

Andy Salnikov

2011-06-21

SLAC Scientific Computing Workshop

Analysis Frameworks for LCLS



Motivation

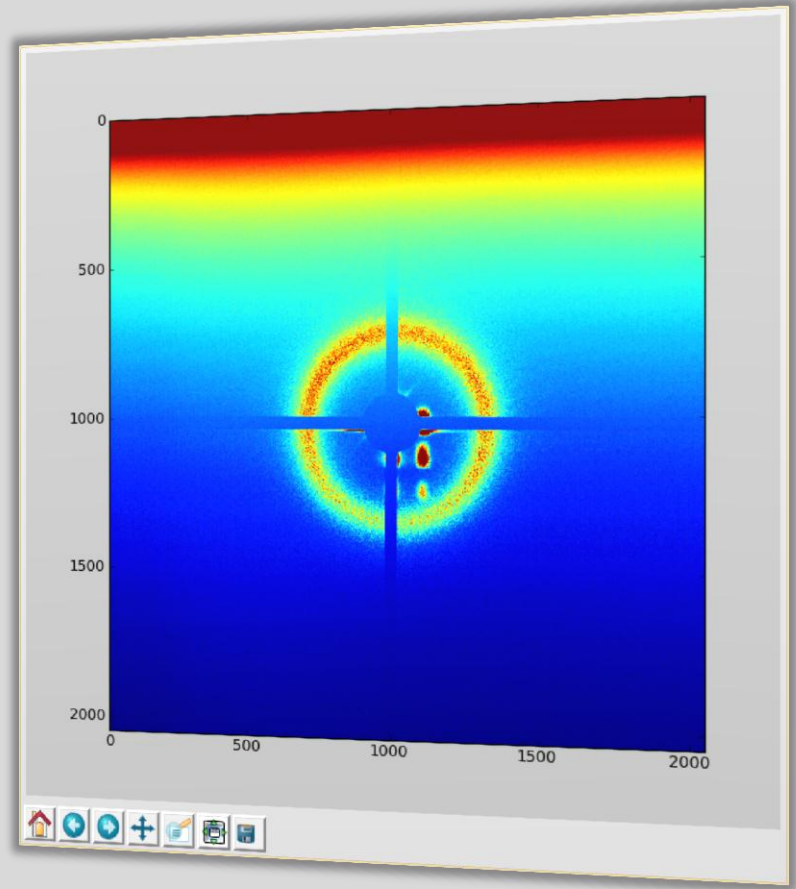
- LCLS produces data at scale of petabyte(s) per year
- Our users have very diverse background and use different analysis tools:
 - Matlab, IDL, C/C++, Python, HDF5
- Traditional tools not adequate for LCLS data volumes
- New analysis tools are necessary
 - Developed and supported by SLAC
 - Performance and efficient resource utilization is critical
 - Simple but flexible

First-generation analysis tools

- Off-line analysis effort started after first data appeared
- First versions of the analysis frameworks were an interim solution:
 - C++ on-line analysis tool (myana) by on-line group
 - Python-based off-line analysis tool (pyana)

Pyana framework

- Python wrapper for C++ data classes
- Input from XTC (raw) data files
- Python numeric packages: numpy, scipy, matplotlib
- User extension modules written in Python
- Performance OK if no Python loops
- Simple to learn, but not all groups have time to invest in Python



New generation of frameworks

- Development of new C++-based framework started 1Q 2011
- Will accommodate various data formats: XTC and HDF5, transparent to user code
- User modules written in C++, job control options defined in simple configuration file
- Library of chainable re-useable modules
- Histogramming package based on ROOT

Advanced framework features

- Planned multi-core support
 - Event-level parallelism
 - Multi-threaded libraries of analysis algorithms
- Python wrapper for Framework and data classes
 - Users can choose writing analysis modules in C++ or Python
- Interactive features to help integration with GUI and event displays

Status

- First version of new framework is released
 - Input from XTC (raw) files only
 - Small set of example modules
 - Work in progress on HDF5 input, set of standard modules for calibration and filtering