Gleam Simulations at CC-IN2P3

GR v7r3p2 has been installed at CC-IN2P3 to run Gleam simulations: one single GR version in a shared resource rather than several versions at different places.

Output data will be stored in Glast Collaboration disk space at IN2P3 (AFS or HPSS disks, depending on file sizes).

2 particular needs:

- To describe as precisely as possible the simulations conditions (date, GR number, reconstruction sequence used, sources file, random seed conditions, etc.) and unambiguously tie such "metadata" to output data files.
- To make the distribution of simulation data easier and more transparent to the user

Suggested solutions

- Relational "metadata" DB at CC IN2P3
 - Will describe simulations conditions and will allow to easily retrieve output files in the data file system
 - Automatically feed after each simulation run
 - Could be used in the future to automatically generate bash scripts to launch a sequence of several jobs
- WEB interface for data distribution
 - 1. Multicriteria data sets selection data sets purchasing
 - 2.automatic processing of purchase-orders → availability for bbftp transfer

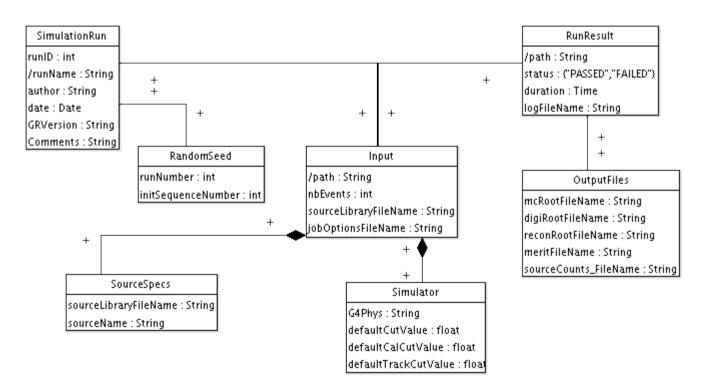
Implementation steps

- 1. metadata DB structure design and installation at CCIN2P3
- 2. installation of a user-friendly DB management tool: manual DB feeding after each simulation run (as starting point)
- 3. automatic DB feeding procedures design and development
- 4. specification and implementation of WEB interfaces

The WEB interfaces

- J2EE architecture, advantages:
 - "splitted" systems: easy system extension and failure-safe automatic procedures if necessary
 - > Java: portability, solidness, easy to maintain and to evolve
- Two kinds of WEB interfaces (coded as Java Servlets):
 - data-sets purchasing and loading
 - > automatic generation of job launching scripts
- Opensource Java servlets portability will ensure their adaptability to different data-sets distribution-centers of the collaboration.
- An independent Java package leading with every SQL requests will make easier the adaptation of code to different DBMS or different DB structures.

BD relational schème



SimulationRuns

runID : int

name : Source.name+GRVersion+date

author : String date : Date GRVersion : String initSeqNumber : int RunResults

runID : int path : String

logFileName : String status : ("PASSED","FAILED")

duration : Time

hasDefaultRootFileNames : boolean

OutputFiles

runID : int

mcRootFileName: String digiRootFileName: String reconRootFileName: String meritFileName: String

sourceCounts_FileName : String

Inputs

runID : int nbEvents : int

jobOptionsFileName : String sourceLibraryFileName : String

sourceName : String geometryFileName : String

g4Physics : String

SimulatorCutValues

runID : int

defCutValue : float defCalCutVal : float

defTKRCutVal : float

SimulationName: sourceName + Grversion + date

paths:

./Simulations/date/GRvXXX/simulationName/Input/

J2EE Architecture

