Explanation of Analysis 101 Driver

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Explanation of Driver Code

Below is the complete text of the Analysis101 Driver, stripped of comments.

```
import org.lcsim.util.aida.AIDA;
import hep.physics.vec.VecOp;
import java.util.List;
import org.lcsim.event.EventHeader;
import org.lcsim.event.MCParticle;
import org.lcsim.util.Driver;
public class Analysis101 extends Driver
  private AIDA aida = AIDA.defaultInstance();
  protected void process(EventHeader event)
     List<MCParticle> particles = event.get(MCParticle.class,event.MC_PARTICLES);
     aida.cloud1D("nTracks").fill(particles.size());
     for (MCParticle particle: particles)
        aida.cloud1D("energy").fill(particle.getEnergy());
        aida.cloud1D("cosTheta").fill(VecOp.cosTheta(particle.getMomentum()));
        aida.cloud1D("phi").fill(VecOp.phi(particle.getMomentum()));
  }
```

First, as in all Java programs, there are the import statements.

```
import org.lcsim.util.aida.AIDA;
import hep.physics.vec.VecOp;
import java.util.List;
import org.lcsim.event.EventHeader;
import org.lcsim.event.MCParticle;
import org.lcsim.util.Driver;
```

This includes code libraries into the Driver that are needed to do the analysis.

For instance, methods of org.lcsim.util.aida.AIDA are used to book and fill the plots.

The hep.physics.vec.VecOp package is for doing math operations on vectors.

Next is the declaration of the Driver class.

```
public class Analysis101 extends Driver
```

The Analysis101 class extends Driver, which means that it can override some or all of Driver's public or protected methods to do some useful work, like filling histograms.

The class stores a reference to the default AIDA object.

```
private AIDA aida = AIDA.defaultInstance();
```

This is convenient for creating and filling histograms "on-the-fly".

The single function in this class is called process. Analysis101 inherits this method from Driver.

```
protected void process(EventHeader event)
```

Its single argument is the EventHeader of the current LCIO event. All collections in this event are accessible through the EventHeader interface.



(i) EventHeader API

Refer to the EventHeader JavaDoc for information on all the available methods in this interface.

This line retrieves a list of the MCParticles in the event.

```
List<MCParticle> particles = event.get(MCParticle.class,event.MC_PARTICLES);
```

This uses the get method to retrieve all collections of type (class) MCParticle. The

```
event.MC_PARTICLES
```

constant specifies the name of the (sub)collection to retrieve, so that we get back a list of objects (rather than a list of collections, e.g. a list of lists).

Now that we have a list of particles in this event, some plots can be filled.

This line fills a plot called "nTracks" with the number of particles in the event.

```
aida.cloud1D("nTracks").fill(particles.size());
```

For convenience, the cloud1D method of the AIDA object will create the "nTracks" plot if it doesn't already exist. Otherwise, the existing plot will be filled.

The MCParticles List is a generic Java collection, so its size is conveniently available using the size() method.

To fill some plots with data from individual particles, the Driver loops over the list using Java's "foreach" construct.

```
for (MCParticle particle : particles)
```

This means that the body of the loop can do processing on each particle in particles using the particle variable.

Next, three plots are filled with data from the particle.

```
aida.cloud1D("energy").fill(particle.getEnergy());
aida.cloud1D("cosTheta").fill(VecOp.cosTheta(particle.getMomentum()));
aida.cloud1D("phi").fill(VecOp.phi(particle.getMomentum()));
```

The first line plots the particle's energy. The second two characterize the particle's momentum/direction by using the cosTheta and phi vector operations on the momentum value retrieved from the particle.



MCParticle Interface

Refer to the MCParticle JavaDoc for a complete list of all the methods available in this interface. MCParticle inherits some of its functionality from its parent interface, Particle.