



University of
New Hampshire

Gordon Research Conference
Photonuclear Reactions

Heavy Photon Search experiment at JLAB

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University of New Hampshire

Holderness, NH August 7 - 12

Introduction

What, if Nature contains an additional broken U(1) (Abelian) force mediated by a massive vector boson, A' ? Bob Holdom, Phys.Lett.,B166, 2, (1986)

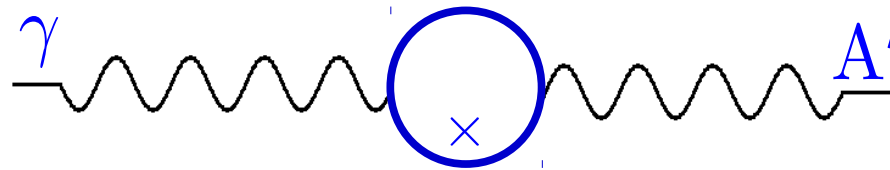
$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{SM} + \frac{\epsilon}{2} F^{Y,\mu\nu} F'_{\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{4} F'^{\mu\nu} F'_{\mu\nu} + m_{A'} A'^{\mu} A'_{\mu}$$

Kinetic Mixing



ϵ is the mixing strength

generated by heavy particles
× interacting with γ and A'

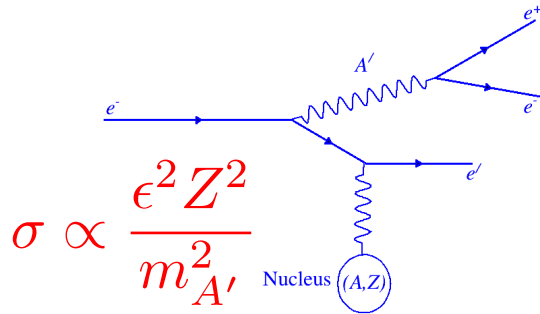


Many **Dark Matter** searches are based on this hypothesis

Producing A' in fixed target experiments

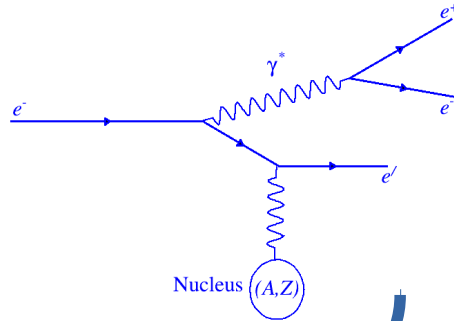
Since A' “can” couple to electric charge, then it is possible to expect it to be produced in a Bremsstrahlung process

A' production

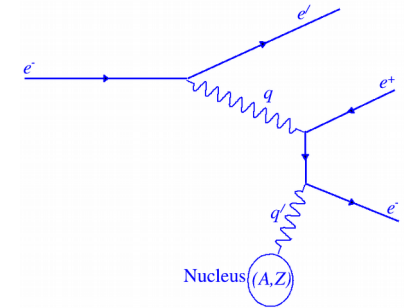


$$\sigma \propto \frac{\epsilon^2 Z^2}{m_{A'}^2}$$

Production of Timelike photon (radiative Tridents)



Bethe Heitler



Much larger cross section, But very different kinematic

Similar kinematics for fixed $M(e^-e^+)$

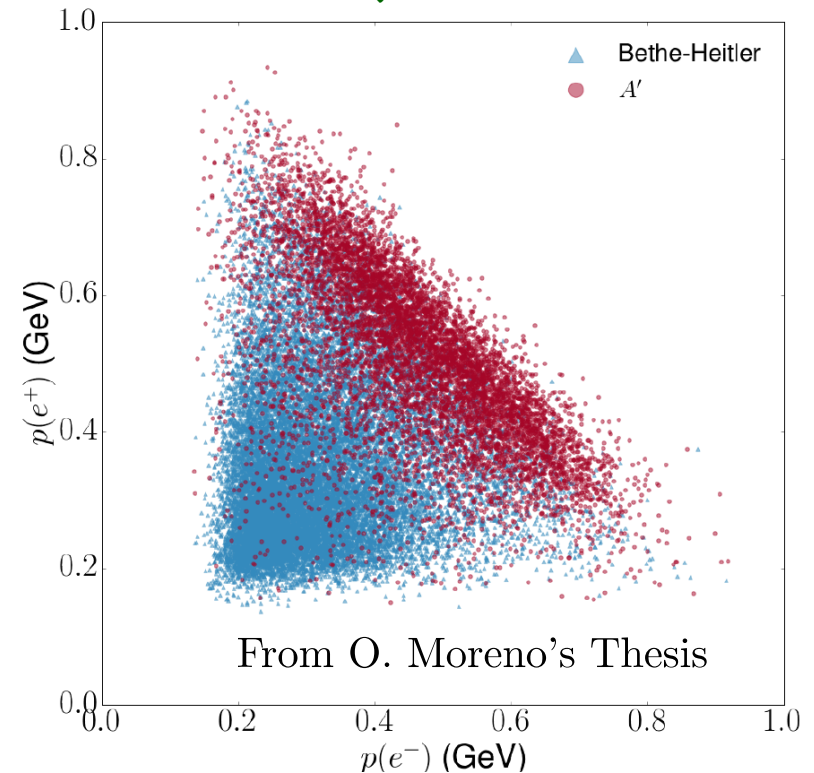
Angle: Forward

Energy: takes almost all the beam energy

$$\theta_{A'} \max \sim \max \left(\frac{\sqrt{m_{A'} m_e}}{E_0}, \frac{m_{A'}^{3/2}}{E_0^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{E_{A'}}{E_{beam}} \sim 1 - \max \left(\frac{m_e}{m_{A'}}, \frac{m_{A'}}{E_0} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sigma(eA \rightarrow e' A' (\rightarrow e^- e^+))}{\sigma(eA \rightarrow e' \gamma^* (\rightarrow e^- e^+))} = \left(\frac{3\pi\epsilon^2}{2N_f\alpha} \right) \frac{m_{A'}}{\delta m}$$



The CEBAF, Hall B and HPS

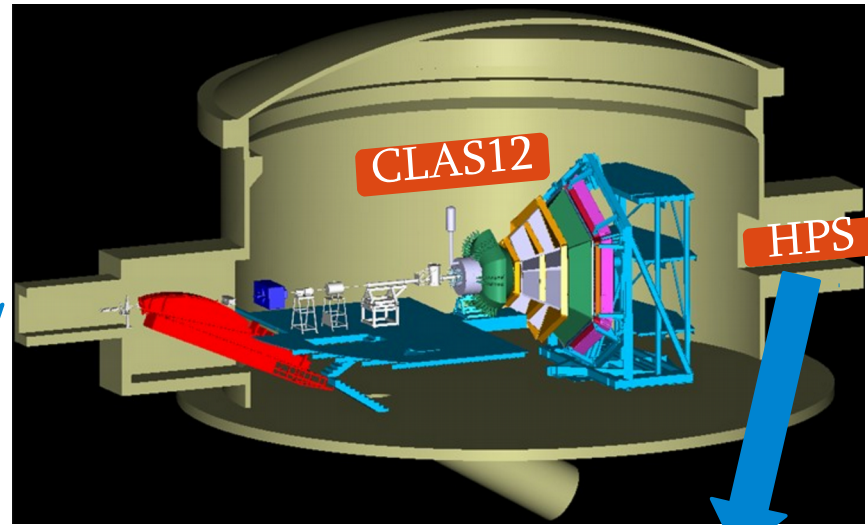
CEBAF Energy: 2.2 GeV/pass 5 pass

Hall D Simultaneous delivery to 4 Halls



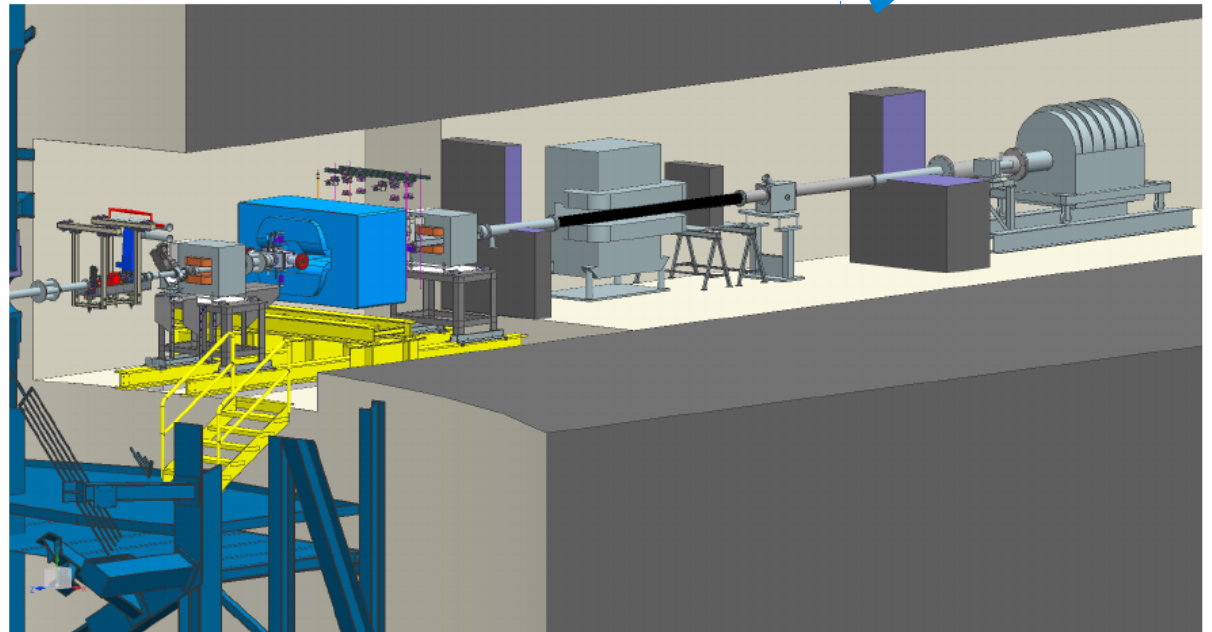
Hall A

Hall C



Hall B

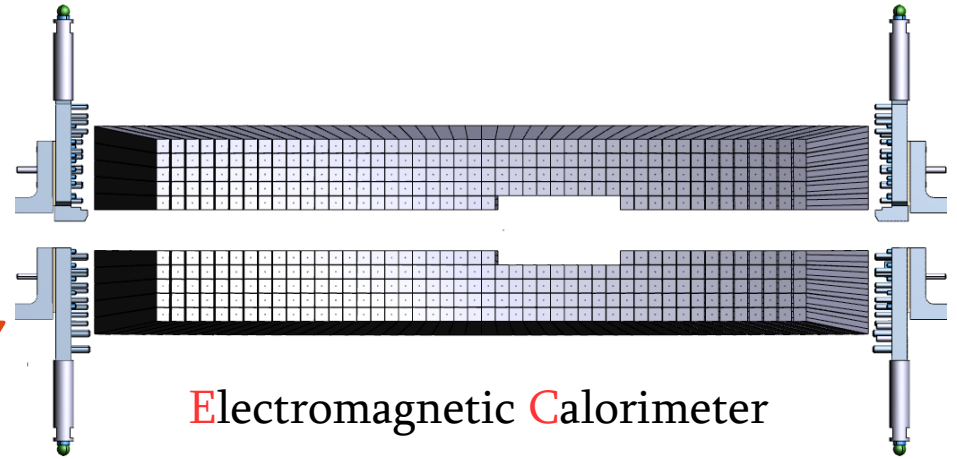
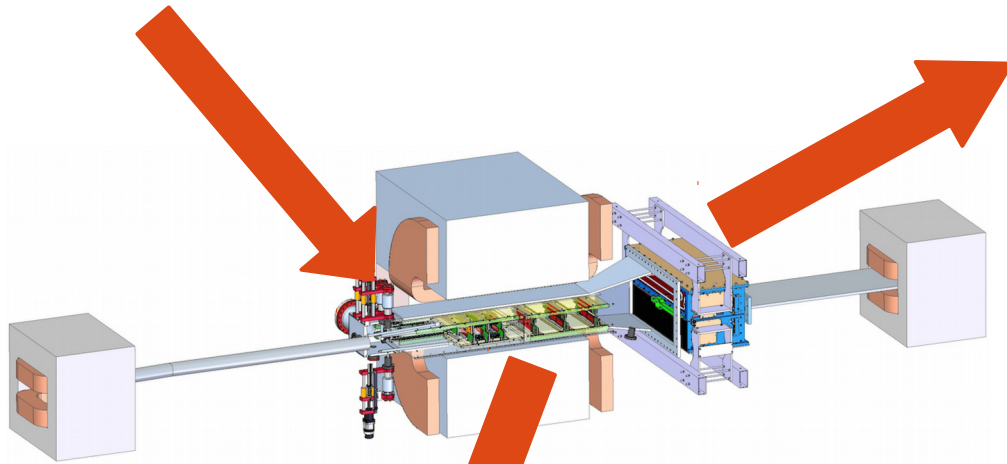
Alcove



HPS experimental setup

Chicane system with 3 dipole magnets

4 μm tungsten target



Electromagnetic Calorimeter

442 PbWO_4 Crystals

Initiates the trigger (Main, and 3 diagnostic)

Measures particle's energy

Resolution $\frac{4\%}{\sqrt{E}}$ at 1 GeV

Silicon Vertex Tracker

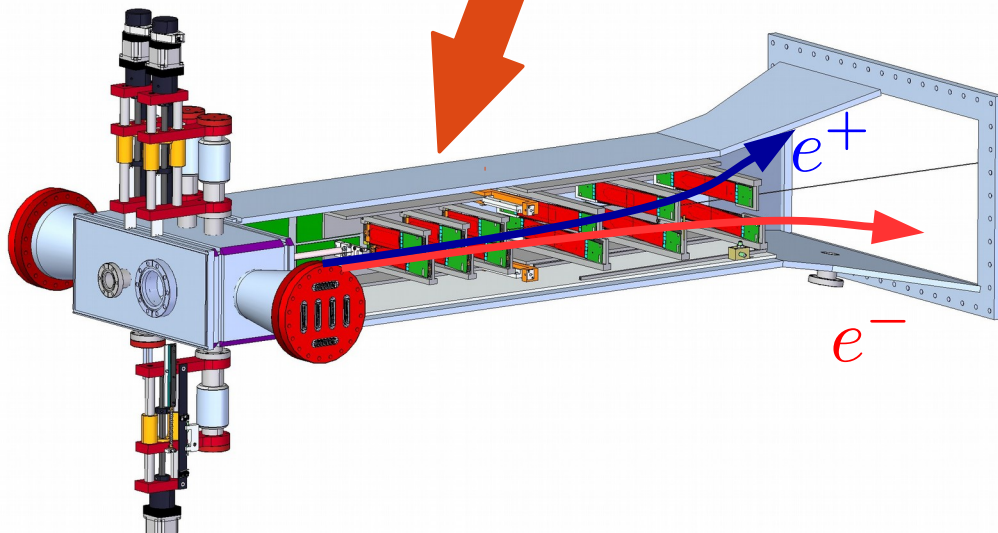
6 layers of silicon

1st layer of silicon is at 0.5 mm from the beam

Measures charged particle's momentum

Vertical hit resolution $\approx 6 \mu\text{m}$

Horizontal hit resolution $\approx 60 \mu\text{m}$ (1st 3)
and $\approx 120 \mu\text{m}$ (3 other layers)



HPS reach

2015 Spring:

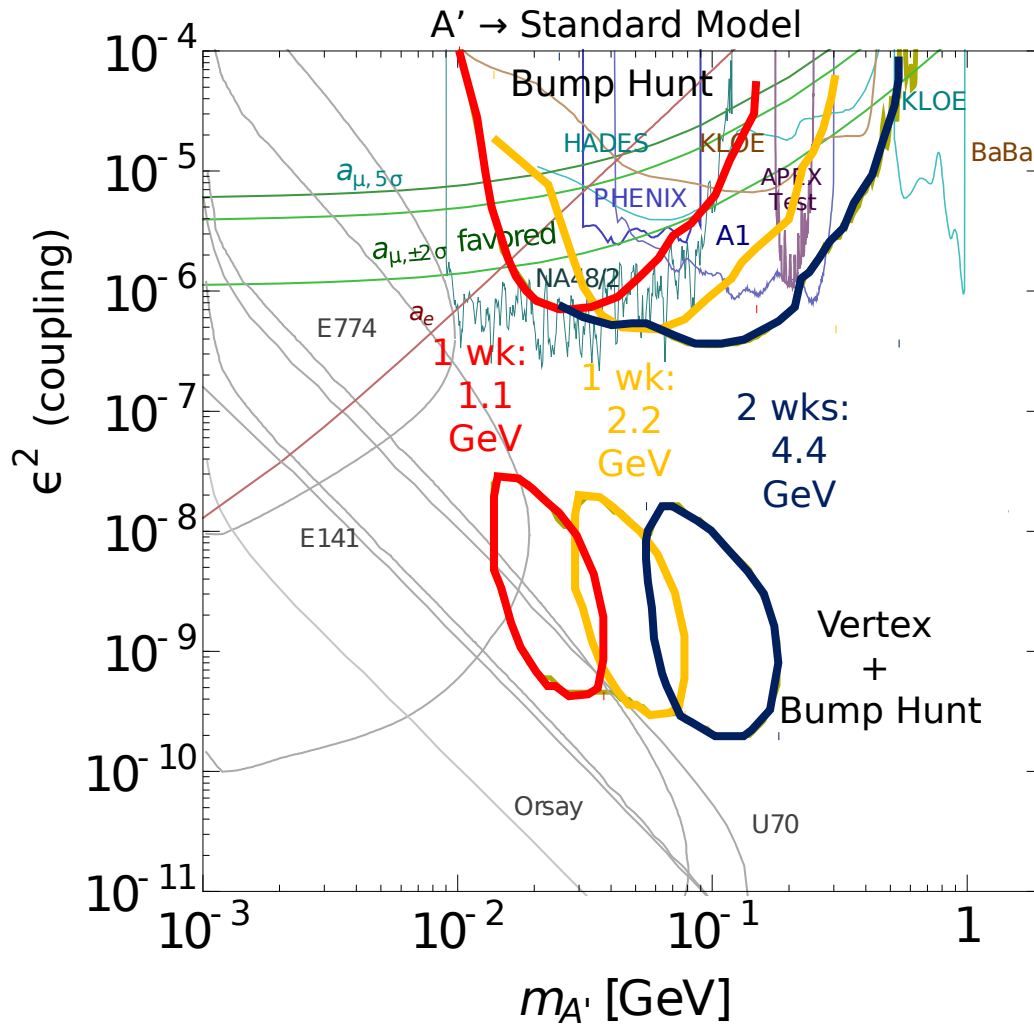
180 approved days

Opportunistic runs:
Run only after work hours (2015)
And only on weekends (2016)

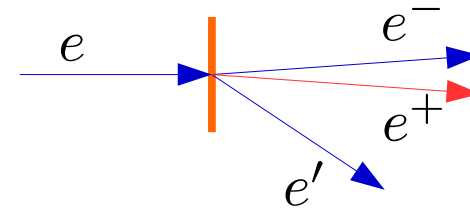
Beam current: 50 nA
Beam energy: 1.05 GeV
30% of proposed amount of
production data

2016 Spring:

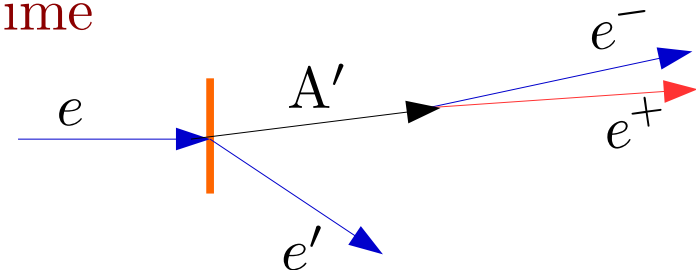
Beam current: 200 nA
Beam energy: 2.3 GeV
77% of proposed amount of
production data



Prompt decay, but large coupling



Find a peak over a large background
Small coupling, but longer decay
time



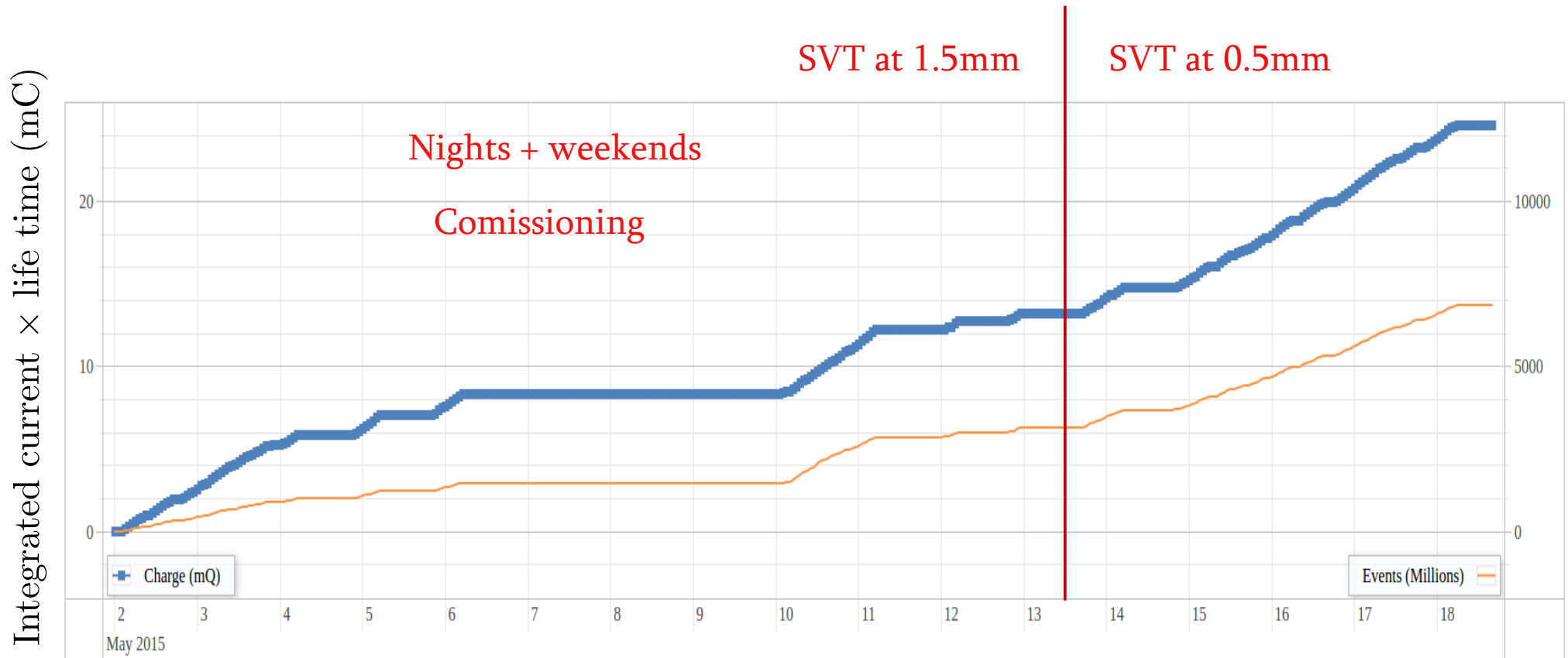
No background, few events are enough

2015 run

1.05 GeV

Goal: 30 mC

Achieved: 10 mC with SVT at 1.5 mm, 10 mC with SVT at 0.5 mm



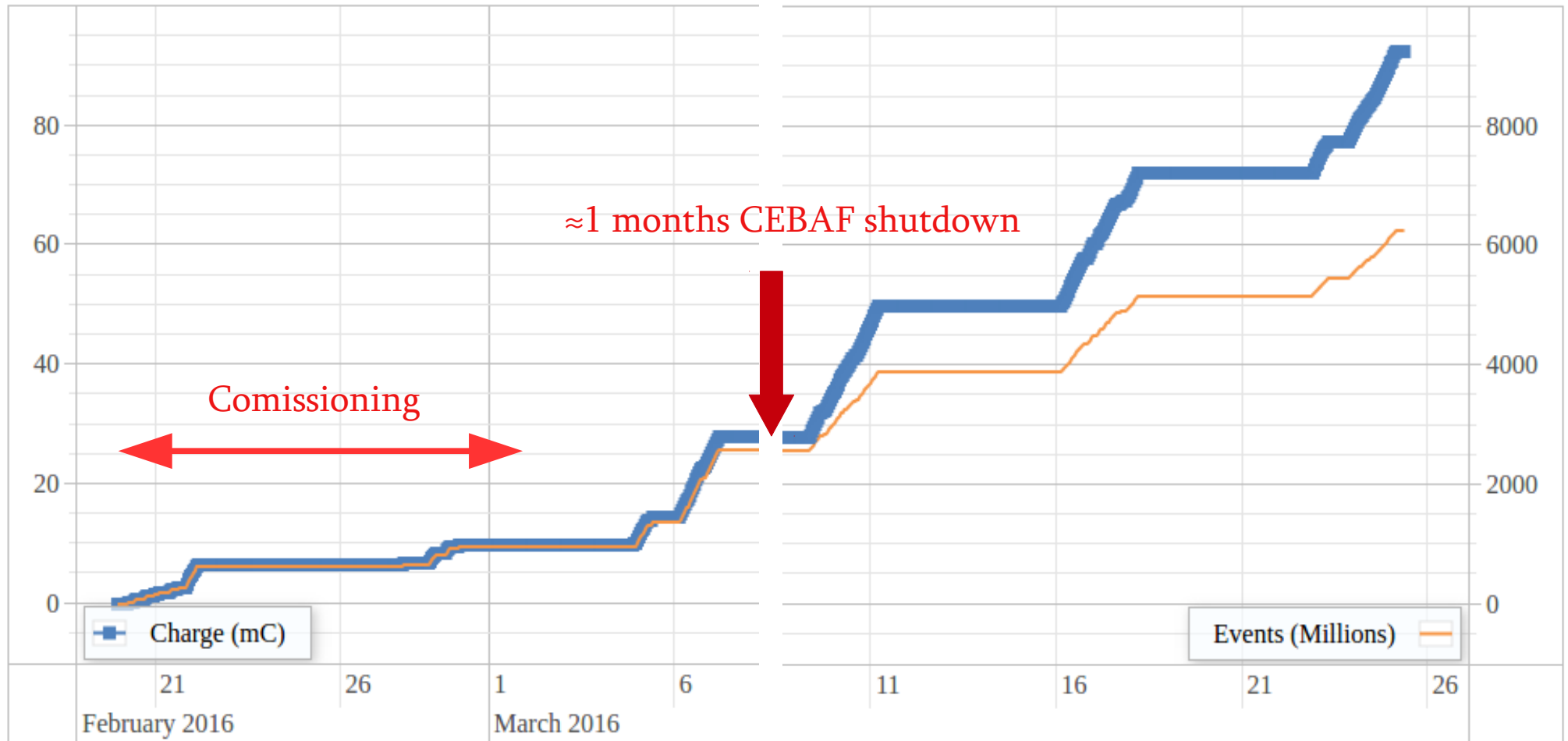
2016 run

Goal: 120 mC

2.3 GeV

Only weekends

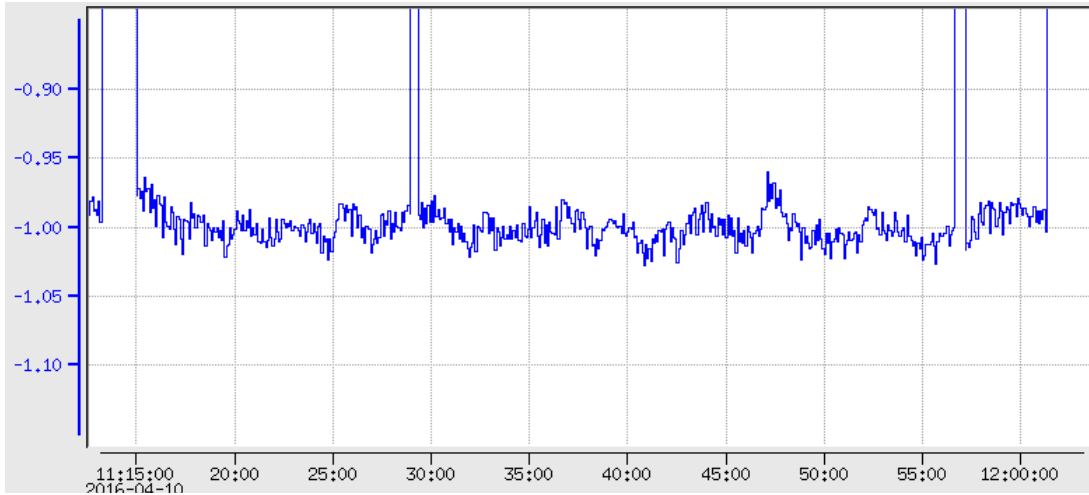
Achieved: 92.5 mC 6.3×10^9 triggers (77% of proposed running)



Beam properties

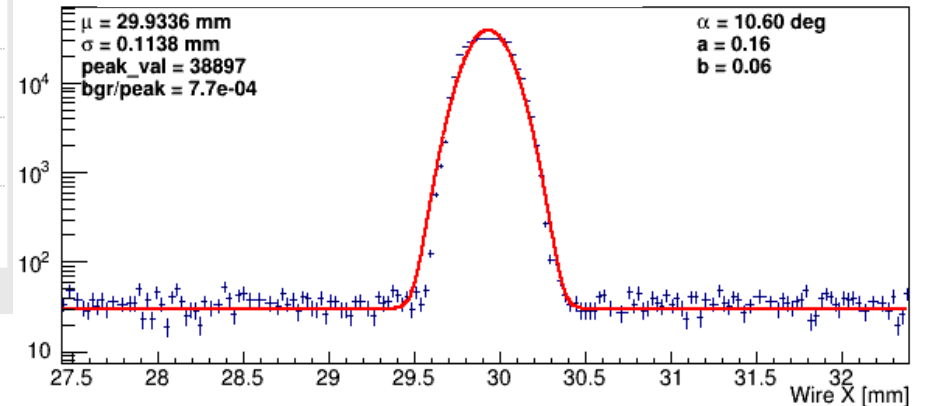
Before moving SVT to 0.5 mm beam properties were extensively studied

Good Beam position stability

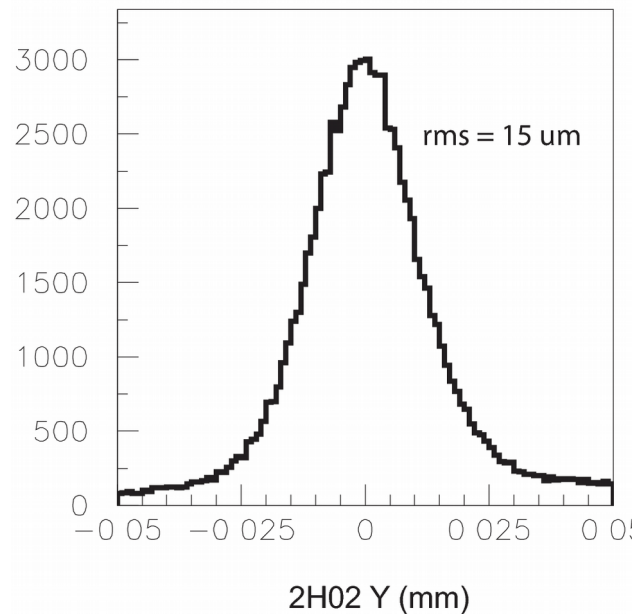


Narrow vertical beam size at the target: $\approx 50 \mu\text{m}$

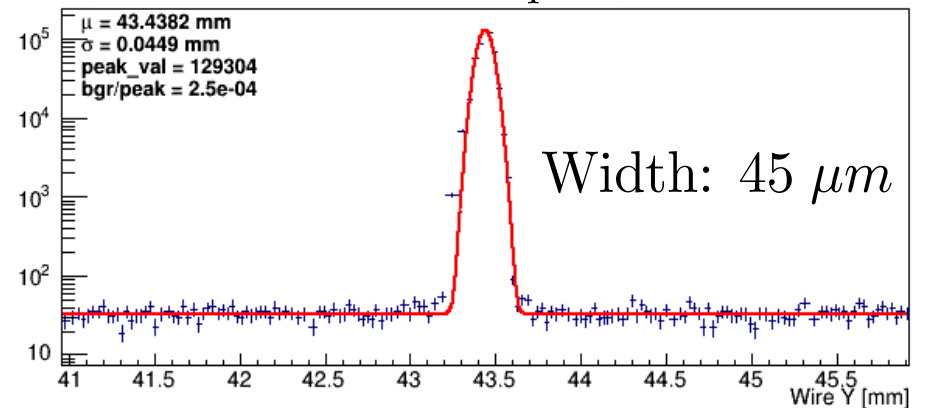
Horizontal profile



Vertical beam position distribution



Vertical profile

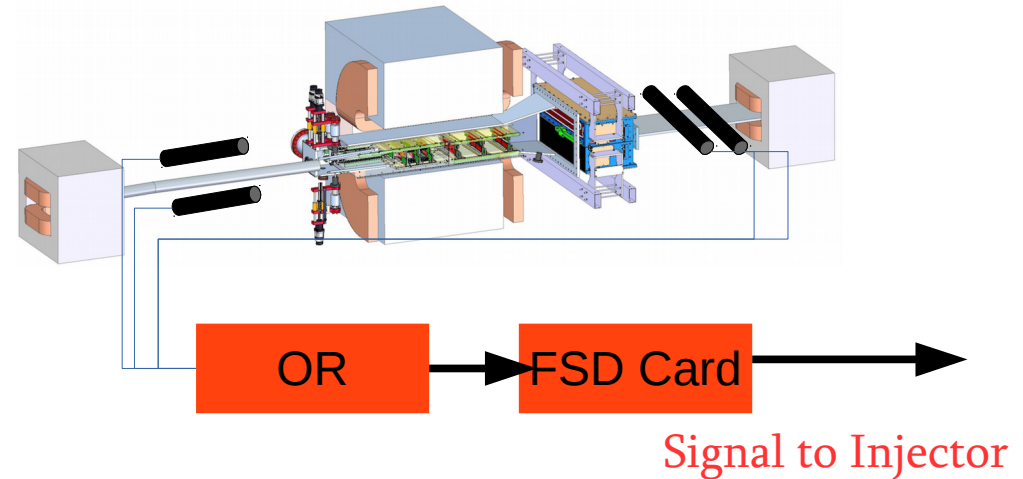


Beam motion studies

Small vertical beam motions ($\sim 0.5 \text{ mm}$) can damage silicon

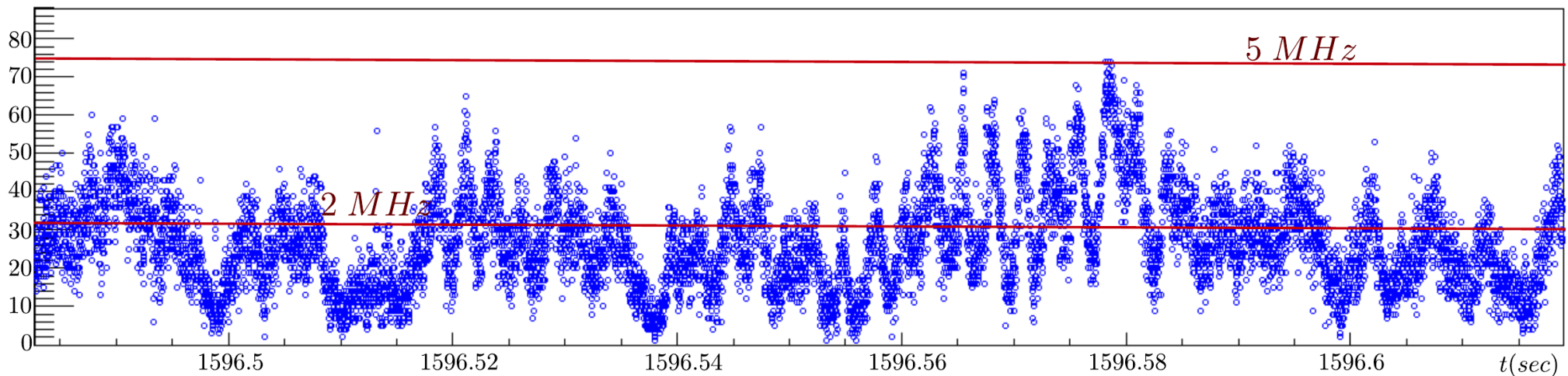
Signals from four halo counters summed up and as an input sent to **F**ast **S**hut**D**own card

Integration time: 1 ms



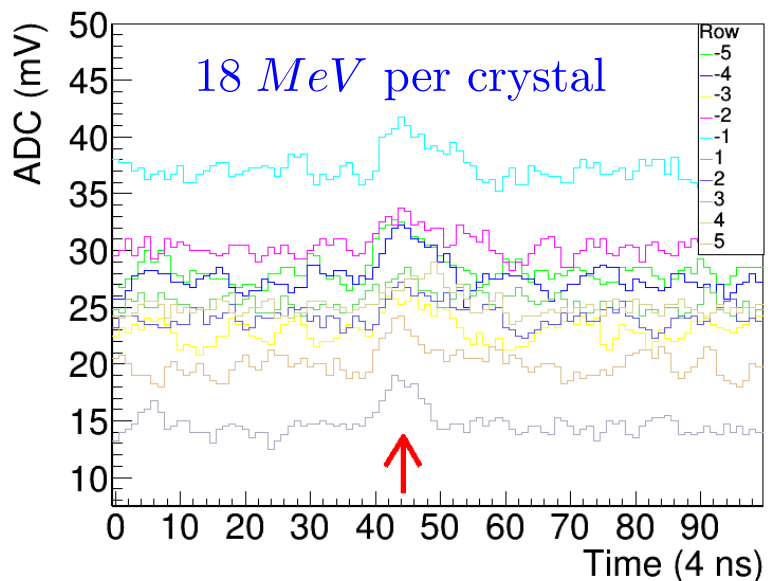
Placing harp wire close to the beam, with fast Struck scaler, we have measured fast beam motions

We have estimated the fast motion amplitude: less than $20 \mu\text{m}$

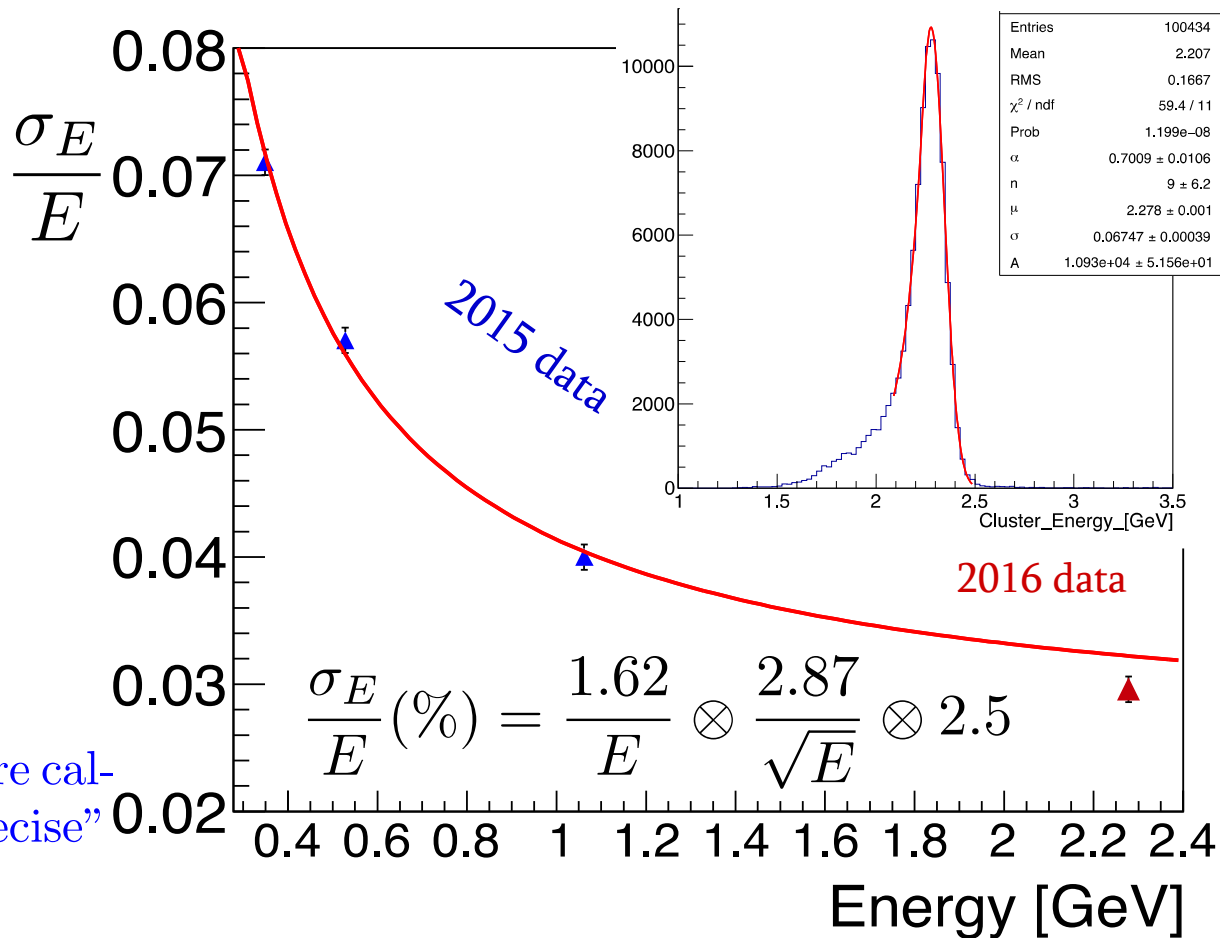


2016 Ecal performance

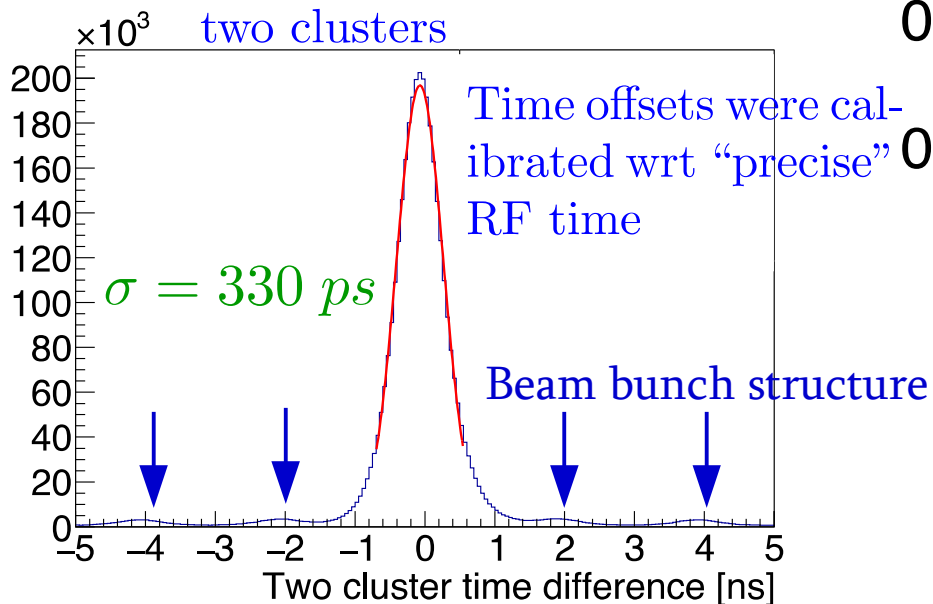
Cosmic gains for initial calibration



FEE peak in fiducial region

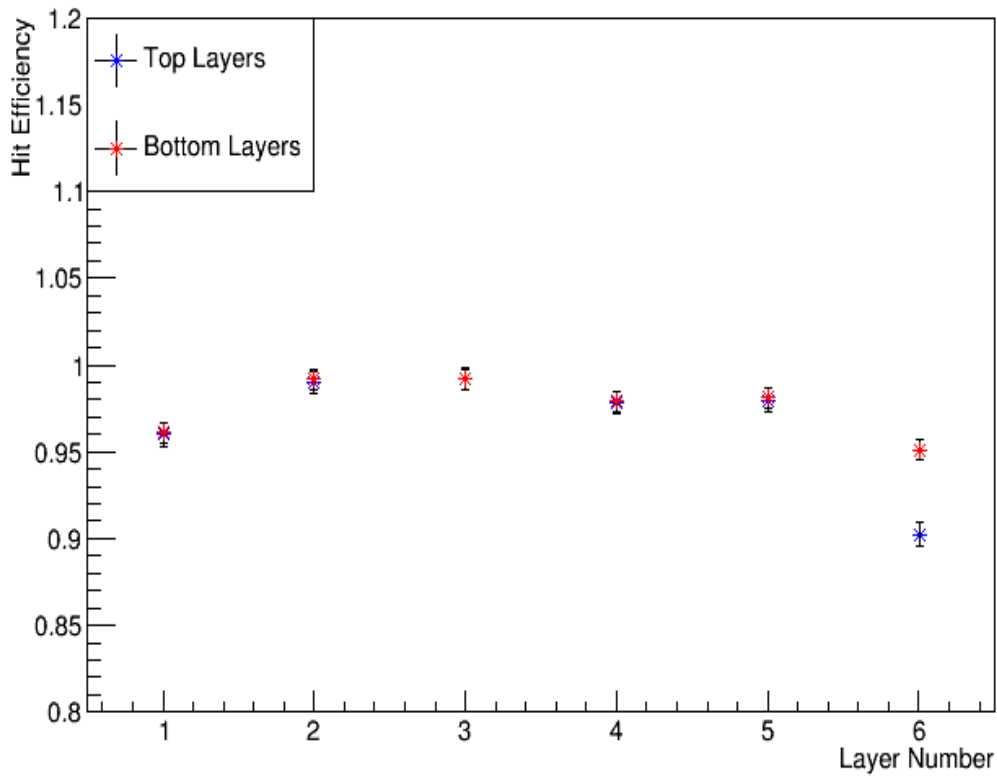


Time difference between two clusters

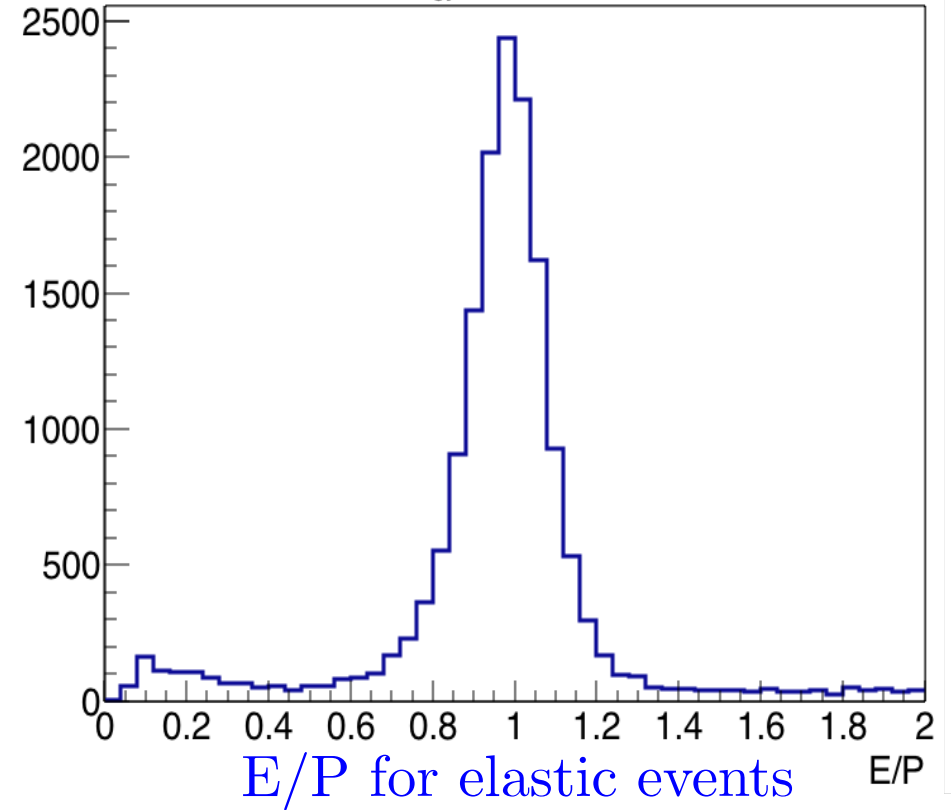


2016 SVT performance

Hit Efficiency for Layers 1-6



Cluster Energy Over Track Momentum

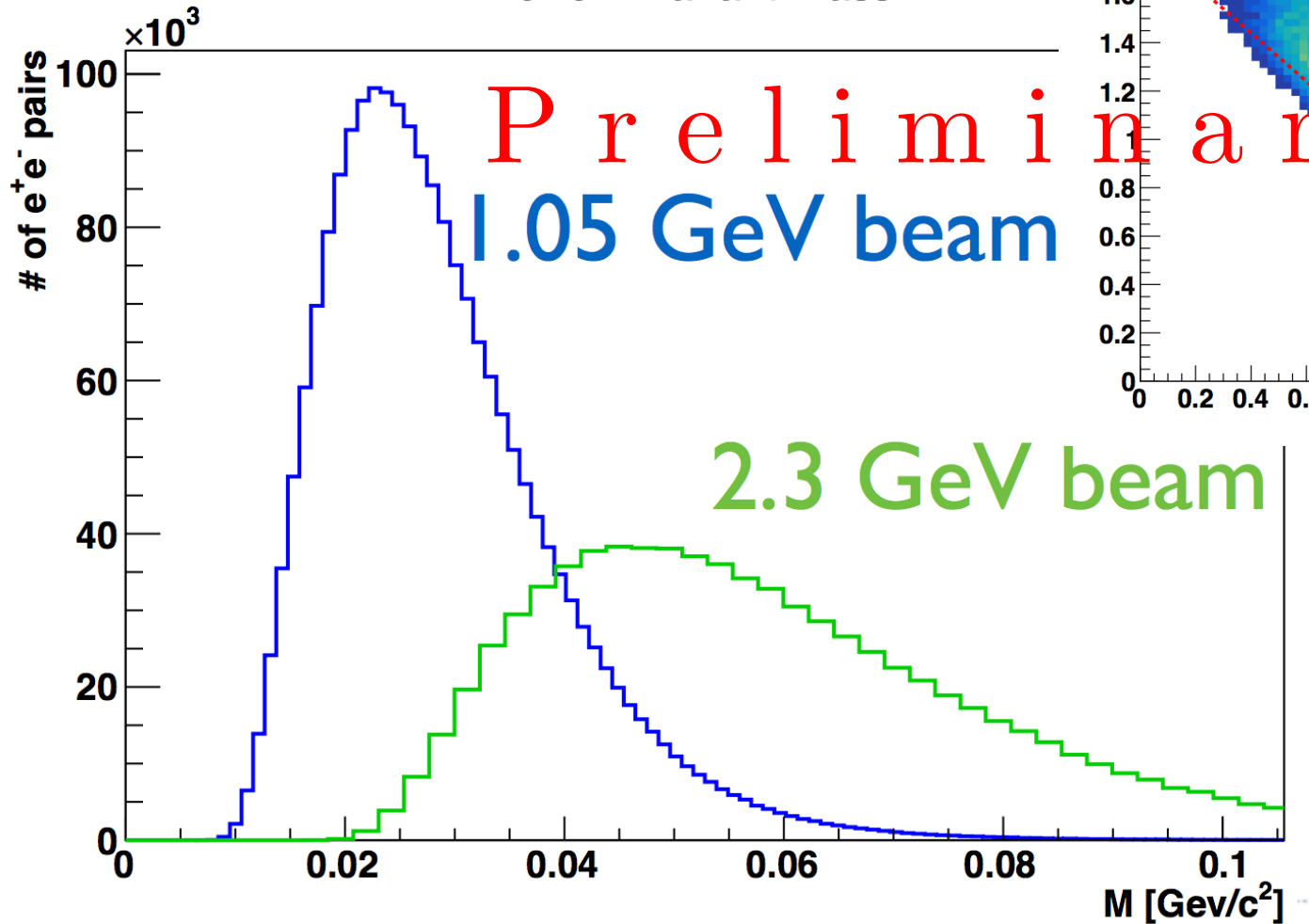


Momentum resolution is $\sim 7\%$ at 1 GeV

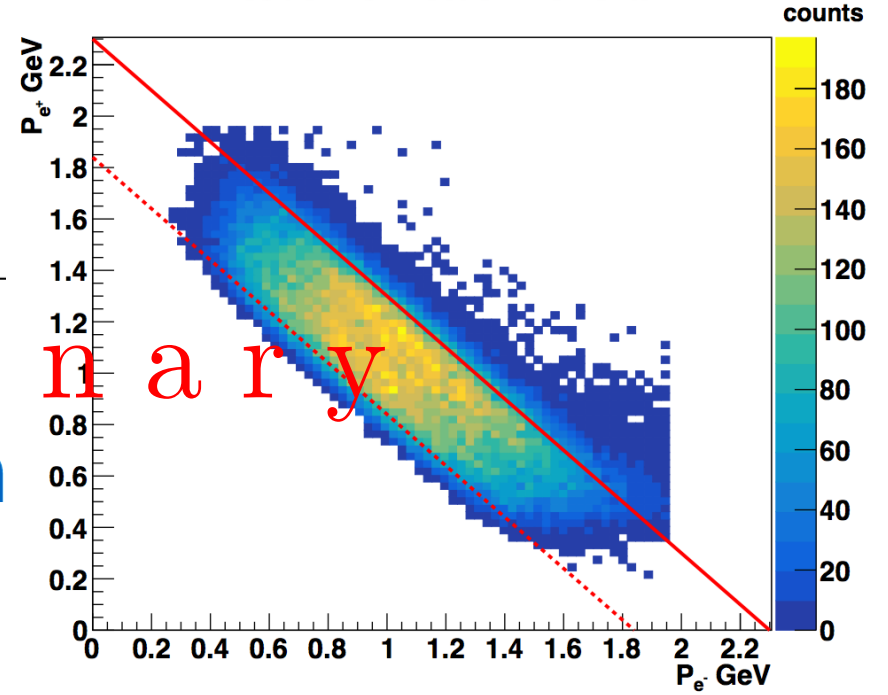
Final selection sample

Bump hunt: search for a peak
over $M(e^-e^+)$ background

e^+e^- invariant mass

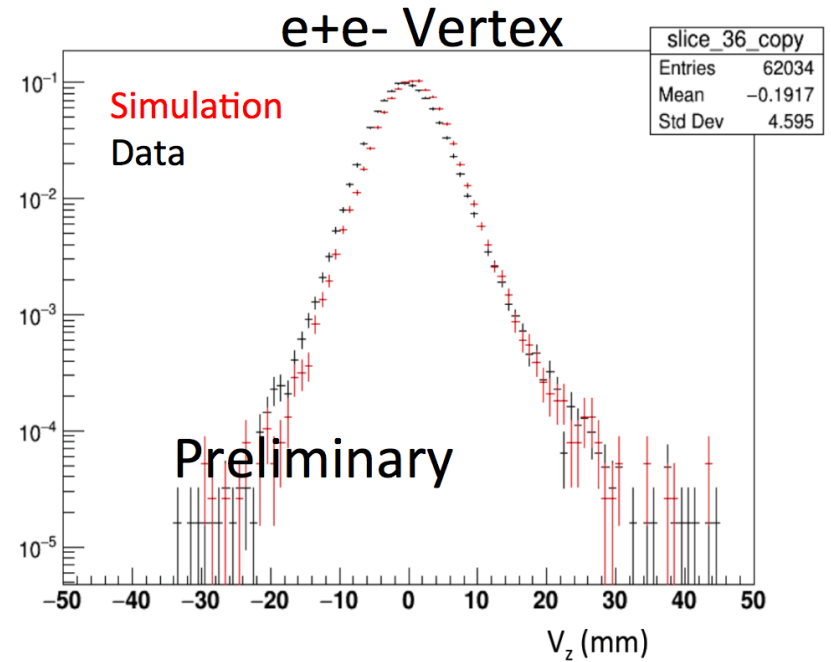
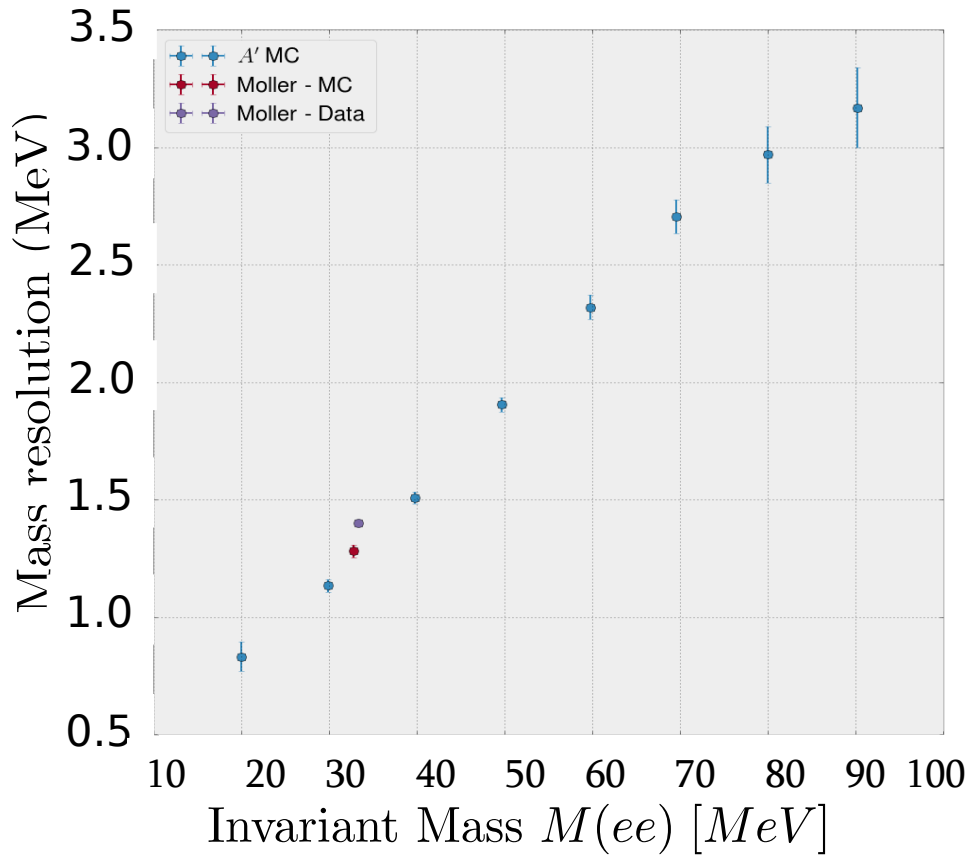


Positron vs. Electron momentum



2015 Analysis

We need this for bump hunt



Parameter	Proposal value	Measured value
Beam current	50 nA	50 nA
SVT occupancy	<1%	1%
DAQ/trigg. rate	18 kHz	19 kHz
Pair mass res. @ 34 MeV/c ²	1.5 MeV	1.5 MeV
Pair vertex res. @ 40 MeV/c ²	4.4 mm	4.6 mm

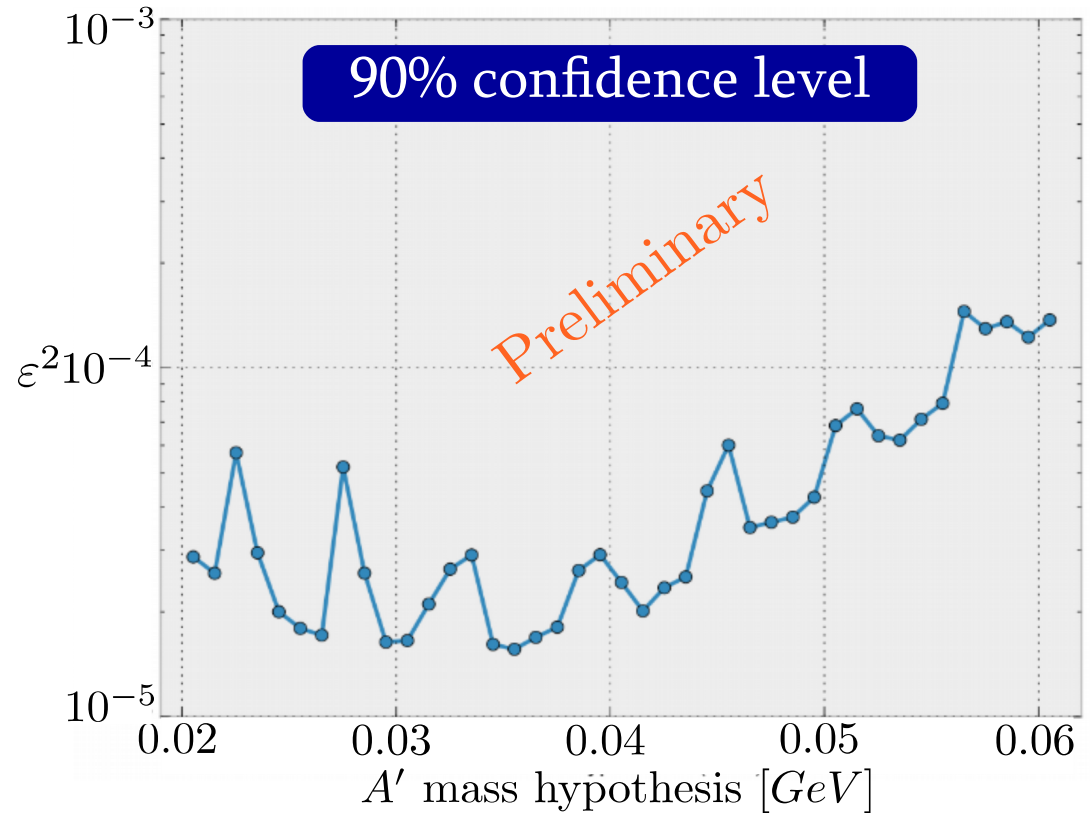
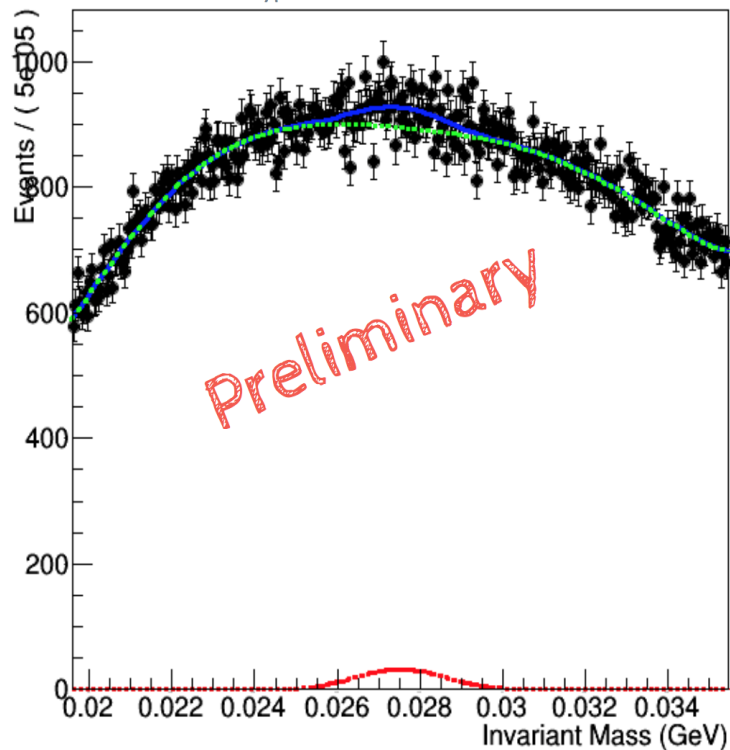
Blind analysis

Blind analysis: 10% of the data, 74 nb^{-1}

Bump hunt in the mass range 20-60 MeV

Most significant Poll

$m_{A'} = 27.525 \text{ MeV}$



Background: 7-th order polynomial
Signal width is fixed according to mass resolution

Summary

- ★ HPS experiment allows heavy photon search through bump hunt and displaced vertex search
- ★ HPS has completed successfully data taking in 2015 and 2016
- ★ 165 days still remain: We expect next physics runs in 2018 and later
- ★ Data analysis demonstrated good ECal and SVT performance during these runs, and instrumentation papers are in preparations for beamline, SVT and Ecal.
- ★ Analysis codes are now close to be finalized, and we expect 1st publications before the end of 2016