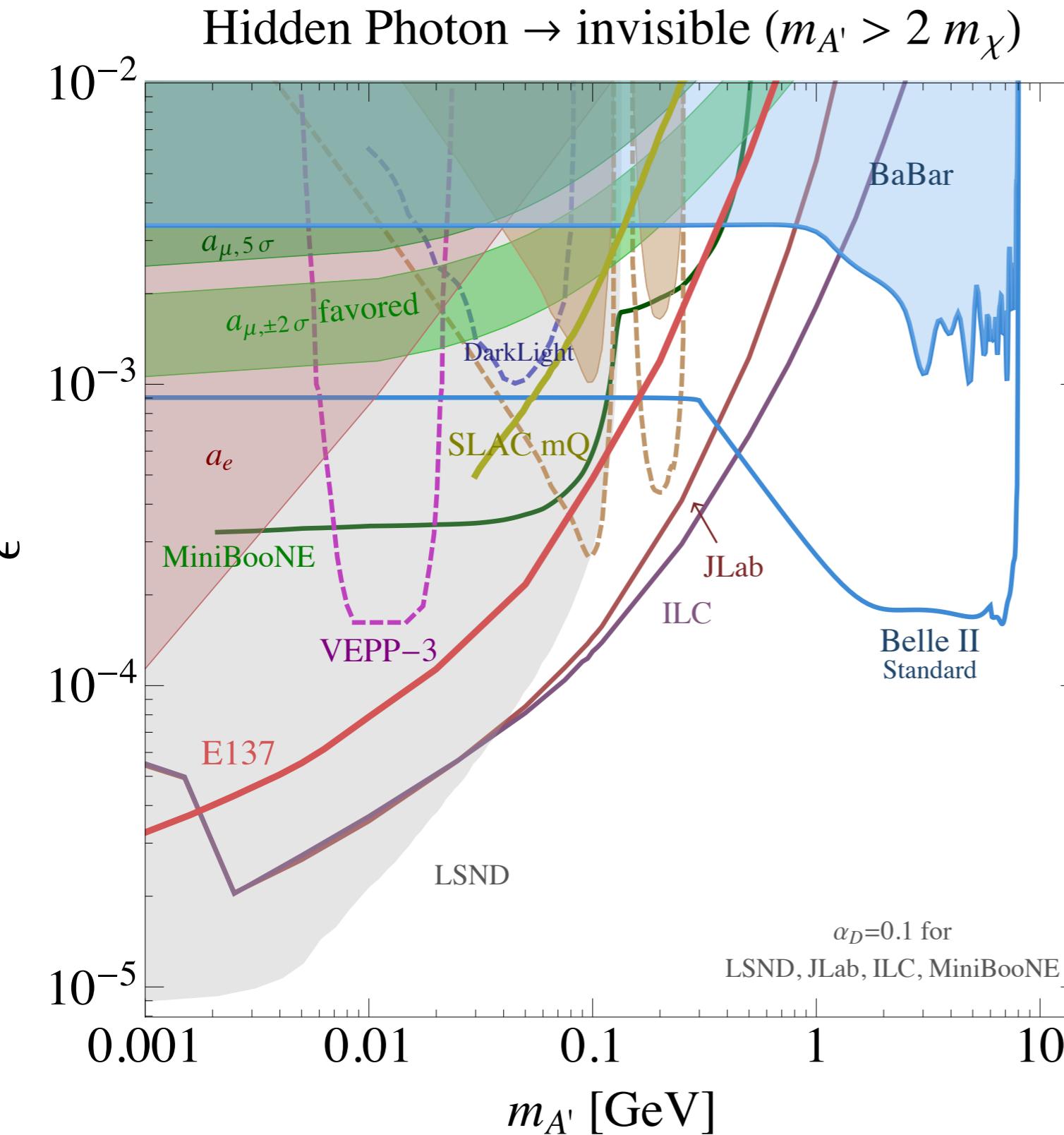
E137

Batell, RE, Surujon
(to appear)

SLAC mQ

Diamond, Schuster

Constraints from past beam dumps



E137

Batell, RE, Surujon
(to appear)

SLAC mQ

Diamond, Schuster

+exciting prospects
for future
experiments!

Note: g-2 region is
strongly constrained for
simplest invisible decays

Conclusions

- Dark sectors are well-motivated by theory, DM, strong CP, muon g-2, astrophysics, ...
- experiments use intense beams & sensitive detectors
- small-scale, inexpensive, uses existing facilities/technologies

we don't know which guiding principle for finding new physics is reliable; must explore all motivated possibilities